THE WORKS OF SHAKESPEARE:

VOLUME the SECOND.

CONTAINING,

Much ADO about NOTHING.
The Merchant of Venice.
Love's Labour's Lost.
As You Like It.
Taming the Shrew.

LONDON:

MDCCCLVII.
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
Dramatis Personæ.

DON PEDRO, Prince of Aragon.
Leonato, Governor of Messina.
Don John, Bastard Brother to Don Pedro.
Claudio, a young Lord of Florence, Favourite to Don Pedro.
Benedick, a young Lord of Padua, favour'd likewise by Don Pedro.
Balthazar, Servant to Don Pedro.
Antonio, Brother to Leonato.
Borachio, Confident to Don John.
Conrade, Friend to Borachio.
Dogberry, } two foolish Officers.
Verges,

Hero, Daughter to Leonato.
Beatrice, Niece to Leonato.
Margret, } two Gentlewomen, attending on Hero.
Ursula, }

A Friar, Messenger, Watch, Town-Clerk, Sexton, and Attendants.

SCENE, Messina in Sicily.
(1) **Much ADO about Nothing.**

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**ACT I.**

**SCENE,** a Court before Leonato's House.

*Enter* Leonato, Hero, and Beatrice, *with a Messenger.*

**Leonato.**

Learn in this letter, that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Messina.

*Mess.* He is very near by this; he was not three leagues off when I left him.

*Leon.* How many gentlemen have you lost in this action?

*Mess.* But few of any Sort, and none of Name.

*Leon.* A victory is twice itself, when the achiever brings home full numbers; I find here, that Don Pedro hath

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(1) *Much ADO about Nothing.*] *Innogen,* (the Mother of Hero) in the oldest *Quarto* that I have seen of this Play, printed in 1600, is mention'd to enter in two several Scenes. The succeeding Editions have all continued her Name in the *Dramatis Personae.* But I have ventur'd to expunge it; there being no mention of her through the Play, no one Speech address'd to her, nor one Syllable spoken by her. Neither is there any
hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine, call'd Claudio.

Mess. Much deserved on his part, and equally remembered by Don Pedro: he hath borne himself beyond the promise of his age, doing in the figure of a lamb the feats of a lion: he hath, indeed, better better'd expectation, than you must expect of me to tell you how.

Leon. He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very much glad of it.

Mess. I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much, that joy could not shew itself modest enough, without a badge of bitterness.

Leon. Did he break out into tears?

Mess. In great measure.

Leon. A kind overflow of kindness. There are no faces truer than those that are so wash'd. How much better is it to weep at joy, than to joy at weeping!

Beat. I pray you, is Signior Montanto return'd from the wars or no?

Mess. I know none of that name, Lady; there was none such in the army of any fort.

Leon. What is he that you ask for, Niece?

Hero. My Cousin means Signior Benedick of Padua.

Mess. O, he's return'd, and as pleasant as ever he was.

Beat. He set up his bills here in Messina, and challeng'd Cupid at the flight; and my Uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscrib'd for Cupid, and challeng'd him at the bird-bolt. I pray you, how many hath he kill'd and eaten in these wars? but how many hath he kill'd? for, indeed, I promis'd to eat all of his killing.

Leon. 'Faith, Niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

one Passage, from which we have any Reason to determine that Hero's Mother was living. It seems, as if the Poet had in his first Plan design'd such a Character; which, on a Survey of it, he found would be superfluous; and therefore he left it out.

Mess.
Much Ado about Nothing.

Mess. He hath done good service, Lady, in these wars.

Beat. You had musty victuals, and he hath help to eat it; he’s a very valiant trencher-man, he hath an excellent stomach.

Mess. And a good soldier too, Lady.

Beat. And a good soldier to a lady? but what is he to a lord?

Mess. A lord to a lord, a man to a man, stuff’d with all honourable virtues.

Beat. It is so, indeed: (2) he is no less than a stuff’d man: but for the stuffing,—well, we are all mortal.

Leo. You must not, Sir, mistake my Niece; there is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick and her; they never meet, but there’s a skirmish of wit between them.

Beat. Alas, he gets nothing by That. In our last conflict, four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the whole man govern’d with one: So that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reasonable creature. Who is his companion now? he hath every month a new sworn brother.

Mess. Is it possible?

Beat. Very easily possible; he wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat, it ever changes with the next block.

Mess. I see, Lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

(2) —— be is no less than a stuff’d man: but for the Stuffing well, we are all mortal.] Thus has this Passage been all along so’d, from the very first Edition downwards. If any of the Editors could extract Sense from this Pointing, their Sagacity is a Pitch above mine. I believe, by my Regulation, I have retriev’d the Poet’s true Meaning. Our Poet seems to use the Word Stuffing here much as Plautus does in his Mostellaria; Act 1. Sc. 3.

Non Vossem amatores mulieris amant, sed Vos is fartum.

A 4

Beat.
Beat. No; an he were, I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? is there no young squarer now, that will make a voyage with him to the devil?

Mess. He is most in the company of the right noble Claudio.

Beat. O lord, he will hang upon him like a disease; he is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio, if he have caught the Benedick; it will cost him a thousand pounds ere he be cur'd.

Mess. I will hold friends with you, Lady.

Beat. Do, good friend.

Leon. You'll ne'er run mad, Niece.

Beat. No, not 'till a hot January.

Mess. Don Pedro is approach'd.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar and Don John.

Pedro. Good Signior Leonato, you are come to meet your trouble: the fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it.

Leon. Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your Grace; for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but when you depart from me, sorrow abides, and happiness takes his leave.

Pedro. You embrace your charge too willingly: I think, this is your daughter.

Leon. Her mother hath many times told me so.

Bene. Were you in doubt, Sir, that you askt her?

Leon. Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.

Pedro. You have it full, Benedick; we may guess by this what you are, being a man: truly, the lady fathers her self; be happy, lady, for you are like an honourable father.

Bene. If Signior Leonato be her Father, she would not have his head on her shoulders for all Messina, as like him as she is.

Beat.
Much Ado about Nothing

Beat. I wonder, that you will still be talking, Signior Benedick; no body marks you.

Bene. What, my dear lady Disdain! are you yet living?

Beat. Is it possible, Disdain should die, while she hath such meet food to feed it, as Signior Benedick? Courtesey itself must convert to Disdain, if you come in her presence.

Bene. Then is courtesey a turn-coat; but it is certain, I am lov'd of all ladies, only you excepted; and I would I could find in my heart that I had not a hard heart, for truly I love none.

Beat. A dear happiness to women; they would else have been troubled with a pernicious suitor. I thank God and my cold blood, I am of your humour for that; I had rather hear my dog bark at a crow, than a man swear he loves me.

Bene. God keep your ladyship still in that mind! for some gentleman or other shall escape a predestinate scratch face.

Beat. Scratching could not make it worse, an 'twere such a face as yours were.

Bene. Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

Beat. A bird of my tongue is better than a beast of yours.

Bene. I would, my horse had the speed of your tongue, and so good a continuer; but keep your way o' God's name, I have done.

Beat. You always end with a jade's trick; I know you of old.

Pedro. This is the sum of all: Leonato, —— Signior Claudio, and Signior Benedick, —— my dear friend Leonato hath invited you all; I tell him, we shall stay here at the least a month; and he heartily prays, some occasion may detain us longer: I dare swear, he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart.

Leon. If you swear, my Lord, you shall not be forsworn. —— Let me bid You welcome, my lord, being reconciled to the prince your brother; I owe you all duty.

A 5

John,
John. I thank you; I am not of many words, but I thank you.

Leon. Please it your Grace lead on?

Pedro. Your hand, Leonato; we will go together.

[Exeunt all but Benedick and Claudio.

Claud. Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of Signor Leonato?

Bene. I noted her not, but I look’d on her.

Claud. Is she not a modest young lady?

Bene. Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgment? or would you have me speak after my custom, as being a professed tyrant to their sex?

Claud. No, I pr’ythee, speak in sober judgment.

Bene. Why, ’tis faith, methinks, she is too low for an high praise, too brown for a fair praise, and too little for a great praise; only this commendation I can afford her, that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

Claud. Thou think’st, I am in sport; I pray thee, tell me truly how thou lik’st her.

Bene. Would you buy her, that you enquire after her?

Claud. Can the world buy such a jewel?

Bene. Yea, and a cæsar to put it into; but speak you this with a sad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder, and Vulcan a rare carpenter? come, in what key shall a man take you to do in the Song?

Claud. In mine eye, she is the sweetest lady that I ever look’d on.

Bene. I can see yet without spectacles, and I see no such matter; there’s her Cousin, if she were not possessed with such a Fury, exceeds her as much in beauty, as the first of May doth the last of December: but I hope, you have no intent to turn husband, have you?

Claud. I would scarce trust myself, tho’ I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife.

Bene. Is’t come to this, in faith? hath not the world
one man, but he will wear his cap with suspicion? shall I never see a batchelor of threescore again? go to, i'faith, if thou wilt needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it, and sigh away Sundays: look, Don Pedro is return'd to seek you.

_Re-enter Don Pedro and Don John._

Pedro. What Secret hath held you here, that you follow'd not to Leonato's house?

Bene. I would, your Grace would constrain me to tell, Pedro. I charge thee on thy allegiance.

Bene. You hear, Count Claudio, I can be secret as a dumb man, I would have you think so; but on my allegiance, mark you this, on my allegiance:—he is in love; with whom? now that is your Grace's part: mark, how short his answer is, with Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

Claud. If this were so, so were it uttered.

Bene. Like the old tale, my lord, it is not so, nor 'twas not so; but, indeed, God forbid it should be so.

Claud. If my passion change not shortly, God forbid it should be otherwise.

Pedro. Amen, if you love her, for the Lady is very well worthy.

Claud. You speak this to fetch me in, my Lord.

Pedro. By my troth, I speak my thought.

Claud. And, in faith, my Lord, I spoke mine.

Bene. And by my two faiths and troths, my Lord, I speak mine.

Claud. That I love her, I feel.

Pedro. That she is worthy, I know.

Bene. That I neither feel how she should be loved, nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me; I will die in it at the stake.

Pedro. Thou waft ever an obstinate heretick in the despight of beauty.

Claud. And never could maintain his part, but in the force of his will.

Bene. That a woman conceived me, I thank her: that
that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks: but that I will have a rechente winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me; because I will not do them the Wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the Right to trust none; and the fine is, (for the which I may go the finer,) I will live a bachelor.

Pedro. I shall see thee, ere I die, look pale with love.

Bene. With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord, not with love: prove, that ever I lose more blood with love, than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker’s pen, and hang me up at the door of a brothel-house for the Sign of blind Cupid.

Pedro. Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

Bene. If I do hang me in a bottle like a cat, and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapt on the shoulder, and call’d Adam. (3)

Pedro. Well, as time shall try; in time the savage bull doth bear the yoke.

Bene. The savage bull may, but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull’s horns, and set them in my forehead, and let me be vilely painted;

(3) And be that hits me, let him be clapt’d on the Shoulder, and call’d Adam.] But why should he therefore be called Adam? Perhaps, by a Quotation or two we may be able to trace the Poet’s Allusion here. In Law Tricks, or, Who would have thought it, (a Comedy written by John Day, and printed in 1608) I find this Speech.

I have heard, Old Adam was an honest Man, and a good Gardiner; loved Lettice well, Sallads and Cabbage reasonable well, yet no Tobacco;—Again, Adam Bell, a substantial Outlaw, and a passing good Archer, yet no Tobacconist.

By this it appears, that Adam Bell at that time of day was of Reputation for his Skill at the Bow. I find him again mentioned in a Burlesque Poem of Sir William Davenant’s, called, The Long Vacation in London: and had I the Convenience of consulting Ascham’s Toxophilus, I might probably grow still better acquainted with his History.
and in such great letters as they write, *Here is good Horse to hire*, let them signify under my Sign, *Here you may see Benedick the marry'd man*.

*Claud.* If this should ever happen, thou wouldst be horn-mad.

*Pedro.* Nay, if *Cupid* hath not spent all his quiver in *Venice*, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

*Bene.* I look for an earthquake too then.

*Pedro.* Well, you will temporize with the hours; in the mean time, good Signior *Benedick*, repair to *Leonato's*, commend me to him, and tell him I will not fail him at supper; for indeed, he hath made great preparation.

*Bene.* I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassage, and so I commit you——

*Claud.* To the tuition of God; From my house, if I had it,—

*Pedro.* The sixth of July, your loving friend, *Benedick*.

*Bene.* Nay, mock not, mock not; the body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly baited on neither: ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conscience, and so I leave you. [Exit.

*Claud.* My Liege, your Highness now may do me good.

*Pedro.* My love is thine to teach, teach it but how,
And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn
Any hard lesson that may do thee good.

*Claud.* Hast *Leonato* any son, my lord?

*Pedro.* No child but *Her*; she's his only heir:
Doost thou affect her, *Claudio*?

*Claud.* O my lord,
When you went onward on this ended action,
I look'd upon her with a soldier's eye;
That lik'd, but had a rougher task in hand
Than to drive liking to the name of love;
But now I am return'd, and that war-thoughts
Have left their places vacant; in their rooms
Come thronging soft and delicate Desires,
All prompting me how fair young Hero is;  
Saying, I lik’d her ere I went to wars.  
    Pedro. Thou wilt be like a lover presently,  
And tire the hearer with a book of words:  
If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it,  
And I will break with her, and with her Father:  
And thou shalt have her: was’t not to this end,  
That thou began’st to twit so fine a story?  
    Claudi. How sweetly do you minister to love,  
That know love’s grief by his completion!  
But left my liking might too sudden seem,  
I would have saved it with a longer treatise.  
    Pedro. What need the bridge much broader than the flood?  
The fairest grant is the necessity;  
Look, what will serve, is fit; ’tis once, thou lov’st;  
And I will fit thee with the remedy.  
I know, we shall have revelling to night;  
I will assume thy part in some disguise,  
And tell fair Hero I am Claudio;  
And in her bosom I’ll unclasp my heart,  
And take her hearing prisoner with the force  
And strong encounter of my amorous tale:  
Then, after, to her father will I break;  
And the conclusion is, she shall be thine;  
In practice let us put it presently.  
[Exeunt.

Re-enter Leonato and Antonio.

    Leon. How now, Brother, where is my Cousin your son? hath he provided this music?  
    Ant. He is very busy about it; but, brother, I can tell you news that you yet dream’d not of.  
    Leon. Are they good?  
    Ant. As the event stamps them, but they have a good cover; they show well outward. The Prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached alley in my orchard, were thus over-heard by a man of mine: The Prince discover’d to Claudio, that he lov’d my niece your daughter, and meant to acknowledge it this night in a dance; and if he found her accordant, he meant to
to take the present time by the top, and instantly break with you of it.

Leon. Hath the fellow any wit, that told you this?

Ant. A good sharp fellow; I will send for him, and question you yourself.

Leon. No, no; we will hold it as a dream, 'till it appear itself: but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for answer, if peradventure this be true; go you and tell her of it: Cousin, you know what you have to do. [Several cross the Stage here.] O, I cry you mercy, friend, go you with me and I will use your skill; good Cousin, have a care this busy time.

[Exeunt.

SCENE changes to an Apartment in Leonato's House.

Enter Don John and Conrade.

Conr. What the good-ger, my lord, why are you thus out of measure sad?

John. There is no measure in the occasion that breeds it, therefore the sadness is without limit.

Conr. You should hear reason.

John. And when I have heard it, what Blessing bringeth it?

Conr. If not a present remedy, yet a patient sufferance.

John. I wonder, that thou (being, as thou say'lt thou art, born under Saturn) goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief: I cannot hide what I am: I must be sad when I have cause, and smile at no man's jests; eat when I have stomach, and wait for no man's leisure; sleep when I am drowsy, and tend on no man's business; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour.

Conr. Yea, but you must not make the full show of this, 'till you may do it without controlement; you have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his grace, where it is impossible you
you should take root, but by the fair weather that you
make yourself; it is needful that you frame the season
for your own harvest.

John. I had rather be a canker in a hedge, than a rose
in his grace; and it better fits my blood to be disdain’d
of all, than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any:
in this, (though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest
man) it must not be deny’d but I am a plain-dealing
villain; I am trusted with a muzzel, and infranchised
with a clog, therefore I have decreed not to sing in my
cage: if I had my mouth, I would bite; if I had my
liberty, I would do my liking: in the mean time let me
be that I am, and seek not to alter me.

Cerv. Can you make no use of your discontent?

John. I will make all use of it, for I use it only.
Who comes here? what news, Borachio?

Enter Borachio.

Bora. I came yonder from a great supper; the Prince,
your brother, is royally entertain’d by Leonato, and I
can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

John. Will it serve for any model to build mischief
on? what is he for a fool, that betroths himself to un-
quietness?

Bora. Marry, it is your brother’s right hand.

John. Who, the most exquisite Claudio?

Bora. Even he.

John. A proper Squire! and who, and who? which
way looks he?

Bora. Marry, on Hero, the daughter and heir of Leo-
nato.

John. A very forward March chick! How come you
to know this?

Bora. Being entertain’d for a perfumer, as I was
smoaking a musty room, comes me the Prince and
Claudio hand in hand in sad conference: I whipt be-
hind the Arras, and there heard it agreed upon, that
the Prince should woo Hero for himself; and having ob-
tained her, give her to Count Claudio.

John. Come, come, let us thither, this may prove food
food to my displeasure: that young start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow; if I can cross him any way, I bless myself every way; you are both sure, and will assist me.

Conr. To the death, my lord.

John. Let us to the great supper; their Cheer is the greater, that I am subdu’d; ’would the cook were of my mind!—shall we go prove what’s to be done?

Bora. We’ll wait upon your lordship. [Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE, a Hall in Leonato’s House.

Enter Leonato, Antonio, Hero, Beatrice, Margaret and Ursula.

LEONATO.

Was not Count John here at Supper?

Ant. I saw him not.

Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can see him, but I am heart-burn’d an hour after.

Hero. He is of a very melancholy disposition.

Beat. He were an excellent man, that were made just in the mid-way between him and Benedick; the one is too like an image, and says nothing: and the other too like my lady’s eldest son, evermore talking.

Leon. Then half Signior Benedick’s tongue in Count John’s mouth, and half Count John’s melancholy in Signior Benedick’s face——

Beat. With a good leg, and a good foot, Uncle, and mony enough in his purse, such a man would win any woman in the world, if he could get her good Will.

Leon. By my troth, Niece, thou wilt never get thee a husband, if thou be so shrewd of thy tongue.

Ant.
Ant. In faith, she's too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst; I shall lesien God's sending that way; for it is said, God sends a curst Cow short horns; but to a Cow too curst he sends none.

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just, if he send me no husband; for the which Blessing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening: Lord! I could not endure a husband with a beard on his face, I had rather lye in woollen.

Leon. You may light upon a husband, that hath no beard.

Beat. What should I do with him? dress him in my apparel, and make him my waiting-gentlewoman? he that hath a beard is more than a youth, and he that hath no beard is less than a man; and he that is more than a youth, is not for me; and he that is less than a man, I am not for him: therefore I will even take six pence in earnest of the bear-herd, and lead his apes into hell.

Leon. Well then, go you into hell.

Beat. No, but to the gate; and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with his horns on his head, and say, "get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heav'n, here's no place for you maids." So deliver I up my apes, and away to St. Peter, for the heav'n's; he shews me where the bachelors fit, and there live we as merry as the day is long.

Ant. Well, Niece, I trust, you will be rul'd by your father.

[To Hero.

Beat. Yes, faith, it is my Cousin's duty to make curstly, and say, Father, as it pleases you; but yet for all that, Cousin, let him be a handsome fellow, or else make another curstly, and say, Father, as it pleases me.

Leon. Well, Niece, I hope to see you one day fitted with a husband.

Beat. Not 'till God make men of some other metal than earth; would it not grieve a woman to be over-matter'd
master'd with a piece of valiant dust? to make account of her life to a clod of way-ward marble? no, uncle, I'll none; Adam's sons are my brethren, and, truly, I hold it a sin to match in my kindred.

Leon. Daughter, remember, what I told you; if the Prince do solicit you in that kind, you know your answer.

Beat. The fault will be in the music, cousin, if you be not woo'd in good time; If the Prince be too important, tell him, there is measure in every thing, and so dance out the Answer; for hear me, Hero, wooing, wedding, and repenting, is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque-pace; the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical; the wedding mannerly-modecit, as a measure, full of state and anchentry; and then comes repentance, and with his bad legs falls into the cinque-pace faster and faster, 'till he sinks into his grave.

Leon. Cousin, you apprehend passing shrewdly.

Beat. I have a good eye, uncle, I can see a church by day-light.

Leon. The revellers are entring, brother; make good room.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar, and others in Masquerade.

Pedro. Lady, will you walk about with your friend?

Hero. So you walk softly, and look sweetly, and say nothing, I am yours for the walk, and especially when I walk away.

Pedro. With me in your company?

Hero. I may say so, when I please.

Pedro. And when please you to say so?

Hero. When I like your favour; for God defend, the lute should be like the case!

Pedro. (4) My visor is Philemon's roof; within the house is Jove.

Hero.

(4) My Visor is Philemon's Roof, within the House is Love.] Thus the whole Stream of the Copies, from the first downwards,
20 Much ADO about Nothing.

Hero. Why, then your visor should be thatch'd.

Pedro. Speak low, if you speak love.

Balth. Well; I would, you did like me. (5)

Marg. So would not I for your own sake, for I have many ill qualities.

Balth. Which is one?

wards. I must own, this Passage for a long while appear'd very obscure to me, and gave me much trouble in attempting to understand it. Hero says to Don Pedro, God forbid, the Lute should be like the Cae! i.e. that your Face should be as homely and as coarse as your Mask. Upon this, Don Pedro compares his Visor to Philemon's Roof. 'Tis plain, the Poet alludes to the Story of Baucis and Philemon from OVID: And this old Couple, as the Roman Poet describes it, liv'd in a thatch'd Cottage;

—— Stipulis & canna testa palustris.

But why, Within the House is Love? Baucis and Philemon, 'tis true, had liv'd to old Age together, in a comfortable State of Agreement. But Piety and Hospitality are the top Parts of their Character. Our Poet unquestionably goes a little deeper into the Story. Though this old Pair lived in a Cottage, this Cottage received two straggling Gods, (Jupiter and Mercury,) under its Roof. So, Don Pedro is a Prince; and though his Visor is but ordinary, he would insinuate to Hero, that he has something god-like within; alluding either to his Dignity, or the Qualities of his Person and Mind. By these Circumstances, I am sure, the Thought is mended: as, I think verily, the Text is too by the Change of a single Letter.

—— within the House is Jove.

Nor is this Emendation a little confirmed by another Passage in our Author, in which he plainly alludes to the same Story. As you like it.

Clown. I am here with thee and thy Goats, as the most capricious Poet, honest Ovid, was amongst the Goths.

Jaq. O Knowledge ill inhabited, worse than Jove in a thatch'd House!

(5) Balth. Well; I would, you did like me.] This and the two following little Speeches, which I have placed to Balthazar, are in all the printed Copies given to Benedick. But, 'tis clear, the Dialogue here ought to be betwixt Balthazar, and Margaret: Benedick, a little lower, converses with Beatrice: and so every Man talks with his Woman once round.

Marg.
Marg. I say my Prayers aloud.
Balth. I love you the better, the hearers may cry Amen.
Marg. God match me with a good dancer!
Balth. Amen.
Marg. And God keep him out of my sight when the dance is done! Answer, Clerk.
Balth. No more words, the clerk is answer'd.
Urs. I know you well enough; you are Signior Antonio.

Ant. At a word, I am not.
Urs. I know you by the wagling of your head.
Ant. To tell you true, I counterfeit him.
Urs. You could never do him so ill-well, unless you were the very man: here's his dry hand up and down; you are he, you are he.
Ant. At a word, I am not.
Urs. Come, come, do you think, I do not know you by your excellent wit? can virtue hide itself? go to, num, you are he; graces will appear, and there's an end.

Beat. Will you not tell me, who told you so?
Bene. No, you shall pardon me.
Beat. Nor will you not tell me; who you are?
Bene. Not now.
Beat. That I was disdainful, and that I had my good Wit out of the Hundred merry Tales; well, this was Signor Benedick that said so.
Bene. What's he?
Beat. I am sure, you know him well enough.
Bene. Not I, believe me.
Beat. Did he never make you laugh?
Bene. I pray you, what is he?
Beat. Why, he is the Prince's jester; a very dull fool, only his gift is in devising impossible flanders: none but libertines delight in him, and the commendation is not in his wit, but in his villany; for he both pleaseth men and angers them, and then they laugh at him, and beat him; I am sure, he is in the fleet; I would, he had boarded me.

Bene.
Much Ado About Nothing.

Bene. When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him what you say.

Beat. Do, do, he'll but break a comparison or two on me; which, peradventure, not mark'd, or not laugh'd at, strikes him into melancholy, and then there's a partridge wing fav'd, for the fool will eat no supper that night. We must follow the leaders. [Musick within.

Bene. In every good thing.

Beat. Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning. [Exeunt.

Manent John, Borachio, and Claudio.

John. Sure, my brother is amorous on Hero, and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it: the ladies follow her, and but one visor remains.

Bora. And that is Claudio; I know him by his bearing.

John. Are you not Signior Benedick?

Claud. You know me well, I am he.

John. Signior, you are very near my brother in his love, he is enamour'd on Hero; I pray you, dissuade him from her, she is no equal for his birth; you may do the part of an honest man in it.

Claud. How know ye, he loves her?

John. I heard him swear his affection.

Bora. So did I too, and he swore he would marry her to night.

John. Come, let us to the banquet. [Exeunt John and Bora.

Claud. Thus answer I in name of Benedick, but hear this ill news with the ears of Claudio. 'Tis certain so, the Prince wooes for himself. Friendship is constant in all other things, Save in the office and affairs of love; Therefore all hearts in love use their own tongues, Let every eye negotiate for itself, And trust no agent; beauty is a witch, Against whose charms faith melteth into blood. This is an accident of hourly proof, Which I mistrusted not. Farewel then, Hero!
Enter Benedick.

Bene. Count Claudio?

Claud. Yea, the fame.

Bene. Come, will you go with me?

Claud. Whither?

Bene. Even to the next willow, about your own busi-
ness, Count. What fashion will you wear the garland of?
about your neck, like an Usurer’s chain? or under your
arm, like a Lieutenant’s scarf? you must wear it one
way, for the Prince hath got your Hero.

Claud. I wish him Joy of her.

Bene. Why, that’s spoken like an honest drover; so
they fell bullocks: but did you think, the Prince would
have served you thus?

Claud. I pray you, leave me.

Bene. Ho! now you strike like the blind man; ’twas
the boy that stole your meat, and you’ll beat the Poft.

Claud. If it will not be, I’ll leave you. [Exit.

Bene. Alas, poor hurt fowle! now will he creep into
fedges. But, that my Lady Beatrice should know me,
and not know me! the Prince’s fool! ha? it may be, I
go under that Title, because I am merry; yea, but so
I am apt to do myself wrong: I am not so reputed. It
is the base (tho’ bitter) disposition of Beatrice, that puts
the World into her perfon, and so gives me out; well,
I’ll be reveng’d as I may.

Enter Don Pedro.

Pedro. Now, Signior, where’s the Count? did you
see him?

Bene. ’Troth, my lord, I have play’d the part of lady
Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in
a warren, I told him (and I think, told him true) that
your Grace had got the Will of this young lady, and I
offer’d him my company to a willow tree, either to make
him a garland, as being forlorn, or to bind him up a
rod, as being worthy to be whipt.

Pedro. To be whipt! what’s his fault?

Bene. The flat transgression of a School-boy; who,
being overjoy'd with finding a bird's nest, shews it his
companion, and he steals it.

 Pedro. Wilt thou make a trust, a transgression? the
transgression is in the seeker.

 Bene. Yet it had not been amiss, the rod had been
made, and the garland too; for the garland he might
have worn himself, and the rod he might have be-
low'd on you, who (as I take it) have stol'n his bird's
nest.

 Pedro. I will but teach them to sing, and restore them
to the owner.

 Bene. If their singing answer your saying, by my
faith, you say honestly.

 Pedro. The lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you; the
gentleman, that danc'd with her, told her she is much
wrong'd by you.

 Bene. O, she misus'd me past the indulgence of a block;
an oak, but with one green leaf on it, would have an-
swer'd her; my very visor began to assume life, and
scold with her; she told me, not thinking I had been
myself, that I was the Prince's jestor, and that I was
duller than a great thaw; (6) huddling jest upon jest,
with such impossible conveyance upon me, that I stood
like a man at a mark, with a whole army shooting at
me; she speaks Ponyards, and every word stab'd; if her
breath were as terrible as her terminations, there were
no living near her, she would infect to the North-Star;
I would not marry her, though she were endowed with
all that Adam had left him before he transgress'd; she
would have made Hercules have turn'd Spit, yea, and
have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk
not of her, you shall find her the infernal Æte in good
apparel. I would to God, some scholar would conjure

(6) — huddling jest upon jest, with such impossible conveyance:
upon me.] Thus all the printed Copies; but I freely confess, I
can't possibly understand the Phrase. I have ventur'd to substi-
tute impassable. To make a Pass (in Fencing, is, to thrust,
push; and by impassable, I presume, the Poet meant, that she
push'd her jefts upon him with such Swiftness, that it was impos-
sible for him to pass them off, to parry them.
her; for, certainly, while she is here a man may live as quiet in hell as in a sanctuary, and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither; so, indeed, all disquiet, horror, and perturbation follow her.

Enter Claudio, Beatrice, Leonato and Hero.

Pedro. Look, here she comes.

Bene. Will your Grace command me any service to the world's end? I will go on the lightest errand now to the Antipodes, that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the farthest inch of Asia; bring you the length of Prefer John's foot; fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard; do you any embassage to the pigmies, rather than hold three words conference with this harpy; you have no employment for me?

Pedro. None, but to desire your good company.

Bene. O God, Sir, here's a dish I love not. I cannot induce this Lady Tongue.

Pedro. Come, Lady, come; you have lost the heart of Signior Benedick.

Beat. Indeed, my Lord, he lent it me a while, and I gave him use for it, a double heart for a single one; marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your Grace may well say, I have lost it.

Pedro. You have put him down, Lady, you have put him down.

Beat. So I would not he should do me, my Lord; lest I should prove the mother of fools: I have brought Count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek.

Pedro. Why, how now, Count, wherefore are you sad?

Claud. Not sad, my Lord.

Pedro. How then? sick?

Claud. Neither, my Lord.

Beat. The Count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well; but civil, Count, civil as an orange, and something of that jealous complexion.

Pedro. I'faith, Lady, I think your blazon to be true; though I'll be sworn, if he be so, his conceit is false.
Here, Claudio, I have wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won; I have broke with her father, and his good will obtained; name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy.

Leon. Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes: his Grace hath made the match, and all grace say, Amen, to it.

Beat. Speak, Count, 'tis your cue.

Claud. Silence is the perfectest herald of joy; I were but little happy, if I could say how much. Lady, as you are mine, I am yours: I give a way myself for you, and doat upon the exchange.

Beat. Speak Cousin, or (if you cannot) stop his mouth with a kiss, and let him not speak neither.

Pedro. In faith, Lady you have a merry heart.

Beat. Yea, my Lord, I thank it, poor fool, it keeps on the windy side of care; my cousin tells him in his ear, that he is in her heart.

Claud. And so she doth, cousin.

Beat. Good Lord, for alliance! thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am sun-burn'd; I may sit in a corner, and cry heigh ho! for a husband.

Pedro. Lady Beatrice, I will get you one.

Beat. I would rather have one of your Father's getting: hath your Grace ne'er a brother like you? your Father got excellent Husbands, if a maid could come by them.

Pedro. Will you have me, Lady?

Beat. No, my Lord, unless I might have another for working-days; your Grace is too costly to wear every day: but, I beseech your Grace, pardon me, I was born to speak all mirth and no matter.

Pedro. Your silence most offends me, and to be merry best becomes you; for, out of question, you were born in a merry hour.

Beat. No, sure, my Lord, my mother cry'd; but then there was a star danc'd, and under that I was born. Cousins, God give you joy.

Leon. Niece, will you look to those things I told you of?

Beat.
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Beat. I cry you mercy, Uncle: by your Grace's pardon. [Exit Beatrice.

Pedro. By my troth a pleasant-spirited Lady.

Leon. There's little of the melancholy element in her, my Lord; she is never sad but when she sleeps, and not ever sad then; (7) for I have heard my daughter say, she hath often dream'd of an happiness, and wak'd herself with laughing.

Pedro. She cannot endure to hear tell of a husband.

Leon. O, by no means, she mocks all her wooers out of suit.

Pedro. She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

Leon. O Lord, my Lord, if they were but a week marry'd, they would talk themselves mad.

Pedro. Count Claudio, when mean you to go to church?

Claud. To morrow, my Lord; time goes on crutches, 'till love have all his rites.

Leon. Not 'till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night, and a time too brief too, to have all things answer my mind.

Pedro. Come, you shake the head at so long a breathing; but, I warrant thee, Claudio, the time shall not go dully by us. I will in the Interim undertake one of Hercules's labours, which is, to bring Signior Benedick and the Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with the other; I would fain have it a match, and I doubt not to fashion it, if you three will but minister such assistance as I shall give you direction.

Leon. My Lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights watchings.

(7) For I have heard my daughter say, She hath often dream'd of unhappiness, and wak'd herself with laughing.] Tho' all the Impressions agree in this Reading, surely, 'tis absolutely repugnant to what Leonato intends to say, which is this; "Beatrice is never sad, but when she sleeps; and not ever sad then; for she hath often dream'd of something merry, (an happiness, as the Poet Phrases it,) and wak'd herself with laughing."

B 2

Claud.
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Claud. And I, my Lord.

Pedro. And you too, gentle Hero?

Hero. I will do any modest office, my Lord, to help my Cousin to a good husband.

Pedro. And Benedick is not the unhopefullest husband that I know: thus far I can praise him, he is of a noble strain, of approv’d valour, and confirm’d honesty. I will teach you how to humour your Cousin, that she shall fall in love with Benedick; and I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick, that in despight of his quick wit, and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer, his glory shall be ours, for we are the only Love-Gods; go in with me, and I will tell you my drift.

[Exeunt.

Scene changes to another Apartment in Leonato’s House.

Enter Don John and Borachio.

John. It is so, the Count Claudio shall marry the Daughter of Leonato.

Bora. Yea, my lord, but I can cross it.

John. Any bar, any crofs, any impediment will be medicinable to me; I am sick in displeasure to him; and whatsoever comes athwart his affection, ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage?

Bora. Not honestly, my Lord, but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me.

John. Shew me briefly how.

Bora. I think, I told your lordship a year since, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting-gentlewoman to Hero.

John. I remember.

Bora. I can, at any unseasonable instant of the night, appoint her to look out at her Lady’s chamber window.

John.
John. What life is in That, to be the death of this marriage?

Bona. The poison of That lyes in you to temper; go you to the Prince your brother, spare not to tell him, that he hath wrong'd his Honour in marrying the re-nown'd Claudio, (whose estimation do you mightily hold up) to a contaminated Stale, such a one as Hero.

John. What proof shall I make of That?

Bona. Proof enough to misufe the Prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato; look you for any other issue?

John. Only to despite them, I will endeavour any thing.

(8) Bona. Go then find me a meet hour, to draw Don Pedro,

(8) Bona. Go then, find me a meet hour to draw on Pedro and the Count Claudio, alone; tell them that you know Hero loves me;—Offer them Instances, which shall bear no less Likelihood than to see me at her Chamber-window; bear me call Margaret, Hero; hear Margaret term me Claudio; and bring them to see this the very night before the intended Wedding.] Thus the whole Stream of the Editions from the first Quarto downwards. I am obliged here to give a short Account of the Plot depending, that the Emendation I have made may appear the more clear and unquestionable. The Businesse stands thus: Claudio, a Favourite of the Arragon Prince, is, by his Intercessions with her Father, to be married to fair Hero; Don John, Natural Brother of the Prince, and a Hater of Claudio, is in his Spleen zealous to disappoint the Match. Borachio, a rashly Dependant on Don John, offers his Assistance, and engages to break off the Marriage by this Stratagem. "Tell the Prince "and Claudio (says He) that Hero is in Love with Me; they "won't believe it; offer them Proofs, as that they shall see me "converse with her in her Chamber-window. I am in the good "Graces of her Waiting-woman Margaret; and I'll prevail with "Margaret at a dead Hour of Night to persونate her Mistrefs: "Hero; do you then bring the Prince and Claudio to overhear our "Discourse; and They shall have the Torment to hear me ad- "dress Margaret by the Name of Hero, and her say sweet things to "me by the Name of Claudio."—This is the Substance of Bora- "chio's Device to make Hero suspected of Disloyalty, and to break of "her Match with Claudio. But in the name of common Sense, could it displease Claudio to hear his Mistrefs making Use of his Name tenderly?
Much Ado about Nothing.

Pedro, and the Count Claudio, alone; tell them, that you know, Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the Prince and Claudio, as in a love of your Brother's honour who hath made this match; and his friend's reputation, (who is thus like to be cozen'd with the semblance of a maid,) that you have discover'd thus; they will hardly believe this without trial: offer them instances, which shall bear no less likelihood than to see me at her chamber-window; hear me call Margaret, Hero; hear Margaret term me Borachio; and bring them to see this, the very night before the intended Wedding; for in the mean time I will so fashion the matter, that Hero shall be absent; and there shall appear such seeming truths of Hero's disloyalty, that jealousy shall be call'd assurance, and all the preparation overthrown.

John. Grow this to what adverse issue it can; I will put it in practice: be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

Bona. Be thou constant in the accusation, and my cunning shall not shame me.

John. I will presently go learn their day of marriage.

[Exeunt.

Scene changes to Leonato's Orchard.

Enter Benedick, and a Boy.

Bene. Boy,—

Boy. Signior.

tenderly? If he saw another Man with her, and heard her call him Claudio, he might reasonably think her betrayed, but not have the same reason to accuse her of disloyalty. Besides, how could her naming Claudio make the Prince and Claudio believe that she loved Borachio, as he desires Don John to insinuate to them that she did? The Circumstances weigh'd, there is no doubt but the Passage ought to be reformed, as I have settled in the Text.

—hear me call Margaret, Hero; hear Margaret term me Borachio.

Bene.
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Benedick. In my chamber-window lies a book, bring it hither to me in the orchard.

Boy. I am here already, Sir. [Exit Boy.

Benedick. I know that, but I would have thee hence, and here again.—I do much wonder, that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool, when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hath laught at such shallow follies in others, become the argument of his own scorn, by falling in love! and such a man is Claudio. I have known, when there was no musick with him but the drum and the fife; and now had he rather hear the taber and the pipe; I have known, when he would have walk’d ten mile a-foot, to see a good armour; and now will he lye ten nights awake, carving the fashion of a new doublet. He was wont to speak plain, and to the purpose, like an honest man and a soldier; and now is he turn’d othograph, his words are a very fantastical banquet, just so many strange dishes. May I be so converted, and see with these eyes? I cannot tell; I think not. I will not be sworn, but love may transform me to an oyster; but I’ll take my oath on it, ’till he have made an oyster of me, he shall never make me such a fool: one woman is fair, yet I am well; another is wise, yet I am well; another virtuous, yet I am well. But ’till all graces be in one woman, one woman shall not come in my grace. Rich she shall be, that’s certain; wife, or I’ll none; virtuous, or I’ll never cheapen her; fair, or I’ll never look on her; mild, or come not near me; noble, or not I for an angel; of good discourse, an excellent musician, and her hair shall be of what colour it please God. Ha! the Prince and Monsieur Love! I will hide me in the arbour.

[Withdraws.

Enter Don Pedro, Leonato, Claudio, and Balthazar.

Pedro. Come, shall we hear this musick?

Claud. Yea, my good lord; how still the evening is, As hush’d on purpose to grace harmony!

Pedro. See you where Benedick hath hid himself?

Claud. O very well, my lord; the musick ended,

We’ll
We'll fit the kid-fox with a penny-worth.

Pedro. Come, Balthazar, we'll hear that Song again.

Balth. O good my lord, tax not so bad a voice
To slander musick any more than once.

Pedro. It is the witness still of excellency,
To put a strange face on his own perfection;
I pray thee, sing; and let me woo no more.

Balth. Because you talk of wooing, I will sing;
Since many a wiser doth commence his suit
To her he thinks not worthy, yet he wooes;
Yet will he swear, he loves.

Pedro. Nay, pray thee, come;
Or if thou wilt hold longer argument,
Do it in notes.

Balth. Note this before my notes,
There's not a note of mine, that's worth the noting.

Pedro. Why, these are very crotchets that he speaks,
Note, notes, forsooth, and noting.

Bene. Now, divine air; now is his soul ravish'd! is
it not strange, that sheeps guts should hale souls out
of men's bodies? well, a horn for my money, when all's
done.

The S O N G.

Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,
Men were deceivers ever;
One foot in sea, and one on shore,
To one thing constant never:
Then sigh not so, but let them go,
And be you blith and bonny;
Converting all your sounds of woe
Into hey nonny, nonny.

Sing no more ditties, sing no mo
Of dumps so dull and heavy;
The frauds of men were ever so,
Since summer was first leafy:
Then sigh not so, &c.
Pedro. By my troth, a good Song.
Balth. And an ill finger, my lord.
Pedro. Ha, no; no, faith; thou sing'st well enough for a shift.
Bene. If he had been a dog, that should have howl'd thus, they would have hang'd him; and, I pray God, his bad voice bode no mischief! I had as lief have heard the night-raven, come what plague could have come after it.
Pedro. Yea, marry, dost thou hear, Balthazar? I pray thee, get us some excellent musick; for to-morrow night we would have it at the lady Hero's chamber-window.
Balth. The best I can, my lord. [Exit Balthazar.
Pedro. Do so: farewell. Come hither, Leonato; what was it you told me of to day, that your Niece Beatrice was in love with Signior Benedick?
Claud. O, ay; stalk on, stalk on, the fowl fits. I did never think, that lady would have loved any man.
Leon. No, nor I neither; but most wonderful, that she should so doat on Signior Benedick, whom she hath in all outward behaviours seem'd ever to abhor.
Bene. Is't possible, fits the wind in that corner?
Leon. By my troth, my lord, I cannot tell what to think of it; but that she loves him with an inraged affection, it is past the infinite of thought.
Pedro. May be, she doth but counterfeit.
Claud. Faith, like enough.
Leon. O God! counterfeit? there was never counterfeit of passion came so near the life of passion, as she discovers it.
Pedro. Why, what effects of passion shews she?
Claud. Bait the hook well, this fish will bite. [Aside.
Leon. What effects, my lord? she will fit you, you heard my daughter tell you how.
Claud. She did, indeed.
Pedro. How, how, I pray you? you amaze me: I would
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would have thought, her spirit had been invincible against all assaults of affection.

Leon. I would have sworn, it had, my lord; especially against Benedick.

Bene. [Aside.] I should think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow speaks it; knavery cannot, sure, hide himself in such reverence.

Claud. He hath ta'en th' infection, hold it up. [Aside.

Pedro. Hath she made her affection known to Benedick?

Leon. No, and swears she never will; that's her torment.

Claud. 'Tis true, indeed, so your daughter says: shall I, says she, that have so oft encounter'd him with scorn, write to him that I love him?

Leon. This says she now, when she is beginning to write to him; for she'll be up twenty times a night, and there will she sit in her smock, 'till she have writ a sheet of paper; my daughter tells us all.

Claud. Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remember a pretty jest your daughter told us of.

Leon. O, — when she had writ it, and was reading it over, she found Benedick and Beatrice between the sheet.

Claud. That ———

Leon. (9) O, she tore the letter into a thousand half-pence; rail'd at herself, that she should be so immodest, to write to one that, she knew, would flout her: I measure him, says she, by my own Spirit, for I should flout him if he writ to me; yea, though I love him, I should.

(9) O, she tore the Letter into a thousand half-pence; i.e. into a thousand pieces of the same bigness. This is farther explained by a Passage in As you like it;

—— There were none principal; they were all like one another as half-pence are.

In both places the Poet alludes to the old Silver Penny which had a Crease running Cross-wise over it, so that it might be broke into two or four equal pieces, half-pence, or farthings.

Claud.
Claud. Then down upon her knees she falls, weeps, fobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, curses; O sweet Benedick! God give me patience!

Leon. She doth, indeed, my daughter says so; and the ecstasy hath so much overborne her, that my daughter is sometime afraid, she will do desperate outrage to herself; it is very true.

Pedro. It were good, that Benedick knew of it by some other, if she will not discover it.

Claud. To what end? he would but make a sport of it, and torment the poor lady worse.

Pedro. If he should, it were an Alms to hang him; she's an excellent sweet lady, and (out of all suspicion) she is virtuous.

Claud. And she is exceeding wife.

Pedro. In every thing, but in loving Benedick.

Leon. O my lord, wisdom and blood combating in so tender a body, we have ten proofs to one, that blood hath the victory; I am sorry for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle and her guardian.

Pedro. I would, she had bestowed this dotage on me; I would have dafft all other respects, and made her half myself; I pray you, tell Benedick of it; and hear what he will say.

Leon. Were it good, think you?

Claud. Hero thinks, surely she will die; for she says, she will die if he love her not, and she will die ere she make her love known; and she will die if he woo her, rather than she will bate one breath of her accustomed Crossness.

Pedro. She doth well; if she should make tender of her love, 'tis very possible, he'll scorn it; for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible spirit.

Claud. He is a very proper man.

Pedro. He hath, indeed, a good outward happiness.

Claud. 'Fore God, and, in my mind, very wise.

Pedro. He doth, indeed, shew some sparks that are like wit.

Leon. And I take him to be valiant.

Pedro. As Hector, I assure you; and in the managing
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of quarrels you may say he is wise; for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a Christian-like fear.

Leon. If he do fear God, he must necessarily keep peace; if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

Pedro. And so will he do, for the man doth fear God, howsoever 'tis seems not in him, by some large jets he will make. Well, I am sorry for your Niece: shall we go seek Benedick, and tell him of her love?

Claud. Never tell him, my lord; let her wear it out with good counsel.

Leon. Nay, that's impossible, she may wear her heart out first.

Pedro. Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter; let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wish he would modestly examine himself, to see how much he is unworthy to have so good a lady.

Leon. My Lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

Claud. If he do not dote on her upon this, I will never trust my expectation. [Aside.

Pedro. Let there be the same net spread for her, and that must your daughter and her gentlewomen carry; the sport will be, when they hold an opinion of one another's dotage, and no such matter; that's the Scene that I would see, which will be meerly a Dumb Show; let us send her to call him to dinner. [Aside.] [Exeunt.

Benedick advances from the Arbour.

Bene. This can be no trick, the conference was sadly borne; they have the truth of this from Hero; they seem to pity the lady; it seems, her affections have the full bent. Love me! why, it must be requited: I hear, how I am censur'd; they say, I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the love come from her; they say too, that she will rather die than give any sign of affection.— I did never think to marry— I must not seem proud— happy are they that hear their detractions, and can put them to mending: they say,
say, the lady is fair; 'tis a truth, I can bear them wit-
ness: and virtuous;——'tis so, I cannot reprove it:
and wise, but for loving me——by my troth, 'tis no
addition to her wit, nor no great argument of her fol-
ly; for I will be horribly in love with her. — I may
chance to have some odd quirks and remnants of wit
broken on me, because I have rail'd so long against mar-
riage; but doth not the appetite alter? a man loves the
meat in his youth, that he cannot endure in his age.
Shall quipps and sentences, and these paper-bullets of the
brain, awe a man from the career of his humour? no:
the world must be peopled. When I said, I would die a
bachelor, I did not think I should live 'till I were mar-
ry'd. Here comes Beatrice: by this day, she's a fair
lady; I do spy some marks of love in her.

Enter Beatrice.

Beat. Against my will, I am sent to bid you come in
to dinner.

Bene. Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

Beat. I took no more pains for those thanks, than
you take pains to thank me; if it had been painful, I
would not have come.

Bene. You take pleasure then in the message.

Beat. Yea, just so much as you may take upon a
knife's point, and choak a daw withal: you have no
stomach, Signior; fare you well. [Exit.

Bene. Ha! against my will I am sent to bid you come
in to dinner:—there's a double meaning in that. I
took no more pains for those thanks, than you took pains to
thank me;——that's as much as to say, any pains that
I take for you is as easy as thanks. If I do not take
pity of her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am
a Jew; I will go get her Picture. [Exit.

ACT
ACT III.

SCENE continues in the Orchard.

Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.

HERO.

GOOD Margaret, run thee into the parlour,
There shalt thou find my Cousin Beatrice,
Proposing with the Prince and Claudio;
Whisper her ear, and tell her, I and Ursula
Walk in the orchard, and our whole discourse
Is all of her; say, that thou overheard'st us;
And bid her steal into the pleached Bower,
Where honey-fuckles, ripen'd by the Sun,
Forbid the Sun to enter; like to Favourites,
Made proud by Princes, that advance their pride
Against that power that bred it: there will she hide her,
To listen our Purpose; this is thy office,
Bear thee well in it, and leave us alone.

Marg. I'll make her come, I warrant, presently. [Exit.

Hero. Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come,
As we do trace this alley up and down,
Our Talk must only be of Benedick;
When I do name him, let it be thy Part
To praise him more than ever man did merit.
My Talk to thee must be, how Benedick
Is sick in love with Beatrice; of this matter
Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made,
That only wounds by hear-say: now begin.

Enter Beatrice, running towards the Arbour.

For look, where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs
Close by the ground to hear our conference.

Urs. The pleasant'ft angling is to see the fish...
Cut with her golden oars the silver stream,
And greedily devour the treacherous bait;
So angle we for Beatrice, who e'en now
Is couched in the woodbine-coverture;
Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

_Hero._ Then go we near her, that her ear lose nothing
Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it.

No, truly, _Ursula_, she's too disdainful;
I know, her spirits are as coy and wild
As haggersds of the rock.

_Urs._ But are you sure,
That Benedick loves Beatrice so intirely?

_Hero._ So says the Prince, and my new-trothed lord.

_Urs._ And did they bid you tell her of it, Madam?

_Hero._ They did intreat me to acquaint her of it;
But I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,
To with him wrestle with affection,
And never to let Beatrice know of it.

_Urs._ Why did you so? doth not the Gentleman
Deserve as full, as fortunate a bed,
As ever Beatrice shall couch upon?

_Hero._ O God of love! I know, he doth deserve
As much as may be yielded to a man:
But Nature never fram'd a woman's heart
Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice.

Disdain and Scorn ride sparkling in her eyes,
Mis-prizing what they look on; and her wit
Values itself so highly, that to her
All matter else seems weak; she cannot love;
Nor take no shape nor project of affection,
She is so self-indeared.

_Urs._ Sure, I think so;
And therefore certainly it were not good
She knew his love, lest she make sport at it.

_Hero._ Why, you speak truth. I never yet saw man,
How wife, how noble, young, how rarely featur'd,
But she would spell him backward; if fair-fac'd,
She'd swear, the gentleman should be her sister;
If black, why, Nature, drawing of an antick,
Made a soul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed;
If low, an Aglet very vilely cut; (10)
If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;
If silent, why, a block moved with none.
So turns she every man the wrong side out,
And never gives to truth and virtue That,
Which simplenes and merit purchaseth.

_Urs._ Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable.

_Hero._ No; for to be so odd, and from all fashions,
As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable.
But who dare tell her so? if I should speak,
She'd mock me into air; O, she would laugh me
Out of myself, press me to death with wit.
Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,
Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly;
It were a better death than die with mocks,
Which is as bad as 'tis to die with tickling.

_Urs._ Yet tell her of it; hear what she will say.

_Hero._ No, rather I will go to Benedick,
And counsel him to fight against his passion.
And, truly, I'll devise some honest flanders
To stain my Cousin with; one doth not know,
How much an ill word may impoison liking.

_Urs._ O, do not do your Cousin such a wrong.
She cannot be so much without true judgment,
(Having so swift and excellent a wit,
As she is priz'd to have) as to refuse

(10) *If low, an Aglet very vilely cut;*] But why an *Agat*, if
low? And what Shadow of Likenels between a little *Man* and
an *Agat*? The Antients, indeed, used this Stone to cut in,
and upon; but most exquisitely. I make no question but the Poet
wrote;

--- an Aglet very vilely cut;

An Aglet was the Tagg of those Points, formerly so much in
Fashion. These Taggs were either of Gold, Silver, or Brass,
according to the Quality of the Wearer; and were commonly
in the Shape of little Images; or at least had a Head cut at
the Extremity, as is seen at the End of the *Start* of old-fashi-
on'd Spoons. And as a tall *Man* is before compar'd to a Lance
ill-headed; so, by the same Figure, a little *Man* is very aptly
liken'd to an Aglet ill-cut.

_Mr. Wurburton._

So
so rare a gentleman as Benedick.

_Hero._ He is the only man of Italy,
Always excepted my dear Claudio.

_Urs._ I pray you, be not angry with me, Madam,
Speaking my fancy; Signior Benedick,
For shape, for bearing, argument and valour,
Goes foremost in report through Italy.

_Hero._ Indeed, he hath an excellent good name.

_Urs._ His Excellence did earn it, ere he had it.
When are you marry’d, Madam?

_Hero._ Why, every day; to morrow; come, go in,
I’ll shew thee some attires, and have thy counsel
Which is the best to furnish me to morrow.

_Urs._ She’s lim’d, I warrant you; we have caught her, Madam.

_Hero._ If it prove so, then loving goes by haps;
Some Cupids kill with arrows, Some with traps.

[Exeunt.

Beatrice, advancing.

_Beat._ What fire is in my ears? can this be true?
Stand I condemn’d for Pride and Scorn so much?
Contempt, farewel! and maiden pride, adieu!
No glory lives behind the back of such.
And, Benedick, love on, I will requite thee;
Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand;
If thou dost love, thy kindness shall incite thee
To bind our loves up in a holy band.
For others say, thou dost deserve; and I
Believe it better than reportingly.

[Exit.

_SCENE_ Leonato’s House.

_Enter_ Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick and Leonato.

_Pedro._ Do but stay ’till your marriage be consummate,
_and then go I toward Arragon._

_Claud._ I’ll bring you thither, my lord, if you’ll vouch-
safe me.

_Pedro._ Nay, That would be as great a foil in the new
glofs
gloos of your marriage, as to shew a child his new coat and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with *Benedick* for his company; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth; he hath twice or thrice cut *Cupid’s* bow-string, and the little hangman dare not shoot at him; he hath a heart as found as a bell, and his tongue is the clapper; for what his heart thinks, his tongue speaks.

*Bene*. Gallants, I am not as I have been.

*Leon*. So say I; methinks, you are fadder.

*Claud*. I hope, he is in love.

*Pedro*. Hang him, truant, there’s no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touch’d with love; if he be sad, he wants mony.

*Bene*. I have the tooth-ach.

*Pedro*. Draw it.

*Bene*. Hang it.

*Claud*. You must hang it first, and draw it afterwards,

*Pedro*. What? figh for the tooth-ach!

*Leon*. Which is but a humour, or a worm.

*Bene*. Well, every one can master a grief but he that has it.

*Claud*. Yet say I, he is in love.

*Pedro*. There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises, as to be a *Dutch* man to day, a *French* man to morrow; or in the shape of two countries at once, a *German* from the waste downward, all flops; and a *Spaniard* from the hip upward, no doublet: Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it to appear he is.

*Claud*. If he be not in love with some woman, there is no believing old signs; he brushes his hat o’ mornings; what should that bode?

*Pedro*. Hath any man seen him at the barber’s?

*Claud*. No, but the barber’s man hath been seen with him; and the old ornament of his cheek hath already bluft tennis-balls.

*Leon*. Indeed, he looks younger than he did by the lofs of a beard.

*Pedro*. 
Pedro. Nay, he rubs himself with civet; can you smell him out by that?

Claud. That's as much as to say, the sweet youth's in love.

Pedro. The greatcst note of it is his melancholy.

Claud. And when was he wont to wash his face?

Pedro. Yea, or to paint himself? for the which, I hear what they say of him.

Claud. Nay, but his jesting spirit, which is now crept into a lute-firing and now govern'd by flops——

Pedro. Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for him. Conclude, he is in love.

Claud. Nay, but I know who loves him.

Pedro. That would I know too: I warrant, one that knows him not.

Claud. Yes, and his ill conditions, and in despight of all, dies for him.

Pedro. She shall be bury'd with her heels upwards. (1 r)

Bene. Yet is this no charm for the tooth-ach. Old Signior, walk aside with me, I have study'd eight or nine wise words to speak to you which these hobby-horses must not hear. [Exeunt Benedick and Leonato.

Pedro. For my life, to break with him about Beatrice.

Claud. 'Tis even so. Hero and Margaret have by this play'd their parts with Beatrice; and then the two bears will not bite one another, when they meet.

Enter Don John.

John. My Lord and Brother, God save you.

Pedro. Good den, brother.

John. If your leisure serv'd, I would speak with you.

Pedro. In private?

(1) She shall be buried with her Face upwards.] Thus the whole Set of Editions: But what is there any ways particular in This? Are not all Men and Women buried so? Sure, the Poet means, in Opposition to the general Rule, and by way of Distinction, with her heels upwards, or face downwards. I have chose the first Reading, because I find it the Expression in Vogue in our Author's time.

John.
John. If it please you; yet Count Claudio may hear; for, what I would speak of, concerns him.

Pedro. What's the matter?

John. Means your lordship to be marry'd to morrow? [To Claudio.

Pedro. You know, he does.

John. I know not that, when he knows what I know.

Claud. If there be any impediment, I pray you, discover it.

John. You may think, I love you not; let that appear hereafter; and aim better at me by That I now will manifest; for my brother, I think, he holds you well, and in dearness of heart hath holp to effect your ensuing marriage; surely, Suit ill spent, and Labour ill bestowed!

Pedro. Why, what's the matter?

John. I came hither to tell you, and circumstances shorten'd, (for she hath been too long a talking of) the Lady is disloyal.

Claud. Who? Hero?

John. Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.

Claud. Disloyal?

John. The word is too good to paint out her wickedness; I could say, she were worse; think you of a worse title, and I will fit her to it; wonder not 'till further warrant; go but with me to night, you shall see her chamber-window enter'd, even the night before her wedding day; if you love her, then to morrow wed her; but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.

Claud. May this be so?

Pedro. I will not think it.

John. If you dare not trust that you see, confess not that you know; if you will follow me, I will shew you enough; and when you have seen more and heard more, proceed accordingly.

Claud. If I see any thing to night why I should not marry her to morrow; in the Congregation, where I should wed, there will I shame her.

Pedro.
Pedro. And as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to disgrace her.

John. I will disparage her no farther, 'till you are my witnesses; bear it coldly but 'till night, and let the issue shew itself.

Pedro. O day untowardly turned!

Claud. O mischief strangely thwarting!

John. O plague right well prevented!

So you will say, when you have seen the sequel.

[Exit.]

SCENE changes to the Street.

Enter Dogberry and Verges, with the Watch.

Dogb. Are you good men and true?

Verg. Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.

Dogb. Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the Prince's Watch.

Verg. Well, give them their charge, neighbour Dogberry.

Dogb. First, who think you the most desartless man to be constable?

1 Watch. Hugh Outcake, Sir, or George Seacole; for they can write and read.

Dogb. Come hither, neighbour Seacole: God hath blest you with a good name; and to be a well-favour'd man is the gift of fortune, but to write and read comes by nature.

2 Watch. Both which, master constable——

Dogb. You have: I knew, it would be your answer. Well, for your Favour, Sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boast of it; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity: you are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the Constable of the Watch, therefore bear you the lanthorn; this is your charge: you shall comprehend all vagrom men; you are to bid any man stand, in the Prince's name.

2 Watch.
2 Watch. How if he will not stand?

dog. Why, then take no note of him, but let him go; and presently call the rest of the Watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave.

erg. If he will not stand when he is bidden, he is none of the Prince's Subjects.

dog. True, and they are to meddle with none but the Prince's Subjects: you shall also make no noise in the streets; for, for the Watch to babble and talk, is most tolerable, and not to be endure'd.

2 Watch. We will rather sleep than talk; we know what belongs to a Watch.

dog. Why, you speak like an ancient and most quiet watchman, for I cannot see how Sleeping should offend; only have a care that your Bills be not stolen: well, you are to call at all the ale-houses, and bid them that are drunk get them to bed.

2 Watch. How if they will not?

dog. Why then let them alone 'till they are sober; if they make you not then the better answer, you may say, they are not the men you took them for.

2 Watch. Well, Sir.

dog. If you meet a thief, you may suspect him by virtue of your office to be no true man; and for such kind of men, the less you meddle or make with them, the more is for your honesty.

2 Watch. If we know him to be a thief, shall we not lay hands on him?

dog. Truly, by your office you may; but, I think, they that touch pitch will be defil'd: the most peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is, to let him shew himself what he is, and steal out of your company.

erg. You have been always call'd a merciful man, Partner.

dog. Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will, much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

erg. If you hear a child cry in the night, you must call to the nurse and bid her still it.

2 Watch. How if the nurse be asleep, and will not hear us?
Dogb. Why, then depart in Peace, and let the child wake her with crying: for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes, will never answer a calf when he bleats.

Verg. 'Tis very true.

Dogb. This is the end of the Charge: you, constable, are to present the Prince's own person; if you meet the Prince in the night, you may stay him.

Verg. Nay, bi'rldy, that, I think, he cannot.

Dogb. Five shillings to one on't with any man that knows the Statues, he may stay him; marry, not without the Prince be willing: for, indeed, the Watch ought to offend no man; and it is an offence to stay a man against his will.

Verg. Bi'rldy, I think, it be so.

Dogb. Ha, ha, ha! well, masters, good night; and there be any matter of weight chances, call up me; keep your fellow's counsels and your own, and good night; come, neighbour.

2 Watch. Well, masters, we hear our charge; let us go sit here upon the church-bench 'till two, and then all to bed.

Dogb. One word more, honest neighbours. I pray you, watch about Signior Leonato's door, for the Wedding being there to morrow, there is a great coil to night; adieu; be vigilant, I beseech you.

[Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.

Enter Borachio and Conrade.

Bora. What! Conrade—

Watch. Peace, fir not.

Bora. Conrade, I say!

Conr. Here, Man, I am at thy elbow.

Bora. Mafs, and my elbow itch'd, I thought there would a scab follow.

Conr. I will owe thee an answer for that, and now forward with thy tale.

Bora. Stand thee close then under this pent-house, for it drizzles rain, and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.

2 Watch.
Watch. Some Treason, masters; yet stand close.

Bora. Therefore know, I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats.

Conr. Is it possible that any Villany should be so dear?

Bora. Thou shouldst rather ask, if it were possible any villany should be so rich? for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

Conr. I wonder at it.

Bora. That shews, thou art unconfirned; thou knowest, that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak is nothing to a man.

Conr. Yes, it is apparel.

Bora. I mean the fashion.

Conr. Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

Bora. 'Tush, I may as well say, the fool's the Fool; but see'st thou not, what a deformed thief this fashion is?

Watch. I know that Deformed; he has been a vile thief these seven years; he goes up and down like a gentleman: I remember his name.

Bora. Didst thou not hear some body?

Conr. No, 'twas the vane on the house.

Bora. See'st thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is? how giddily he turns about all the hot-bloods between fourteen and five and thirty; sometimes, fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reachy Painting; sometimes, like the God Bel's priests in the old church-window; sometimes, like the shaven Hercules in the smirch'd worm-eaten tapestry, where his codpiece seems as maasty as his club.

Conr. All this I see, and see, that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man; but art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, that thou hast shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion?

Bora. Not so neither; but know, that I have tonight wooed Margaret, the Lady Hero's Gentlewoman, by the name of Hero; she leans me out at her mistress's chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night—

I tell
I tell this tale vilely——I should first tell thee, how the Prince, Claudio, and my master, planted and placed, and possest by my master Don John, saw a far off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

Corr. And thought they, Margaret was Hero?

Bora. Two of them did, the Prince and Claudio; but the devil my master knew, she was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which first possest them, partly by the dark night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villany, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged; swore, he would meet her as he was appointed next morning at the Temple, and there before the whole Congregation shame her with what he saw o'er night, and send her home again without a husband.

1 Watch. We charge you in the Prince's name, stand.

2 Watch. Call up the right master constable; we have here recovered the most dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the common-wealth.

1 Watch. And one Deformed is one of them; I know him, he wears a lock.

Corr. Masters, masters, — (12)

2 Watch. You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you.

Corr. Masters, ———

1 Watch. Never speak; we charge you, let us obey you to go with us.

Bora. We are like to prove a goodly Commodity, being taken up of these mens bills.


2 Watch. You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you.

Corr. Masters, never speak, we charge you, let us obey you to go with us.] The different Regulation which I have made in this last Speech, tho' against the Authority of all the printed Copies, I flatter myself, carries its Proof with it. Comrade and Bonaedio are not design'd to talk absurd Nonienfe (that is the distinguishing Characteristick of the Confable and Watch.) It is evident therefore, that Comrade is attempting his own Juficication; but is interrupted in it by the Impertinence of the Men in Office.
50 Much Ado about Nothing.

Coun. A commodity in question, I warrant you: come, we'll obey you. [Exeunt.

Scene, Hero's Apartment in Leonato's House.

Enter Hero, Margaret and Ursula.

Hero. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beatrice, and desire her to rise.

Urs. I will, lady.

Hero. And bid her come hither.

Urs. Well.

Marg. Troth, I think, your other Rebato were better.

Hero. No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear this.

Marg. By my troth, it's not so good; and I warrant, your cousin will say so.

Hero. My cousin's a fool, and thou art another. I'll wear none but this.

Marg. I like the new tire within excellently, if the hair were a thought browner; and your gown's a most rare fashion, 't faith. I saw the Dutchefs of Milan's gown, that they praise so.

Hero. O, that exceeds, they say.

Marg. By my troth, it's but a night-gown in respect of yours; cloth of gold and cuts, and lac'd with silver, let with peralls down-sleeves, side-sleeves and skirts, round underborne with a blueish tinsel; but for a fine, queint, graceful and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on't.

Hero. God give me joy to wear it, for my heart is exceeding heavy!

Marg. 'Twill be heavier soon by the weight of a man.

Hero. Fie upon thee, art not ashamed?

Marg. Of what, lady? of speaking honourably? is not marriage honourable in a beggar? is not your Lord honourable without marriage? I think, you would have me say (saving your reverence) a husband. If bad thinking do not wrack true speaking, I'll offend no body; is there any harm in the heavier for a Husband? none, I think, if it be the right Husband, and the right wife, otherwise 'tis light and not heavy; ask my lady Beatrice else, here she comes. Enter
Enter Beatrice.

* Hero. Good morrow, coz.
* Beat. Good morrow, sweet Hero.
* Hero. Why, how now? do you speak in the sick tune?
* Beat. I am out of all other tune, methinks.
* Marg. Clap us into Light o' love; that goes without a burden; do you sing it, and I'll dance it.
* Beat. Yes, Light o' love with your heels; then if your husband have stables enough, you'll look he shall lack no barns.
* Marg. O illegitimate construction! I scorn that with my heels.
* Beat. 'Tis almost five o'clock, cousin; 'tis time you were ready: by my troth, I am exceeding ill; hey ho!
* Marg. For a hawk, a horse, or a husband?
* Beat. For the letter that begins them all, H.
* Marg. Well, if you be not turn'd Turk, there's no more failing by the star.
* Beat. What means the fool, trow?
* Marg. Nothing I, but God send every one their heart's desire!
* Hero. These gloves the count sent me, they are an excellent perfume.
* Beat. I am stuff, cousin, I cannot smell.
* Marg. A maid, and stuff! there's goodly catching of cold.
* Beat. O, God help me, God help me, how long have you profeft apprehension?
* Marg. Ever since you left it; doth not my wit become me rarely?
* Beat. It is not seen enough, you should wear it in your cap. By my troth, I am sick.
* Marg. Get you some of this distill'd Carduus Benedictus, and lay it to your heart; it is the only thing for a qualm.
* Hero. There thou prick'ft her with a thistle.
* Beat. Benedictus? why Benedictus? you have some moral in this Benedictus.

52 Marg.
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

Marg. Moral? no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning, I meant plain holy-thistle: you may think, perchance, that I think you are in love; nay, b’rlady, I am not such a fool to think what I list; nor I list not to think what I can; nor, indeed, I cannot think, if I would think my heart out with thinking, that you are in love, or that you will be in love, or that you can be in love: yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man; he swore, he would never marry; and yet now, in despit of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging; and how you may be converted, I know not; but, methinks, you look with your eyes as other women do.

Beat. What pace is this that thy tongue keeps?

Marg. Not a false gallop.

Urs. Madam, withdraw; the Prince, the Count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the Gallants of the town are come to fetch you to church.

Hero. Help to dress me, good coz, good Meg, good Ursula.

[Exeunt.

SCENE, another Apartment in Leonato’s House.

Enter Leonato, with Dogberry and Verges.

Leon. WHAT would you with me, honest neighbour?

Dogb. Marry, Sir, I would have some confidence with you, that decerns you nearly.

Leon. Brief, I pray you; for, you see, ’tis a busy time with me.

Dogb. Marry, this it is, Sir.

Verg. Yes, in truth it is, Sir.

Leon. What is it, my good friends?

Dogb. Goodman Verges, Sir, speaks a little of the matter; an old man, Sir, and his wits are not so blunt, as, God help, I would desire they were; but, in faith, as honest as the skin between his brows.

Verg.
Verg. Yes, I thank God, I am as honest as any man living; that is an old man, and no honester than I.

Dogb. Comparisons are odorous; palabras, neighbour Verges.

Leon. Neighbours, you are tedious.

Dogb. It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor Duke's officers; but, truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a King, I could find in my heart to bestow it all of your worship.

Leon. All thy tediousness on me, ha?

Dogb. Yea, and 'twere a thousand times more than 'tis, for I hear as good exclamation on your worship as of any man in the city; and tho' I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it.

Verg. And so am I.

Leon. I would fain know what you have to say.

Verg. Marry, Sir, our Watch to night, excepting your worship's presence, hath ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina.

Dogb. A good old man, Sir; he will be talking, as they say; when the age is in, the wit is out; God help us, it is a world to see: well said, 'faith, neighbour Verges, well, he's a good man; an two men ride an horse, one must ride behind; an honest soul, 'faith, Sir, by my troth he is, as ever broke bread, but God is to be worship'd; all men are not alike, alas, good neighbour!

Leon. Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of you.

Dogb. Gifts, that God gives.

Leon. I must leave you.

Dogb. One word, Sir; our Watch have, indeed, comprehended two auspicious persons; and we would have them this morning examin'd before your worship.

Leon. Take their examination yourself, and bring it me; I am now in great haste, as may appear unto you.

Dogb. It shall be suffigance.

Leon. Drink some wine ere you go: fare you well.

C 3

Enter
Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband.

Leon. I'll wait upon them. I am ready. [Ex. Leon.

Dogb. Go, good Partner, go get you to Francis Sea-coals; bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the jail; we are now to examine those men.

Verg. And we must do it wisely.

Dogb. We will spare for no wit, I warrant; here's That shall drive some of them to a non-come. Only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication, and meet me at the Jail. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE, a CHURCH.

Enter D. Pedro, D. John, Leonato, Friar, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, and Beatrice.

LEONATO.

COME, friar Francis, be brief, only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall recount their particular duties afterwards.

Friar. You come hither, my Lord, to marry this lady?

Claud. No.

Leon. To be marry'd to her, friar; you come to marry her.

Friar. Lady, you come hither to be marry'd to this Count?

Hero. I do.

Friar. If either of you know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoin'd, I charge you on your souls to utter it.

Claud. Know you any, Hero?
Hero. None, my Lord.
Friar. Know you any, Count?
Leon. I dare make his answer, none.
Claud. O what men dare do! what men may do! what
Men daily do! not knowing what they do!
Bene. How now! Interjections? why, then some be
of laughing, as ha, ha, he!
Claud. Stand thee by, friar: father, by your leave;
Will you with free and unconstrained soul
Give me this maid your daughter?
Leon. As freely, son, as God did give her me.
Claud. And what have I to give you back, whose
worth
May counterpoise this rich and precious gift?
Pedro. Nothing, unless you render her again.
Claud. Sweet Prince, you learn me noble thankful-
ness:
There, Leonato, take her back again;
Give not this rotten orange to your friend.
She's but the sign and semblance of her honour:
Behold, how like a maid she blushes here!
O, what authority and shew of truth
Can cunning sin cover itself withal!
Comes not that blood, as modest evidence,
To witness simple virtue? would you not swear,
All you that see her, that she were a maid,
By these exterior shews? but she is none:
She knows the heat of a luxurious bed;
Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty.
Leon. What do you mean, my Lord?
Claud. Not to be marry'd,
Not knit my soul to an approved Wanton.
Leon. Dear my Lord, if you in your own approof(13)

Have

(13) Dear my Lord, if you in your own Proof, I am surpriz'd,
the Poetical Editors did not observe the Luminess of this
Verse. It evidently wants a Syllable in the last Foot, which I
have restor'd by a Word, which, I presume, the first Editors
might hesitate at; tho' it is a very proper one, and a Word
elsewhere used by our Author. Besides, in the Passage under

Exam-
Have vanquish'd the resistance of her youth,
And made defeat of her virginity ———

Claud. I know what you would say: if I have known her,
You'll say, she did embrace me as a husband,
And so extenuate the forehand sin.
No, Leonato,
I never tempted her with word too large;
But, as a brother to his sister, shew'd
Bashful sincerity, and comely love.

Hero. And seem'd I ever otherwise to you?

Claud. Out on thy Seeming! I will write against it:
You seem to me as Dion in her orb,
As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown:
But you are more intemperate in your blood
Than Venus, or those pamper'd animals
That rage in savage sensuality.

Hero. Is my Lord well, that he doth speak so wide?

Leon. Sweet Prince, why speak not you?

Pedro. What should I speak?

I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about
To link my dear friend to a common Stale.

Leon. Are these things spoken, or do I but dream?

John. Sir, they are spoken, and these things are true.

Bene. This looks not like a Nuptial.

Hero. True! O God!

Claud. Leonato, stand I here?
Is this the Prince? Is this the Prince's Brother?
Is this face Hero's? are our eyes our own?

Leon. All this is so; but what of this, my lord?

Claud. Let me but move one question to your daughter,
And, by that fatherly and kindly power
That you have in her, bid her answer truly.

Leon. I charge thee do so, as thou art my child.

Hero. O God defend me, how am I beset!

Examination, this Word comes in almost necessarily, as Claud's
had said in the Line immediately preceding;

Not knit my Soul to an approved Wanton.
What kind of catechizing call you this?

Claud. To make you answer truly to your name.

Hero. Is it not Hero? who can blot that name

With any just reproach?

Claud. Marry, than can Hero;

Hero herself can blot out Hero's virtue.

What man was he talk'd with you yeasternight

Out at your window betwixt twelve and one?

Now, if you are a maid answe to this.

Hero. I talk'd with no man at that hour, my Lord.

Pedro. Why, then you are no maiden. Leonato,

I am sorry, you must hear; upon mine Honour,

Myself, my Brother, and this grieved Count

Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night

Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window;

Who, hath, indeed, most like a liberal villain,

Confess'd the vile encounters they have had

A thousand times in secret.

John. Fie, fie, they are not to be nam'd, my Lord,

Not to be spoken of;

There is not chastity enough in language,

Without offence, to utter them: thus, pretty lady,

I am sorry for thy much misgovernment.

Claud. O Hero! what a Hero hast thou been,

If half thy outward graces had been plac'd

About the thoughts and counsels of thy heart?

But fare thee well, most soul, most fair! farewell,

Thou pure impiety, and impious purity!

For thee I'll lock up all the gates of love,

And on my eyelids shall Conjecture hang,

To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm;

And never shall it more be gracious.

Leon. Hath no man's dagger here a point for me?

Beat. Why, how now, Cousin, wherefore sink you
down?

John. Come, let us go; these things, come thus to
tight,

Smother her spirits up.


Bene. How doth the lady?
Beat. Dead, I think; help, uncle.

Hero. Why, Hero! uncle! Signior Benedick! friar!

Leon. O fate! take not away thy heavy hand;
Death is the fairest cover for her shame,
That may be wish'd for.

Beat. How now, cousin Hero?

Friar. Have comfort, Lady.

Leon. Doth thou look up?

Friar. Yea, wherefore should she not?

Leon. Wherefore? why, doth not every earthly thing
Cry shame upon her? could she here deny
The story that is printed in her blood?
Do not live, Hero, do not ope thine eyes:
For did I think, thou wouldst not quickly die,
Thought I, thy spirits were stronger than thy shame,
Myself would on the reward of reproaches
Strike at thy life. Griev'd I, I had but one?
Chid I for That at frugal nature's frame?
I've one too much by thee. Why had I one?
Why ever wait thou lovely in my eyes?
Why had I not, with charitable hand,
Took up a beggar's issue at my gates?
Who sancered thus, and mir'd with infamy,
I might have said, no part of it is mine;
'This shame derives itself from unknown loins:
But mine, and mine I lov'd, and mine I prais'd.
And mine that I was proud on, mine so much,
That I myself was to myself not mine,
Valuing of her; why, she—O, she is fall'n
Into a pit of ink, that the wide sea
Hath drops too few to wash her clean again;
And salt too little, which may seafon give
To her foul tainted flesh!

Bene. Sir, Sir, be patient;
For my part, I am so attir'd in wonder,
I know not what to say.

Beat. O, on my soul, my cousin is bely'd.

Bene. Lady, were you her bedfellow last night?

Beat. No, truly, not; altho' until last night
I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.
Leon. Confirm'd, confirm'd! O, That is stronger made,
Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron.
Would the two Princes lie? and Claudio lie?
Who lov'd her so, that, speaking of her foulness,
Wash'd it with tears? hence from her, let her die.

Friar. Hear me a little,
For I have only been silent so long,
And given way unto this course of fortune,
By noting of the lady. I have mark'd
A thousand blushing apparitions
To start into her face; a thousand innocent shames
In angel whiteness bear away those blushes;
And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire,
To burn the errors that these Princes hold
Against her maiden truth. Call me a fool,
Trust not my reading, nor my observations,
Which with experimental seal do warrant
The tenour of my book; trust not my age,
My reverence, calling, nor divinity,
If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here
Under some biting error.

Leon. Friar, it cannot be;
Thou seest, that all the grace, that she hath left,
Is, that she will not add to her damnation
A sin of perjury; she not denies it:
Why seek'st thou then to cover with excuse
That, which appears in proper nakedness?

Friar. Lady, what man is he you are accus'd of?

Hero. They know, that do accuse me; I know none:
If I know more of any man alive,
Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant,
Let all my sins lack mercy! O my father,
Prove you that any man with me convers'd
At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight
Maintain'd the Change of words with any creature,
Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death.

Friar. There is some strange misprision in the Princes.

Ben. Two of them have the very bent of honour,
And if their wisdoms be mis-led in this,
The Practice of it lives in John the bastard,
Whose spirits toil in frame of villainies.

Leon. I know not: if they speak but truth of her,
These hands shall tear her; if they wrong her honour,
The proudest of them shall well hear of it.
Time hath not yet so dry'd this blood of mine,
Nor age so eat up my invention,
Nor fortune made such havoc of my means,
Nor my bad life rest me so much of friends,
But they shall find awak'd, in such a kind,
Both strength of limb, and policy of mind,
Ability in means, and choice of friends,
To quit me of them thoroughly.

Friar. Pause a while,
And let my counsel sway you in this case.
Your daughter here the Princes left for dead; (14)
Let her awhile be secretly kept in,
And publish it, that she is dead, indeed:
Maintain a mourning ostentation,
And on your family's old Monument
Hang mournful Epitaphs, and do all rites
That appertain unto a burial.

Leon. What shall become of this? what will this do?

Friar. Marry, this, well carry'd, shall on her behalf
Change slander to remorse; that is some good:
But not for that dream I on this strange course,
But on this travel look for greater birth:
She dying, as it must be so maintain'd,
Upon the instant that she was accus'd,
Shall be lamented, pity'd, and excus'd,
Of every hearer: for it so falls out,

(14) Your Daughter here the Princes (left for dead)] But how comes Here to start up a Princess here? We have no Intimation of her Father being a Prince; and this is the first and only Time that She is complimented with this Dignity. The Remotion of a single Letter, and of the Parenthesis, will bring her to her own Rank, and the Place to its true Meaning.

Tour Daughter here the Princes left for dead;
I. e. Don Pedro, Prince of Aragon; and his Earlard Brother who is likewise called a Prince.
That what we have we prize not to the worth,
While we enjoy it; but being lack'd and loft,
Why, then we rack the value; then we find
The virtue that possession would not shew us
Whilst it was ours; so will it fare with Claudio:
When he shall hear she dy'd upon his words,
Th' idea of her Life shall sweetly creep
Into his study of imagination,
And every lovely organ of her life
Shall come apparel'd in more precious habit;
More moving, delicate, and full of life,
Into the eye and prospect of his soul,
Than when she liv'd indeed. Then shall he mourn,
If ever love had interest in his liver,
And wish, he had not so accused her;
No, though he thought his accusation true:
Let this be so, and doubt not, but success
Will fashion the event in better shape
Than I can lay it down in likelihood.
But if all Aim but this be levell'd false,
The supposition of the lady's death
Will quench the wonder of her infamy.
And, if it fort not well, you may conceal her,
As beft befits her wounded reputation,
In some reclusive and religious life,
Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries.

Bene. Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you:
And though, you know, my inwardness and love
Is very much unto the Prince and Claudio,
Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this
As secretly and juftly as your soul
Should with your body.

Leon. Being that I flow in grief,
The smalleft twine may lead me.

Friar. 'Tis well consented, presently away;
For to strange fores, strangely they strain the cure.
Come, lady, die to live; this wedding day,
Perhaps, is but prolong'd: have patience and en-
dure. [Exeunt.

Manent
Much Ado about Nothing.

Manent Benedict and Beatrice.

Bene. Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while?
Beat. Yea, and I will weep a while longer.
Bene. I will not desire that.
Beat. You have no reason, I do it freely.
Bene. Surely, I do believe, your fair cousin is wrong'd.
Beat. Ah, how much might the man deserve of me, that would right her!
Bene. Is there any way to shew such friendship?
Beat. A very even way, but no such friend.
Bene. May a man do it?
Beat. It is a man's office, but not yours.
Bene. I do love nothing in the world so well as you; is not that strange?
Beat. As strange as the thing I know not; it were as possible for me to say, I loved nothing so well as you; but believe me not; and yet I lie not; I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing. I am sorry for my cousin.
Bene. By my sword, Beatrice, thou lov'st me.
Beat. Do not swear by it, and eat it.
Bene. I will swear by it that you love me; and I will make him eat it, that says, I love not you.
Beat. Will you not eat your word?
Bene. With no sauce that can be devise'd to it; I protest, I love thee.
Beat. Why then, God forgive me.
Bene. What offence, sweet Beatrice?
Beat. You have stay'd me in a happy hour; I was about to protest, I lov'd you.
Bene. And do it with all thy heart.
Beat. I love you with so much of my heart, that none is left to protest.
Bene. Come, bid me do any thing for thee.
Beat. Kill Claudio.
Bene. Ha! not for the wide world.
Beat. You kill me to deny; farewell.
Bene. Tarry, sweet Beatrice.
Beat. I am gone, tho' I am here; there is no love in you; nay, I pray you, let me go.
Bene. Beatrice,

Beat. In faith, I will go.

Bene. We'll be friends first.

Beat. You dare easier be friends with me, than fight with mine enemy.

Bene. Is Claudio thine enemy?

Beat. Is he not approved in the height a villain, that hath flander'd, scorn'd, dishonour'd my kinswoman! O, that I were a man! what! bear her in hand until they come to take hands, and then with publick accusation, uncover'd flander, unmitigated rancour—O God, that I were a man! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

Bene. Hear me, Beatrice.

Beat. Talk with a man out at a window?—a proper saying!

Bene. Nay, but Beatrice.

Beat. Sweet Hero! she is wrong'd, she is flander'd, she is undone.

Bene. Beat

Beat. Princes and Counts! surely, a princely testimony, a goodly count-comfect, a sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for his sake! Or that I had any friend would be a man for my sake! but manhood is melted into curteyes, valour into compliment, and men are only turned into tongue, and trim ones too; he is now as valiant as Hercules, that only tells a lye, and swears it: I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving.

Bene. Tarry, good Beatrice; by this hand, I love thee.

Beat. Use it for my love some other way than swearing by it.

Bene. Think you in your soul, the Count Claudio hath wrong'd Hero?

Beat. Yea, as sure as I have a thought or a soul.

Bene. Enough, I am engag'd; I will challenge him, I will kiss your hand, and so leave you; by this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account; as you hear of me, so think of me; go comfort your cousin; I must say, she is dead, and so farewell.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE
SCENE changes to a Prison.

Enter Dogberry, Verges, Borachio, Conrade, the Town Clerk and Sexton in Gowns.

To. Cl. Is our whole dissembl’y appear’d?
Dogb. O, a stool and a cushion for the sexton!
Sexton. Which be the malefactors?
Verg. Marry, that am I and my Partner.
Dogb. Nay, that’s certain, we have the exhibition to examine.
Sexton. But which are the offenders that are to be examin’d? let them come before master constable.
To. Cl. Yea, marry, let them come before me; what is your name, friend?
Bora. Borachio.
To. Cl. Pray, write down, Borachio. Yours, Sirrah?
Conr. I am a gentleman, Sir, and my name is Conrade.
To. Cl. Write down, master gentleman Conrade; masters, do you serve God?
Both. Yea, Sir, we hope. (15)
To. Cl. Write down, that they hope they serve God: and write God first: for God defend, but God should go before such villains.—Masters, it is proved already that you are little better than false knaves, and it will go near to be thought too shortly; how answer you for your selves?
Conr. Marry, Sir, we say, we are none.
To. Cl. A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you, but I will go about with him. Come you hither, sirrah,

(16) Both. Yea, Sir, we hope.
To. Cl. Write down that they hope they serve God: and write God first; for God defend, but God should go before such Villains;— This short Passage, which is truly humourous and in character, I have added from the old Quarto. Besides, it supplies a Defect: for, without it, the Town Clerk asks a Question of the Prisoners, and goes on without staying for any Answer to it.
a word in your ear, Sir; I say to you, it is thought you are both false knaves.

_Bora._ Sir, I say to you, we are none.

_To._ Cl. Well, stand aside; 'fore God, they are both in a tale; have you writ down, that they are none?

_Sexton._ Master town-clerk, you go not the way to examine, you must call the watch that are their accusers.

(16) _To._ Cl. Yea, marry, that's the dearest way, let the Watch come forth; masters, I charge you in the Prince's name accuse these men.

_Enter Watchmen._

_1 Watch._ This man said, Sir, that Don _John_ the Prince's brother was a villain.

_To._ Cl. Write down, Prince _John_ a villain; why this is flat perjury, to call a Prince's brother villain.

_Bora._ Master town-clerk——

_To._ Cl. Pray thee, fellow, Peace; I do not like thy look, I promise thee.

_Sexton._ What heard you him say else?

_2 Watch._ Marry, that he had receiv'd a thousand ducats of Don _John_, for accusing the lady _Hero_ wrongfully.

(16) _To._ Cl. _Yea, marry, that's the easiest way, let the Watch come forth._] This, _easiest_, is a Sophistication of our modern Editors, who were at a Loss to make out the corrupted Reading of the old Copies. The _Quarto_, in 1600, and the first and second Editions in _Folio_ all concur in reading;

_Yea, marry, that's the dearest way, &c._

A Letter happen'd to slip out at Press in the first Edition; and 'twas too hard a Task for the subsequent Editors to put it in, or guess at the Word under this accidental Depravation. There is no doubt, but the Author wrote, as I have restor'd the Text;

_Yea, marry, that's the dearest way, &c._

_i.e._ the _readiest_, most _commodious_ Way. The Word is pure _Saxon_. _Deaplace_, _debit_, _congrue_, duely, fitly. _Ledæf-lice_, _opportune_, _commeds_, fitly, conveniently, seasonably, in good time, commodiously. _Vid._ Spelman's _Saxon Gloss._

_To._ Cl.
To. Cl. Flat burglary, as ever was committed.

Dogb. Yea, by th’ mass, that it is.

Sexton. What else, fellow?

1 Watch. And that Count Claudio did mean, upon his words, to disgrace Hero before the whole assembly, and not marry her.

To. Cl. O villain! thou wilt be condemn’d into everlasting redemption for this.

Sexton. What else?

2 Watch. This is all.

Sexton. And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly roll’n away: Hero was in this manner accus’d, and in this very manner refus’d, and upon the grief of this suddenly dy’d. Master Constable, let these men be bound and brought to Leonato; I will go before, and shew him their examination.

[Exit.

Dogb. Come let them be opinion’d.

Conr. Let them be in the hands of Coxcomb!

Dogb. God’s my life, where’s the Sexton? let him write down the Prince’s officer Coxcomb: come, bind them, thou naughty varlet.

Conr. Away! you are an as, you are an as.

Dogb. Dost thou not suspect my place? dost thou not suspect my years? O, that he were here to write me down an as! but, masters, remember, that I am an as; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an as; no, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as shall be prov’d upon thee by good witness; I am a wise fellow, and which is more, an officer; and which is more, an householder; and which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any in Messina, and one that knows the law; go to, and a rich fellow enough; go to, and a fellow that hath had losses; and one that hath two gowns, and every thing handsome about him; bring him away; O, that I had been writ down an as!—

[Exeunt.
A C T V.

S C E N E, before Leonato’s House.

Enter Leonato and Antonio.

A N T O N I O.

If you go on thus, you will kill your self; And 'tis not wisdom, thus to second grief Against your self.

Leon. I Pray thee, cease thy counsel, Which falls into mine ears as profitless As water in a sieve; give not me counsel, Nor let no Comforter delight mine ear, But such a one whose wrongs do suite with mine. Bring me a father, that so lov’d his child, Whose joy of her is overwhelm’d like mine, And bid him speak of patience; Measure his woe the length and breadth of mine, And let it answer every strain for strain: As thus for thus, and such a grief for such, In every lineament, branch, shape and form. If such a one will smile and stroke his beard,

(17) If such a One will smile, and stroke his Beard,
And hallow, wag, cry hem, when he should groan,
] Mr. Rowe is the first Authority that I can find for this Reading. But what is the Intention, or how are we to expound it? “If “ a Man will hallow, and whoop, and fidget, and wriggle about, “ to shew a Pleasure when He should groan,” &c. This does not give much Decorum to the Sentiment.” The old Quarto, and the 1st and 2d Folio Editions all read,

And sorrow, wagge, cry hem, &c.

We don’t, indeed, get much by this Reading; tho’, I flatter myself, by a slight Alteration it has led me to the true one,

And Sorrow wage; cry, hem! when he should groan;

i.e. If such a One will combat with, strive against Sorrow, &c. Nor is this Word infrequent with our Author in these Significations.

And
And Sorrow wage; cry, hem! when he should gread,
Patch grief with proverbs; make misfortune drunk
With candle-waffers; bring him yet to me,
And I of him will gather patience.
But there is no such man; for, brother, men
Can counsel, and give comfort to that grief
Which they themselves not feel; but tallowing it;
Their counsel turns to passion, which before
Would give preceptual medicine to rage;
Fetter strong madness in a silken thread;
Charm ach with air, and agony with words.
No, no; 'tis all men's office to speak patience
To those, that wring under the load of sorrow;
But no man's virtue, nor sufficiency,
To be so moral, when he shall endure
The like himself; therefore give me no counsel;
My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

Ant. Therein do men from children nothing differ.

Leon. I pray thee, peace; I will be flesh and blood;
For there was never yet philosopher,
That could endure the tooth-ach patiently;
However, they have writ the style of Gods,
And made a pish at chance and sufferance.

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself:
Make those, that do offend you, suffer too.

Leon. There thou speakest reason; nay, I will do so.
My soul doth tell me, Hero is belied;
And that shall Claudio know, so shall the Prince;
And all of them, that thus dishonour her.

Enter Don Pedro, and Claudio.

Ant. Here comes the Prince and Claudio hastily.

Pedro. Good den, good den.

Claud. Good day to both of you.

Leon. Hear you, my lords?

Pedro. We have some haste, Leonato.

Leon. Some haste, my lord! well, fare you well, my
lord.

Are you so hasty now? well, all is one.

Pedro. Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man.
Much Ado about Nothing

Ant. If he could right himself with quarrelling,
Some of us would lye low.

Claud. Who wrongs him?

Leon. Marry, thou dost wrong me, thou dissembler,
thou!

Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword,
I fear thee not.

Claud. Marry, beshrew my hand,
If it should give your age such cause of fear;
In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

Leon. Tush, tush, man, never fleer and jest at me;
I speak not like a dotard, nor a fool;
As, under privilege of age, to brag;
What I have done being young, or what would do,
Were I not old: know, Claudio, to thy head,
Thou hast so wrong'd my innocent child and me,
That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by;
And, with grey hairs, and bruise of many days,
Do challenge thee to tryal of a man;
I say, thou hast bely'd mine innocent child,
Thy slander hath gone through and through her heart,
And she lies bury'd with her ancestors,
O, in a tomb where never scandal slept,
Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villainy!

Claud. My villainy?

Leon. Thine, Claudio; thine, I say.

Pedro. You say not right, old man.

Leon. My lord, my lord,
I'll prove it on his body, if he dare;
Despight his nice fence and his active practice,
His May of youth, and bloom of lustyhood.

Claud. Away, I will not have to do with you.

(18) Leon. Canst thou so daffe me? thou hast kill'd
my child;

(18) Canst Thou so daffe me? This is a Country Word,
Mr. Pope tells us, signifying, daunt. It may be so; but that is
not the Exposition here: To daffe, and doffe are synonymous Terms,
that mean, to put off: which is the very Sense requir'd here, and
what Leonato would reply, upon Claudio's saying, He would have
nothing to do with him.
If thou kill′st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man.

Ant. He shall kill two of us, and men indeed;
But that′s no matter, let him kill one first;
Win me and wear me, let him answer me;
Come, follow me, boy; come, boy, follow me;
Sir boy, I′ll whip you from your joining fence;
Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.

Leon. Brother——

Ant. Content yourself; God knows, I lov′d my Niece;
And she is dead, slander′d to death by villains,
That dare as well answer a man, indeed,
As I dare take a serpent by the tongue.
Boys, apes, braggarts, jacks, milkfops!

Leon. Brother Anthony——

Ant. Hold you content; what, man? I know them, yea,
And what they weigh, even to the utmost scruple:
Scambling, out-facing, fashion-mongring boys,
That lye, and cog, and flout, deprave and slander,
Go antickly, and show an outward hideousness,
And speak off half a dozen dangerous words, (19)
How they might hurt their enemies, if they durst;
And this is all.

Leon. But, brother Anthony——

Ant. Come, ′tis no matter;
Do not you meddle, let me deal in this.

Pedro. Gentlemen both, we will not wake your patience.

My heart is sorry for your daughter′s death;
But, on my Honour, she was charg′d with nothing
But what was true, and very full of proof.

Leon. My lord, my lord——

(19) And speak of half a dozen dangerous Words,] These Editors are Persons of unmatchable Indolence, that can′t afford to add a single Letter to retrieve common Sense. To speak off, as I have reform′d the Text, is to throw out boldly, with an Ostentation of Bravery, &c. So in Twelfth-night;
A terrible Oath, with a swaggering Accent sharply twang′d off:
Pedro. I will not hear you.
Leon. No! come, brother, away, I will be heard.
Ant. And shall, or some of us will smart for it.

[Exe. ambo.

Enter Benedick.

Pedro. See, see, here comes the man we went to seek.
Clau. Now, Signior, what news?
Bene. Good day, my lord.
Pedro. Welcome, Signior; you are almost come to
part almost a fray.
Clau. We had like to have had our two noses snapt
off with two old men without teeth.
Pedro. Leonato and his brother; what thinkst thou?
had we fought, I doubt, we should have been too
young for them.
Bene. In a false quarrel there is no true valour: I
came to seek you both.
Clau. We have been up and down to seek thee; for
we are high-proof melancholly, and would fain have it
beaten away: wilt thou use thy wit?
Bene. It is in my scabbard; shall I draw it?
Pedro. Doft thou wear thy wit by thy side?
Clau. Never any did so, though very many have been
beside their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the
minstrels; draw, to pleasure us.
Pedro. As I am an honest man, he looks pale: art
thou sick or angry?
Clau. What! courage, man: what tho' care kill'd a
cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.
Bene. Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career, if
you charge it against me.—I pray you, chuse another
subject.
Clau. Nay, then give him another staff; this last was
broke crofs.
Pedro. By this light, he changes more and more: I
think, he be angry, indeed.
Clau. If he be, he knows how to turn his girdle.
Bene. Shall I speak a word in your ear?
Clau. God blefs me from a challenge!

†
Bene.
Much Ado about Nothing.

Bene. You are a villain; I jest not. I will make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare. Do me right, or I will protest your cowardise. You have kill'd a sweet-lady, and her death shall fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

Claud. Well, I will meet you, so I may have good cheer.

Pedro. What, a feast?

Claud. I' faith, I thank him; he hath bid me to a calves-head and a capon, the which if I do not carve most curiously, say, my knife's naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too?

Bene. Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes easily.

Pedro. I'll tell thee, how Beatrice prais'd thy wit the other day: I said, thou hast a fine wit; right, says she, a fine little one; no, said I, a great wit; just, said she, a great gross one; nay, said I, a good wit; just, said she, it hurts no body; nay, said I, the gentleman is wife; certain, said she, a wife gentleman; nay, said I, he hath the tongues; that I believe, said she, for he swore a thing to me on Monday night, which he forswore on Tuesday morning; there's a double tongue, there's two tongues. Thus did he an hour together transfigure thy particular virtues; yet, at last, she concluded with a sigh, thou wast the properest man in Italy.

Claud. For the which she wept heartily, and said, she car'd not.

Pedro. Yea, that she did; but yet for all that, and if she did not hate him deadly, she would love him dearly; the old man's daughter told us all.

Claud. All, all; and moreover, God saw him when he was bid in the garden.

Pedro. But when shall we set the savage bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head.

Claud. Yea, and text underneath; Here dwells Benedick the married man.

Bene. Fare you well, boy, you know my mind; I will leave you now to your gossip-like humour; you break jests as braggarts do their blades, which, God be thank'd,
thank'd, hurt not. My lord, for your many courtesies I thank you; I must discontinue your company; your brother, the bastard, is fled from Messina; you have among you killed a sweet and innocent lady. For my lord lack-beard there, he and I shall meet; and 'till then, peace be with him! [Exit Benedick.

Pedro. He is in earnest.

Claud. In most profound earnest, and, I'll warrant you, for the love of Beatrice.

Pedro. And hath challeng'd thee?

Claud. Most sincerely.

Pedro. What a pretty thing man is, when he goes in his doublet and hose, and leaves off his wit!

Enter Dogberry, Verges, Conrade and Borachio guarded.

Claud. He is then a giant to an ape; but then is an ape a doctor to such a man.

Pedro. But, soft you, let me see, pluck up my heart and be sad; did he not say, my brother was fled?

Dogb. Come, you, Sir; if justice cannot tame you, she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her balance; nay, an you be a cursing hypocrite once, you must be look'd to.

Pedro. How now, two of my brother's men bound?

Borachio, one?

Claud. Hearken after their offence, my lord.

Pedro. Officers, what offence have these men done?

Dogb. Marry, Sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths; secondarily, they are flanders; fixth and lastly, they have bely'd a lady; thirdly, they have verify'd unjust things; and, to conclude, they are lying knaves.

Pedro. First, I ask thee what they have done; thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence; fixth and lastly, why they are committed; and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge?

Claud. Rightly reason'd, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one meaning well suited.

Pedro. Whom have you offended, masters, that you
are thus bound to your answer? This learned confabulate is too cunning to be understood. What's your offence?

_Bora_. Sweet Prince, let me go no further to mine answer: do you hear me, and let this Count kill me: I have deceiv'd even your very eyes; what your wisdoms could not discover, these shallow fools have brought to light, who in the night overheard me confessing to this man, how Don John your brother incens'd me to flander the lady Hero; how you were brought into the orchard, and saw me court Margaret in Hero's garments; how you disgrac'd her, when you should marry her; my villany they have upon record, which I had rather seal with my death, than repeat over to my shame; the lady is dead upon mine and my master's false accusation; and briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain.

_Pedro_. Runs not this speech like iron through your blood?

_Claud_. I have drunk poison, while he utter'd it.

_Pedro_. But did my brother set thee on to this?

_Bora_. Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it.

_Pedro_. He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery; And fled he is upon this villany.

_Claud_. Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear In the rare semblance that I lov'd it first.

_Dogb_. Come, bring away the plaintiffs; by this time, our Sexton hath reform'd Signior Leonato of the matter; and masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an ass.

_Verg_. Here, here comes master Signior Leonato, and the Sexton too.

_Enter Leonato, and Sexton._

_Leon_. Which is the villain? let me see his eyes; That when I note another man like him, I may avoid him; which of these is he?

_Bora_. If you would know your wronger, look on me.

_Leon_. Art thou, art thou the slave, that with thy breath


Hast kill'd mine innocent child?

_Bora._ Yea, even I alone.

_Leon._ No, not so, villain; thou bely'lt thyself;
Here fland a pair of honourable men,
A third is fled, that had a hand in it:
I thank you, Princes, for my daughter's death;
Record it with your high and worthy deeds;
'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it.

_Claud._ I know not how to pray your patience,
Yet I must speak: chuse your revenge yourself;
Impose me to what penance your invention
Can lay upon my sin; yet finn'd I not,
But in mistaking.

_Pedro._ By my soul, nor I;
And yet, to satisfy this good old man,
I would bend under any heavy weight,
That he'll enjoin me to.

_Leon._ You cannot bid my daughter live again,
That were impossible; but, I pray you both,
Poffes the People in Messina here
How innocent she dy'd; and if your love
Can labour aught in sad invention,
Hang her an Epitaph upon her tomb,
And sing it to her bones; sing it to night:
To morrow morning come you to my house,
And since you could not be my son-in-law,
Be yet my nephew; my brother hath a daughter,
Almost the copy of my child that's dead,
And she alone is heir to both of us;
Give her the Right you should have given her Cousin,
And so dies my revenge.

_Claud._ O noble Sir!
Your over-kindness doth wring tears from me:
I do embrace your offer; and dispose
For henceforth of poor _Claudio._

_Leon._ To morrow then I will expect your Coming,
To night I take my leave. This naughty man
Shall face to face be brought to _Margaret_,
Who, I believe, was pack'd in all this wrong,
Hir'd to it by your brother.
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Bora. No, by my soul, she was not; Nor knew not what she did, when she spoke to me. But always hath been just and virtuous, In any thing that I do know by her.

Dogb. Moreover, Sir, which indeed is not under white and black, this plaintiff here, the offender, did call me as: I beseech you, let it be remembred in his punishment; and also the watch heard them talk of one Deformed: they say, he wears a key in his ear, and a lock hanging by it; and borrows money in God's name, the which he hath us'd so long, and never paid, that now men grow hard-hearted, and will lend no-thing for God's sake. Pray you, examine him upon that point.

Leon. I thank thee for thy care and honest pains.

Dogb. Your Worship speaks like a most thankful and reverend youth; and I praise God for you.

Leon. There's for thy pains.

Dogb. God save the foundation!

Leon. Go, I discharge thee of thy prisoner; and I thank thee.

Dogb. I leave an errant knave with your Worship, which, I beseech your Worship, to correct yourself, for the example of others. God keep your Worship; I wish your Worship well: God restore you to health; I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wish'd, God prohibit it. Come, neigh-

bour.

Exeunt.

Leon. Until to morrow morning, Lords, farewell.

Ant. Farewel, my Lords; we look for you to-morrow.

Pedro. We will not fail.

Claud. To night I'll mourn with Hero.

Leon. Bring you these fellows on, we'll talk with Margaret,

How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow.

[Exeunt severally.

Scene
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING. 77

SCENE changes to Leonato's House.

Enter Benedick, and Margaret.

Bene. PRAY thee, sweet Mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands, by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

Marg. Will you then write me a sonnet in praise of my beauty?

Bene. In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

(20) Marg. To have no Man come over me? why, shall I always keep above stairs?

Bene. Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's mouth, it catches.

Marg. And yours as blunt as the fencer's foils, which hit, but hurt not.

Bene. A most manly wit, Margaret, it will not hurt a woman; and so, I pray thee, call Beatrice; I give thee the bucklers.

Marg. Give us the swords; we have bucklers of our own.

Bene. If you use them, Margaret, you must put in the pikes with a vice, and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

Marg. Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who, I think, hath legs.

[Exit Margaret.

Bene. And therefore will come. [Sings.] The God of love, that fits above, and knows me, and knows me, how pitiful I deserve, ——— I mean, in singing; but

(20) To have no Man come over me? why, shall I always keep below Stairs?] Thus all the printed Copies, but, sure, erroneously: for all the jest, that can lie in the Passage, is destroy'd by it. Any Man might come over her, literally speaking, if she always kept below Stairs. By the Correction I have ventured to make, Margaret, as I presume, must mean, What! shall I always keep above Stairs? i. e. Shall I for ever continue a Chambermaid?
in loving, Leander the good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of pandars, and a whole book full of these quondam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run smoothly in the even road of a blank verse; why, they were never so truly turn’d over and over, as my poor self, in love; marry, I cannot shew it in rhime; I have try’d; I can find out no rhime to lady but baby, an innocent’s rhime; for scorn, born, a hard rhime; for school, fool, a babbling rhime; very ominous endings; no, I was not born under a rhiming planet, for I cannot woo in festival terms.

Enter Beatrice.

Sweet Beatrice, would’st thou come when I call thee?

Beat. Yea, Signior, and depart when you bid me.

Bene. O, stay but ’till then.

Beat. Then, is spoken; fare you well now; and yet ere I go, let me go with that I came for, which is, with knowing what hath past between, you and Claudio.

Bene. Only foul words, and thereupon I will kiss thee.

Beat. Foul words are but foul wind, and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome; therefore I will depart unkissed.

Bene. Thou hast frighted the word out of its right sense, so forcible is thy wit; but, I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward; and, I pray thee, now tell me, for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me?

Beat. For them all together; which maintain’d so politick a flate of evil, that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them: but for which of my good parts did you first suffer love for me?

Bene. Suffer love! a good epithet; I do suffer love, indeed, for I love thee against my will.

Beat. In spight of your heart, I think; alas! poor heart, if you spight it for my sake, I will spight it for yours; for I will never love that, which my friend hates.

Bene.
Much Ado about Nothing.

Bene. Thou and I are too wise to woo peaceably.

Beat. It appears not in this confession; there's not one wise man among twenty that will praise himself.

Bene. An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that liv'd in the time of good neighbours; if a man do not ereft in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monuments, than the bells ring, and the widow weeps.

Beat. And how long is that, think you?

Bene. Question? — why, an hour in clamour, and a quarter in rheum; therefore it is most expedient for the wise, if Don worm (his conscience) find no impediment to the contrary, to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself; so much for praising myself; who, I myself will bear witness, is praiseworthy; and now tell me, how doth your Cousin?

Beat. Very ill.

Bene. And how do you?

Beat. Very ill too.

Bene. Serve God, love me, and mend; there will I leave you too, for here comes one in haste.

Enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, you must come to your uncle; yonder's old coil at home; it is proved, my lady Hero hath been falsely accus'd; the Prince and Claudio mightily abus'd; and Don John is the author of all, who is fled and gone: will you come presently?

Beat. Will you go hear this news, Signior?

Bene. I will live in thy eyes, die in thy lap, and be bury'd in thy heart; and moreover I will go with thee to thy uncle.

[Exeunt.

Scene changes to a Church.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and Attendants with tapers.

Claud. Is this the monument of Leonato?

Atten. It is, my lord.

D 4 E P I-
E P I T A P H.

Done to death by slanderous tongues
\[\text{Was the Hero, that here lies:}\]
Death, in guerdon of her wrongs,
\[\text{Gives her fame which never dies.}\]
So the life, that dy'd with shame,
\[\text{Lives in death with glorious fame.}\]
Hang thou there upon the tomb,
\[\text{Praising her when I am dumb.}\]

\textit{Claud}. Now musick found, and sing your solemn hymn.

S O N G.

Pardon, Goddess of the night,
\[\text{Those that slew thy virgin knight;}\]
For the which, with songs of woe,
\[\text{Round about her tomb they go.}\]
Midnight, assist our moan;
\[\text{Help us to sigh and groan}\]
\[\text{Heavily, heavily;}\]
Graves, yawn and yield your dead,
\[\text{’Till death be uttered,}\]
\[\text{Heavily, heavily.}\]

\textit{Claud}. Now unto thy bones good night!
Yearly will I do this Rite.

\textit{Pedro}. Good morrow, masters, put your torches out;
\[\text{The wolves have prey’d; and, look, the gentle day,}\]
Before the wheels of \textit{Phoebus}, round about
\[\text{Dapples the drowsy east with spots of grey;}\]
Thanks to you all, and leave us; fare you well.

\textit{Claud}. Good morrow, masters; each his several way.

\textit{Pedro}. Come, let us hence, and put on other weeds;
\[\text{And then to Leonato’s we will go.}\]
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING. 81

Claud. And Hymen now with luckier issue speed's, (21)
Than this, for whom we render'd up this woe! [Exeunt.

SCENE changes to Leonato's House.

Enter Leonato, Benedick, Margaret, Ursula, Antonio,
Friar, and Hero.

Friar. Did I not tell you, she was innocent?
Leon. So are the Prince and Claudio, who
accus'd her,
Upon the error that you heard debated.
But Margaret was in some fault for this;
Although against her will, as it appears,
In the true course of all the question.
Ant. Well; I am glad, that all things sort so well.
Bene. And so am I, being else by faith enforc'd
To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.
Leon. Well, Daughter, and you gentlewomen all,
Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves,
And when I send for you, come hither mask'd:
The Prince and Claudio promis'd by this hour
To visit me; you know your office, brother.
You must be father to your brother's daughter,
And give her to young Claudio. [Exeunt Ladies.
Ant. Which I will do with confirm'd countenance.
Bene. Friar, I must intreat your pains, I think.
Friar. To do what, Signior?
Bene. To bind me, or undo me, one of them:
Signior Leonato, truth it is, good Signior,
Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.

(21) And Hymen now with luckier issue speeds,
Than this, for whom we render'd up this woe. [Exeunt. Claudio
could not know, without being a Prophet, that this new-propos'd
Match should have any luckier Event than That design'd with
Hero. Certainly, therefore, this should be a Wish in Claudio; and,
to this End, the Poet might have wrote, speed's; i. e. speed us;
and so it becomes a Prayer to Hymen.

Dr. Thirlby.
Much Ado about Nothing.

Leon. That eye my daughter lent her, 'tis most true.
Bene. And I do with an eye of love requite her.
Leon. The fight whereof, I think, you had from me,
From Claudio and the Prince; but what's your will?
Bene. Your answer, Sir, is enigmatical;
But for my will, my will is, your good will
May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd
I' th' state of honourable marriage;
In which, good Friar, I shall desire your help.
Leon. My heart is with your liking.
Friar. And my help.

Enter Don Pedro and Claudio, with Attendants.

Pedro. Good morrow to this fair assembly.
Leon. Good morrow, Prince; good morrow, Claudio.
We here attend you; are you yet determin'd
To day to marry with my brother's daughter?
Claud. I'll hold my mind, were she an Ethiope.
Leon. Call her forth, brother, here's the Friar ready.

[Exit Atonio.

Pedro. Good morrow, Benedick; why, what's the matter,
That you have such a February face,
So full of frost, of storm and cloudiness?
Claud. I think, he thinks upon the savage bull:
Tush, fear not, man, we'll tip thy horns with gold,
And so all Europe shall rejoice at thee;
As once Europa did at lusty Jove,
When he would play the noble beast in love.
Bene. Bull Jove, Sir, had an amiable low,
And some such strange bull leapt your father's cow;
And got a calf, in that same noble feat,
Much like to you; for you have just his bleat.

Enter Antonio, with Hero, Beatrice, Margaret, and
Ursula, mask'd.

Claud. For this I owe you; here come other reck-
'nings.
Which is the lady I must seize upon?
Ant. This same is she, and I do give you her.
Claud. Why, then she's mine; Sweet, let me see your face.

Leon. No, that you shall not, 'till you take her hand
Before this Friar, and swear to marry her.

Claud. Give me your hand; before this holy Friar,
I am your husband if you like of me.

Hero. And when I liv'd, I was your other wife.

[Unmasking.

And when you lov'd, you were my other husband.

Claud. Another Hero? (22)

Hero. Nothing certainer.

One Hero dy'd desil'd, but I do live;
And, surely, as I live, I am a maid.

Pedro. The former Hero! Hero, that is dead!

Leon. She dy'd, my lord, but whiles her slander liv'd.

Friar. All this amazement can I qualify.

When, after that the holy rites are ended,
I'll tell thee largely of fair Hero's death:
Mean time let wonder seem familiar,
And to the chapel let us presently.

Bene. Soft and fair, friar. Which is Beatrice?

Beat. I answer to that name; what is your will?

Bene. Do not you love me?

Beat. Why, no, no more than reason.

Bene. Why, then your Uncle, and the Prince, and
Claudio, have been deceiv'd; they swore, you did.

Beat. Do not you love me?

Bene. Troth, no, no more than reason.

Beat. Why, then my Cousin, Margaret and Ursula,
Have been deceiv'd; for they did swear, you did.

(22) Claud. Another Hero!

Hero. Nothing certainer:

One Hero dy'd; but I do live,
And surely as I live I am a Maid.]

Besides that the last Line, but One wants a whole Foot in Measure, it is as defective in the Meaning: For how are the Words made out? One Hero dy'd, and yet that Hero lives, but how is She then another Hero? The Supplement, which I have restor'd from the old Quarte, solves all the Difficulty, and makes the last Line reasonable.
Bene. They swore, you were almost sick for me.
Beat. They swore, you were well-nigh dead for me.
Bene. 'Tis no matter; then you do not love me?
Beat. No, truly, but in friendly recompense.
Leon. Come, Cousin, I am sure, you love the gentleman.

Claud. And I'll be sworn upon't, that he loves her; For here's a paper written in his hand,
A halting sonnet of his own pure brain,
Fashion'd to Beatrice.

Hero. And here's another,
Writ in my Cousin's hand, stolen from her pocket,
Containing her affection unto Benedick.

Bene. A miracle! here's our own hands against our hearts; come, I will have thee; but, by this light I, take thee for pity.

(23) Beat. I would yet deny you; but, by this good day, I yield upon great persuasion, and partly to save your life; for as I was told, you were in a consumption.

(24) Bene. Peace, I will stop your mouth.——

[Kissing her.

Pedro. How dost thou, Benedick, the married man?
Bene. I'll tell thee what, Prince; a College of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour: dost thou

(23) I would not deny you, but by this good day I yield upon great persuasion, &c.] Is not this strange Mock-reasoning in Beatrice? She would not deny him, but that She yields upon great Persuasion.—By changing the Negative, I make no doubt but I have retriev'd the Poet's Humour.

(24) Leon. Peace, I will stop your Mouth.] What can Leonato mean by This? "Nay, pray, peace, Niece; don't keep up this "Obstinacy of Professions, for I have Proofs to stop your Mouth."
The ingenious Dr. Thirlby agreed with me, that this ought to be given to Benedick, who, upon saying it, kisses Beatrice; and this being done before the whole Company, how natural is the Reply which the Prince makes upon it?

How dost thou, Benedick, the married Man?

Besides, this Mode of Speech, preparatory to a Salute, is familiar to our Poet in common with other Stage-Writers.
think, I care for a satire, or an epigram? no: if a man will be beaten with brains, he shall wear nothing handsome about him; in brief, since I do purpose to marry, I will think nothing to any purpose that the world can say against it; and therefore never flout at me, for what I have said against it; for man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion; for thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinsman, live unbruised, and love my cousin.

Clau. I had well hoped, thou wouldest have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgell’d thee out of thy single life, to make thee a double dealer; which, out of question, thou wilt be, if my Cousin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

Bene. Come, come, we are friends; let’s have a Dance ere we are marry’d, that we may lighten our own hearts, and our wives heels.

Leon. We’ll have dancing afterwards.

Bene. First, o’ my word; therefore, play, musick. Prince, thou art sad, get thee a wife, get thee a wife; there is no staff more reverend than one tipt with horn.

Enter Messenger.

Meff. My Lord, your brother John is ta’en in flight, And brought with armed men back to Messina.

Bene. Think not on him ’till to morrow: I’ll devise thee brave punishments for him. Strike up, Pipers.

[Dance.

[Exeunt omnes.

THE
THE

MERCHANT

OF

VENICE.
Dramatis Personae.

DUKE of Venice.
Morochius, a Moorish Prince, \{ Suitors to Portia. \\
Prince of Arragon, \\
Anthonio, the Merchant of Venice. \\
Bassanio, his Friend, in love with Portia. \\
Salanio, \\
Solarino, \} Friends to Anthonio and Bassanio. \\
Gratiano, \\
Lorenzo, in Love with Jessica. \\
Shylock, a Jew. \\
Tubal, a Jew, his Friend. \\
Launcelot, a Clown, Servant to the Jew. \\
Gobbo, an old Man, Father to Launcelot. \\
Leonardo, Servant to Bassanio. \\
Balthazar, \} Servants to Portia. \\
Stephano, \\
Portia, an Heiress of great Quality and Fortune. \\
Nerissa, Confident to Portia. \\
Jessica, Daughter to Shylock.

Senators of Venice, Officers, Jailer, Servants and other Attendants.

SCENE, partly at Venice; and partly at Belmont, the Seat of Portia, upon the Continent.
THE

MERCHANT of VENICE.

ACT I.

SCENE, a Street in Venice.

Enter Anthonio, Solarino, and Salanio.

ANTHONIO.

N sooth, I know not why I am so sad:
   It wearies me; you say, it wearies you;
But how I caught it, found it, or came by it,
What stuff 'tis made of, whereof it is born,
I am to learn—
And such a want-wit sadness makes of me,
That I have much ado to know myself.

Sal. Your mind is tossing on the ocean;
There, where your Argosies with portly sail,
Like signiors and rich burghers on the flood,
Or as it were the pageants of the sea,
Do over-peer the petty traffickers,
That curtsy to them, do them reverence,
As they fly by them with their woven wings.
Sola. Believe me, Sir, had I such venture forth, 
The better part of my affections would 
Be with my hopes abroad. I should be still 
Plucking the grass, to know where fits the wind; 
Peering in maps for ports, and peers, and roads; 
And every object, that might make me fear 
Misfortune to my ventures, out of doubt, 
Would make me sad.

Sal. My wind, cooling my broth, 
Would blow me to an ague, when I thought 
What harm a wind too great might do at sea, 
I should not see the sandy hour-glass run, 
But I should think of shallows and of flats; 
And see my wealthy Andrew dock'd in sand, 
Vailing her high top lower than her ribs, 
To kils her burial. Should I go to church, 
And see the holy edifice of stone, 
And not bethink me strait of dang'rous rocks? 
Which, touching but my gentle vessel's side, 
Would scatter all the spices on the stream, 
Enrobe the roaring waters with my filks; 
And in a word, but even now worth this, 
And now worth nothing. Shall I have the thought 
To think on this, and shall I lack the thought, 
That such a thing, bechanc'd, would make me sad? 
But tell not me; — I know, Anthonio 
Is sad to think upon his merchandize.

Antb. Believe me, no: I thank my fortune for it, 
My ventures are not in one bottom trusted, 
Nor to one place; nor is my whole estate 
Upon the fortune of this present year: 
Therefore, my merchandize makes me not sad.

Sola. Why then you are in love. 

Antb. Fie, fie!

Sola. Not in love neither! then let's say, you're sad, 
Because you are not merry; and 'twere as easy 
For you to laugh and leap, and say, you're merry, 
Because you are not sad. Now by two-headed Janus, 
Nature hath fram'd strange fellows in her time: 
Some that will evermore peep through their eyes,
And laugh, like parrots, at a bag-piper;
And others of such vinegar-aspect,
That they'll not show their teeth in way of smile,
Though Nefler swear, the jest be laughable.

Enter Baffanio, Lorenzo and Gratiano.

Sal. Here comes Baffanio, your most noble kinsman,
Gratiano and Lorenzo: fare ye well;
We leave ye now with better company.
Sola. I would have said 'till I had made you merry,
If worthier friends had not prevented me.
Anth. Your worth is very dear in my regard:
I take it, your own busines calls on you,
And you embrace th' occasion to depart.
Sal. Good morrow, my good lords.
Baff. Good Signiors both, when shall we laugh? say, when?
You grow exceeding strange; must it be so?
Sal. We'll make our leisures to attend on yours.
Sola. My lord Baffanio, since you've found Antbonio,
We two will leave you; but at dinner-time,
I pray you, have in mind where we must meet.
Baff. I will not fail you. [Exeunt Solar. and Sala.
Gra. You look not well, Signior Antbonio;
You have too much respect upon the world:
They lose it, that do buy it with much care.
Believe me, you are marvellously chang'd.
Anth. I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano,
A stage, where every man must play his part,
And mine's a sad one.
Gra. Let me play the fool;—
With mirth, and laughter, let old wrinkles come;
And let my liver rather heat with wine,
Than my heart cool with mortifying groans.
Why should a man, whose blood is warm within,
Sit like his grandfire cut in Alabater?
Sleep when he wakes, and creep into the jaundice
By being peevish? I tell thee what, Antbonio,
(I love thee, and it is my love that speaks:)
There are a sort of men, whose visages
Do cream and mantle like a standing pond;
And do a wilful stillness entertain,
With purpose to be drest in an opinion
Of wisdom, gravity, profound conceit;
As who should say, I am Sir Oracle,
And when I ope my lips, let no dog bark!
O my Antonio, I do know of those,
That therefore only are reputed wise,
For saying nothing; who, I'm very sure,
If they should speak, would almost damn those ears, \(1\)
Which, hearing them, would call their brothers fools.
I'll tell thee more of this another time:
But fish not with this melancholy bait,
For this fool's gudgeon, this opinion.
Come, good Lorenzo; fare ye well a while;
I'll end my exhortation after dinner.

Lor. Well, we will leave you then 'till dinner-time.
I must be one of these same dumb wife men:
For Gratiano never lets me speak.

Gra. Well, keep me company but two years more,
Thou shalt not know the sound of thine own tongue.

Antb. Farewel; I'll grow a talker for this gear.

Gra. Thanks, 'tis faith; for silence is only commendable
In a neat's tongue dry'd, and a maid not vendible.

\[Exeunt Gra. and Loren.\]

Antb. Is that any thing now?
Baff. Gratiano speaks an infinite deal of nothing, more
than any man in all Venice: his reasons are as two
grains of wheat hid in two bushtels of chaff; you shall

\(1\) — would almost damn those Ears.\] Several old Editions have
it, dam, dame, and daunt. Some more correct Copies, damn. The
Author's Meaning is this; That some People are thought wise,
whilst they keep Silence; who, when they open their mouths, are
such stupid Praters, that their Hearers cannot help calling them Fools,
and so incur the Judgment denounced in the Gospel. The Allusion
is to St. Matthew, Chap. v. ver. 22. And whosoever shall say to his
Brother, Raca, shall be in danger of the Council; but whosoever shall
say, thou Fool, shall be in danger of Hell-fire.
seek all day ere you find them, and when you have them,
they are not worth the search.

Ant. Well; tell me now, what lady is the same,
To whom you swore a secret pilgrimage,
That you to day promis'd to tell me of?

Bass. 'Tis not unknown to you, Anthonio,
How much I have disabled mine estate,
By shewing something a more swelling port,
Than my faint means would grant continuance;
Nor do I now make moan to be abridge'd
From such a noble rate; but my chief care
Is to come fairly off from the great debts,
Wherein my time, something too prodigal,
Hath left me gaged: to you, Anthonio,
I owe the most in mony, and in love;
And from your love I have a warranty
T' unburden all my plots and purposes,
How to get clear of all the debts I owe.

Ant. I pray you, good Bassanio, let me know it;
And if it stand, as you yourself still do,
Within the eye of honour; be assur'd,
My purse, my person, my extremeit means
Lye all unlock'd to your occasions.

Bass. In my school-days, when I had lost one shaft,
I shot his fellow of the self-same flight
The self-same way, with more adviced watch,
To find the other forth; by ventring both,
I oft found both. I urge this child-hood proof,
Because what follows is pure innocence.
I owe you much, and, like a wilful youth,
That which I owe is lost; but if you please
To shoot another arrow that self way
Which you did shoot the first, I do not doubt,
As I will watch the aim, or to find both,
Or bring your latter hazard back again,
And thankfully rest debtor for the first.

Anth. You know me well; and herein spend but time,
To wind about my love with circumstance;
And, out of doubt, you do me now more wrong,
In making question of my uttermost,
Than if you had made waste of all I have.
Then do but say to me, what I should do,
That in your knowledge may by me be done,
And I am prett unto it: therefore, speak.

Baff. In Belmont is a lady richly left,
And she is fair, and, fairer than that word,
Of wond'rous virtues; sometime, from her eyes (2)
I did receive fair speechless messages;
Her name is Portia, nothing undervalu'd
To Cato's daughter, Brutus' Portia:
Nor is the wide world ign'rant of her worth;
For the four winds blow in from every coast
Renowned suitors; and her funny locks
Hang on her temples like a golden fleece;
Which makes her seat of Belmont, Colchos' strand;
And many Jasons come in quest of her.
O my Antonio, had I but the means
To hold a rival place with one of them,
I have a mind presages me such thrift,
That I should questionless be fortunate.

Antb. Thou know'rt, that all my fortunes are at sea,
Nor have I mony, nor commodiy
To raise a present sum; therefore, go forth;
Try what my credit can in Venice do;
That shall be rack'd even to the uttermost,
To furnish thee to Belmont, to fair Portia:
Go, presently enquire, and so will I,
Where mony is; and I no question make,
To have it of my trust, or for my sake. [Exeunt.

(2) — sometimes from her Eyes.] So all the Editions; but it certainly ought to be, sometime, (which differs much more in Signification, than seems at first View:) i.e. formerly, some time ago, at a certain time: and it appears by the subsequent Scene, that Baffanio was at Belmont with the Marquis de Montferrat, and saw Portia in her Father's life-time. And our Author, in several other Places, uses the Word in such Acceptation.
Three Caskets are set out, one of gold, another of silver, and another of lead.

Enter Portia and Nerissa.

Por. By my troth, Nerissa, my little body is weary of this great world.

Ner. You would be, sweet madam, if your miseries were in the same abundance as your good fortunes are; and yet, for aught I see, they are as sick, that surfeit with too much, as they that starve with nothing; therefore it is no mean happiness to be feasted in the mean; superfluity comes sooner by white hairs, but competency lives longer.

Por. Good sentences, and well pronounc'd.

Ner. They would be better, if well follow'd.

Por. If to do, were as easy as to know what were good to do, chapels had been churches; and poor men's cottages, Princes' palaces. He is a good divine, that follows his own instructions; I can easier teach twenty what were good to be done, than to be one of the twenty to follow my own teaching. The brain may devise laws for the blood, but a hot temper leaps o'er a cold decree; such a hare is madness the youth, to skip o'er the meshes of good counsel the cripple! But this reasoning is not in fashion to chuse me a husband: O me, the word, chuse! I may neither chuse whom I would, nor refuse whom I dislike; so is the will of a living daughter curb'd by the will of a dead father: is it not hard, Nerissa, that I cannot chuse one, nor refuse none?

Ner. Your father was ever virtuous, and holy men at their death have good inspirations; therefore, the lottery, that he hath devised in these three chests of gold, silver, and lead, (whereof who chuses his meaning, chuses you) will no doubt never be chosen by any rightly, but one whom you shall rightly love. But what warmth
warmth is there in your affection towards any of these princely suitors, that are already come?

Por. I pray thee, over-name them; and as thou nam'st them, I will describe them; and, according to my description, level at my affection.

Ner. First, there is the Neapolitan Prince.

Por. Ay, that's a Dolt, indeed, for he doth nothing but talk of his horse; (3) and he makes it a great appro- priation to his own good parts, that he can shoe him himself: I am much afraid, my lady, his mother, play'd false with a smith.

Ner. Then, there is the Count Palatine.

Por. He doth nothing but frown, as who should say, if you will not have me, chuse: he hears merry tales, and smiles not; I fear, he will prove the weeping phi- losopher when he grows old, being so full of unman- nerly sadness in his youth. I had rather be married to a death's head with a bone in his mouth, than to ei- ther of these. God defend me from these two!

Ner. How say you by the French Lord, Monsieur Le Boun?

Por. God made him, and therefore let him pass for a man; in truth, I know, it is a sin to be a mocker; but, he! why, he hath a horse better than the Neapoli- tan's; a better bad habit of frowning than the Count Palatine; he is every man in no man; if a throatile fing, he falls strait a capering; he will fence with his

(3) Ay, that's a Colt, indeed, for he doth nothing but talk of his horse;] Tho' all the Editions agree in this Reading, I can perceive neither Humour, nor Reasoning, in it How does talking of Horses, or knowing how to shoe them, make a Man e'er the more a Colt? Or, if a Smith and a Lady of Figure were to have an Affair together, would a Colt be the Issue of their Careness? This seems to me to be Portia's Meaning, What do you tell me of the Neapolitan Prince, be it such a stupid Dunce, that, instead of saying fine things to me, he does no- thing but talk of his Horses. The Word, Dolt, which I have substi- tuted, fully answers this Idea; and signifies one of the most stupid and blockish of the Vulgar; and in this Acceptation it is used by our Author.
own shadow; if I should marry him, I should marry twenty husbands. If he would despise me, I would forgive him; for if he love me to madness, I shall never requite him.

Ner. What say you then to Faulconbridge, the young Baron of England?

Por. You know, I say nothing to him, for he understands not me, nor I him; he hath neither Latin, French, nor Italian; and you may come into the court and swear, that I have a poor pennyworth in the English. He is a proper man's picture, but, alas! who can converse with a dumb show? how oddly he is suited! I think, he bought his doublet in Italy, his round hose in France, his bonnet in Germany, and his behaviour every where.

Ner. What think you of the Scottifh lord, his neighbour?

Por. That he hath a neighbourly charity in him; for he borrow'd a box of the ear of the Englishman, and swore he would pay him again, when he was able. I think, the Frenchman became his surety, and sealed under for another.

Ner. How like you the young German, the Duke of Saxon's nephew?

Por. Very vilely in the morning when he is sober, and most vilely in the afternoon when he is drunk; when he is best, he is a little worse than a man; and when he is worst, he is little better than a beast; and the worst fall that ever fell, I hope, I shall make shift to go without him.

Ner. If he should offer to chuse, and chuse the right casket, you should refuse to perform your father's will, if you should refuse to accept him.

Por. Therefore, for fear of the worst, I pray thee, set a deep glass of Rhenish wine on the contrary casket; for if the devil be within, and that temptation without, I know, he will chuse it. I will do any thing, Nerichi, ere I will be marry'd to a sponge.

Ner. You need not fear, lady, the having any of these lords: they have acquainted me with their deter-
minations, which is, indeed, to return to their home, and to trouble you with no more suit; unless you may be won by some other sort than your father’s imposition, depending on the caskets.

Por. If I live to be as old as Sibylla, I will die as chaste as Diana, unless I be obtain’d by the manner of my father’s will: I am glad, this parcel of wooers are so reasonable; for there is not one among them but I doat on his very absence, and wish them a fair departure.

Ner. Do you not remember, lady, in your father’s time, a Venetian, a scholar and a soldier, that came hither in company of the Marquis of Montferrat?

Por. Yes, yes, it was Baffanio; as I think, he was so call’d.

Ner. True, Madam; he, of all the men that ever my foolish eyes look’d upon, was the best deserving a fair lady.

Por. I remember him well, and I remember him worthy of thy praise. How now? what news?

Enter a Servant.

Ser. The four strangers seek for you, madam, to take their leave; and there is a fore-runner come from a fifth, the Prince of Morocco, who brings word, the Prince, his master, will be here to night.

Por. If I could bid the fifth welcome with so good heart as I can bid the other four farewell, I should be glad of his approach; if he have the condition of a saint, and the complexion of a devil, I had rather he should surive me, than wive me. Come, Nerissa. Sirrah, go before; while we shut the gate upon one wooer, another knocks at the door.

[Exit.]

SCENE, a publick Place in Venice.

Enter Baffanio and Shylock.

Shy. Three thousand ducats? well.

Baff. Ay, Sir, for three months.

Shy. For three months? well.

Baff.
Bass: For the which, as I told you, Antonio shall be bound.
Shy. Antonio shall become bound? well.
Bass: May you stare me? will you pleasure me? shall I know your answer?
Shy. Three thousand ducats for three months, and Antonio bound?
Bass: Your answer to that.
Shy. Antonio is a good man.
Bass: Have you heard any imputation to the contrary?
Shy. No, no, no, no; my meaning, in saying he is a good man, is to have you understand me, that he is sufficient: yet his means are in supposition: he hath an Argosie bound to Tripolis, another to the Indies; I understand moreover upon the Ryalto, he hath a third at Mexico, a fourth for England; and other ventures he hath, squander'd abroad. But ships are but boards, sailors but men; there be land-rats, and water-rats, water-thieves and land-thieves; I mean, pirates; and then there is the peril of waters, winds and rocks. The man is, notwithstanding, sufficient; three thousand ducats? I think, I may take his bond.
Bass: Be assured, you may.
Shy. I will be assured, I may; and that I may be assured, I will bethink me; may I speak with Antonio?
Bass: If it please you to dine with us.
Shy. Yes, to smell pork; to eat of the habitation, which your prophet the Nazarite conjur'd the devil into! I will buy with you, sell with you, talk with you, walk with you, and so following; but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you. What news on the Ryalto? — who is he, comes here?

Enter Antonio.
Bass. This is Signior Antonio.
Shy. [Aside.] How like a fawning Publican he looks! I hate him, for he is a christian: But more, for that in low simplicity He lends out mony gratis, and brings down
The rate of usance here with us in Venice.
If I can catch him once upon the hip,
I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him.
He hates our sacred nation; and he rails,
Ev’n there where merchants most do congregate,
On me, my bargains, and my well-won thrift,
Which he calls interest. Cursed be my tribe,
If I forgive him!

_Bass. Shylock, do you hear? —_

_Shy._ I am debating of my present store,
And by the near guess of my memory,
I cannot instantly raise up the gross
Of full three thousand ducats: what of that?
_Tubal_, a wealthy _Hebrew_ of my tribe,
Will furnish me; but soft, how many months
Do you desire? Rest you fair, good Signior;

To Anth.

Your worship was the last man in our mouths.

_Anth. Shylock, although I neither lend nor borrow
By taking, nor by giving of excess,
Yet, to supply the ripe wants of my friend,
I’ll break a custom.—Is he yet possess’d,
How much you would?

_Shy._ Ay, ay, three thousand ducats.

_Anth._ And for three months.

_Shy._ I had forgot, three months, you told me so;
Well then, your bond; and let me see,—but hear you,
Methought, you said, you neither lend nor borrow
Upon advantage.

_Anth._ I do never use it.

_Shy._ When _Jacob_ graz’d his uncle _Laban’s_ sheep,—
This _Jacob_ from our holy _Abrakum_ was
(As his wife mother wrought in his behalf)
The third possessor; ay, he was the third.

_Anth._ And what of him? did he take interest?

_Shy._ No, not take int’rest; not, as you would say,
Directly, int’rest; mark, what _Jacob_ did.
When _Laban_ and himself were compromis’d,
That all the yearlings, which were streak’d and pied,

Should
Should fall as Jacob’s hire; the ewes, being rank,
In th’ end of autumn turned to the rams;
And when the work of generation was
Between these woolly breeders in the act,
The skilful shepherd peel’d me certain wands;
And, in the doing of the deed of kind,
He stuck them up before the fulsome ewes;
Who, then conceiving, did in yeaning time
Fall party-colour’d lambs, and those were Jacob’s.
This was a way to thrive, and he was blest;
And thrift is blessing, if men steal it not.

Anth. This was a venture, Sir, that Jacob serv’d for;
A thing, not in his pow’r to bring to pass,
But sway’d, and fashion’d, by the hand of heav’n.
Was this inferted to make int’rest good?
Or is your gold, and silver, ewes and rams?

Shy. I cannot tell; I make it breed as fast;
But note me, Signior.

Anth. Mark you this, Baffanio?
The devil can cite scripture for his purpose.—
An evil soul, producing holy witnesses,
Is like a villain with a smiling cheek;
A goodly apple rotten at the heart.
O, what a goodly out-side falsehood hath!

Shy. Three thousand ducats! ’tis a good round sum.
Three months from twelve, then let me see the rate.

Anth. Well, Shylock, shall we be beholden to you?

Shy. Signior Anthanio, many a time and oft
In the Ryalto you have rated me,
About my monies and my usances.
Still have I borne it with a patient shrug;
(For sufferance is the badge of all our tribe.)
You call me misbeliever, cut-throat dog,
And spit upon my Jewish gaberdine;
And all for use of that, which is my own.
Well then, it now appears, you need my help:
Go to then; you come to me, and you say,
Shylock, we would have monies; you say so;
You, that did void your rheume upon my beard,
And foot me, as you spurn a stranger cur
Over your threshold: mony is your suit;  
What should I say to you? should I not say,  
Hath a dog mony? is it possible,  
A cur can lend three thousand ducats? or  
Shall I bend low, and in a bondman’s key,  
With bated breath, and whisp’ring humbleness,  
Say this,—fair Sir, you spit on me last Wednesday.  
You spurn’d me such a day; another time  
You call’d me dog; and for these curtesies  
I’ll lend you thus much monies?  

Aubh. I am as like to call thee so again,  
To spit on thee again, to spurn thee too.  
If thou wilt lend this mony, lend it not  
As to thy friend, (for when did friendship take  
A breed of barren metal of his friend?) (4)  
But lend it rather to thine enemy;  
Who, if he break, thou may’st with better face  
Exact the penalty.  

Shy. Why, how you florm?  
I would be friends with you, and have your love;  
Forget the shames that you have stain’d me with;  
Supply your present wants, and take no doit  
Of urance for my monies, and you’ll not hear me:  
‘This is kind I offer.  

Aubh. This were kindness.  

Shy. This kindness will I show;  
Go with me to a notary, seal me there  
Your single bond; and in a merry sport,  
If you repay me not on such a day,  
In such a place, such sum, or sums, as are  
Express’d in the condition, let the forfeit  

(4) A breed of barren Metal] Meaning, Mony at Usury, Many that breeds more, as Mr. Pope explains it. Consonant to this Phrase,  
the Latines explained Interest thus; Interes, factum accepti: and the  
Greci call’d it τόξος: both which Expressions take in our Poet’s Idea  
of a Breed. As for the Contradiction betwixt Breed and barren, it is  
a poetical Beauty in which Claudian, among the Classics particularly  
abounds.
Be nominated for an equal pound
Of your fair flesh, to be cut off and taken
In what part of your body it shall please me.

_Anth._ Content, in faith; I'll seal to such a bond,
And say, there is much kindness in the _Jew._

_Bass._ You shall not seal to such a bond for me,
I'll rather dwell in my necessity.

_Anth._ Why, fear not, man; I will not forfeit it;
Within these two months (that's a month before
This bond expires) I do expect return
Of thrice three times the value of this bond.

_Shy._ O father _Abraham_, what these christians are!
Whole own hard dealings teach them to suspect
The thoughts of others! pray you, tell me this,
If he should break his day, what should I gain
By the exaction of the forfeiture?
A pound of man's flesh, taken from a man,
Is not so estimable or profitable,
As flesh of muttions, beefs, or goats. I say,
To buy his favour, I extend this friendship;
If he will take it, so; if not, adieu;
And for my love, I pray you, wrong me not.

_Anth._ Yes, _Shylock_, I will seal unto this bond.

_Shy._ Then meet me forthwith at the Notary's.
Give him direction for this merry bond,
And I will go and purse the ducats strait;
See to my house, left in the fearful guard
Of an unthrifty knave, and presently
I will be with you. [Exit.

_Anth._ Hie thee, gentle _Jew._
This _Hebrew_ will turn christian; he grows kind.

_Bass._ I like not fair terms, and a villain's mind.

_Anth._ Come on, in this there can be no dismay;
My ships come home a month before the day. [Exeunt.
ACT II.
SCENE, BELMONT.

Enter Morochius, a Tawny-Moor, all in white; and three or four Followers accordingly; with Portia, Nerissa, and her train. Flourish Cornets.

MOROCHIUS.

MISLIKE me not for my complexion,
The shadow'd livery of the burnish'd sun,
To whom I am a neighbour, and near bred.
Bring me the fairest creature northward born,
Where Phæbus' fire scarce thaws the isicles,
And let us make incision for your love,
To prove whose blood is reddest, his of mine.
I tell thee, lady, this aspect of mine
Hath fear'd the valiant; by my love, I swear,
The best regarded virgins of our clime
Have lov'd it too: I would not change this hue,
Except to seal your thoughts, my gentle Queen.

Por. In terms of choice I am not solely led
By nice direction of a maiden's eyes:
Besides, the lottery of my destiny
Bars me the right of voluntary chusing.
But if my father had not scanted me,
And hedg'd me by his wit to yield myself
His wife, who wins me by that means I told you;
Yourself, renowned Prince, then stood as fair,
As any com'er I have look'd on yet,
For my affection.

Mor. Ev'n for that I thank you;
Therefore, I pray you, lead me to the caskets
'To try my fortune. By this scimitar,
That slew the Sophy and a Persian Prince,
That won three fields of Sultan Selyman,

I would
I would out-flare the sternest eyes that look,
Out-brave the heart most daring on the earth,
Pluck the young fucking cubs from the she-bear,
Yea, mock the lion when he roars for prey,
To win thee, lady. But, alas the while!
If Hercules and Licbas play at dice
Which is the better man, the greater throw
May turn by fortune from the weaker hand:
So is Alcides beaten by his page; (5)
And so may I, blind fortune leading me,
Miss that, which one unworthier may attain;
And die with grieving.

Por. You must take your chance,
And either not attempt to chuse at all,
Or swear, before you chuse, if you chuse wrong,
Never to speak to lady afterward
in way of marriage; therefore, be advis’d.

Mor. Nor will not; therefore, bring me to my chance.

Por. First, forward to the temple; after dinner
Your hazard shall be made.

Mor. Good fortune then, [Curtains.
To make me blest, or curfed’st among men! [Exeunt.

(5) So is Alcides beaten by his Rage.] Though the whole Set of
Editions concur in this Reading, and it past’d wholly unsuspected
by the late Learned Editor; I am very well assured, and I dare
say, the Readers will be so too presently, that it is corrupt at
Bottom. Let us look into the Poet’s Drift, and the History of
the Persons mentioned in the Context. If Hercules (says he) and
Licbas were to play at Dice for the Decision of their Superiority,
Licbas, the weaker Man, might have the better Cast of the Two.
But how then is Alcides beaten by his rage? The Poet means no
more, than, if Licbas had the better Throw, so might Hercules
himself be beaten by Licbas. And who was He, but a poor
unfortunate Servant of Hercules, that unknowingly brought his
Matter the envenomed Shirt, dipp’d in the blood of the Centaur
Neilus, and was thrown headlong into the Sea for his pains?
This one Circumstance of Licbas’Quality known, sufficiently
affectes the Emendation, I have substituted of page instead of
rage. It is scarce requisite to hint here, it is a Point so well
known, that Page has been always used in English to signify any
Boy-Servant: as well as what latter Times have appropriated it to,
a Lady’s Train-bearer.
Laun. Certainly, my conscience will serve me to run from this Jew my master. The fiend is at mine elbow, and tempts me, saying to me, Gobbo, Launcelot Gobbo, good Launcelot, or good Gobbo, or good Launcelot Gobbo, use your legs, take the start, run away. My conscience says, no; take heed, honest Launcelot; take heed, honest Gobbo; or, as aforesaid, honest Launcelot Gobbo, do not run; scorn running with thy heels. Well, the most courageous fiend bids me pack; away! says the fiend; for the heav'n's soul up a brave mind, says the fiend, and run. Well, my conscience, hanging about the neck of my heart, says very wisely to me, my honest friend Launcelot, being an honest man's son, or rather an honest woman's son — (for, indeed, my father did something smack, something grow to; he had a kind of taste.) — well, my conscience says, budge not; budge, says the fiend; budge not, says my conscience; conscience, say I, you counsel ill; fiend, say I, you counsel ill. To be rul'd by my conscience, I should stay with the Jew my master, who, God bless the mark, is a kind of devil; and to run away from the Jew, I should be ruled by the fiend, who, saying your reverence, is the devil himself. Certainly, the Jew is the very devil incarnate; and in my conscience, my conscience is but a kind of hard conscience, to offer to counsel me to stay with the Jew. The fiend gives the more friendly counsel; I will run, fiend, my heels are at your commandment, I will run.

Enter old Gobbo, with a basket.

Gob. Master young man, you, I pray you, which is the way to master Jew's?

Laun. O heav'n's, this is my true-begotten father, who being more than sand-blind, high gravel-blind, knows me not; I will try confusions with him.
Gob. Master young Gentleman, I pray you, which is
the way to master Jew's?

Laun. Turn up, on your right-hand at the next turn-
ing, but, at the next turning of all, on your left; mar-
ry, at the very next turning 'tis no hand, but turn
down indirectly to the Jew's house.

Gob. By God's fonties, 'twill be a hard way to hit;
can you tell me whether one Launcelot, that dwells with
him, dwell with him or no?

Laun. Talk you of young master Launcelot? (mark
me now, now will I raise the waters;) talk you of young
master Launcelot?

Gob. No master, Sir, but a poor man's son. His fa-
ther, though I say't, is an honest exceeding poor man,
and, God be thanked, well to live.

Laun. Well, let his father be what he will, we talk
of young master Launcelot.

Gob. Your worship's friend and Launcelot, Sir.

Laun. But, I pray you ergo, old man; ergo, I beseech
you, talk you of young master Launcelot?

Gob. Of Launcelot, an't please your mastership.

Laun. Ergo, master Launcelot; talk not of master
Launcelot, father, for the young gentleman (according
to fates and deffinies, and such odd sayings, the fifters
three, and such branches of learning,) is, indeed, de-
ceased; or, as you would say, in plain terms, gone to
heaven.

Gob. Marry, God forbid! the boy was the very staff
of my age, my very prop.

Laun. Do I look like a cudgel, or a hovel-post, a
staff or a prop? do you know me, father?

Gob. Alack the day, I know you not, young gentle-
man; but, I pray you, tell me, is my boy, God rest
his soul, alive or dead?

Laun. Do you not know me, father?

Gob. Alack, Sir, I am blind-blind, I know you not.

Laun. Nay, indeed, if you had your eyes, you might
fall of the knowing me: it is a wife father, that knows
his own child. Well, old man, I will tell you news of
your son; give me your blessing, truth will come to
light;
light; murder cannot be hid long, a man’s son may; but, in the end, truth will out.

Gob. Pray you, Sir, stand up; I am sure, you are not Launcelot my boy.

Laun. Pray you, let’s have no more fooling about it, but give me your blessing; I am Launcelot, your boy, that was, your son that is, your child that shall be.

Gob. I cannot think, you are my son.

Laun. I know not, what I shall think of that: but I am Launcelot the Jew’s man, and, I am sure, Margery your wife is my mother.

Gob. Her name is Margery, indeed. I’ll be sworn, if thou be Launcelot, thou art my own flesh and blood: Lord worship’d might he be! what a beard hast thou got! thou hast got more hair on thy chin, than Dobbin my Thill-horse has on his tail.

Laun. It should seem then, that Dobbin’s tail grows backward; I am sure, he had more hair on his tail, than I have on my face, when I last saw him.

Gob. Lord, how art thou chang’d! how dost thou and thy master agree? I have brought him a present; how agree you now?

Laun. Well, well; but for mine own part, as I have set up my rest to run away, so I will not rest till I have run some ground. My master’s a very Jew: give him a present! give him a halter: I am famish’d in his service. You may tell every finger I have with my ribs. Father, I am glad you are come; give me your present to one master Bassanio, who, indeed, gives rare new liveries; if I serve him not, I will run as far as God has any ground. O rare fortune, here comes the man; to him, father, for I am a Jew, if I serve the Jew any longer.

Enter Bassanio with Leonardo, and a follower or two more.

Bass. You may do so; but let it be so hastened, that supper be ready at the farthest by five of the clock: see these letters
letters deliver'd, put the liveries to making, and desire Gratiano to come anon to my lodging.

Laun. To him, father.

Gob. God bless your worship!

Baff. Gramercy, would'th thou aught with me?

Gob. Here's my son, Sir, a poor boy,——

Laun. Not a poor boy, Sir, but the rich Jew's man, that would, Sir, as my father shall specify,——

Gob. He hath a great infection, Sir, as one would say, to serve.

Laun. Indeed, the short and the long is, I serve the Jew, and have a desire, as my father shall specify,——

Gob. His master and he, having your worship's reverence, are scarce catercounfins.

Laun. To be brief, the very truth is, that the Jew, having done me wrong, doth cause me, as my father, being I hope an old man, shall fructify unto you,——

Gob. I have here a dish of doves, that I would bestow upon your worship; and my suit is——

Laun. In very brief, the suit is impertinent to myself, as your worship shall know by this honest old man; and, though I say it, though old man, yet poor man my father.

Baff. One speak for both, what would you?

Laun. Serve you, Sir.

Gob. This is the very defect of the matter, Sir.

Baff. I know thee well, thou haft obtain'd thy suit; Shylock, thy master, spoke with me this day, And hath preferr'd thee; if it be preferment To leave a rich Jew's service, to become The follower of so poor a gentleman.

Laun. The old proverb is very well parted between my master Shylock and you, Sir; you have the grace of God, Sir, and he hath enough.

Baff. Thou speakest it well; go, father, with thy son: Take leave of thy old master, and enquire My lodging out; give him a livery, More guarded than his fellows: see it done.

Laun. Father, in; I cannot get a service, no? I have we'er a tongue in my head? well, if any man in Italy have
have (6) a fairer table, which doth offer to swear upon a book, I shall have good fortune; go to, here's a simple line of life; here's a small trifle of wives; alas, fifteen wives is nothing, eleven widows and nine maids is a simple coming-in for one man! and then to 'scape drowning thrice, and to be in peril of my life with the edge of a feather-bed, here are simple 'scapes! well, if fortune be a woman, she's a good wench for this gear. Father, come; I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye.  

[Exeunt. Laun. and Gob.]

Baff. I pray thee, good Leonardo, think on this. These things being bought and orderly bestowed, Return in haste, for I do feast to night My best-esteem'd acquaintance; hie thee, go.

Leon. My best endeavours shall be done herein.

Enter Gratiano.

Gra. Where is your master?
Leon. Yonder, Sir, he walks.  

[Ex. Leonardo.

Gra. Signior Baffanio,——
Baff. Gratiano!
Gra. I have a suit to you.
Baff. You have obtain'd it.
Gra. You must not deny me, I must go with you to Belmont.
Baff. Why, then you must: but hear thee, Gratiano, Thou art too wild, too rude, and bold of voice; Parts, that become thee happily enough,

(6) Well, if any Man in Italy have &c.] The Position of the Words makes the Sentence somewhat obscure; Their natural Order should be This. Well, if any Man in Italy, which doth offer to swear upon a Book, have a fairer Table, I shall have good Luck. And the Humour of the Passage seems This. Launcelot, a Jour-ner, and designedly a Blunderer, says the very Reverie of what he should do: which is, That if no Man in Italy, who would offer to take his Oath upon it, hath a fairer Table than He, he shall have good Fortune. The Banter may, partly, be on Chironomy in general: but it is very much in Character for Launcelot, who is a hungry Serving-man, to consider his Table before his Line of Life, or any other Points of Fortune.

And
And in such eyes as ours appear not faults;
But where thou art not known, why, there they show
Something too liberal; pray thee, take pain
To allay with some cold drops of modesty
Thy skipping spirit; left, through thy wild behaviour,
I be misconstru'd in the place I go to,
And lose my hopes.

Gra. Signior Baffanio, hear me.
If I do not put on a sober habit,
Talk with respect, and swear but now and then,
Wear prayer-books in my pockets, look demurely;
Nay more, while grace is faying, hood mine eyes
Thus with my hat, and sigh, and say, Amen;
Use all th' observance of civility,
Like one well studied in a sad ofent
To please his grandam; never trust me more.

Baff. Well, we shall see your bearing.
Gra. Nay, but I bar to night, you shall not gage me
By what we do to night.

Baff. No, that were pity.
I would entreat you rather to put on
Your boldest suit of mirth, for we have friends
That purpose merriment: but fare you well,
I have some business.

Gra. And I must to Lorenzo and the rest:
But we will visit you at supper-time. [Exeunt.

S C E N E changes to Shylock's House.

Enter Jessica and Launcelot.

Jef. I'M sorry, thou wilt leave my father so;
Our house is hell, and thou, a merry devil.
Didst rob it of some taste of tediousness;
But fare thee well, there is a ducat for thee.
And, Launcelot, soon at supper shalt thou see
Lorenzo, who is thy new master's guest;
Give him this letter, do it secretly,
And so farewell: I would not have my father
See me talk with thee.
Laun. Adieu! tears exhibit my tongue; most beautiful Pagan, most sweet Jew! if a Christian did not play the knave and get thee, I am much deceiv'd; but, adieu! these foolish drops do somewhat drown my manly spirit: adieu!

Jef. Farewel, good Launcelot.
Alack, what heinous sin is it in me,
To be ashamed to be my father's child?
But though I am a daughter to his blood,
I am not to his manners: O Lorenzo,
If thou keep promise, I shall end this strife,
Become a Christian, and thy loving wife.  

[Exit.

SCENE, the STREET.

Enter Gratiano, Lorenzo, Solarino, and Salanio.

Lor. Nay, we will flink away in supper-time, disguise us at my lodging, and return all in an hour.

Gra. We have not made good preparation.

Sal. We have not spoke us yet of torch-bearers.

Sola. 'Tis vile, unless it may be quaintly ordered,
And better in my mind not undertook.

Lor. 'Tis now but four a-clock, we have two hours
To furnish us. Friend Launcelot, what's the news?

Enter Launcelot, with a letter.

Laun. An' it shall please you to break up this, it shall seem to signify.

Lor. I know the hand; in faith, 'tis a fair hand;
And whiter than the paper, it writ on,
Is the fair hand that writ.

Gra. Love-news, in faith.

Laun. By your leave, Sir.

Lor. Whither goest thou?

Laun. Marry, Sir, to bid my old master the Jew to sup to night with my new master the Christian.

Lor. Hold, here, take this; tell gentle Jessica,
I will not fail her; speak it privately.

Go. Gentlemen, will you prepare for this masque to night?

I am provided of a torch-bearer. [Exit Laun.

Sal. Ay, marry, I'll be gone about it strait.

Sola. And so will I.

Lor. Meet me, and Gratiano,

At Gratiano's lodging some hour hence.

Sal. 'Tis good, we do so. [Exit.

Gra. Was not that letter from fair Jessica?

Lor. I must needs tell thee all; she hath directed,

How I shall take her from her father's house;

What gold and jewels she is furnish'd with;

What page's suit she hath in readiness.

If e'er the Jew her father come to heav'n,

It will be for his gentle daughter's sake:

And never dare misfortune cross her foot,

Unless she do it under this excuse,

That she is issue to a faithless Jew.

Come, go with me; peruse this, as thou goest;

Fair Jessica shall be my torch-bearer. [Exeunt.

SCENE, Shylock's House.

Enter Shylock and Launcelot.

Shy. Well, thou shalt see, thy eyes shall be thy judge,

The difference of old Shylock and Bassanio.

What, Jessica! — thou shalt not gormandize,

As thou hast done with me — what, Jessica! —

And sleep and snore, and rend apparel out.

Why, Jessica! I say.

Laun. Why, Jessica!


Laun. Your worship was wont to tell me, that I could do nothing without bidding.

Enter Jessica.

Jef. Call you? what is your will?

Shy.
Shy. I am bid forth to supper, Jessica;  
There are my keys: but wherfore should I go?  
I am not bid for love; they flatter me:  
But yet I'll go in hate, to feed upon  
The prodigal christian. Jessica, my girl,  
Look to my house; I am right loth to go;  
There is some ill a brewing towards my reit,  
For I did dream of mony-bags to night.  

Laun. I beseech you, Sir, go; my young master doth  
expect your reproach.  
Shy. So do I his.  

Laun. And they have conspired together, I will not  
say, you shall see a masque; but if you do, then it was  
not for nothing that my nose fell a bleeding on black  
Monday last, at six a clock 'th' morning, falling out  
that year on Ash-Wednesday was four year in the after-  
noon.  

Shy. What! are there masques? hear you me, Jessica.  
Lock up my doors; and when you hear the drum,  
And the vile squeaking of the vry-neck'd fife,  
Clamber not you up to the casements then,  
Nor thrust your head into the publick street,  
To gaze on christian fools with varnish'd faces:  
But stop my house's ears; I mean, my casements;  
Let not the sound of shallow sopperty enter  
My sober house. By Jacob's staff, I swear,  
I have no mind of feasting forth to night:  
But I will go; go you before me, sirrah:  
Say, I will come.  

Laun. I will go before, Sir.  
Mistress, look out at window, for all this:  
There will come a christian by,  
Will be worth a Jeruys' eye.  

[Exit Laun.  

Shy. What says that fool of Hagar's off-spring, ha?  

tet. His words were, farewel, mistress; nothing else.  
Shy. The patch is kind enough, but a huge feeder:  
Snail-slew in profit, but he sleeps by day  
More than the wild cat; drones hive not with me,  
Therefore I part with him; and part with him  
To one, that I would have him help to waste
His borrow'd purse. Well, Jessica, go in;
Perhaps, I will return immediately;
Do, as I bid you.—
Shut the doors after you; fast bind, fast find;
A proverb never stale in thrifty mind. [Exit.
'Fes. Farewel; and if my fortune be not crost,
I have a father, you a daughter, loft. [Exit.

SCENE, the STREET.

Enter Gratiano and Salanio in masquerade.

Gra. This is the pent-house, under which Lorenzo

desired us to make a stand.
Sal. His hour is almost past.
Gra. And it is marvel he out-dwells his hour,
For lovers ever run before the clock.
Sal. O, ten times faster Venus' pigeons fly (7)
To seal love's bonds new made, than they are wont
To keep obliged faith unforfeited!
Gra. That ever holds. Who riseth from a feast,
With that keen appetite that he fits down?
Where is the horse, that doth untread again
His tedious measures with th' unbated fire,
That he did pace them first? all things that are,
Are with more spirit chafed than enjoy'd.
How like a younker, or a prodigal,
The scarfed bark puts from her native bay,

(7) O, ten times faster Venus' Pigeons fly.] This is a very
odd Image, of Venus's Pigeons flying to seal the Bonds of Love.
The Sense is obvious, and We know the Dignity due to Venus's
Pigeons. There was certainly a Joke intended here, which the
Ignorance, or Boldness, of the first Transcribers have murdered:
I doubt not, but Shakespeare wrote the Line thus:

O, ten times faster Venus' Widgeons fly
To seal &c.

For Widgeon is not only the silly Bird so call'd, but signifies
likewise, metaphorically, a silly Fellow, as Goose, or Gudgeon does
also.

Mr. Warburton.
Hugg'd
Hugg’d and embraced by the strumpet wind!
How like the prodigal doth she return,
With over-weather’d ribs and ragged fails,
Lean, rent, and beggar’d by the strumpet wind!

Enter Lorenzo.

Sal. Here comes Lorenzo: more of this hereafter.

Lor. Sweet friends, your patience for my long abode;
Not I, but my affairs, have made you wait;
When you shall please to play the thieves for wives,
I’ll watch as long for you then; come, approach;
Here dwells my father Jew. Hoa, who’s within?

Jessica above, in boy’s cloaths.

Jef. Who are you? tell me for more certainty,
Albeit I’ll swear, that I do know your tongue.

Lor. Lorenzo, and thy love.

Jef. Lorenzo certain, and my love, indeed;
For who love I so much? and now who knows,
But you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours?

Lor. Heav’n and thy thoughts are witness, that thou art.

Jef. Here, catch this casket, it is worth the pains.
I’m glad, ’tis night, you do not look on me;
For I am much asham’d of my exchange;
But love is blind, and lovers cannot see
The pretty follies that themselves commit;
For if they could, Cupid himself would blush
’T’to see me thus transformed to a boy.

Lor. Descend, for you must be my torch-bearer.

Jef. What must I hold a candle to my shames?
’They in themselves, goodfoot, are too, too, light.
Why, ’tis an office of discovery, love,
And I should be obscur’d.

Lor. So are you, sweet,
Ev’n in the lovely garnish of a boy.
But come at once—
For the close night doth play the run-away,
And we are flaid for at Bassanio’s feast.

Jef. I will make fast the doors, and gild myself

With
With some more ducats, and be with you straight.  

[Exit from above.  

Gra. Now by my hood, a Gentile, and no Jew.  

Lor. Beshrew me, but I love her heartily;  
For she is wise, if I can judge of her;  
And fair she is, if that mine eyes be true;  
And true she is, as she hath prov'd herself;  
And therefore like herself, wise, fair, and true,  
Shall she be placed in my constant soul.  

Enter Jessica, to them.  

What, art thou come? on, gentlemen, away;  
Our masquing mates by this time for us stay.  

[Exit.  

Enter Anthonio.  

Anth. Who's there?  

Gra. Signior Anthonio,———  

Anth. Fie, Gratiano, where are all the rest?  
'Tis nine o'clock, our friends all stay for you;  
No masque to night; the wind is come about,  
Bassanio presently will go aboard;  
I have sent twenty out to seek for you.  

Gra. I'm glad on't; I desire no more delight  
Than to be under fail, and gone to night.  

[Exeunt.  

S C E N E changes to Belmont.  

Enter Portia with Morochius, and both their trains.  

Por. Go, draw aside the curtains, and discover  
The sev'ral caskets to this noble Prince.  
Now make your choice.  [Three caskets are discover'd.  

Mor. The first of gold, which this inscription bears,  
Who chuseth me, shall gain what many men desire.  
The second silver, which this promise carries,  
Who chuseth me, shall get as much as he deserves.  
This third, dull lead, with warning all as blunt,  
Who chuseth me, must give and hazard all he hath.  
How shall I know, if I do chuse the right?  

Por. The one of them contains my picture, Prince;  
If you chuse that, then I am yours withal.  

Mor.
Mor. Some God direct my judgment! let me see,
I will survey th' inscriptions back again;
What says this leaden casket;
Who chooseth me, must give and hazard all he hath.
Must give, for what? for lead? hazard, for lead?
This casket threatens. Men, that hazard all,
Do it in hope of fair advantages:
A golden mind stoops not to show of dross;
I'll then not give, nor hazard aught for lead.
What says the silver with her virgin hue?
Who chooseth me, shall get as much as he deserves.
As much as he deserves? pause there, Morochius;
And weigh thy value with an even hand.
If thou be'st rated by thy estimation,
Thou dost deserve enough; and yet enough
May not extend so far as to the lady;
And yet to be afraid of my deserving,
Were but a weak disabiling of myself.
As much as I deserve—why, that's the lady:
I do in birth deserve her, and in fortunes,
In graces, and in qualities of breeding:
But more than these, in love I do deserve.
What if I stray'd no farther, but chose here?
Let's see once more this saying grav'd in gold.
Who chooseth me, shall gain what many men desire.
Why, that's the lady; all the world desires her;
From the four corners of the earth they come
To kiss this shrine, this mortal breathing saint.
Th' Hymcanian deserts, and the vassie wilds
Of wide Arabia, are as thorough-fares now,
For Princes to come view fair Portia.
The wat'ry kingdom, whose ambitious head
Spits in the face of heaven, is no bar
To stop the foreign spirits; but they come,
As o'er a brook, to see fair Portia.
One of these three contains her heav'nly picture.
Is't like, that lead contains her? 'twere damnation,
To think so base a thought: it were too gross
To rib her scarcloth in the obscure grave.
Or shall I think, in silver she's immur'd,
Being ten times undervalu’d to try’d gold?
0 sinful thought, never so rich a gem
Was set in worse than gold! they have in England
A coin, that bears the figure of an angel
Stamped in gold, but that’s insculpt upon:
But here an angel in a golden bed
Lyes all within. Deliver me the key;
Here do I chuse, and thrive as I may!

Por. There take it, Prince, and if my form lye there,
Then I am yours. [Unlocking the gold casket.

Mor. O hell! what have we here? a carrion death,
Within whose empty eye there is a scrowl:
I'll read the writing.

All that glisters is not gold,
Often have you heard that told;
Many a man his life hath fold,
But my outside to be bold.
Gilded wood may worms infold:
Had you been as wise as bold,
Young in limbs, in judgment old,
Your answer had not been inviol’d;
Fare you well, your suit is cold.

Mor. Cold, indeed, and labour lost:
Then farewell, heat; and welcome, frost:
Por. adieu! I have too griev’d a heart
To take a tedious leave: thus losers part. [Exit.

Por. A gentle riddance: draw the curtains; go—
Let all of his complexion chuse me so. [Exeunt.

S C E N E changes to Venice.

Enter Solarino and Salanio.

Sal. W HY, man, I saw Baffanio under fail;
With him is Gratiano gone along;
And in their ship, I’m sure, Lorenzo is not.

Sola. The villain Jew with outcries rais’d the Duke,
Who went with him to search Baffanio’s ship.

Sal.
Sal. He came too late, the ship was under sail;
But there the Duke was giv'n to understand,
'That in a Gondola were seen together
Lorenzo and his am'rous Jessica:
Besides, Antonio certify'd the Duke,
'They were not with Bassanio in his ship.

Sola. I never heard a passion so confus'd,
So strange, outrageous, and so variable,
As the dog Jevd did utter in the streets;
My daughter! O my ducats! O my daughter,
Fled with a Christian? O my Christian ducats!
Justice, the law, my ducats, and my daughter!
A sealed bag, two sealed bags of ducats,
Of double ducats, stoll'n from me by my daughter!
And jewels, two stones, rich and precious stones,
Stoll'n by my daughter! justice! find the girl;
She hath the stones upon her, and the ducats.

Sal. Why, all the boys in Venice follow him,
Crying his stones, his daughter, and his ducats.

Solu. Let good Antonio look, he keep his day;
Or he shall pay for this.

Sal. Marry, we'll remember'd.
I reason'd with a Frenchman yesterday,
Who told me, in the narrow seas, that part
The French and English, there miscarried
A vessel of our country richly fraught:
I thought upon Antonio, when he told me,
And wish'd in silence, that it were not his.

Sola. You were best to tell Antonio what you hear,
Yet do not suddenly, for it may grieve him.

Sal. A kinder Gentleman treads not the earth.
I saw Bassanio and Antonio part.
Bassanio told him, he would make some speed
Of his return: he answer'd, do not so,
Slubber not business for my sake, Bassanio.
But stay the very riping of the time;
And for the Jew's bond, which he hath of me,
Let it not enter in your mind of love:
Be merry, and employ your chiefest thoughts
To courtship, and such fair offents of love,
As shall conveniently become you there.
And even there, his eye being big with tears,
Turning his face, he put his hand behind him,
And with affection wondrous sensible
He wrung Baffanio’s hand, and so they parted.
Sola. I think, he only loves the world for him.
I pray thee, let us go and find him out,
And quicken his embraced heaviness
With some delight or other.
Sal. Do we so.

[Exit.

SCENE changes to BELMONT.

Enter Nerissa with a Servant.

Ner. QUICK, quick, I pray thee, draw the curtain strait;
The Prince of Arragon has ta’en his oath,
And comes to his election presently.

Enter Arragon, his train, Portia. Flor. Cornets.
The Caskets are discover’d.

Por. Behold, there stand the caskets, noble Prince;
If you chuse that, wherein I am contain’d,
Strait shall our nuptial rites be solemniz’d:
But if you fail, without more speech, my lord,
You must be gone from hence immediately.

Ar. I am enjoin’d by oath to observe three things;
First, never to unfold to any one
Which casket ’twas I chose; next, if I fail
Of the right casket, never in my life
To woo a maid in way of marriage:
Last, if I fail in fortune of my choice,
Immediately to leave you and be gone.

Por. To these injunctions every one doth swear,
That comes to hazard for my worthless self.

Ar. And so have I address’d me; fortune now
To my heart’s hope! gold, silver, and base lead.
Who chuseth me, must give and hazard all he hath.
You shall look fairer, ere I give or hazard.
What says the golden chest? ha, let me see;

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Who chuseth me, shall gain what many men desire.
What many men desire—that may be meant
Of the fool-multitude, that chuse by show,
Not learning more than the fond eye doth teach;
Which pry not to th' interior, but like the martlet
Builds in the weather on the outward wall,
Ev'n in the force and road of casualty.
I will not chuse what many men desire,
Because I will not jump with common spirits,
And rank me with the barb'rous multitudes.
Why then to thee, thou silver treasure-house:
Tell me once more, what title thou dost bear?
Who chuseth me, shall get as much as he deserves;
And well said too, for who shall go about
To cozen fortune, and be honourable
Without the stamp of merit? let none presume
To wear an undeserved dignity:
O, that estates, degrees, and offices,
Were not deriv'd corruptly, that clear honour
Were purchas'd by the merit of the wearer!
How many then should cover, that stand bare?
How many be commanded, that command?
How much low peasantery would then be glean'd
From the true seed of honour? how much honour (8)
Picked from the chaff and ruin of the times,
To be new varnish'd? well, but to my choice:
Who chuseth me, shall get as much as he deserves:

(8) how much honour
Picked from the Chaff and Ruin of the Times,
To be new varnish'd.] Mr. Warburton very justly observed to me
upon the Confusion and Disregardment of the Metaphors here; and is
of Opinion, that Shakespeare might have wrote;

To be new varnished.

E. e. winnowed, purged: from the French Word, vanmer; which is
derived from the Latin, Vannus, ventilarum, the Parr used for win-
nowing the Chaff from the Corn. This Alteration, as he observes,
restores the Metaphor to its Integrity: and our Poet frequently uses
the same Thought. But as Shakespeare is so loose and licentious in
the blending of different Metaphors, I have not ventured to disturb
the Text.
I will assume desert; give me a key for this,
And instantly unlock my fortunes here.

Por. Too long a pause for that which you find there.

[Unlocking the silver casket.

Ar. What's here! the portrait of a blinking idiot,
Presenting me a schedule? I will read it.
How much unlike art thou to Portia?
How much unlike my hopes and my deservings?
Who chuses me, shall have as much as he deserves.
Did I deserve no more than a fool's head?
Is that my prize? are my deserts no better?

Por. To offend, and judge, are distinct offices,
And of opposed natures.

Ar. What is here?

The fire sev'n times tried this;
Sev'n times tried that judgment is,
That did never chuse amiss.
Some there be, that shadows kiss;
Such have but a shadow's bliss:
There be fools alive, I wis,
Silver'd o'er, and so was this:
Take what wife you will to bed,
I will ever be your head:
So be gone, Sir, you are sped.

Ar. Still more fool I shall appear,
By the time I linger here.
With one fool's head I came to woo,
But I go away with two.
Sweet, adieu! I'll keep my oath,
Patiently to bear my wrath.

Por. Thus hath the candle sign'd the moth;
O these deliberate fools! when they do chuse,
They have the wisdom by their wit to lose.

Ner. The ancient saying is no hereby,
Hanging and wiving goes by destiny.

Por. Come, draw the curtain, Nerissa.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Where is my lady?
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Por. Here, what would my lord?

Serv. Madam, there is alighted at your gate
A young Venetian, one that comes before
To signify th' approaching of his lord,
From whom he bringeth sensible regrets;
To wit, besides commends and courteous breath,
Gifts of rich value; yet, I have not seen
So likely an ambassador of love.
A day in April never came so sweet,
To show how costly summer was at hand,
As this fore-spurrcr comes before his lord.

Por. No more, I pray thee; I am half afraid,
Thou'lt say anon, he is some kin to thee;
Thou spend'st such high-day wit in praising him:
Come, come, Nerissa, for I long to see
Quick Cupid's post, that comes so mannerly.

Ner. Baffanio, lord Love, if thy will it be!

[Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE, a Street in Venice.

Enter Salanio and Solarino.

SOLARINO.

NOW, what news on the Ryalto?

Sal. Why, yet it lives there uncheckt, that
Anthonio hath a ship of rich lading wreckt on the nar-
row feas; the Godwins, I think, they call the place;
very dangerous flat and fatal, where the carcases of

(9) Baffanio lord, love, if] Mr. Pepe, and all the preceding
Editors have followed this Pointing; as imagining, I suppose, that
Baffanio lord—means, Lord Baffanio; but Lord must be coupled
to Love: as if she had said, “Imperial Love, if it be thy Will,
let it be Baffanio whom this Messenger fore-runs.
many a tall ship lie bury'd, as they say, if my gossip Report be an honest woman of her word.

Sola. I would she were as lying a gossip in that, as ever knapt ginger; or made her neighbours believe, she wept for the death of a third husband. But it is true, without any slips of prolixity, or crossing the plain high-way of talk, that the good Antonio, the honest Antonio—O that I had a title good enough to keep his name company!

Sal. Come, the full stop.

Sola. Ha, what say'st thou? why, the end is, he hath lost a ship.

Sal. I would it might prove the end of his losses.

Sola. Let me say Amen betimes, lest the devil cross thy prayer, (10) for here he comes in the likeness of a Jew. How now, Shylock, what news among the merchants?

Enter Shylock.

Shy. You knew (none so well, none so well as you) of my daughter's flight.

Sal. That's certain; I, for my part, knew the taylor that made the wings she flew withal.

Sola. And Shylock, for his own part, knew the bird was fledg'd, and then it is the complexion of them all to leave the dam.

Shy. She is damn'd for it.

Sal. That's certain, if the devil may be her judge.

Shy. My own flesh and blood to rebel!

Sola. Out upon it, old carrion, rebels it at these years?

Shy. I say, my daughter is my flesh and blood.

Sal. There is more difference between thy flesh and hers, than between jet and ivory; more between your bloods, than there is between red wine and rhenish:

(10) —— left the Devil cross my Prayer.] But the Prayer was Salanio's. The other only, as Clerk, says Amen to it. We must therefore read—thy Prayer.

Mr. Warburton.
but tell us, do you hear, whether 

Antonio have had any loss at sea or no?

Shy. There I have another bad match; a bankrupt, a prodigal, who dares scarce shew his head on the Ryalto; a beggar, that us’d to come so smug upon the mart! let him look to his bond; he was wont to call me usurer; let him look to his bond; he was wont to lend mony for a christian courtesy: let him look to his bond.

Sal. Why, I am sure, if he forfeit, thou will not take his flesh: what’s that good for?

Shy. To bait fish withal. If it will feed nothing else, it will feed my revenge; he hath disgrac’d me, and hinder’d me of half a million, laught at my losses, mock’d at my gains, scorn’d my nation, thwarted my bargains, cool’d my friends, heated mine enemies: and what’s his reason? I am a Jew. Hath not a Jew eyes? hath not a Jew hands, organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions? fed with the same food, hurt with the same weapons, subject to the same diseases, heal’d by the same means, warm’d and cool’d by the same winter and summer, as a christian is? if you prick us, do we not bleed? if you tickle us, do we not laugh? if you poison us, do we not die? and if you wrong us, shall we not revenge? if we are like you in the rest, we will resemble you in that. If a Jew wrong a christian, what is his humility? Revenge. If a christian wrong a Jew, what should his sufferance be by christian example? why, Revenge. The Villany, you teach me, I will execute; and it shall go hard, but I will better the instruction.

Enter a Servant from Antonio.

Serv. Gentlemen, my master Antonio is at his house, and desires to speak with you both.

Sal. We have been up and down to seek him.

Enter Tubal.

Sola. Here comes another of the tribe; a third cannot be match’d, unless the devil himself turn Jew.

[Exeunt Sala. and Solar.]

Shy.
Shy. How now, Tubal, what news from Genoua? hast thou found my daughter?

Tub. I often came where I did hear of her, but cannot find her.

Shy. Why there, there, there, there! a diamond gone, cost me two thousand ducats in Frankfort! the curse never fell upon our nation 'till now, I never felt it 'till now; two thousand ducats in that, and other precious, precious jewels! I would, my daughter were dead at my foot, and the jewels in her ear; O, would she were hers'd at my foot, and the ducats in her coffin. No news of them; why, fo! and I know not what's spent in the search: why, thou lofs upon lofs! the thief gone with so much, and so much to find the thief; and no satisfaction, no revenge, nor no ill luck stirring, but what lights o' my shoulcers; no sighs but o' my breathing, no tears but o' my shedding.

Tub. Yes, other men have ill luck too; Anthony, as I heard in Genoa —

Shy. What, what, what? ill luck, ill luck?

Tub. Hath an Argosie cast away, coming from Tripolis.

Shy. I thank God, I thank God; is it true? is it true?

Tub. I spoke with some of the sailors that escaped the wreck.

Shy. I thank thee, good Tubal; good news, good news; ha, ha, where? in Genoa?

Tub. Your daughter spent in Genoa, as I heard, one night, fourscore ducats.

Shy. Thou flock'ft a dagger in me; I shall never see my gold again; fourscore ducats at a fitting, fourscore ducats!

Tub. There came divers of Anthony's creditors in my company to Venice, that swear he cannot chuse but break.

Shy. I am glad of it, I'll plague him, I'll torture him; I am glad of it.

Tub. One of them shew'd me a ring, that he had of your daughter for a monk'y.
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Shy. Out upon her! thou torturest me, Tubal; it was my Turquoise, I had it of Leah when I was a bachelor; I would not have given it for a wilderness of monkeys.

Tub. But Antonio is certainly undone.

Shy. Nay, that's true, that's very true; go see me an officer, bespeak him a fortnight before. I will have the heart of him, if he forfeit; for were he out of Venice, I can make what merchandize I will: go, go, Tubal, and meet me at our synagogue; go, good Tubal; at our synagogue, Tubal. [Exeunt.

SCENE changes to BELMONT.

Enter Bassanio, Portia, Gratiano, and attendants.

The Caskets are set out.

Por. Pray you, tarry; pause a day or two,
Before you hazard; for in chusing wrong
I lose your company; therefore, forbear a while.
There's something tells me (but it is not love)
I would not lose you; and you know yourself,
Hate counsels not in such a quality.
But lest you should not understand me well,
And yet a maiden hath no tongue but thought,
I would detain you here some month or two,
Before you venture for me. I could teach you
How to chuse right, but I am then forsworn:
So will I never be; so you may miss me;
But if you do, you'll make me wish a sin,
That I had been forsworn. Beshrew your eyes,
They have o'erlook'd me, and divided me;
One half of me is yours, the other half yours,
Mine own, I would say: but if mine, then yours;
And so all yours. Alas! these naughty times
Put bars between the owners and their rights:
And so th'o' yours, not yours, prove it so,
Let fortune go to hell for it, not I.
I speak too long, but 'tis to piece the time,
To eche it, and to draw it out in length,
To stay you from election.
   Bass. Let me chuse:
For as I am, I live upon the rack.
   Por. Upon the rack, Bassanio? then confess,
What treason there is mingled with your love.
   Bass. None, but that ugly treason of mistrust,
Which makes me fear th' enjoying of my love:
There may as well be amity and life
'Tween snow and fire, as treason and my love.
   Por. Ay, but, I fear, you speak upon the rack;
Where men enforced do speak any thing.
   Bass. Promise me life, and I'll confess the truth.
   Por. Well then, confess and live.
   Bass. Confess, and love,
Had been the very sum of my confession.
O happy torment, when my torturer
Doth teach me answers for deliverance!
But let me to my fortune and the caskets.
   Por. Away then! I am lockt in one of them;
If you do love me, you will find me out.
   Nerissa, and the rest, stand all aloof,
Let musick sound, while he doth make his choice;
Then, if he lose, he makes a swan-like end,
Fading in musick. That the comparison
May stand more just, my eye shall be the stream
And wat'ry death-bed for him: he may win,
And what is musick then? then musick is
Even as the flourish, when true subjects bow
To a new-crowned monarch: such it is,
As are those dulcey sounds in break of day,
That creep into the dreaming bride-groom's ear,
And summon him to marriage: Now he goes,
With no less presence, but with much more love,
Than young Alcides, when he did redeem
The virgin-tribute, paid by howling Troy
To the sea-monster: I stand for sacrifice;
The rest aloof are the Dardanian wives,
With bleared visages come forth to view
The issue of th' exploit. Go, Hercules!
Live thou, I live; with much, much more dismay
I view the sight, than thou, that mak'st the fray.

[Music within.

A Song, whilst Bassanio comments on the caskets to himself.

Tell me, where is fancy bred,
Or in the heart, or in the head?
How begot, how nourished?
Reply, reply.
It is engender'd in the eye,
With gazing faith, and fancy dies
In the cradle where it lies:
Let us all ring fancy's knell.
I'll begin it.
Ding, dong, bell.
All, Ding, dong, bell.

Bass. So may the outward shows be least themselves:
The world is still deceiver'd with Ornament.
In law, what plea so tainted and corrupt,
But being season'd with a gracious voice,
Obscures the show of evil, in religion,
What damn'd error, but some sober brow
Will blest it, and approve it with a text,
Hiding the grossness with fair ornament?
There is no vice so simple, but assumes
Some mark of virtue on its outward parts.
How many cowards, whose hearts are all as false
As stairs of sand, wear yet upon their chins
The beards of Hercules and frowning Mars;
Who, inward searcht, have livers white as milk?
And these assume but valour's excrement,
'To render them redoubted. Look on beauty,
And you shall see 'tis purchas'd by the weight,
Which therein works a miracle in nature,
Making them lightest; that wear most of it.
So are those crisp, snaky golden locks,
Which make such wanton gambols with the wind
Upon supposed fairness, often known.
To be the dowry of a second head,
The skull, that bred them, in the sepulcher.
Thus Ornament is but the guiled shore
To a most dang'rous sea; the beauteous scarf
Veiling an Indian beauty; in a word,
The seeming truth which cunning times put on
T'entrap the wiseft. Then, thou gaudy gold,
Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee:
Nor none of thee, thou pale and common drudge
'Tween man and man: but thou, thou meager lead,
Which rather threatnest, than dost promise aught, (11)
Thy plainness moves me more than eloquence;
And here chufe I; joy be the confequence!

Por. How all the other passions fleet to air,
As doubtful thoughts, and rash-embrac'd despair,
And shudd'ring fear, and green-ey'd jealousy.
O love, be moderate, allay thy ecstasy;
In measure rain thy joy, fcant this excess,
I feel too much thy blessing, make it lefs,
For fear I forfeit. [Opening the leaden casket.

Baff. What find I here?
Fair Portia's counterfeit? what Demy-god
Hath come fo near creation? move these eyes?
Or whether, riding on the halls of mine,
Seem they in motion? here are sever'd lips
Parted with sugar breath; fo sweet a bar
Should funder fuch sweet friends: here in her hairs
The painter plays the spider, and hath woven
A golden mesh t'intrap the hearts of men,

(11) Thy Paleness moves me more than Eloquence;] Baffanio is displeased at the golden Casket for its Gaudiness, and the Silver one for its Paleness; but, What! is hecharmed with the Leaden one for having the very same Quality that displeased him in the Silver? the Poet never intended fuch an absurd Reasoning. He certainly wrote,

Thy Plainness moves me more than Eloquence; This characterizes the Lead from the Silver, which Paleness does not, they being both pale. Besides, there is a Beauty in the Antithesis between Plainness and Eloquence; between Paleness and Eloquence none.

Mr. Warburton.

Faster
Faster than gnats in cobwebs: but her eyes,
How could he see to do them? having made one,
Methinks, it should have pow'r to steal both his,
And leave itself unfinish'd: yet how far
The substance of my praise doth wrong this shadow
In underprizing it; so far this shadow
Doth limp behind the Substance. Here's the scrawl,
The continent and summary of my fortune.

You that chuse not by the view,
Chance as fair, and chuse as true:
Since this fortune falls to you,
Be content, and seek no new.
If you be well pleas'd with this,
And hold your fortune for your bliss,
Turn you where your Lady is,
And claim her with a loving kiss.

A gentle scrawl; fair lady, by your leave;

I come by note to give, and to receive.
Like one of two contending in a Prize,
That thinks he hath done well in people's eyes;
Hearing applause and universal shout,
Giddy in spirit, gazing fill in doubt,
Whether those peals of praise be his or no;
So (thrice-fair lady) stand I, even so,
As doubtful whether what I see be true,
Until confirm'd, sign'd, ratify'd by you.

Por. You see me, lord Baffanio, where I stand,
Such as I am; tho' for myself alone,
I would not be ambitious in my Wish,
To with myself much better; yet for you,
I would be trebled twenty times myself,
A thousand times more fair; ten thousand times
More rich; that, to stand high in your account,
I might in virtues, beauties, livings, friends,
Exceed account: but the full sum of me
Is sum of something, which, to term in gros,
Is an unlesson'd girl, unschool'd, unpractis'd:

Happy
Happy in this, she is not yet so old
But she may learn; more happy then in this,
She is not bred so dull but she can learn;
Happiest of all, is, that her gentle spirit
Commits itself to yours to be directed,
As from her lord, her governor, her King:
Myself, and what is mine, to you and yours
Is now converted. But now I was the Lord
Of this fair mansion, master of my servants,
Queen o'er myself; and even now, but now,
This house, these servants, and this fame myself
Are yours, my lord: I give them with this ring,
Which, when you part from, lose or give away,
Let it presage the ruin of your love,
And be my vantage to exclaim on you.

Bass. Madam, you have bereft me of all words,
Only my blood speaks to you in my veins;
And there is such confusion in my pow'rs,
As, after some oration fairly spoke
By a beloved Prince, there doth appear
Among the buzzing pleaded multitude;
Where every something, being blemished together,
Turns to a wild of nothing, fume of joy
Express, and not express. But when this ring
Parts from this finger, then parts life from hence;
O, then be bold to say, Bassanio's dead.

Ner. My lord and lady, it is now our time,
That have flowed by, and seen our wishes prosper,
To cry, good joy, good joy, my lord and lady!

Gra. My lord Bassanio, and my gentle lady,
I wish you all the joy that you can wish;
For, I am sure, you can wish none from me:
And when your honours mean to solemnize
The bargain of your faith, I do beseech you,
Ev'en at that time I may be married too.

Bass. With all my heart, so thou canst get a wife.

Gra. I thank your lordship, you have got me one.

My eyes, my lord, can look as swift as yours;
You saw the mistress, I beheld the maid;

You
You lov'd; I lov'd: for intermission (12)
No more pertains to me, my lord, than you.
Your fortune stood upon the casket there;
And so did mine too, as the matter falls:
For wooing here until I sweat again,
And swearing till my very roof was dry
With oaths of love; at last, if promise last,
I got a promise of this fair one here,
To have her love, provided that your fortune
Atchiev'd her mistress.

Per. Is this true, Nerissa?
Ner. Madam, it is, so you stand pleas'd withal.
Bass. And do you, Gratiano, mean good faith?
Gra. Yes, faith, my lord.
Bass. Our Feast shall be much honour'd in your mar-
riage.
Gra. We'll play with them, the first boy for a thou-
sand Ducats.
Ner. What, and stake down?
Gra. No, we shall ne'er win at that sport, and stake
down.
But who comes here? Lorenzo and his Infidel?
What, and my old Venetian friend, Salanio?

Enter Lorenzo, Jessica, and Salanio.

Bass. Lorenzo and Salanio, welcome hither;
If that the youth of my new Interest here
Have power to bid you welcome. By your leave,

(12) You lov'd; I lov'd for Intermission.] Thus this Passage
has been nonsensically pointed thro' all the Editions. If loving
for Intermission can be expounded into any Sense, I confess, I as
yet am ignorant, and shall be glad to be instructed in it. But till
then I must beg leave to think, the Sentence ought to be thus re-
gulated;

You lov'd, I lov'd; — For Intermission
No more pertains to me, my Lord, than You.
i.e. standing idle; a Pause or Discontinuance of Action. And
such is the Signification of Intermissio and Intermissus amongst the
Latines.

I bid
The Merchant of Venice

I bid my very friends and country-men,  
(Sweet Portia) welcome.  
Por. So do I, my lord; they are entirely welcome.  
Lor. I thank your honour; for my part, my lord, 
My purpose was not to have seen you here;  
But meeting with Salanio by the way,  
He did intreat me, past all saying nay,  
To come with him along.  
Sal. I did, my lord,  
And I have reason for’t; Signior Anttonio  
Commends him to you. [Gives Bassanio a letter.  
Bass. Ere I ope his letter,  
I pray you tell me how my good friend doth.  
Sal. Not sick, my lord, unless it be in mind;  
Nor well, unless in mind; his letter there  
Will shew you his estate. [Bassanio opens the letter.  
Gra. Nerissa, cheer yond stranger: Bid her welcome.  
Your hand, Salanio; what’s the news from Venice?  
How doth that royal merchant, good Anttonio?  
I know, he will be glad of our Success:  
We are the Jasons, we have won the fleece.  
Sal. Would you had won the fleece, that he hath lost!  
Por. There are some shrewd Contents in yond fame  
paper,  
That steal the colour from Bassanio's cheek:  
Some dear Friend dead; else nothing in the world  
Could turn so much the constitution  
Of any constant man. What, worse and worse!  
With leave, Bassanio, I am half yoursolf,  
And I must have the half of any thing  
That this fame Paper brings you.  
Bass. O sweet Portia!  
Here are a few of the unpleasant'lt words,  
That ever blotted paper. Gentle lady,  
When I did first impart my love to you,  
I freely told you, all the wealth I had  
Ran in my veins, I was a gentleman;  
And then I told you true; and yet, dear lady,  
Rating myself at nothing, you shall see
How much I was a braggart: when I told you,
My fate was nothing, I should then have told you,
That I was worse than nothing. For, indeed,
I have engag'd myself to a dear Friend,
Engag'd my Friend to his meer enemy,
To feed my means. Here is a letter, lady,
The paper, as the body of my friend,
And every word in it a gaping wound,
Issuing life-blood. But is it true, Salanio?
Have all his ventures fail'd? what not one hit?
From Tripolis, from Mexico, from England,
From Lisbon, Barbary, and India?
And not one vessel 'cap'd the dreadful touch
Of merchant-marring rocks?
Sal. Not one, my lord.

Besides, it should appear, that if he had
The present mony to discharge the Jerw,
He would not take it. Never did I know
A creature, that did bear the shape of man,
So keen and greedy to confound a man.
He plies the Duke at morning and at night,
And doth impeach the freedom of the state,
If they deny him justice. Twenty merchants,
The Duke himself and the Magnificoes
Of greatest port, have all persuaded with him;
But none can drive him from the envious plea
Of forfeiture, of justice, and his bond.

Jes. When I was with him, I have heard him swear,
To Tubal and to Chus his country-men,
That he would rather have Anthonio's flesh,
Than twenty times the value of the sum
That he did owe him; and I know, my lord,
If law, authority, and pow'r deny not,
It will go hard with poor Anthonio.

Por. Is it your dear friend, that is thus in trouble?

Bass. The dearest friend to me, the kindest Man,
The best condition'd and unwearied Spirit
In doing courtesies; and one in whom
The ancient Roman honour more appears,
Than any that draws breath in Italy.
Por. What sum owes he the Jew?
Bass. For me, three thousand ducats.
Por. What, no more?
Pay him six thousand and deface the bond;
Double six thousand, and then treble that,
Before a friend of this description
Shall lose a hair through my Bassanio's fault.
First, go with me to church, and call me wife,
And then away to Venice to your friend:
For never shall you lie by Portia's side
With an unquiet soul. You shall have gold
To pay the petty debt twenty times over.
When it is paid, bring your true friend along;
My maid Nerissa and myself, mean time,
Will live as maids and widows: come, away!
For you shall hence upon your wedding-day.
Bid your friends welcome, shew a merry cheer;
Since you are dear bought, I will love you dear.
But let me hear the letter of your friend.

Bass. reads. Sweet Bassanio, my ships have all mis-
carry'd, my creditors grow cruel, my estate
is very low, my bond to the Jew is forfeit; and since, in
paying it, it is impossible I should live, all debts are cleared
between you and me, if I might but see you at my death;
notwithstanding, use your pleasure: if your love do not
persuade you to come, let not my letter.

Por. O love! dispatch all business, and be gone.
Bass. Since I have your good leave to go away,
I will make haste; but 'till I come again,
No bed shall e'er be guilty of my stay;
No rest be interposed 'twixt us twain. [Exeunt.

SCENE changes to a street in Venice.

Enter Shylock, Solarino, Anthonio, and the Gaoler.

Sly. Oafer, look to him: tell not me of mercy.
This is the fool, that lent out mony gratis.
Gaoler, look to him.

Anth.
Anth. Hear me yet, good Shylock.

Shy. I'll have my bond; speak not against my bond:
I've sworn an oath, that I will have my bond.
Thou call'dst me dog, before thou hadst a cause;
But since I am a dog, beware my fangs:
The Duke shall grant me justice. I do wonder,
Thou naughty goaler, that thou art so fond
To come abroad with him at his request.

Anth. I pray thee, hear me speak.

Shy. I'll have my bond; I will not hear thee speak:
I'll have my bond; and therefore speak no more;
I'll not be made a soft and dull-eyed fool,
To shake the head, relent, and sigh and yield
To christian intercessors. Follow not;
I'll have no speaking; I will have my bond.

[Exit Shylock.

Sola. It is the most impenetrable cur,
That ever kept with men.

Anth. Let him alone,
I'll follow him no more with bootless pray'rs:
He seeks my life; his reason well I know;
I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures
Many, that have at times made moan to me;
Therefore he hates me.

Sola. I am sure, the Duke
Will never grant this Forfeiture to hold.

Anth. The Duke cannot deny the course of law;
For the commodity that strangers have
With us in Venice, if it be deny'd,
Will much impeach the justice of the state;
Since that the trade and profit of the city
Consisteth of all nations. Therefore go,
These griefs and losses have so 'bated me,
That I shall hardly spare a pound of flesh
To-morrow to my bloody creditor.
Well, goaler, on; pray God, Baffanio come
To see me pay his debt, and then I care not!

[Exeunt.
SCENE changes to BELMONT.

Enter Portia, Nerissà, Lorenzo, Jessica, and Balthazar.

Lor. M Adam, although I speak it in your presence,
You have a noble and a true conceit
Of God-like amity; which appears most strongly
In bearing thus the absence of your lord.
But if you knew to whom you shew this honour,
How true a gentleman you send relief to,
How dear a lover of my lord your husband;
I know, you would be prouder of the work,
Than customary bounty can enforce you.

Por. I never did repent of doing good,
And shall not now; for in companions
That do converse and waste the time together,
Whose souls do bear an equal yoke of love,
There must needs be a like proportion
Of lineaments, of manners, and of spirit;
Which makes me think, that this Anthony,
Being the bosom-lover of my lord,
Must needs be like my lord. If it be so,
How little is the colt I have bestowed,
In purchasing the semblance of my soul
From out the state of hellish cruelty?
This comes too near the praising of myself; (13)
Therefore, no more of it: hear other things.

Lorenzo, I commit into your hands
The husbandry and manage of my house,
Until my lord's return. For mine own part,
I have tow'rd heaven breath'd a secret vow,

(13) This comes too near the praising of myself;
Therefore no more of it: here other things,
Lorenzo, I commit, &c.] Thus has this Passage been writ
and pointed, but absurdly, thro' all the Editions. Portia finding
the reflections she had made came too near Self-praise, begins to
thide herself for it: says, She'll say no more of that sort; but
all a new Subject. The Regulation I have made in the Text was
likewise prescrib'd by Dr. Thirby.
To live in prayer and contemplation,
Only attended by Nerissa here,
Until her husband and my lord's return.
There is a monastery two miles off,
And there we will abide. I do desire you,
Not to deny this Imposition:
The which my love and some necessity
Now lays upon you.

Lor. Madam, with all my heart;
I shall obey you in all fair commands.

Por. My people do already know my mind,
And will acknowledge you and Jessica
In place of lord Baffanio and myself.
So fare you well, 'till we shall meet again.

Lor. Fair thoughts and happy hours attend on you!
Jessica. I wish your ladyship all heart's content.

Por. I thank you for your wish, and am well-pleased
To wish it back on you: fare you well, Jessica.

[Exeunt Jef. and Lor.

Now, Balthazar,
As I have ever found thee honest, true,
So let me find thee still: take this same letter,
And use thou all th'endeavour of a man,
In speed to Padua; see thou render this (14)
Into my cousin's hand, Doctor Bellario;
And look what notes and garments he doth give thee,
Bring them, I pray thee, with imagin'd speed
Unto the Traject, to the common ferry
Which trades to Venice: waite no time in words,
But get thee gone; I shall be there before thee.

Balth. Madam, I go with all convenient speed. [Exit.

(14) In speed to Mantua;] Thus all the old Copies; and thus all the Modern Editors implicitly after them. But 'tis evident to any diligent Reader, that we must restore, as I have done, In speed to Padua: For it was there, and not at Mantua, Bellario liv'd. So afterwards; — A Messenger, with Letters from the Doctor, Now come from Padua — And again, Came you from Padua, from Bellario? — And again, It comes from Padua, from Bellario. — Besides, Padua, not Mantua, is the Place of Education for the Civil Law in Italy.
Por. Come on, Nerissa; I have work in hand,
That you yet know not of: we'll see our husbands,
Before they think of us.
Ner. Shall they see us?
Por. They shall, Nerissa; but in such a habit,
That they shall think we are accomplished
With what we lack. I'll hold thee any wager,
When we are both apparell'd like young men,
I'll prove the prettier fellow of the two,
And wear my dagger with the braver grace;
And speak between the change of man and boy,
With a reed Voice; and turn two mincing steps
Into a manly stride; and speak of frays,
Like a fine bragging youth; and tell quaint lies,
How honourable ladies sought my love,
Which I denying, they fell sick and dy'd,
I could not do with all: then I'll repent,
And wish, for all that, that I had not kill'd them.
And twenty of these puny lies I'll tell;
That men shall swear, I've discontinued school
Above a twelve month. I have in my mind
A thousand raw tricks of these bragging jacks,
Which I will practise.
Ner. Shall we turn to men?
Por. Fie, what a question's that,
If thou wert near a lewd Interpreter!
But come, I'll tell thee all my whole device
When I am in my coach, which flays for us
At the park-gate; and therefore haste away,
For we must measure twenty miles to day. [Exeunt.

Enter Launcelot and Jessica.

Laun. Yes, truly: for look you, the sins of the fa-
ther are to be laid upon the children; therefore, I pro-
mise you, I fear you. I was always plain with you;
and so now I speak my agitation of the matter: there-
fore be of good cheer; for truly, I think, you are
damn'd: there is but one hope in it that can do you
any good, and that is but a kind of bastard hope nei-
ther.

Jes.
Jef. And what hope is that, I pray thee?

Laun. Marry, you may partly hope that your father
got you not, that you are not the Jew's daughter.

Jef. That were a kind of bastard hope, indeed; so
the sins of my mother should be visited upon me.

Laun. Truly, then, I fear, you are damn'd both by
father, and mother; thus when you shun Scylla, your fa-
ther, you fall into Charybdis, your mother: well, you
are gone both ways.

Jef. I shall be saved by my husband; he hath made
me a christian.

Laun. Truly, the more to blame he; we were chri-
tians enough before, e'en as many as could well live
one by another: this making of christians will raise
the price of hogs; if we grow all to be pork-eaters,
we shall not shortly have a rasher on the coals for
mony.

Enter Lorenzo.

Jef. I'll tell my husband, Launcelot, what you say:
here he comes.

Lor. I shall grow jealous of you shortly, Launcelot, if
you thus get my wife into corners.

Jef. Nay, you need not fear us, Lorenzo; Launcel-
ot and I are out; he tells me flatly, there is no mercy
for me in heav'n, because I am a Jew's daughter: and
he says, you are no good member of the common-
wealth; for, in converting Jews to christians, you raise
the price of pork.

Lor. I shall answer that better to the common-wealth,
than you can the getting up of the negro's belly: the
Moor is with child by you, Launcelot.

Laun. It is much, that the Moor should be more than
reason: but if she be less than an honest woman, she is
indeed more than I took her for.

Lor. How every fool can play upon the word! I
think, the best grace of wit will shortly turn into silence,
and discourse grow commendable in none but parrots.
Go in, sirrah, bid them prepare for dinner.

Laun. That is done, Sir; they have all stomachs.

Lor.
Lor. Good lord, what a wit-snapper are you! then bid them prepare dinner.

Laun. That is done too, Sir; only, cover is the word.

Lor. Will you cover then, Sir?

Laun. Not so, Sir, neither; I know my duty.

Lor. Yet more quarrelling with occasion! wilt thou shew the whole wealth of thy wit in an instant? I pray thee understand a plain man in his plain meaning: go to thy fellows, bid them cover the table, serve in the meat, and we will come in to dinner.

Laun. For the table, Sir, it shall be serv'd in; for the meat, Sir, it shall be covered; for your coming in to dinner, Sir, why, let it be as humours and conceits shall govern. [Exit Laun.

Lor. O dear discretion, how his words are suited!

The fool hath planted in his memory An army of good words; and I do know A many fools that stand in better place, Garnish'd like him, that for a tricksey word Defy the matter: how far'lt thou, Jessica? And now, good sweet, say thy opinion, How dost thou like the lord Bassanio's wife?

Jess. Part all expressing: it is very meet, The lord Bassanio live an upright life. For, having such a Blessing in his lady, He finds the joys of heaven here on earth: And if on earth he do not merit it, In reason he should never come to heav'n. Why, if two Gods should play some heav'nly match, And on the wager lay two earthly women, And Portia one, there must be something else Pawn'd with the other; for the poor rude world Hath not her fellow.

Lor. Even such a husband Haft thou of me, as she is for a wife.

Jess. Nay, but ask my opinion too of that.

Lor. I will anon: first, let us go to dinner.

Jess. Nay, let me praise you, while I have a stomach. Lor. No, pray thee, let it serve for table-talk; Then,
Then, howsoe’er thou speak’st, ’mong other things,
I shall digest it.

Jes. Well, I’ll set you forth. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE, the Senate-house in VENICE.

Enter the Duke, the Senators; Antonio, Bassanio,
and Gratiano, at the Bar.

DUKE.

What is Antonio here?

Anth. Ready, to please your Grace.

Duke. I’m sorry for thee; thou art come to answer
A stony adversary, an inhuman wretch
Uncapable of pity, void and empty
From any dram of mercy.

Anth. I have heard,
Your Grace hath ta’en great pains to qualify
His rigorous course; but since he stands obdurate,
And that no lawful means can carry me
Out of his envy’s reach, I do oppose
My patience to his fury; and am arm’d
To suffer, with a quietness of spirit,
The very tyranny and rage of his.

Duke. Go one, and call the Jew into the Court.

Sal. He’s ready at the door: he comes, my lord.

Enter Shylock.

Duke. Make room, and let him stand before our face.

Shylock, the world thinks, and I think so too,
That thou but lead’st this fashion of thy malice
To the last hour of act; and then ’tis thought,
Thou’lt shew thy mercy and remorse more strange,

Than
Than is thy strange apparent cruelty.
And, where thou now exact’st the penalty,
Which is a pound of this poor merchant’s flesh,
Thou wilt not only lose the forfeiture,
But, touch’d with human gentleness and love,
Forgive a moiety of the principal;
Glancing an eye of pity on his lothes,
That have of late so hudled on his back,
Enough to press a royal merchant down;
And pluck commiseration of his state
From brass’b bosoms, and rough hearts of flint;
From stubborn Turks and Tartars, never train’d
To offices of tender courtesy.
We all expect a gentle answer, Jew.
Shy. I have posse’s’d your Grace of what I purpose.
And by our holy Sabbath have I sworn,
To have the due and forfeit of my bond.
If you deny it, let the danger light
Upon your charter, and your city’s freedom!
You’ll ask me, why I rather chuse to have
A weight of carrion flesh, than to receive
Three thousand ducats? I’ll not answer that.
But say, it is my humour; is it answer’d?
What if my house be troubled with a rat,
And I be pleas’d to give ten thousand ducats
To have it baned? what, are you answer’d yet?
Some men there are, love not a gaping pig;
Some, that are mad, if they behold a cat;
And others, when the bag-pipe sings i’ th’ nose,
Cannot contain their urine for affection. (15)

Masterless

(15) Cannot contain their Urine for Affection.

Masterless passion favours it to the Mood
Of what it likes, or hath.] Masterless Passion was first Mr. Rowe’s Reading. (on what Authority, I am at a Loss to know;) which Mr. Pope has since copied. And tho’ I have not disturb’d the Text, yet; I must observe, I don’t know what Word there is to which this Relative [it, in the 2d Line] is to be referr’d. The ingenious Dr. Thirlby, therefore, would thus adjust the Passage.

VOL. II. G Cannot
Masterless passion sways it to the mood
Of what it likes, or loaths. Now, for your answer:
As there is no firm reason to be render'd,
Why he cannot abide a gaping pig;
Why he, a harmless necessary cat;
Why he, a woollen bag-pipe; but of force
Must yield to such inevitable shame,
As to offend, himself being offended;
So can I give no reason, nor I will not,
More than a lodg'd hate and a certain loathing
I bear Anthoine, that I follow thus
A losing suit against him. Are you answer'd?
Baff. This is no answer, thou unfeeling man,
T'excuse the current of thy cruelty.
Shy. I am not bound to please thee with my answer.
Baff. Do all men kill the thing they do not love?
Shy. Hates any man the thing he would not kill?
Baff. Ev'ry offence is not a hate at first.
Shy. What, wouldst thou have a serpent fling thee twice?
Anth. I pray you, think, you question with a Jew.
You may as well go stand upon the beach,
And bid the main flood 'bate his usual height.
You may as well use question with the wolf,
Why he hath made the ewe bleat for the lamb.
You may as well forbid the mountain pines
To wag their high tops, and to make no noise,
When they are fretted with the gusts of heav'n.

Cannot contain their Urine; for Affection,
* Master of Passion, sways it &c. * Or, Mistress.
And then it is govern'd of Passion: and the two old Quarto's and
Folio's read.—Masters of Passion, &c.

It may be objected, that Affection and Passion are Synonemous
Terms, and mean the same Thing. I agree, they do at this time.
But I observe, the Writers of our Author's Age made a sort of
Distinction: considering the One as the Cause, the Other as the
Effect. And then, in this place, Affection will stand for that Sym-
pathy or Antipathy of Soul, by which we are provok'd to shew a
Liking or Dislike in the Working of our Passions.
You may as well do any thing most hard,  
As seek to soften that, (than which what's harder!)  
His Jewish heart. Therefore, I do beseech you,  
Make no more offers, use no farther means;  
But with all brief and plain conveyency  
Let me have judgment, and the Jew his will.  

**Bass.** For thy three thousand ducats here is fix.  

**Shy.** If ev'ry ducat in six thousand ducats  
Were in six parts, and ev'ry part a ducat,  
I would not draw them, I would have my bond.  

**Duke.** How shalt thou hope for mercy, rend'ring none?  

**Shy.** What judgment shall I dread, doing no wrong?  
You have among you many a purchas'd slave,  
Which, like your asses, and your dogs, and mules,  
You use in abject and in slavish part,  
Because you bought them. Shall I say to you,  
Let them be free, marry them to your heirs?  
Why sweat they under burdens? let their beds  
Be made as soft as yours, and let their palates  
Be season'd with such viands; you will answer,  
The slaves are ours. So do I answer you:  
The pound of flesh, which I demand of him,  
Is dearly bought, 'tis mine, and I will have it.  
If you deny me, he upon your law!  
'There is no force in the decrees of Venice:  
I stand for judgment; answer; shall I have it?  

**Duke.** Upon my pow'r I may dismiss this Court,  
 Unless Bellario, a learned Doctor,  
Whom I have sent for to determine this,  
Come here to day.  

**Sal.** My lord, here stays, without,  
A messenger with letters from the Doctor,  
New come from Padua.  

**Duke.** Bring us the letters, call the messenger.  

**Bass.** Good cheer, Antonio; what, man, courage yet:  
The Jew shall have my flesh, blood, bones, and all,  
Ere thou shalt lose for me one drop of blood.
The Merchant of Venice.

Antb. I am a tainted weather of the flock,
Meetest for death: the weakest kind of fruit
Drops earliest to the ground, and so let me.
You cannot better be employ'd, Baffanio,
Than to live still, and write mine epitaph.

Enter Nerissa, dress'd like a Lawyer's Clerk.

Duke. Came you from Padua, from Bellario? (16)
Ner. From both, my lord: Bellario greets your Grace.

Bass. Why dost thou whet thy knife so earnestly?
Shy. To cut the forfeit from that bankrupt there.
Gra. Not on thy sole, but on thy soul, harsh Jew,

(17)
Thou mak'st thy knife keen; for no metal can,
No, not the hangman's ax, bear half the keenness
Of thy sharp envy. Can no prayers pierce thee?
Shy. No, none that thou hast wit enough to make.
Gra. O be thou damn'd, inexorable dog,
And for thy life let justice be accus'd!
Thou almost mak'st me waver in my faith,
To hold opinion with Pythagoras,
That souls of animals insinue themselves
Into the trunks of men. Thycurrish spirit
Govern'd a wolf, who, hang'd for human slaughter,

(16) From both: my Lord Bellario greets your Grace.] Thus the two old Folio's, and Mr. Pope in his Quarto, had inaccurately pointed this Passage, by which a Doctor of Laws was at once rais'd to the Dignity of the Peerage.

(17) Not on thy Sole, but on thy Soul, harsh Jew.] I was oblig'd, from the Authority of the old Folio's, to restore this Conceit, and single upon two Words alike in Sound, but differing in Sense. Cretiano thus rates the Jew; “Thou' thou thinkest, that " thou art whetting thy Knife on the Sole of thy Shoe, yet it " is upon thy Soul, thy immortal Part, that thou dost it, thou " inexorable Man!" There is no room to doubt, but this was our Author's Antithesis; as it is so usual with him to play on Words in this manner: and That from the Mouth of his most serious Characters.

Ev'n
Ev’n from the gallows did his fell soul fleet, 
And, whilst thou lay’st in thy unhallow’d dam, 
Infus’d itself in thee: for thy desires 
Are wolfish, bloody, starv’d, and ravenous.

Shy. ’Till thou canst rail the seal from off my bond, 
Thou but offend’st thy lungs to speak so loud. 
Repair thy wit, good youth, or it will fall 
To cureless ruin. I stand here for law.

Duke. This letter from Bellario doth commend 
A young and learned doctor to our Court. 
Where is he?

Ner. He attendeth here hard by 
To know your answer, whether you’ll admit him.

Duke. With all my heart. Some three or four of you 
Go give him courteous conduct to this place: 
Mean time, the Court shall hear Bellario’s letter.

Your Grace shall understand, that, at the rec- 
ceipt of your letter, I am very sick: but at the in- 
stant that your messenger came, in loving visitation was 
with me a young Doctor of Rome, his Name is Bal- 
thasar: I acquainted him with the cause in controversy 
between the Jew and Anthonio the merchant. We turn’d 
’er many books together: he is furnish’d with my opinion, 
which, bettered with his own learning, (the greatnes’s 
whereof I cannot enough commend,) comes with him at 
my importunity, to fill up your Grace’s request in my stead. 
I beseech you, let his lack of years be no impediment, to 
let him lack a reverend estimation: For I never knew so 
young a body with so old a head. I leave him to your 
gracious acceptance, whose trial shall better publish his 
commendation.

Enter Portia, dress’d like a Doctor of Laws.

Duke. You hear the learn’d Bellario, what he writes, 
And here, I take it, is the Doctor come: 
Give me your hand. Came you from old Bellario?

Por. I did, my lord.

Duke. You’re welcome: take your place.
Are you acquainted with the difference,
That holds this present question in the Court?
Por. I am informed throughly of the case.
Which is the merchant here? and which the Jew?
Duke. Antonio and old Shylock, both stand forth.
Por. Is your name Shylock?
Shy. Shylock is my name.
Por. Of a strange nature is the suit you follow;
Yet in such rule, that the Venetian law
Cannot impugn you, as you do proceed.
You stand within his danger, do you not? [To Anth,
Anth. Ay, so he says.
Por. Do you confess the bond?
Anth. I do.
Por. Then must the Jew be merciful.
Shy. On what compulsion must I? tell me that,
Por. The quality of mercy is not strain'd;
It droppeth, as the gentle rain from heav'n
Upon the place beneath. It is twice bless'd;
It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes.
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest; it becomes
The throned monarch better than his Crown;
His scepter shews the force of temporal pow'r,
The attribute to awe and majesty,
Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of Kings;
But mercy is above this scepter'd sway,
It is enthroned in the hearts of Kings;
It is an attribute to God himself;
And earthly power doth then shew likest God's,
When mercy season's justice. Therefore, Jew,
Tho' justice be thy plea, consider this,
That in the course of justice none of us
Should see salvation. We do pray for mercy;
And that same pray'r doth teach us all to render
The deeds of mercy. I have spoke thus much
To mitigate the justice of thy plea;
Which, if thou follow, this strict Court of Venice
Must needs give sentence 'gainst the merchant there.
Shy. My deeds upon my head! I crave the law,
The penalty and forfeit of my bond.
Por. Is he not able to discharge the mony?
Bass. Yes, here I tender it for him in the Court,
Yea, twice the sum; if that will not suffice,
I will be bound to pay it ten times o'er,
On forfeit of my hands, my head, my heart.
If this will not suffice, it must appear
That malice bears down truth. And I beseech you,
Wrejt once the law to your authority.
To do a great right, do a little wrong;
And curb this cruel devil of his will.
Por. It must not be; there is no pow'rt in Venice,
Can alter a decree established.
'Twill be recorded for a precedent;
And many an error, by the same example,
Will rush into the state. It cannot be.
Shy. A Daniel come to judgment! yea, a Daniel.
O wise young judge, how do I honour thee!
Por. I pray you, let me look upon the bond.
Shy. Here 'tis, most rev'rend Doctor, here it is.
Por. Shylock, there's thrice thy mony offer'd thee.
Shy. An oath, an oath,—I have an oath in heav'n.
Shall I lay perjury upon my soul?
No, not for Venice.
Por. Why, this bond is forfeit;
And lawfully by this the Jew may claim
A pound of flesh, to be by him cut off
Nearest the merchant's heart. Be merciful,
Take thrice thy mony, bid me tear the bond.
Shy. When it is paid according to the tenour.
It doth appear, you are a worthy judge;
You know the law: your exposition
Hath been most sound. I charge you by the law,
Whereof you are a well-deserving pillar,
Preceded to judgment. By my soul I swear,
There is no power in the tongue of man
To alter me. I stay here on my bond.
Anutb. Most heartily I do beseech the Court
To give the judgment.
Por. Why, then thus it is:
You must prepare your bosom for his knife.
Shy. O noble judge! O excellent young man!
Per. For the intent and purpose of the law
Hath full relation to the penalty,
Which here appeareth due upon the bond.
Shy. 'Tis very true. O wise and upright judge,
How much more elder art thou than thy looks!
Per. Therefore lay bare your bosom.
Shy. Ay, his breast;
So says the bond, doth it not, noble judge?
Nearest his heart, those are the very words.
Per. It is so. Are there scales, to weigh the flesh?
Shy. I have them ready.
Per. Have by some surgeon, Shylock, on your charge,
To stop his wounds, lest he should bleed to death.
Shy. Is it so nominated in the bond?
Per. It is not so express'd; but what of that?
'Twere good, you do so much for charity.
Shy. I cannot find it; 'tis not in the bond.
Per. Come, merchant, have you any thing to say?
Auth. But little: I am arm'd, and well prepar'd.
Give me your hand, Baffanio, fare you well!
Grieve not, that I am fall'n to this for you:
For herein fortune shews herself more kind,
Than is her custom. It is still her use,
To let the wretched man out-live his wealth,
To view with hollow eye, and wrinkled brow,
An age of poverty: From which ling'ring penance
Of such a misery doth she cut me off.
Commend me to your honourable wife;
Tell her the process of Anthonio's end;
Say, how I lov'd you; speak me fair in death:
And when the tale is told, bid her be judge,
Whether Baffanio had not once a love.
Repent not you, that you shall lose your friend;
And he repents not, that he pays your debt;
For if the Jew do cut but deep enough,
I'll pay it instantly with all my heart.
Bass. Anthonio, I am married to a wife,
Which is as dear to me as life itself;
But life itself, my wife, and all the world,
Are not with me esteem'd above thy life.
I would lose all; ay, sacrifice them all
Here to this devil, to deliver you.

Por. Your wife would give you little thanks for that,
If she were by to hear you make the offer.

Gra. I have a wife, whom I protest, I love;
I would, she were in heaven, so she could
Intreat some Pow'r to change this currish Jew.

Ner. 'Tis well, you offer it behind her back;
The wish would make else an unquiet house.

Shy. These be the christian husbands. I've a daughter;
Would, any of the stock of Barrabas
Had been her husband, rather than a christian!

We trifle time; I pray thee, pursue sentence.

Por. A pound of that same merchant's flesh is thine,
The Court awards it, and the law doth give it.

Shy. Most righteous judge!
Por. And you must cut this flesh from off his breast;
The law allows it, and the Court awards it.

Shy. Most learned judge! a sentence: come, prepare.
Por. Tarry a little, there is something else.
This bond doth give thee here no jot of blood;
The words expressly are, a pound of flesh.
Then take thy bond, take thou thy pound of flesh;
But, in the cutting it, if thou dost shed
One drop of christian blood; thy lands and goods
Are, by the laws of Venice, confiscate
Unto the state of Venice.

Gra. O upright judge! mark, Jew; O learned judge!
Shy. Is that the law?
Por. Thy self shalt see the Act:
For as thou urgeth justice, be assured,
Thou shalt have justice, more than thou desir'st.

Gra. O learned judge! mark, Jew; a learned judge!
Shy. I take this offer then, pay the bond thrice,
And let the christian go.

Baff. Here is the money.

Por. The Jew shall have all justice; soft! no hate;
He shall have nothing but the penalty.

Gra. O Jew! an upright judge, a learned judge!
Por. Therefore prepare thee to cut off the flesh; 
Shed thou no blood, nor cut thou less, nor more, 
But just a pound of flesh: if thou tak'st more 
Or less than a just pound, be't but so much 
As makes it light or heavy in the substance, 
On the division of the twentieth part 
Of one poor scruple; nay, if the scale turn 
But in the estimation of a hair, 
Thou diest, and all thy goods are confiscate. 

Gra. A second Daniel, a Daniel, Jew!

Now, infidel, I have thee on the hip.

Por. Why dost the Jew pause? take the forfeiture.

Shy. Give me my principal, and let me go.

Bass. I have it ready for thee; here it is.

Por. He hath refus'd it in the open Court;
He shall have meerly justice, and his bond.

Gra. A Daniel, shall say I; a second Daniel!

I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word.

Shy. Shall I not barely have my principal?

Por. Thou shall have nothing but the forfeiture,
To be so taken at thy peril, Jew.

Shy. Why, then the devil give him good of it!
I'll stay no longer question.

Por. Tarry, Jew.

The law hath yet another hold on you: 
It is enacted in the laws of Venice, 
If it be prov'd against an alien, 
'That by direct or indirect attempts 
He seeks the life of any citizen, 
The party, 'gainst which he doth contrive, 
Shall seize on half his goods; the other half 
Comes to the privy Cofer of the State; 
And the offender's life lies in the mercy 
Of the Duke only, 'gainst all other voice: 
In which predicament, I say, thou staid'st. 
For it appears by manifest proceeding, 
That indirectly, and directly too, 
Thou hast contriv'd against the very life 
Of the defendant; and thou hast incur'd 
The danger formerly by me rehearsed.
Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the Duke.

*Gra.* Beg, that thou may'st have leave to hang thyself;

And yet, thy wealth being forfeit to the state,
Thou hast not left the value of a cord;
Therefore, thou must be hang'd at the state's charge.

*Duke.* That thou may'st see the difference of our spirit,

I pardon thee thy life before thou ask it:
For half thy wealth, it is *Anthony*'s;
The other half comes to the general state,
Which humbleness may drive unto a fine.

*Por.* Ay, for the state; not for *Anthony*.

*Shy.* Nay, take my life and all: pardon not that.
You take my house, when you do take the prop
That doth sustain my house: you take my life,
When you do take the means whereby I live.

*Por.* What mercy can you render him, *Anthony*?

*Gra.* A halter gratis; nothing else, for God's sake.

*Anth.* So please my lord the Duke, and all the Court,
To quit the fine for one half of his goods,
I am content; so he will let me have
The other half in use, to render it
Upon his death unto the gentleman,
That lately stole his daughter.
Two things provided more, that for this favour
He presently become a christian;
The other, that he do record a Gift
Here in the Court, of all he dies possess'd,
Unto his son *Lorenzo* and his daughter.

*Duke.* He shall do this, or else I do recant
The pardon that I late pronounced here.

*Por.* Art thou contented, Jov? what dost thou say?

*Shy.* I am content.

*Por.* Clerk, draw a Deed of gift.

*Shy.* I pray you, give me leave to go from hence;
I am not well; send the Deed after me,
And I will sign it.

*Duke.* Get thee gone, but do it.

*Gra.* In christ'ning thou shalt have two godfathers.
Had I been judge, thou should'st have had ten more, (18)
To bring thee to the gallows, not the font.

[Exit Shylock.

_Duke._ Sir, I intreat you home with me to dinner.
_Por._ I humbly do desire your Grace of pardon;
I must away this night to Padua,
And it is meet, I presently set forth.

_Duke._ I'm sorry, that your leisure serves you not.
_Antho._ Gratify this gentleman;
For, in my mind, you are much bound to him.

[Exit Duke and his train.

_Bass._ Most worthy gentleman! I and my friend
Have by your wisdom been this day acquitted
Of grievous penalties; in lieu whereof,
Three thousand ducats, due unto the Jew,
We freely cope your courteous pains withal.

_Anth._ And stand indebted, over and above,
In love and service to you evermore.

_Por._ He is well paid, that is well satisfy'd;
And I, delivering you, am satisfy'd,
And therein do account myself well paid;
My mind was never yet more mercenary.
I pray you, know me, when we meet again;
I wish you well, and so I take my leave.

_Bass._ Dear Sir, of force I must attempt you further.
Take some remembrance of us, for a tribute,
Not as a fee: grant me two things, I pray you,
Not to deny me, and to pardon me.

_Por._ You press me far, and therefore I will yield.
Give me your gloves, I'll wear them for your sake;
And, for your love, I'll take this ring from you.
Do not draw back your hand, I'll take no more;
And you in love shall not deny me this.

_Bass._ This ring, good Sir, alas, it is a trifle;
I will not shame myself to give you this.

_Por._ I will have nothing else but only this,
And now, methinks, I have a mind to it.

(18)—they should have had ten more.] i. e. a Jury of Twelve
Men, to condemn thee to be hang'd.

_Bass._
Bass. There’s more depends on this, than is the value.
The dearest ring in Venice will I give you,
And find it out by proclamation;
Only for this, I pray you, pardon me:
Por. I see, Sir, you are liberal in offers;
You taught me first to beg, and now, methinks,
You teach me how a beggar should be answer’d.
Bass. Good Sir, this ring was giv’n me by my wife.
And, when she put it on, she made me vow,
That I should neither sell, nor give, nor lose it.
Por. That ’scuse serves many men to save their gifts;
And if your wife be not a mad woman,
And know how well I have deserv’d the ring,
She would not hold out enmity for ever,
For giving it to me. Well, peace be with you!

[Exit with Nerissa.]

Antb. My lord Bassanio, let him have the ring.
Let his devierings, and my love withal,
Be valu’d ’gainst your wife’s commandement.
Bass. Go, Gratiano, run and overtake him,
Give him the ring; and bring him, if thou can’t,
Unto Antbonio’s house: away, make haste. [Exit Gra.
Come, you and I will thither presently;
And in the morning early will we both
Fly toward Belmont; come, Antbonio. [Exeunt.

Re-enter Portia and Nerissa.

Por. Enquire the Jew’s house out, give him this Deed,
And let him sign it; we’ll away to night,
And be a day before our husbands home:
This Deed will be well welcome to Lorenzo.

Enter Gratiano.

Gra. Fair Sir, you are well o’erta’en:
My lord Bassanio, upon more advice,
Hath sent you here this ring, and doth intreat
Your company at dinner.
Por. That cannot be.
This ring I do accept most thankfully,
And so, I pray you, tell him; furthermore,

I pray
I pray you, shew my Youth old Shylock's house.  
Gra. That will I do.  
Ner. Sir, I would speak with you.  
I'll see if I can get my husband's ring: [To Por.  
Which I did make him swear to keep for ever.  
Por. Thou may'st, I warrant. We shall have old  
swearing,  
That they did give the rings away to men;  
But we'll out-face them, and out-swear them too:  
Away, make haste, thou know'st where I will tarry.  
Ner. Come, good Sir, will you shew me to this house?  
[Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE, Belmont. A Grove, or green  
Place, before Portia's House.

Enter Lorenzo and Jessica.

LORENZO.

The moon shines bright: In such a night as this,  
When the sweet wind did gently kiss the trees,  
And they did make no noise; in such a night,  
Troilus, methinks, mounted the Trojan wall;  
And sigh'd his soul towards the Grecian tents,  
Where Creseid lay that night.  
Jef. In such a night,  
Did Thibyes fearfully o'er-trip the dew;  
And saw the lion's shadow ere himself;  
And ran dismayed away.  
Lor. In such a night,  
Stood Dido with a willow in her hand  
Upon the wild sea-banks, and way'd her love  
To come again to Carthage.
In such a night, Medea gather'd the enchanted herbs,
That did renew old Æson.

In such a night, Did Jësica steal from the wealthy Jew,
And with an unthrift love did run from Venice,
As far as Belmont.

And in such a night, Did young Lorenzo swear, he lov'd her well;
Stealing her soul with many vows of faith,
And ne'er a true one.

And in such a night, Did pretty Jësica, (like a little shrew)
Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

I would out-night you, did no body come:
But hark, I hear the footing of a man.

Enter Stephano.

Who comes so fast, in silence of the night?
A friend.

What friend? your name, I pray you, friend?
Stephano is my name, and I bring word,
My mistref's will before the break of day
Be here at Belmont: she doth stray about
By holy Crofles, where she kneels, and prays,
For happy wedlock hours.

Who comes with her?
None, but a holy hermit, and her maid.
I pray you, is my master yet return'd?
He is not, nor have we yet heard from him:
But go we in, I pray thee, Jësica,
And ceremoniously let us prepare
Some welcome for the mistref's of the house.

Enter Launcelot.

Sola, sola, wo ha, ho, sola, sola!
Who calls?
Sola! did you see master Lorenzo and mistrefsa Lorenzo? sola, sola!
Leave hollowing, man: here.
Laun. Sola! where? where?
Lor. Here.

Laun. Tell him, there's a post come from my master, with his horn full of good news. My master will be here ere morning.

Lor. Sweet love, let's in, and there expect their coming.

And yet no matter: why should we go in? My friend Stephano, signify, I pray you, Within the house, your mistress is at hand;

[Exit Stephano.

And bring your music forth into the air:
How sweet the moon-light sleeps upon this bank!
Here will we sit, and let the sounds of music
Creep in our ears; soft stillness, and the night
Become the touches of sweet harmony.

Sit, Jessica: look, how the floor of heav'n
Is thick inlay'd with patterns of bright gold;
There's not the smallest orb, which thou behold'st,
But in his motion like an angel sings,
Still quiring to the young-ey'd cherubims;
Such harmony is in immortal sounds! (19)
But whilst this muddy vesture of decay
Doth grossly close us in, we cannot hear it.
Come, ho, and wake Diana with a hymn;
With sweetest touches pierce your mistress' ear,
And draw her home with music.

(19) Such Harmony is in immortal Souls; ] But the Harmony here described is That of the Spheres, so much celebrated by the Ancients. He says, the smalllest Orb sings like an Angel; and then subjoins, Such Harmony is in immortal Souls: But the Harmony of Angels is not here meant, but of the Orbs. Nor are we to think, that here the Poet alludes to the Notion, that each Orb has its Intelligence or Angel to direct it; for then with no Propriety could he lay, the Orb sung like an Angel: he should rather have said, the Angel in the Orb sung. We must therefore correct the Line thus;

Such Harmony is in immortal Sounds:
  i. e. in the Musick of the Spheres. 
Mr. Warburton
The Merchant of Venice. 161

Jes. I'm never merry, when I hear sweet musick.

[Musick.

Lor. The reason is, your spirits are attentive; 
For do but note a wild and wanton herd, 
Or race of youthful and unhandled colts, 
Fetching mad bounds, bellowing and neighing loud, 
(Which is the hot condition of their blood) 
If they perchance but hear a trumpet sound, 
Or any air of musick touch their ears, 
You shall perceive them make a mutual stand; 
Their savage eyes turn'd to a modest gaze, 
By the sweet power of musick. Therefore, the Poet 
Did feign that Orpheus drew trees, stones, and floods; 
Since nought sostockish, hard and full of rage, 
But musick for the time doth change his nature. 
The man that hath no musick in himself, 
Nor is not mov'd with concord of sweet sounds, 
Is fit for treasons, stratagems, and spoils; 
The motions of his spirit are dull as night, 
And his affections dark as Erebus: 
Let no such man be trusted — Mark the musick.

Enter Portia and Nerissa.

Por. That light we see, is burning in my hall: 
How far that little candle throws his beams! 
So shines a good deed in a naughty world.

Ner. When the moon shone, we did not see the 
candle.

Por. So doth the greater glory dim the less; 
A substitute shines brightly as a King, 
Until a King be by; and then his state 
Empties itself, as doth an inland brook 
Into the main of waters. Musick, hark! 

[Musick.

Ner. It is the musick, Madam of your house.

Por. Nothing is good, I see, without respect: 
Methinks, it sounds much sweeter than by day.

Ner. Silence bestows the virtue on it, Madam.

Por. The crow doth sing as sweetly as the lark, 
When neither is attended; and, I think, 
The nightingale, if she should sing by day,

When
When every goose is cackling, would be thought
No better a musician than the wren.
How many things by season season'd are
To their right praise, and true perfection?
Peace! how the moon sleeps with Endymion,
And would not be awaked! [Museck cease.

Lor. That is the voice,
Or I am much deceiv'd, of Portia.

Por. He knows me, as the blind man knows the
cuckow,
By the bad voice.

Lor. Dear lady, welcome home.

Por. We have been praying for our husbands' healths,
Which speed, we hope, the better for our words.
Are they return'd?

Lor. Madam, they are not yet;
But there is come a messenger before,
To signify their coming.

Por. Go, Nerissa,
Give order to my servants, that they take
No note at all of our being absent hence;
Nor you, Lorenzo; Jessica, nor you. [A Tucket sounds.

Lor. Your husband is at hand, I hear his trumpet:
We are no tell-tales, Madam, fear you not.

Por. This night, methinks, is but the day-light sick;
It looks a little paler; 'tis a day,
Such as the day is when the sun is hid.

Enter Bassiano, Antionio, Gratiano, and their followers.

Bass. We should hold day with the Antipodes,
If you would walk in absence of the sun.

Por. Let me give light, but let me not be light;
For a light wife doth make a heavy husband;
And never be Bassanio so from me;
But God for all! you're welcome home, my lord.

Bass. I thank you, Madam: give welcome to my friend;
This is the man, this is Antonio,
To whom I am so infinitely bound.

Por. You should in all sense be much bound to him;
For, as I hear, he was much bound for you.
No more than I am well acquitted of.
Sir, you are very welcome to our house;
It must appear in other ways than words;
Therefore I scant this breathing courtefy.
By yonder moon, I swear, you do me wrong;
In faith, I gave it to the judge's clerk. [To Nerissa.
Would he were gelt that had it, for my part,
Since you do take it, love, so much at heart.
A quarrel, ho, already! what's the matter?
About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring,
That she did give me, whose poeisy was
For all the world like cutler's poetry
Upon a knife; Love me, and leave me not.
What talk you of the poeisy, or the value?
You swore to me, when I did give it you,
That you would wear it till your hour of death,
That it should lie with you in your grave:
Not for me, yet for your vehement oaths,
You should have been respective, and have kept it.
Gave it a Judge's clerk! but well I know,
The clerk will nei'er wear hair on his face, that had it.
He will, an' if he live to be a man.
Ay, if a woman live to be a man.
Now, by this hand, I gave it to a youth,
A kind of boy, a little scrubbed boy,
No higher than thyself, the Judge's clerk;
A prating boy, that begg'd it as a fee:
I could not for my heart deny it him.
You were to blame, I must be plain with you.
To part so slightly with your wife's first gift;
A thing stuck on with oaths upon your finger,
And riveted with faith unto your flesh.
I gave my love a ring, and made him swear
Never to part with it; and here he stands,
I dare be sworn for him, he would not leave it,
Nor pluck it from his finger, for the wealth
That the world matters. Now, in faith, Gratiano,
You give your wife too unkind a cause of grief;
An'twere to me, I should be mad at it.
Why, I were best to cut my left hand off,
And swear, I lost the ring defending it.

Gra. My lord Baffano gave his ring away
Unto the Judge that begg'd it, and, indeed,
Deferv'd it too; and then the boy, his clerk,
That took some pains in writing, He begg'd mine;
And neither man, nor master, would take aught
But the two rings.

Por. What ring gave you, my lord?
Not that, I hope, which you receiv'd of me.

Baff. If I could add a lie unto a fault,
I would deny it; but you see my finger
Hath not the ring upon it, it is gone.

Por. Even so void is your false heart of truth.
By heaven, I will ne'er come in your bed
Until I see the ring.

Ner. Nor I in yours,
'Till I again see mine.

Baff. Sweet Portia,
If you did know to whom I gave the ring,
If you did know for whom I gave the ring,
And would conceive for what I gave the ring,
And how unwillingly I left the ring,
When nought would be accepted but the ring,
You would abate the strength of your displeasure.

Por. If you had known the virtue of the ring,
Or half her worthiness that gave the ring,
Or your own honour to retain the ring,
You would not then have parted with the ring.
What man is there so much unreasonable,
If you had pleas'd to have defended it
With any terms of zeal, wanted the modesty
To urge the thing held as a ceremony?

Nerissa teaches me what to believe;
I'll die for't, but some woman had the ring.

Baff. No, by mine honour, Madam, by my soul,
No woman had it, but a Civil Doctor,
Who did refuse three thousand ducats of me,
And begg'd the ring; the which I did deny him,
And suffer'd him to go displeas'd away;
Ev'n he, that did uphold the very life
Of my dear friend. What should I say, sweet lady?
I was enforc'd to send it after him;
I was beset with shame and courtesy;
My honour would not let ingratitude
So much besmear it. Pardon me, good lady,
And by these blessed candles of the night,
Had you been there, I think, you would have begg'd
The ring of me, to give the worthy Doctor.
Por. Let not that Doctor e'er come near my house,
Since he hath got the jewel that I lov'd,
And that which you did swear to keep for me:
I will become as liberal as you;
I'll not deny him any thing I have,
No, not my body, nor my husband's bed;
Know him I shall, I am well sure of it.
Or: a night from home; watch me, like Argus:
If you do not, if I be left alone,
Now, by mine honour, which is yet my own,
I'll have that Doctor for my bedfellow.
Por. And I his clerk; therefore be well advis'd,
No you do leave me to mine own protection.
Grd. Well, do you so; let me not take him then;
or if I do, I'll mar the young clerk's pen.
And. I am th' unhappy subject of these quarrels.
Por. Sir, grieve not you; you are welcome, notwith-

Bass. Portia, forgive me this enforced wrong.
And in the hearing of these many friends,
Swear to thee, ev'n by thine own fair eyes,
Therein I see myself———

Por. Mark you but that!
Both mine eyes he doubly sees himself;
Each eye, one; swear by your double self,
And there's an oath of credit!
Bass. Nay, but hear me:
Upon this fault, and by my soul I swear,
Never more will break an oath with thee.
And. I once did lend my body for his weal;
Which but for him, that had your husband's ring,

[To Portia.

Had
Had quite miscarry'd. I dare be bound again,
My soul upon the forfeit, that your lord
Will never more break faith advisedly.

Por. Then you shall be his surety; give him this,
And bid him keep it better than the other.

Antb. Here, lord Baffanio, I swear to keep this ring.

Bass. By heav'n, it is the same I gave the Doctor.

Por. I had it of him: pardon me, Baffanio;
For by this ring the Doctor lay with me.

Ner. And pardon me, my gentle Gratiano,
For that same scrubbed boy, the Doctor's clerk,
In lieu of this, last night did lie with me.

Gra. Why, this is like the mending of high-ways
In summer, where the ways are fair enough:
What! are we cuckolds, ere we have deserv'd it?

Por. Speak not so grossly; you are all amaz'd;
Here is a letter, read it at your leisure;
It comes from Padua, from Bellario:
There you shall find, that Portia was the Doctor;
Nerissa there, her clerk. Lorenzo, here,
Shall witness I set forth as soon as you,
And even but now return'd: I have not yet
Enter'd my house. Antonio, you are welcome;
And I have better news in store for you,
Than you expect; unseal this letter soon,
There you shall find, three of your Argosies
Are richly come to Harbour suddenly.
You shall not know by what strange accident
I chanced on this letter.

Antb. I am dumb.

Bass. Were you the Doctor, and I knew you not?

Gra. Were you the clerk, that is to make me cuckold?

Ner. Ay, but the clerk, that never means to do it,
Unless he live until he be a man.

Bass. Sweet Doctor, you shall be my bedfellow;
When I am absent, then lie with my wife.

Antb. Sweet lady, you have giv'n me life and living
For here I read for certain, that my ships
Are safely come to road.

Por. How now, Lorenzo?
My clerk hath some good comforts too for you.

Ner. Ay, and I'll give them him without a fee.

There do I give to you and Jessica,
From the rich Jew, a special Deed of Gift,
After his death, of all he dies possess'd of.

Lor. Fair ladies, you drop Manna in the way
Of starved people.

Por. It is almost morning,
And yet, I'm sure, you are not satisfy'd
Of these events at full. Let us go in,
And charge us there upon interragatories,
And we will answer all things faithfully.

Gru. Let it be so: the first interragatory,
That my Nerissa shall be sworn on, is,
Whether 'till the next night she had rather stay,
Or go to bed now, being two hours to day.
But were the day come, I should wish it dark,
Till I were couching with the Doctor's clerk.
Well, while I live, I'll fear no other thing
So sore, as keeping safe Nerissa's ring.

[Exeunt omnes.]
Love's Labour's Lost.

A

Comedy.

Vol. II.
Dramatis Personæ.

FERDINAND, King of Navarre.

Biron, Longaville, Dumain, three Lords, attending upon the King in his retirement.

Boyet, Macard, Lords, attending upon the Princess of France.

Don Adriano de Armado, a fantastical Spaniard.

Nathaniel, a Curate.

Dull, a Constable.

Holofernes, a Schoolmaster.

Costard, a Clown.

Moth, Page to Don Adriano de Armado.

A Forester.

Princess of France.

Rosaline, Maria, Ladies, attending on the Princess.

Catharine, Jaquenetta, a Country Wench.

Officers, and others, Attendants upon the King and Princess.

SCENE, the King of Navarre's Palace, and the Country near it.
LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST.

ACT I.

SCENE, The Palace.

Enter the King, Biron, Longaville and Dumain.

KING.

ET Fame, that all hunt after in their lives,
Live registred upon our brazen tombs;
And then grace us in the disgrace of death:
When, spight of cormorant devouring time,
Th'endeavour of this present breath may buy
That honour which shall 'bate his scythe's keen edge;
And make us heirs of all eternity.
Therefore, brave Conquerors! for so you are,
That war against your own Affections,
And the huge army of the world's desires;
Our late edict shall strongly stand in force.
Navarre shall be the wonder of the world;
Our Court shall be a little academy,
Still and contemplative in living arts.
You three, Biron, Dumain, and Longaville,
Have sworn for three years' term to live with me,
My fellow Scholars; and to keep those Statutes,

That
That are recorded in this schedule here.
Your oaths are past, and now subscribe your names:
That his own hand may strike his honour down,
That violates the smallest branch herein:
If you are arm'd to do, as sworn to do,
Subscribe to your deep oaths, and keep them too.

Long. I am resolv'd; 'tis but a three years fast:
The mind shall banquet tho' the body pine;
Fat paunches have lean pates; and dainty bits
Make rich the ribs, but bankerout the wits.

Dum. My loving lord, Dumain is mortify'd:
The groser manner of these world's delights
He throws upon the gross world's bafer slaves:
'To love, to wealth, to pomp, I pine and die;
With all these living in philosophy.

Biron. I can but say their protestation over,
So much (dear liege) I have already sworn,
That is, to live and study here three years:
But there are other strict observances;
As, not to see a woman in that term,
Which, I hope well, is not enrolled there.
And one day in a week, to touch no food,
And but one meal on every day beside;
The which, I hope, is not enrolled there.
And then to sleep but three hours in the night,
And not be seen to wink of all the day;
(When I was wont to think no harm all night,
And make a dark night too of half the day;)
Which, I hope well, is not enrolled there.
O, these are barren tasks, too hard to keep;
Not to see ladies, study, fast, not sleep.

King. Your Oath is past'd to pass away from thee.

Biron. Let me say, no, my liege, an' if you please;
I only swore to study with your Grace,
And stay here in your Court for three years' space.

Long. You swore to that, Biron, and to the rest.

Biron. By yea and nay, Sir, then I swore in jest.
What is the end of study? let me know?

King. Why, that to know, which else we should not know.
Love's Labour's lost. 173

Biron. Things hid and barr'd (you mean) from common sense.

King. Ay, that is study's god-like recompence.

Biron. Come on then, I will swear to study so,
To know the thing I am forbid to know;
As thus; to study where I well may dine,
When I to feast expressly am forbid; (1)
Or study where to meet some mistress fair;
When mistresses from common sense are hid:
Or, having sworn too hard-a-keeping oath,
Study to break it, and not break my troth.
If study's gain be this, and this be so,
Study knows that, which yet it doth not know:
Swear me to this, and I will ne'er say, no.

King. These be the stops, that hinder study quite;
And train our intellects to vain delight.

Biron. Why, all delights are vain; but that most vain,
Which, with pain purchas'd, doth inherit pain;
As, painfully to pore upon a book,
To seek the light of truth; while truth the while
Doth falsely blind the eye-light of his look:
Light, seeking light, doth light of light beguile;
So, ere you find where light in darkness lies,
Your light grows dark by losing of your eyes.
Study me how to please the eye indeed,
By fixing it upon a fairer eye;
Who dazling so, that eye shall be his heed,
And give him light, that it was blinded by.
Study is like the Heaven's glorious Sun,
That will not be deep search'd with sawcy looks;

(1) *When I to feast expressly am forbid.* This is the Reading of all the Copies in general; but I would fain ask our accurate Editors, if Biron studied where to get a good Dinner, at a time when he was forbid to fast, how was This studying to know what he was forbid to know? Common Sense, and the whole Tenour of the Context require us to read, either as I have refror'd; or to make a Change in the last Word of the Verse, which will bring us to the same Meaning;

*When I to feast expressly am fore-bid;*

i.e. when I am enjoind beforehand to fast.
Small have continual plodders ever won,  
Save base authority from others’ books.
These earthy godfathers of heaven’s lights,
That give a name to every fixed star,
Have no more profit of their shining nights,
Than those that walk and yet not what they are.
Too much to know, is to know nought but fame;
And every godfather can give a name.

King. How well he's read, to reason against reading!
Dum. Proceeded well, to stop all good proceeding.
Long. He weeds the corn, and still lets grow the weeding.
Biron. The spring is near, when green geese are a breeding.
Dum. How follows that?
Biron. Fit in his place and time.
Dum. In reason nothing.
Biron. Something then in rhyme.
Long. Biron is like an envious sneaping frost,
That bites the first-born infants of the spring.
Biron. Well; say, I am; why should proud summer boast,
Before the birds have any cause to sing?
Why should I joy in an abortive birth? (2)

(2) Why should I joy in an abortive Birth?
At Christmas I no more desire a Rose,
Than with a Snow in May’s new-fangled Shows:
But like of each Thing, that in Season grows.] As the greatest part of this Scene (both what precedes and follows;) is strictly in Rhimes, either successive, alternate, or triple; I am persuaded, the Copyists have made a slip here. For by making a Triplet of the three last Lines quoted, Birth in the Close of the first Line is quite destitute of any Rhyme to it. Besides, what a displeasing Identity of Sound recurs in the Middle and Close of this Verse?

Than with a Snow in May’s new-fangled Shows:

Again; new-fangled Shows seems to have very little Propriety. The Flowers are not new-fangled; but the Earth is new-fangled by the Profusion and Variety of the Flowers, that spring on its Bosom in May, I have therefore ventured to substitute, Earth, in the Close
At Christmas I no more desire a rose,
Than wish a snow in May's new-fangled Earth:
But like of each thing, that in season grows.
So you, to study now it is too late,
Climb o'er the house t'unlock the little gate.

King. Well, fit you out—Go home, Biron: Adieu!
Biron. No, my good lord, I've sworn to stay with you.
And though I have for barbarism spoke more,
Than for that angel knowledge you can say;
Yet confident I'll keep what I have swore,
And 'bide the penance of each three years' day.
Give me the paper, let me read the same;
And to the strictest decrees I'll write my name.

King. How well this yielding rescues thee from shame!
Biron. Item, That no woman shall come within a mile of my Court,
Hath this been proclaimed?
Long. Four days ago.
Biron. Let's see the penalty.

On pain of losing her tongue: ———
Who devis'd this penalty?
Long. Marry, that did I.
Biron. Sweet lord, and why?
Long. To fright them hence with that dread penalty.
Biron. A dangerous law against gentility! (3)

Item,

Close of the 3d Line, which restores the alternate Measure. It was very easy for a negligent Transcriber to be deceived by the Rhime immediately preceding; so mistake the concluding Word in the frequent Line, and corrupt it into one that would chime with the other.

(3) A dangerous Law against Gentility.] I have ventured to prefix the Name of Biron to this Line, it being evident, for two Reasons, that it, by some Accident or other, slip out of the printed Books. In the first place, Longaville confesses, he had devis'd the Penalty: and why he should immediately arraign it as a dangerous Law, seems to be very inconsistent. In the next place, it is much more natural for Biron to make this Reflexion, who is cavilling at every thing; and then for him to pursue his reading over the remaining Articles. —— As to the

Word
Item, [reading] If any man be seen to talk with a woman within the term of three Years, he shall endure such publick shame as the rest of the Court can possibly devise.

This article, my liege, yourself must break;
For, well you know, here comes in embassay
The French King's daughter with yourself to speak,
A maid of grace and compleat majesty,
About Surrender up of Aquitain
To her decrepit, sick, and bed-rid father:
Therefore this article is made in vain,
Or vainly comes th' admired Princess hither.

King. What say you, lords? why, this was quite forgot.

Biron. So study evermore is overshot;
While it doth study to have what it would,
It doth forget to do the thing it should:
And when it hath the thing it hunteth most,
'Tis won, as towns with Fire; so won, so lost.

King. We must of force dispense with this decree,
She must lie here on mere necessity.

Biron. Necessity will make us all forsworn
Three thousand times within this three years' space:
For every man with his affects is born:
Not by might master'd, but by special grace.
If I break faith, this word shall speak for me:
I am forsworn on mere necessity.
So to the laws at large I write my name,
And he, that breaks them in the least degree,
Stands in Attainder of eternal shame.

Suggellions are to others, as to me;
But, I believe, although I seem so loth,
I am the last that will last keep his oath.

Word Gentility, here, it does not signify that Rank of People called, Gentry; but what the French express by, gentileffe; i. e. els gentia urbanitas. And then the Meaning is this. Such a law, for banishing Women from the Court, is dangerous, or injurious, to Polite-ness, Urbanity, and the more refined Pleasures of Life. For Men without Women would turn brutal, and savage, in their Natures and Behaviour.

But
But is there no quick recreation granted?

King. Ay, that there is; our Court, you know, is haunted

With a refined traveller of Spain,
A man in all the world's new fashion planted,
That hath a mint of phrases in his brain:
One, whom the musicke of his own vain tongue
Doth ravish, like enchanting harmony:
A man of compliments, whom right and wrong
Have chose as umpire of their mutiny.
This child of fancy, that Armado hight,
For interim to our Studies, shall relate
In high-born words the worth of many a Knight
From tawny Spain, lost in the world's debate.
How you delight, my lords, I know not, I;
But, I protest, I love to hear him lye;
And I will use him for my minstrelsy.

Biron. Armado is a most illustrious wight,
A man of fire-new words, fashion's own Knight.

Long. Costard the swain, and he, shall be our sport;
And, so to study, three years are but short.

Enter Dull and Costard with a letter.

Dull. Which is the King's own perfon? (4)
Biron. This, fellow; what would't?
Dull. I myselfe reprehend his own perfon, for I am
his Grace's Tharborough: but I would see his own
perfon in flesh and blood.

Biron. This is he.

Dull. Signior Arme,—Arme—commends you.
There's villany abroad; this letter will tell you more.

Cost. Sir, the Contempts thereof are as touching me.

King. A letter from the magnificent Armado.

(4) Dull. Which is the Duke's own Perfon? The King of Na-
warre is in several Passages, thro' all the Copies, called the Duke;
but as this must have sprung rather from the Inadverntence of the
Editors, than a Forgetfulness in the Poet, I have every where, to
avoid Confusion, restored King to the Text.
Love's Labour's Lost.

Biron. How low soever the matter, I hope in God for high words.

Long. A high hope for a low having; God grant us patience! (5)

Biron. To hear, or forbear hearing?

Long. To hear meekly, Sir, to laugh moderately, or to forbear both.

Biron. Well, Sir, be it as the Stile shall give us cause to climb in the merrines.

Cost. The matter is to me, Sir, as concerning Jaquenetta.

The manner of it is, I was taken with the manner.

Biron. In what manner?

Cost. In manner and form, following, Sir; all those three. I was seen with her in the Manor-house, sitting with her upon the Form, and taken following her into the Park; which, put together, is, in manner and form following. Now, Sir, for the manner: it is the manner of a man to speak to a woman; for the form, in some form.

Biron. For the following, Sir?

Cost. As it shall follow in my correction; and God defend the right!

King. Will you hear the letter with attention?

Biron. As we would hear an oracle.

Cost. Such is the simplicity of man to hearken after the flesh.

(5) A high hope for a low heaven;] A low heaven, sure, is a very intricate Matter to conceive. But our accurate Editors seem to observe the Rule of Horace, whenever a moot Point stagger them, dignus vindice nodus; and where they cannot overcome a Difficulty, they bring in Heaven to untie the Knot. As God grant us Patience immediately followed, they thought, Heaven of Consequence must be coupled with it. But, I dare warrant, I have retrieved the Poet's true Reading; and the Meaning is this. "Tho' you hope for "high Words, and should have them, it will be but a low Acquisition at best." This our Poet calls a low Having; and it is a Substantive, which he uses in several other Passages.
King. Great deputy, the welkin’s vice-gerent, and reads. God, and body’s fostering patron—
Cost. Not a word of Costard yet.
King. So it is—
Cost. It may be so; but if he say it is so, he is, in telling true, but so.
King. Peace—
Cost. Be to me, and every man that dares not fight!
King. No words—
Cost. Of other men’s secrets, I beseech you.
King. So it is, Besieged with sable-coloured melancholy, I did commend the black oppressing humour to the most wholesome physic of thy health-giving air; and as I am a gentleman, betook myself to walk: The time, when? about the sixth hour, when beasts most graze, birds best peck, and men set down to that nourishment which is call’d supper: so much for the time, when. Now for the ground, which: which, I mean, I walkt upon; it is ycleped, thy park. Then for the place, where; where, I mean, I did encounter that obscene and most preposterous event, that draweth from my snow-white pen the ebon-colour’d ink, which here thou viewest, beholdest, surveyest, or seest. But to the place, where; It standeth north-north-east and by east from the west corner of thy curious-knotted garden. There did I see that low-spirited swain, that base minnow of thy mirth, (Cost. Me?) that unletter’d small-knowing soul, (Cost. Me?) that shallow va$$al, (Cost. Still me?) which, as I remember, hight Costard; (Cost. O me!) sorted and comforted, contrary to thy established proclaimed edict and continent canon, with, with,—O with,—but with this, I passion to say where-with:
Cost. With a wench.
King. With a child of our grandmother Eve, a female; or for thy more understanding, a woman; him, I (as my ever-esteem’d duty pricks me on) have sent to thee, to receive the meed of punishment, by thy sweet Grace’s Officer, Anthony Dull, a man of good repute, carriage, bearing an estimation.

Dull.
Dull. Me, an't shall please you: I am Anthony Dull.

King. For Jaquesetta, (so is the weaker vessel call'd) which I apprehended with the aforesaid swain, I keep her as a waifal of thy law's fury, and shall at the least of thy sweet notice bring her to trial. Thine in all compliments of devoted and heart-burning heat of duty,

Don Adriano de Armado.

Biron. This is not so well as I look'd for, but the best that ever I heard.

King. Ay; the best for the worst. But, sirrah, what say you to this?

Cost. Sir, I confess the wench.

King. Did you hear the proclamation?

Cost. I do confess much of the hearing it, but little of the marking of it.

King. It was proclaim'd a year's imprisonment to be taken with a wench.

Cost. I was taken with none, Sir, I was taken with a damosel.

King. Well, it was proclaimed damosel.

Cost. This was no damosel neither, Sir, she was a virgin.

King. It is so varied too, for it was proclaim'd virgin.

Cost. If it were, I deny her virginity: I was taken with a maid.

King. This maid will not serve your turn, Sir.

Cost. This maid will serve my turn, Sir.

King. Sir, I will pronounce sentence; you shall fast a week with bran and water.

Cost. I had rather pray a month with mutton and porridge.

King. And Don Armado shall be your keeper. My lord Biron, see him deliver'd o'er.

And go we, lords, to put in practice that,

Which each to other hath so strongly sworn. [Exe.

Biron. I'll lay my head to any good man's hat,

These oaths and laws will prove an idle scorn.

Sirrah, come on.

Cost. I suffer for the truth, Sir: for true it is, I was taken
taken with Jaquenetta, and Jaquenetta is a true girl; and therefore welcome the four cup of prosperity: affliction may one day smile again, and until then, sit thee down, sorrow.

[Exeunt.

SCENE changes to Armado’s House.

Enter Armado, and Moth.

Arm. Boy, what sign is it, when a man of great spirit grows melancholy?

Moth. A great sign, Sir, that he will look sad.

Arm. Why, sadness is one and the self-same thing, dear imp.

Moth. No, no; O Lord, Sir, no.

Arm. How canst thou part sadness and melancholy, my tender Juvenile?

Moth. By a familiar demonstration of the working, my tough Signior.

Arm. Why, tough Signior? why, tough Signior?

Moth. Why, tender Juvenile? why, tender Juvenile?

Arm. I spoke it, tender Juvenile, as a congruent epithet, appertaining to thy young days, which we may nominate tender.

Moth. And I tough Signior, as an appertinent title to your old time, which we may name tough.

Arm. Pretty and apt.

Moth. How mean you, Sir, I pretty, and my saying apt? or I apt, and my saying pretty?

Arm. Thou pretty, because little.

Moth. Little! pretty, because little; wherefore apt?

Arm. And therefore apt, because quick.

Moth. Speak you this in my praise, master?

Arm. In thy condign praise.

Moth. I will praise an eel with the same praise.

Arm. What? that an eel is ingenious.

Moth. That an eel is quick.

Arm. I do say, thou art quick in answers. Thou heat’st my blood. ———

Moth.
Moth. I am answer'd, Sir.
Arm. I love not to be crost.
Moth. He speaks the clean contrary, crosses love not him.
Arm. I have promis'd to study three years with the King.
Moth. You may do it in an hour, Sir.
Arm. Impossible.
Moth. How many is one thrice told?
Arm. I am ill at reckoning, it fits the spirit of a tapster.
Moth. You are a gentleman and a gamester.
Arm. I confess both; they are both the varnish of a compleat man.
Moth. Then, I am sure, you know how much the gross sum of ducce-ace amounts to.
Arm. It doth amount to one more than two.
Moth. Which the base vulgar call, three.
Arm. True.
Moth. Why, Sir, is this such a piece of study? now here's three studied ere you'll thrice wink; and how easy it is to put years to the word three, and study three years in two words, the dancing-horse will tell you.
Arm. A most fine figure.
Moth. To prove you a cypher.
Arm. I will hereupon confess, I am in love; and, as it is base for a soldier to love, so I am in love with a base wench. If drawing my sword against the humour of affection would deliver me from the reprobate thought of it, I would take Desire prisoner; and ransom him to any French courtier for a new devis'd curt'fy. I think it scorn to sigh; methinks, I should out-swear Cupid. Comfort me, boy; what great men have been in love?
Moth. Hercules, master.
Arm. Most sweet Hercules! More authority, dear boy, name more; and, sweet my child, let them be men of good repute and carriage.
Moth. Sampson, master; he was a man of good carriage;
riage; great carriage; for he carried the town-gates on
his back like a porter, and he was in love.

Arm. O well-knit Sampson, strong-jointed Sampson! I
do excel thee in my rapier, as much as thou didst me in
carrying gates. I am in love too. Who was Sampson's
love, my dear Moth?

Moth. A woman, master.

Arm. Of what complexion?

Moth. Of all the four, or the three, or the two, or
one of the four.

Arm. Tell me precisely of what complexion?

Moth. Of the sea-water green, Sir.

Arm. Is that one of the four complexions?

Moth. As I have read, Sir, and the best of them too.

Arm. Green, indeed, is the colour of lovers; but to
have a love of that colour, methinks, Sampson had small
reason for it. He, surely, affected her for her wit.

Moth. It was so, Sir, for she had a green wit.

Arm. My love is most immaculate white and red.

Moth. Most immaculate thoughts, master, are malm'd
under such colours.

Arm. Define, define, well-educated infant.

Moth. My father's wit, and my mother's tongue, af-
sist me!

Arm. Sweet invocation of a child, most pretty and
pathetical!

Moth. If she be made of white and red,
Her faults will ne'er be known;
For blushing cheeks by faults are bred,
And fears by pale-white shewn;
Then if she fear, or be to blame,
By this you shall not know;
For still her cheeks possess the fame,
Which native she doth owe.

A dangerous rhime, master, against the reason of white
and red.

Arm. Is there not a ballad, boy, of the King and the
Beggar?

Moth. The world was guilty of such a ballad some
three
three ages since, but, I think, now 'tis not to be found; or if it were, it would neither serve for the writing, nor the tune.

Arm. I will have that subject newly writ o'er, that I may example my digression by some mighty precedent. Boy, I do love that country girl, that I took in the park with the rational hind Costard; she deserves well——

Moth. To be whipp'd; and yet a better love than my master.

Arm. Sing, boy; my spirit grows heavy in love.

Moth. And that's great marvel, loving a light wench.

Arm. I say, fings.

Moth. Forbear, 'till this company is past.

Enter Costard, Dull, Jaquenetta a Maid.

Dull. Sir, the King's pleasure is, that you keep Costard safe, and you must let him take no delight, nor no penance; but he must fast three days a week. For this damsel, I must keep her at the park, she is allow'd for the day-woman. Fare you well.

Arm. I do betray myself with blushing: maid,—

Jaq. Man,—

Arm. I will visit thee at the lodge.

Jaq. That's here by.

Arm. I know, where it is situate.

Jaq. Lord, how wise you are!

Arm. I will tell thee wonders.

Jaq. With that face?

Arm. I love thee.

Jaq. So I heard you say.

Arm. And so farewell.

Jaq. Fair weather after you!

Dull. Come, Jaquenetta, away. (6)

[Exeunt Dull and Jaquenetta.

Arm.

(6) Maid. Fair Weather after you. Come, Jaquenetta, away.] Thus all the printed Copies: but the Editors have been guilty of much
Arm. Villain, thou shalt fast for thy offence, ere thou be pardoned.

Cost. Well, Sir, I hope, when I do it, I shall do it on a full stomach.

Arm. Thou shalt be heavily punish'd.

Cost. I am more bound to you, than your followers; for they are but lightly rewarded.

Arm. Take away this villain, shut him up.

Moth. Come, you transgressing slave, away.

Cost. Let me not be pent up, Sir; I will fast, being loose.

Moth. No, Sir, that were fast and loose; thou shalt to prison.

Cost. Well, if ever I do see the merry days of desolation that I have seen, some shall see —

Moth. What shall some see?

Cost. Nay, nothing, master Moth, but what they look upon. It is not for prisoners to be silent in their words, and therefore I will say nothing; I thank God, I have as little patience as another man, and therefore I can be quiet.

[Exit Moth and Costard.

Arm. I do affect the very ground (which is base) where her shoe (which is baser) guided by her foot (which is basest) doth tread. I shall be forsworn, which is a great argument of falsehood, if I love. And how can that be true love, which is falsely attempted? love is a familiar; love is a devil; there is no evil angel but love, yet Sampson was so tempted, and he had an excellent strength; yet was Solomon so seduced, and he had a very good wit. Cupid's but-shaft is too hard for Hercules's club, and therefore too much odds for a Spaniard's rapier; the first and second cause will not serve my turn; the Passado he respects not, the Duello he regards much Inadvertence. They make Jaquenetta, and a Maid enter: whereas Jaquenetta is the only Maid intended by the Poet, and who is committed to the Custody of Dull, to be convey'd by him to the Lodge in the Park. This being the Case, it is evident to Demonstration, that — Fair Weather after you — must be spoken by Jaquenetta; and then that Dull says to her, Come, Jaquenetta, away, as I have regulated the Text.
not; his disgrace is to be call'd boy; but his glory is
to subdue men. Adieu, valour! rust, rapier! be still,
drum! for your manager is in love; yea, he loveth.
A lift me, some extemporal God of rhyme, for, I am
sure, I shall turn sonnet. Devise wit, write pen, for I
am for whole volumes in folio. [Exit.

ACT II:

SCENE, before the King of Navarre's Palace.

Enter the Princess of France, Rosaline, Maria, Catha-
rine, Boyet, Lords and other attendants.

BOYET.

Now, Madam, summon up your dearest spirits;
Consider, whom the King your father sends;
To whom he sends, and what's his embassy.
Yourself, held precious in the world's esteem,
To parley with the sole inheritor
Of all perfections that a man may owe,
Matchless Navarre; the plea, of no less weight
Than Aquitain, a dowry for a Queen.
Be now as prodigal of all dear grace,
As nature was in making graces dear,
When she did starve the general world beside,
And prodigally gave them all to you.

Prin. Good lord Boyet, my beauty, though but mean,
Needs not the painted flourish of your praise;
Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye,
Not utter'd by base sale of chapmen's tongues.
I am less proud to hear you tell my worth,
Than you much willing to be counted wife,
In spending thus your wit in praise of mine.
But now, to talk the talker; good Boyet,
You are not ignorant, all-telling fame
Doth noise abroad, Navarre hath made a vow,
'Till painful study shall out-wear three years,
No woman may approach his silent Court;
Therefore to us seems it a needful course,
Before we enter his forbidden gates,
To know his pleasure; and in that behalf,
Bold of your worthiness, we single you
As our best-moving fair solicitor.
Tell him, the daughter of the King of France,
On serious business, craving quick dispatch,
Importunes personal conference with his Grace.
Haste, signify so much, while we attend,
Like humble-visag'd suitors, his high will.

Boyet. Proud of employment, willingly I go.  [Exit

Prin. All pride is willing pride, and yours is so;
Who are the votaries, my loving lords,
That are vow-fellows with this virtuous King?

Lord. Longaville is one.

Prin. Know you the man?

Mar. I knew him, Madam, at a marriage-feast,
Between lord Perigot and the beauteous heir
Of Jaques Faulconbridge solemnized.
In Normandy saw I this Longaville,
A man of sovereign parts he is esteem'd;
Well fitted in the arts, glorious in arms,
Nothing becomes him ill, that he would well.
The only foil of his fair virtue's gloss,
(If virtue's gloss will stain with any soil,)
Is a sharp wit, match'd with too blunt a will;
Whose edge hath power to cut, whose will still wills
It should spare none, that come within his power.

Prin. Some merry-mocking lord, belike; is't so?

Mar. They say so most, that most his humours know.

Prin. Such short-liv'd wits do wither as they grow.
Who are the rest?

Cath. The young Dumain, a well-accomplish'd youth,
Of all that virtue love, for virtue lov'd.
Most power to do most harm, least knowing ill;

For
For he hath wit to make an ill shape good,
And shape to win grace, tho' he had no wit.
I saw him at the Duke Alanson's once,
And much too little of that good I saw,
Is my report to his great worthiness.

Rosa. Another of these students at that time
Was there with him, as I have heard a truth;
Biron they call him; but a merrier man,
Within the limit of becoming mirth,
I never spent an hour's talk withal.
His eye begets occasion for his wit;
For every object, that the one doth catch,
The other turns to a mirth-moving jest;
Which his fair tongue (conceit's expeditor)
Delivers in such apt and gracious words,
That aged ears play truant at his tales;
And younger hearings are quite ravished;
So sweet and voluble is his discourse.

Prin. God bless my ladies, are they all in love,
That every one her own hath garnished
With such bedecking ornaments of praise!

Mar. Here comes Boyet.

Enter Boyet.

Prin. Now, what admittance, Lord?

Boyet. Navarre had notice of your fair approach;
And he and his competitors in oath
Were all address'd to meet you, gentle lady,
Before I came: marry, thus much I've learnt,
He rather means to lodge you in the field,
Like one that comes here to besiege his Court,
Than seek a dispensation for his oath,
To let you enter his unpeopled house.
Here comes Navarre.

Enter the King, Longaville, Dumain, Biron, and Attendants.

King. Fair Princess, welcome to the Court of Na-
varre.

Prin. Fair, I give you back again; and welcome I
have not yet: the roof of this Court is too high to be yours; and welcome to the wide fields, too base to be mine.

King. You shall be welcome, Madam, to my Court.
Prin. I will be welcome then; conduct me thither.
King. Hear me, dear lady, I have sworn an oath.
Prin. Our Lady help my lord! he'll be forsworn.
King. Not for the world, fair Madam, by my will.
Prin. Why, Will shall break its will, and nothing else.

King. Your ladyship is ignorant what it is.
Prin. Were my Lord so, his ignorance were wise,
Where now his knowledge must prove ignorance.
I hear, your Grace hath sworn out house-keeping:
'Tis deadly sin to keep that oath, my Lord;
And sin to break it.
But pardon me, I am too sudden bold:
To teach a teacher ill becometh me.
Woufsafe to read the purpose of my Coming,
And suddenly resolve me in my suit.
King. Madam, I will, if suddenly I may.
Prin. You will the sooner, that I were away;
For you'll prove perjur'd, if you make me stay.
Biron. Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?
Ros. Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?
Biron. I know, you did.
Ros. How needless was it then to ask the question?
Biron. You must not be so quick.
Ros. 'Tis long of you, that spur me with such questions.
Biron. Your wit's too hot, it speeds too fast, 'twill tire.
Ros. Not 'till it leave the rider in the mire.
Biron. What time o'day?
Ros. The hour, that fools should ask.
Biron. Now fair befall your mask!
Ros. Fair fall the face it covers!
Biron. And send you many lovers!
Ros. Amen, so you be none!
Biron. Nay, then will I be gone.

King.
King. Madam, your father here doth intimate
The payment of a hundred thousand crowns;
Being but th' one half of an intire sum,
Distributed by my father in his wars.
But say, that he, or we, as neither have,
Receiv'd that sum; yet there remains unpaid
A hundred thousand more; in surety of the which,
One part of Aquitain is bound to us,
Although not valu'd to the mony's worth:
If then the King your father will restore
But that one half which is unsatisfy'd,
We will give up our right in Aquitain,
And hold fair friendship with his Majesty:
But that, it seems, he little purposeth,
For here he doth demand to have repaid
An hundred thousand crowns; and not demands, (7)
On payment of an hundred thousand crowns,
To have his title live in Aquitain;
Which we much rather had depart withal,
And have the mony by our father lent,
Than Aquitain so gelled as it is.
Dear Princefs, were not his requests so far
From reason's yielding, your fair self should make

(7) And not demands
One payment of an hundred thousand Crowns,
To have his Title live in Aquitaine.]

The old Books concur in this Reading, and Mr. Pepe has embraced it; tho', as I conceive, it is stark Nonsense, and repugnant to the Circumstance suppos'd by our Poet. I have, by reforming the Pointing, and throwing out a single Letter, restor'd, I believe, the genuine Sense of the Passage. Aquitain was pledg'd, it seems, to Navarre's father, for 200000 Crowns. The French King pretends to have paid one Moiety of this Debt, (which Navarre knows nothing of,) but demands this Moiety back again: instead whereof (says Navarre) he should rather pay the remaining Moiety, and demand to have Aquitain redeliver'd up to him. This is plain and easy Reafoning upon the Fact suppos'd; and Navarre declares, he had rather receive the Residue of his Debt, than detain the Province mortgag'd for Security of it.

A yiel
A yielding against some reason in my breast; And go well satisfied to France again.

Prin. You do the King my father too much wrong, And wrong the reputation of your name, In so unseeming to confess receipt. Of that, which hath so faithfully been paid.

King. I do protest, I never heard of it; And if you prove it, I'll repay it back, Or yield up Aquitain.

Prin. We arrest your word:

Boyet, you can produce acquittances For such a sum, from special officers Of Charles his father.

King. Satisfy me so.

Boyet. So please your Grace, the packet is not come, Where that and other specialties are bound: To morrow you shall have a sight of them.

King. It shall suffice me; at which interview, All liberal reason I will yield unto: Mean time, receive such welcome at my hand, As honour without breach of honour may Make tender of, to thy true worthinesse. You may not come, fair Princeps, in my gates; But here, without, you shall be so receiv'd, As you shall deem your self lodg'd in my heart, Tho' so deny'd fair harbour in my house: Your own good thoughts excuse me, and farewell; To morrow we shall visit you again.

Prin. Sweet health and fair desires confort your Grace!

King. Thy own Wifh wish I thee, in every place.

[Exeunt.

Biron. Lady, I will commend you to my own heart.

Ros. I pray you, do my commendations; I would be glad to see it.

Biron. I would, you heard it groan.

Ros. Is the fool sick?

Biron. Sick at the heart.

Ros. Alack, let it blood.

Biron. Would that do it good?
Ros. My phisick says, ay.
Biron. Will you prick't with your eye?
Ros. Non, poyst, with my knife.
Biron. Now God save thy life!
Ros. And yours from long living!
Biron. I cannot stay thanksgiving. [Exit.
Dum. Sir, I pray you a word: what lady is that fame?
Boyet. The heir of Alanson, Rosaline her name.
Dum. A gallant lady; Monsieur, fare you well.

[Exit.
Long. I beseech you, a word: what is she in white?
Boyet. A woman sometimes, if you saw her in the light.
Long. Perchance, light in the light; I desire her name.
Boyet. She hath but one for herself; to desire That, were a shame.
Long. Pray you Sir, whose daughter?
Boyet. Her mother's, I have heard.
Long. God's blessing on your beard!
Boyet. Good Sir, be not offended.
She is an heir of Faulconbridge.
Long. Nay, my choler is ended:
She is a most sweet lady.
Boyet. Not unlike, Sir; that may be. [Exit Long.
Biron. What's her name in the cap?
Boyet. Catharine, by good hap.
Biron. Is she wedded, or no?
Boyet. To her will, Sir, or so.
Biron. You are welcome, Sir: adieu!
Boyet. Farewel to me, Sir, and welcome to you.

[Exit Biron.
Mar. That last is Biron, the merry mad-cap lord;
Not a word with him but a jest.
Boyet. And every jest but a word.
Pin. It was well done of you to take him at his word.
Boyet. I was as willing to grapple, as he was to board.
Mar. Two hot sheeps, marry.

Boyet.
Boyet. And wherefore not ships?
No sheep, (sweet lamb) unless we feed on your lips.
Mar. You sheep, and I pasture; shall that finish the jest?
Boyet. So you grant pasture for me.
Mar. Not so, gentle beast;
My lips are no common, though several they be.
Boyet. Belonging to whom?
Mar. To my fortunes and me.
Prin. Good wits will be jangling; but, gentle,
agree.
This civil war of wits were much better us'd.
On Navarre and his book-men; for here 'tis abus'd.
Boyet. If my observation, (which very seldom eyes)
By the heart's still rhetorick, disclosed with eyes,
Deceive me not now, Navarre is infected.
Prin. With what?
Boyet. With that which we lovers intitle affected.
Prin. Your reason?
Boyet. Why, all his behaviours did make their retire
To the Court of his eye, peeping thorough desire:
His heart, like an agat with your print impressed,
Proud with his form, in his eye pride expressed:
His tongue, all impatient to speak and not see,
Did stumble with haste in his eye-sight to be:
All senses to that sense did make their repair,
To feel only looking on fairest of fair;
Methought, all his senses were lock'd in his eye,
As jewels in crystal for some Prince to buy;
Who tending their own worth, from whence they were
 gladst,
Did point out to buy them, along as you past.
His face's own margent did quote such amazes,
That all eyes saw his eyes enchanted with gazes:
I'll give you Aquitain, and all that is his,
An' you give him for my sake but one loving kiss.
Prin. Come, to our pavilion: Boyet is dispos'd—
Boyet. But to speak that in words, which his eye hath
disclos'd;
Vol. II. I only
I only have made a mouth of his eye,
By adding a tongue which I know will not lye.
   Ref. Thou art an old love-monger, and speakest skilfully.
   Mar. He is Cupid's grandfather, and learns news of him.
   Ref. Then was Venus like her mother, for her father is but grim.
   Boyet. Do you hear, my mad wenches?
   Mar. No.
   Boyet. What then, do you see?
   Ref. Ay, our way to be gone.
   Boyet. You are too hard for me. (8) [Exeunt.

SCENE, the Park; near the Palace.

Enter Armado and Moth.

Arm. W Arble, child; make passionate my sense of hearing.

Moth. Concolinel ——— [Singing.

Arm. Sweet Air! go, tenderness of years; take this key, give enlargement to the swain; bring him felicitously hither: I must employ him in a letter to my love.

Moth. Master, will you win your love with a French brawl?

Arm. How mean'st thou, brawling in French?

(8) Boyet. You are too hard for me.] Here, in all the Books, the 2d Act is made to end: but in my Opinion very mistakenly. I have ventur'd to vary the Regulation of the four last Acts from the printed Copies, for these Reasons. Hitherto, the 2d Act has been of the Extent of 7 Pages; the 3d but of 5; and the 5th of no less than 29. And this Disproportion of Length has crowded too many Incidents into some Acts, and left the others quite barren. I have now reduced them into a much better Equality; and distributed the Business likewise, (such as it is,) into a more uniform Cast.

Moth.
Moth. No, my compleat master (9); but to jig off a tune at the tongue's end, canary to it with your feet, humour it with turning up your eyelids; sigh a note and sing a note; sometimes through the throat, as if you swallow'd love with singing love; sometimes through the nose, as if you snuff up love by smelling love; with your hat penthouse-like, o'er the shop of your eyes; with your arms crost on your thin-belly doublet, like a rabbet on a spit; or your hands in your pocket, like a man after the old painting; and keep not too long in one tune, but a snip and away: these are compliments, these are humours; these betray nice wenches that would be betray'd without these, and make the men of note (10): do you note men, that are most affected to these?

Arm. How hast thou purchas'd this experience?

Moth. By my pen of observation.

Arm. But O, but O ——

Moth. The hobby-horse is forgot. (11)

Arm.

(9) Moth. No, my compleat Master, &c.] This whole Speech has been so terribly confused in the Pointing, through all the Editions hitherto, that not the least glimmering of Sense was to be pick'd out of it. As I have regulated the Passage, I think, Moth delivers both good Sense and good Humour.

(10) — these betray nice Wenches, that would be betray'd without these, and make them Men of Note.] Thus all the Editors, with a Sagacity worthy of Wonder. But who will ever believe, that the odd Attitudes and Affectations of Lovers, by which they betray young Wenches, should have power to make those young Wenches Men of Note? This is a Transformation, which, I dare say, the Poet never thought of. His Meaning is, that they not only inveigle the young Girls, but make the Men taken notice of too, who affect them.

(11) Arm. But O, but O ——

Moth. The Hobby-horse is forgot.] The Humour of this Reply of Moth's to Armado, who isfighing in Love, cannot be taken without a little Explanation: nor why there should be any room for making such a Reply. In the Rites formerly observ'd for the Celebration of May-day, besides those now us'd of hanging
Arm. Call’st thou my love hobby-horse?
Moth. No, master; the hobby-horse is but a colt, and your love, perhaps, a hackney: but have you forgot your love?
Arm. Almost I had.
Moth. Negligent student, learn her by heart.
Arm. By heart, and in heart, boy.
Moth. And out of heart, master: all these three I will prove.
Arm. What wilt thou prove?
Moth. A man, if I live: And this by, in, and out of; upon the instant: by heart you love her, because your heart cannot come by her: in heart you love her, because your heart is in love with her; and out of heart you love her, being out of heart that you cannot enjoy her.
Arm. I am all these three.
Moth. And three times as much more; and yet nothing at all.
Arm. Fetch hither the swain, he must carry me a letter.
Moth. A message well sympathis’d; a horse to be embassador for an ass.
Arm. Ha, ha; what say’st thou?
Moth. Marry, Sir, you must send the ass upon the horse, for he is very slow-gated: but I go.

...ing a Pole with Garlands, and dancing round it, a Boy was dressed up representing Maid Marian; another, like a Friar; and another rode on a Hobby-horse, with Bells jingling, and painted Streamers. After the Reformation took place, and Preciscans multiplied, these latter Rites were look’d upon to favour of Paganism; and then Maid Marian, the Friar, and the poor Hobby-horse were turn’d out of the Games. Some, who were not so wisely precise, but regretted the Difie of the Hobby-horse, no doubt, satiris’d this Suspicion of Idolatry, and archly wrote the Epitaph above alluded to. Now Moth, hearing Armado groan ridiculously, and cry out, But oh! but oh! — humorously pieces out his Exclamation with the Sequel of this Epitaph: which is putting his Master’s Love-Passion, and the Loss of the Hobby-horse, on a Footing.

Arm.
Arm. The way is but short; away.

Moth. As swift as lead, Sir.

Arm. Thy meaning, pretty ingenious?

Is not lead a metal heavy, dull and slow?

Moth. Minimè, honest master; or rather, master, no.

Arm. I say, lead is slow.

Moth. You are too swift, Sir, to say so.

Is that lead flow, Sir, which is fired from a gun?

Arm. Sweet smock of rhetoric!

He reposes me a cannon; and the bullet, that's he:

I shoot thee at the swain.

Moth. Thump then, and I fly. [Exit.

Arm. A most acute juvenile, voluble and free of grace;

By thy favour, sweet welkin, I must sigh in thy face.

Most rude melancholy, valour gives thee place.

My herald is return'd.

Re-enter Moth and Costard,

Moth. A wonder, master, here's a Costard broken in a shin.

Arm. Some enigma, some riddle; come, thy envoi begin.

Cost. No enigma, no riddle, no envoi; no salve in the male, Sir. O Sir, plantan, a plain plantan; no envoi, no envoi, or salve, Sir, but plantan.

Arm. By virtue, thou enforcest laughter; thy silly thought, my spleen; the heaving of my lungs provokes me to ridiculous smiling: O pardon me, my stars! doth the inconsiderate take salve for envoi, and the word envoi for a salve?

Moth. Doth the wise think them other? is not envoi a salve?

Arm. No, page, it is an epilogue or discourse, to make plain

Some obscure precedence that hath tofore been fain.

I will example it. Now will I begin your moral, and do you follow with my envoi.

The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee,

Were still at odds, being but three.
There's the moral, now, the Pen voy.

Moth. I will add the Pen voy; say the moral again.

Arm. The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee,
Were still at odds, being but three.

Moth. Until the goose came out of door,
And stay'd the odds by adding four.

A good Pen voy, ending in the goose; would you desire more?

Cost. The boy hath fold him a bargain; a goose, that's fat;
Sir, your penny-worth is good, an' your goose be fat.
To fell a bargain well is as cunning as faut and loose.
Let me see a fat Pen voy; I, that's a fat goose.

Arm. Come hither, come hither;
How did this argument begin?

Moth. By saying, that a Costard was broken in a shin.
Then call'd you for a Pen voy.

Cost. True, and I for a plantan;
Thus came the argument in;
Then the boy's fat Pen voy, the goose that you bought,
And he ended the market.

Arm. But tell me; how was there a Costard broken in a shin?

Moth. I will tell you sensibly.

Cost. Thou hast no feeling of it, Moth,
I will speak that Pen voy.

Costard running out, that was safely within,
Fell over the threshold, and broke my shin.

Arm. We will talk no more of this matter.

Cost. 'Till there be more matter in the shin.

Arm. Sirrah, Costard, I will infranchise thee.

Cost. O, marry me to one Francis; I smell some Pen voy, some goose in this.

Arm. By my sweet soul, I mean, setting thee at liberty; enfree doming thy person; thou wert immur'd, restrained, captivated, bound.

Cost. True, true, and now you will be my purgation, and let me loose.

Arm. I give thee thy liberty, set thee from durance, and, in lico thereof, impose on thee nothing but this; bear
bear this significant to the country-maid Jaquenetta; there is remuneration; for the best ward of mine honours is rewarding my dependants. Moth, follow.—

Moth. Like the sequel, I. Signior Costard, adieu.

[Exit.

Cost. My sweet ounce of man's flesh, my in-conly Jew! Now will I look to his remuneration. Remuneration! O, that's the Latin word for three farthings: three farthings remuneration: What's the price of this uncle? a penny. No, I'll give you a remuneration: why, it carries it. Remuneration!—why, it is a fairer name than a French crown (12). I will never buy and fell out of this word.

Enter Biron.

Biron. O my good knave Costard, exceedingly well met.

Cost. Pray you, Sir, how much carnation ribbon may a man buy for a remuneration?

Biron. What is a remuneration?

Cost. Marry, Sir, half-penny farthing.

Biron. O why then three farthings worth of silk.

Cost. I thank your worship, God be with you.

Biron. Nay, slave, I must employ thee: As thou wilt win my favour, my good knave, Do one thing for me that I shall intreat.

Cost. When would you have it done, Sir?

Biron. O, this afternoon.

Cost. Well, I will do it, Sir: fare you well.

Biron. O thou knowest not what it is.

Cost. I shall know, Sir, when I have done it.

Biron. Why, villain, thou must know first.

(12) No, I'll give you a Remuneration: Why? It carries its Remuneration. Why? It is a fairer Name than a French Crown.] Thus this Passage has hitherto been writ, and pointed, without any regard to Common Sense, or Meaning. The Reform, that I have made, flight, as it is, makes it both intelligible and humorous.

Cof. I will come to your worship to morrow morning.

Biron. It must be done this afternoon.

Hake, slave, it is but this:
The Princess comes to hunt here in the park:
And in her train there is a gentle lady;
When tongues speak sweetly, then they name her name,
And Rosaline they call her; ask for her,
And to her sweet hand see thou do commend
This seal'd-up counsel. There's thy guerdon; go.

Cof. Guerdon,—O sweet guerdon! better than remuneration, eleven pence farthing better: most sweet guerdon! I will do it, Sir, in print. Guerdon, remuneration.——

Biron. O! and I, forsooth, in love!
I, that have been love's whip;
A very beadle to a humourous sigh:
A critic; nay, a night-watch constable;
A domineering pedant o'er the boy,
Than whom no mortal more magnificent.
This whimpled, whining, purblind, wayward boy,
This Signior Junio's giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid, (13)

Regent

(13) This Signior Junio's giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid.] It was some time ago ingeniously hinted to me, (and I readily came into the Opinion;) that as there was a Contrast of Terms in giant-dwarf, so, probably, there should be in the Word immediately preceding them; and therefore that we should restore,

This Senior-junior, giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid.

. e. this old, young Man. And there is, indeed, afterwards in this Play, a Description of Cupid, which suits very aptly with such an Emendation.

That was the way to make his Godhead wax,
For he hath been five thousand years a Boy.

The Conjecture is exquisitely well imagined, and ought by all means to be embrac'd, unless there is reason to think, that, in the former Reading, there is an Allusion to some Tale, or Character in an old Play. I have not, on this Account, ventured to disturb the Text, because there seems to me some reason to suspect, that our Author is here
Regent of love-rhimes, lord of folded arms,
Th' anointed Sovereign of sighs and groans:
Leige of all loyterers and malecontents:
Dread Prince of plackets, King of codpieces:
Sole Imperator, and great General
Of trotting parators: (O my little heart!)
And I to be a corporal of his File, (14)
And wear his colours! like a tumbler, stoop!
What? I love! I sue! I seek a wise!
A Woman, that is like a German clock,
Still a repairing; ever out of frame,
And never going aright, being a watch,
But being watch'd, that it may still go right!
Nay, to be perjur'd, which is worst of all:
And, among three, to love the worst of all;
A whitely wanton with a velvet brow,
With two pitch balls stuck in her face for eyes;
Ay, and by heav'n, one that will do the deed,
Tho' Argus were her eunuch and her guard;

here alluding to Beaumont and Fletcher's Bonduc. In that Tragedy there
is the Character of one Junius, a Roman Captain, who falls in Love to
Distraction with one of Bonduc's Daughters; and becomes an arrant
whining Slave to this Passion. He is afterwards cur'd of his Infir-
mity, and is as absolute a Tyrant against the Sex. Now, with re-
gard to these two Extremes, Cupid might very properly be stile.
Junius's giant-dwarf: a Giant in his Eye, while the Dotage was upon
him; but shrank into a Dwarf, so soon as he had got the better
of it.

(14) And I to be a Corporal of his Field,
And wear his Colours like a Tumbler's hoop!

A Corporal of a Field is quite a new Term: neither did the Tumbler's
ever adorn their Hoops with Ribbands, that I can learn: for Those
were not carried in Parade about with them, as the Fencer carries his
Sword: Nor, if they were, is the Similitude at all pertinent to the
Case in hand. But to stoop like a Tumbler agrees not only with that
Profession, and the servile Condescension of a Lover, but with what
follows in the Context. What milled the wise Transcribers at first,
seems This: When once the Tumbler appeared, they thought, his
Hoop must not be far behind.

Mr. W. W.
And I to sigh for her! to watch for her!
To pray for her! go to:———It is a plague,
That Cupid will impose for my neglect
Of his almighty, dreadful, little, Might.
Well, I will love, write, sigh, pray, sue and groan:
Some men, must love my lady, and some Joan. [Exit.

ACT III.

SCENE, a Pavilion in the Park near the Palace.

Enter the Princess, Rosaline, Maria, Catharine,
Lords, Attendants, and a Forester.

PRINCESS.

Was that the King, that spurr’d his horse so hard
Against the steep uprising of the hill?

Boyet. I know not; but, I think, it was not he.

Prin. Who e’er he was, he shew’d a mounting mind.
Well, lords, to day we shall have our dispatch;
On Saturday we will return to France.
Then Forester, my friend, where is the bush,
That we must stand and play the murderer in?

For. Here by, upon the edge of yonder coppice;
A stand, where you may make the fairest shoot.

Prin. I thank my beauty, I am fair, that shoot:
And thereupon thou speakest the fairest shoot.

For. Pardon me, madam: for I meant not so.

Prin. What, what? first praise me, then again say no?

O short-liv’d pride! not fair? alack, for wo!

For. Yes, madam, fair.

Prin. Nay, never paint me now;
Where fair is not, praise cannot mend the brow.

Here,
Here, good my glas, take this for telling true;
Fair payment for foul words is more than due.

For. Nothing but fair is that, which you inherit.

Prin. See, fee, my beauty will be saved by merit.

O heresy in fair, fit for these days!
A giving hand, though foul, shall have fair praise.
But come, the bow; now mercy goes to kill,
And shooting well is then accounted ill.
Thus will I save my credit in the shoot,
Not wounding, Pity would not let me do't:
If wounding, then it was to shew my Skill;
That more for praise, than purpose, meant to kill.
And, out of question, so it is sometimes;
Glory grows guilty of detested crimes;
When for fame's sake, for praise, an outward part,
We bend to that the working of the heart.
As I for praise alone now seek to spill
The poor deer's blood, that my heart means no ill.

Boyet. Do not curst wives hold that self-sovereignty
Only for praise-fake, when they strive to be
Lords o'er their lords?

Prin. Only for praise; and praise we may afford
To any lady, that subdues her lord.

Enter Costard.

Boyet. Here comes a member of the common
wealth.

Cost. God dig-you-den all; pray you, which is the
head lady?

Prin. Thou shalt know her, fellow, by the rest
that have no heads.

Cost. Which is the greatest lady, the higheft?

Prin. The thickest and the tallest.

Cost. The thickest and the tallest? It is so, truth is
truth.

An' your waste, mistress, were as slender as my wit,
One o' these maids girdles for your waste should be fit.
Are not you the chief woman? You are the thickest
here.

Prin. What's your will, Sir? What's your will?

Cost.
Cof. I have a letter from Monsieur Biron, to one lady Rosaline.

Prin. O thy letter, thy letter: he's a good friend of mine.

Stand aside, good bearer.—Boyet, you can carve; (15) Break up this capon.

Boyet. I am bound to serve. This letter is mifook, it importeth none here; It is writ to Jaquenetta.

Prin. We will read it, I swear. Break the neck of the wax, and every one give ear.

Boyet reads.

By heaven, that thou art fair, is most infallible; true, that thou art beauteous; truth itself, that thou art lovely; more fairer than fair, beautiful than beauteous, truer than truth itself; have commiseration on thy heroiical vasal. The magnanimous and most illustre King Cophetua set eye upon the pernicious and indubitate beggar Zenelophon; and he it was that might rightly say, veni, vidi, vici; which to anatomize in the vulgar, (O base and obscure vulgar!) videlicet, he came, faw, and overcame; he came, one; faw, two; overcame, three. Who came? the King. Why did he come? to see. Why did he see? to overcome. To whom came he? to the beggar. What faw he? the beggar. Who overcame he? the beggar. The conclusion is victory; on whose side? the King's; the captive is imrich'd: on whose side? the beggar's. The catastrophe is a nuptial: on whose side? the

(15) Boyet, you can carve:

Break up this Capon.] i. e. open this Letter.

Our Poet ues this Metaphor, as the French do their Poulet; which signifies both a young Fowl, and a Love-letter. Poulet, amatoriae Literae. says Richelieu: and quotes from Voiture, Repondre au plus obligant Poulet du Monde; To reply to the most obliging Letter in the World. The Italians use the same manner of Expression, when they call a Love-Epistle, una Politetta amoresta. I owed the Hint of this equivocal use of the Word to my ingenious Friend Mr. Bishop.
King's? no, on both in one, or one in both: I am the King, (for so stands the comparison) thou the beggar, for so witnesseth thy lowliness. Shall I command thy love? I may. Shall I enforce thy love? I could. Shall I entreat thy love? I will. What shalt thou exchange for rags? robes; for tittles? titles: for thy self? me. Thus expecting thy reply, I propahne my lips on thy foot, my eyes on thy picture, and my heart on thy every part.

*Thine in the dearest design of industry,*

Don Adriano de Armado.

Thus dost thou hear the *Nemean* lion roar:

"Gainst thee, thou lamb, that standest as his prey;
Submissive fall his princely feet before,
And he from forage will incline to play.
But if thou strive (poor soul) what art thou then?
Food for his rage, repasture for his den.

*Prin.* What plume of feathers is he, that indited this letter?

What vane? what weathercock? did you ever hear better?

*Boyet.* I am much deceived, but I remember the stile.

*Prin.* Else your memory is bad, going o'er it ere while.

*Boyet.* This *Armado* is a *Spaniard* that keeps here in Court,

A phantasm, a monarcho, and one that makes sport
To the Prince, and his book-mates.

*Prin.* Thou, fellow, a word:

Who gave thee this letter?

*Cook.* I told you; my lord.

*Prin.* To whom shouldst thou give it?

*Cook.* From my lord to my lady.

*Prin.* From which lord to which lady?

*Cook.* From my lord *Berowen*, a good master of mine,
To a lady of *France*, that he call'd *Rosaline*.

*Prin.* Thou hast mistaken his letter. Come, lords, away.
Here, sweet, put up this; 'twill be thine another day. 

[Exit Princess attended.]

**Boyet.** Who is the shooter? who is the shooter?  
**Ros.** Shall I teach you to know?  
**Boyet.** Ay, my continent of beauty.  
**Ros.** Why, she that bears the bow. Finely put off.  
**Boyet.** My lady goes to kill horns: but if thou marry, Hang me by the neck, if horns that year miscarry.  
Finely put on.——

**Ros.** Well then, I am the shooter.  
**Boyet.** And who is your Deer?  
**Ros.** If we chuse by horns, yourself; come not near. Finely put on, indeed.——

**Mar.** You still wrangle with her, **Boyet,** and she strikes at the brow.  
**Boyet.** But she herself is hit lower. Have I hit her now?  
**Ros.** Shall I come upon thee with an old saying, that was a man when King **Pippin of France** was a little boy, as touching the hit it?  
**Boyet.** So I may answer thee with one as old, that was a woman when Queen **Guinover of Britain** was a little wench, as touching the hit it.  
**Ros.** Thou canst not hit it, hit it, hit it. [Singing. Thou canst not hit it, my good man.  
**Boyet.** An' I cannot, cannot, cannot;  
An' I cannot, another can. [Exit Ros.  
**Cost.** By my troth, most pleasant; how both did fit it.  
**Mar.** A mark marvellous well shot; for they both did hit it.  
**Boyet.** A mark? O, mark but that mark! a mark, says my lady;  
Let the mark have a prick in't; to meet at, if it may be.  
**Mar.** Wide o' th' bow-hand; 'tfaith, your hand is out.  
**Cost.** Indeed, a'must shoot nearer, or he'll ne'er hit the clout.  
**Boyet.** An' if my hand be out, then, belike, your hand is in.
Cost. Then will she get the upshot by cleaving the pin.

Mar. Come, come, you talk grasibly; your lips grow foul.

Cost. She's too hard for you at pricks, Sir, challenge her to bowl.

Boyet. I fear too much rubbing; good night my good owl. [Exeunt all but Costard.

Cost. By my soul, a swain; a most simple clown!
Lord, Lord! how the ladies and I have put him down!
O' my troth, most sweet jests, most in-cony vulgar wit,
When it comes so smoothly off, so obscenely; as it were, so fit.

Armado o' th' one side,—O, a most dainty man;
To see him walk before a lady, and to bear her fan.
To see him kiss his hand, and how most sweetly he will swear:
And his Page o' t'other side, that handful of wit;
Ah, heav'n! it is a most pathetic Nit.

[Exit Costard.

[Shouting within.

Enter Dull, Holofernes, and Sir Nathaniel.

Natb. Very reverend sport, truly; and done in the testimony of a good Conscience.

Hol. The deer was (as you know) sanguis, in blood; ripe as a pomwater, who now hangeth like a jewel in the ear of Caelo, the sky, the welkin, the heav'n; and anon falleth like a crab on the face of Terra, the soil, the land, the earth.

Natb. Truly, master Holofernes, the epithets are sweetly varied, like a scholar at the leaf: but, Sir, I assure ye, it was a buck of the first head.

Hol. Sir Nathaniel, haud credo.

Dull. 'Twas not a haud credo, 'twas a pricket.

Hol. Most barbarous intimation; yet a kind of insinuation, as it were in via, in way of explication; facere, as it were, replication; or rather, oftentare, to show, as it were his inclination; after his undressed, unpolished, uneducated, unpruned, untrained, or rather
unlettered, or ratherest unconfirmed fashion, to insert again my hand credo for a deer.

_Dull._ I said, the deer was not a hand credo; 'twas a pricket.

_Hol._ Twice sod simplicity, bis coelix; O thou monster ignorance, how deformed dost thou look?

_Nath._ Sir, he hath never fed on the dainties that are bred in a book. He hath not eat paper, as it were; he hath not drunk ink. His intellect is not replenished. He is only an animal, only sensible in the duller parts; (16) and such barren plants are set before us, that we thankful should be for those parts, (which we taste and feel, ingradae) that do fructify in us, more than He.

For as it would ill become me to be vain, indiscreeet, or a fool;

So were there a patch set on learning, to see him in a school.

But omne bene, say I; being of an old father's mind,
Many can brook the weather, that love not the wind.

_Dull._ You two are book-men; can you tell by your wit,

What was a month old at Cain's birth, that's not five weeks old as yet?

_Hol._ Dicynna, good-man Dull; Dyginna, good-man Dull.

(16) And such barren Plants are set before us, that we thankful should be; which we taste, and feeling are for those Parts that do fructify in us more than be.] If this be not a stubborn Piece of Nonsense, I'll never venture to judge of common Sense. That Editors should take such Passages upon Content, is, surely, surprizing. The Words, 'tis plain, have been ridiculously, and stupidly, transposed and corrupted. The Emendation I have offer'd, I hope, restores the Author: At least, I am sure, it gives him Sense and Grammar: and answers extremely well to his Metaphors taken from planting — _Ingradae_, with the Italians, signifies, to rise higher and higher; andare di grado in grado, to make a Progression; and so at length come to fructify, as the Poet expresses it.

Mr. Warburton.

_Dull._
Dull. What is Dietyssna?
Nath. A title to Phœbe, to Luna, to the Moon.
Hol. The moon was a month old, when Adam was no more:
And 'tought not to five weeks, when he came to five-
score.
Th' allusion holds in the exchange.
Dull. 'Tis true, indeed; the collusion holds in the exchange.
Hol. God comfort thy capacity! I say, the allusion holds in the exchange.
Dull. And I say, the pollution holds in the exchange; for the moon is never but a month old; and I say be-
side, that 'twas a pricket that the Princess kill'd.
Hol. Sir Nathaniel, will you hear an extemporal epitaph on the death of the deer? and to humour the ignorant, I have call'd the deer the Princess kill'd, a pricket.
Nath. Perge, good master Holofernes, perge; so it shall please you to abrogate scurrility.
Hol. I will something affect the letter; for it argues facility.

The praiseful Princess pier'd and prickt
A pretty pleasing pricket;
Some say, a fore; but not a fore,
'Till now made fore with shooting.
The dogs did yell; put L to fore,
Then forel jump from thicket;
Or pricket fore, or else forel,
The people fell a booting.
If fore be fore, then L to fore
Makes fifty fores, O forel!
Of one fore I an hundred make,
By adding but one more L.

Nath. A rare talent!
Dull. If a talent be a claw, look how he claws him with a talent.
Hol. This is a gift that I have, simple, simple; a foolish extravagant spirit, full of forms, figures, shapes, objects,
objects, ideas, apprehensions, motions, revolutions. These are begot in the ventricle of memory, nourish'd in the womb of pia mater, and deliver'd upon the mellowing of occasion; but the gift is good in those in whom it is acute, and I am thankful for it.

Nath. Sir, I praise the Lord for you, and so may my parishioners; for their sons are well tutor'd by you, and their daughters profit very greatly under you; you are a good member of the common-wealth.

Hol. Mebercle, if their sons be ingenuous, they shall want no instruction: if their daughters be capable, I will put it to them. But vir sapiet, qui pauca loquitur; a foul feminine saluteth us.

Enter Jaquenetta, and Costard.

Jaq. God give you good morrow, master Parson.
Hol. Master Parson, quæsi Person. And if one should be piercé'd, which is the one?
Cost. Marry, master school-master, he that is likest to a hog's head.
Hol. Of piercing a hog's head, a good Lustre of conceit in a turf of earth, fire enough for a flint, pearl enough for a swine: 'Tis pretty, it is well.
Jaq. Good master Parson, be so good as read me this letter; it was given me by Costard, and sent me from Don Armado; I beseech you, read it.
Hol. Fauste, precor, gelida (17) quando pecus omne sub umbrâ.
Ruminat, and so forth. Ah, good old Mantuan, I may

(17) Nath. Fauste, precor, gelida] Though all the Editions concur to give this Speech to Sir Nathaniel, yet, as Dr. Thiriby ingeniously observ'd to me, it is evident, it must belong to Holofernes. The Curate is employ'd in reading the Letter to himself; and while he is doing so, that the Stage may not stand still, Holofernes either pulls out a Book; or, repeating some Verses by heart from Mantuanus, comments upon the Character of that Poet. Baptista Spagnolus, (firmaed Mantuanus, from the Place of his Birth;) was a voluminous Writer of Poems, who flourish'd towards the latter End of the 15th Century.
Love's Labour's Lost

Speak of thee as the traveller doth of Venice; Vignia, Vignia! qui non te vedi, ei non te pregia (18). Old Mantuan, old Mantuan! who understandest thee not, loves thee not: — ut re sol la mi fa. Under pardon, Sir, what are the contents? or rather, as Horace says in his: What! my soul! verses? (19)

Nath. Ay, Sir, and very learned.

Hol. Let me hear a stanza, a stanza, a verse; Lege, Domine.

Nath. If love make me forsworn, how shall I swear to love?

Ah, never faith could hold, if not to beauty vow'd; Though to myself forsworn, to thee I'll faithful prove; Those thoughts to me were oaks, to thee like offer bow'd.

Study his bias leaves, and makes his book thine eyes; Where all those pleasures live, that art would comprehend:

If knowledge be the mark, to know thee shall suffice; Well learned is that tongue, that well can thee commend.

All ignorant that Soul, that fees thee without wonder:

Which is to me some praise, that I thy parts admire:

Thy eye Jove's lightning bears, thy voice his dreadful thunder;

Which, not to anger bent, is musick, and sweet fire.

(18) Venechi, venache a, qui non te vide, i non te piaeeb.] Thus Mr. Rowe, and Mr. Pope, from the old blundering Editions. But that these Gentlemen, Poets, Scholars, and Linguists, could not afford to restore this little Scrap of true Italian, is to me unaccountable. Our Author is applying the Praifes of Mantuanus to a common proverbial Sentence, said of Venice. Vignia, Vignia! qui non te vedi, ei non te pregia. O Venice, Venice, he, who has never seen thee, has thee not in Esteem.

(19) What! my Soul! Verses? ] As our Poet has mention'd Horace, I presume, he is here alluding to this Passage in his I. Serv. 9. Quid agis, dulcissime rerum?
Celestial as thou art, Oh pardon, love, this wrong,
That sings heav'n's praise with such an earthly
tongue.

_Hol._ You find not the Apostrophes, and so missee the ac-
cent. Let me superintend the canzonet (20). Here are
only numbers ratifi'd (21); but for the elegancy, facili-
ty, and golden cadence of poesy, _carent_: Óvidius _Nafo_
was the man. And why, indeed, _Nafo_; but for finet-

(20) Let me superintend the Cangenet.] If the Editors have met
with any such Word, it is more than I have done, or, I believe,
ever shall do. Our Author wrote _Canzonet_, from the Italian Word
_Canzonette_, a little Song.

(21) Nath. Here are only Numbers ratified; ] Tho' this Speech
has been all along plac'd to Sir Nathaniel, I have ventur'd to join
it to the preceding Words of _Holofernes_; and not without Reason.
The Speaker here is impeaching the Verses; but Sir Nathaniel,
as it appears above, thought them learned ones: besides, as Dr.
_Thirlby_ observes, almost every Word of this Speech fathers itself on
the Pedant. So much for the Regulation of it: now, a little, to
the Contents.

And why indeed _Nafo_, but for smelling out the odoriferous Flowers of
Fancy? the Jerks of Invention imitary is nothing.

Sagacity with a Vengeance! I should be ashamed to own my-
self a Piece of a Scholar, to pretend to the Task of an Editor,
and to pass such Stuff as this upon the World for genuine. Who
ever heard of Invention imitary? Invention and Imitation have ever
been accounted two distinct Things. The Speech is by a Pedant,
who frequently throws in a Word of Latin amongst his _English_; and
he here flourishes upon the Merit of Invention, beyond That
of Imitation, or copying after another. My Correction makes the
whole so plain and intelligible, that, I think, it carries Conviction
along with it. Again:

So doth the Hound his Master, the Ape his Keeper, the tired Horse
his Rider.

The Pedant here, to run down Imitation, shews that it is a Qual-
ity within the Capacity of Beasts: that the Dog and the Ape
are taught to copy Tricks by their Master and Keeper; and so
is the _tir'd_ Horse by his Rider. This last is a wonderful In-
stance; but it happens not to be true. Mr. _Warburton_ ingeniously
faw, that the Author must have wrote — the tried Horse
his Rider.

_i.e._ One, _exercis'd_, and broke to the _Manage_: for he obeys every
Sign, and Motion of the Rein, or of his Rider.
ling out the odoriferous flowers of fancy? the jerks of invention? *imitari*, is nothing: so doth the hound his master, the ape his keeper, the try'd horse his rider: But *Damofella Virgin*, was this directly to you?

*Jaq.* Ay, Sir, from one Monsieur *Biron*, to one of the strange Queen's Ladies.

*Hol.* I will overglance the superscript. To the snow-white hand of the most beauteous lady Rosaline. I will look again on the intellect of the letter, for the nomination of the party writing to the person written unto.

*Your Ladyship's in all desir'd employment, Biron.*

This *Biron* is one of the votaries with the King; and here he hath fram'd a letter to a frequent of the stranger Queen's, which accidentally, or by the way of progression, hath miscarry'd. Trip and go, my sweet; deliver this paper into the hand of the King; it may concern much; stay not thy compliment; I forgive thy duty: adieu.

*Jaq.* Good *Costard*, go with me. Sir, God save your life.

*Cost.* Have with thee, my girl.

[Exeunt *Costard* and *Jaquenetta*.

*Nath.* Sir, you have done this in the fear of God, very religiously: and as a certain father faith —

*Hol.* Sir, tell not me of the father, I do fear colourable colours. But, to return to the verses; did they please you, Sir *Nathaniel*?

*Nath.* Marvellous well for the pen.

*Hol.* I do dine to day at the father's of a certain pupil of mine; where if (being repaid) it shall please you to gratify the table with a grace, I will, on my privilege I have with the parents of the aforesaid child or pupil, undertake your *ben venuto*; where will I prove those verses to be very unlearned, neither favouring of poetry, wit, nor invention. I beseech your society.

*Nath.* And thank you too: for society (faith the text) is the happiness of life.

*Hol.*
Hol. And, certes, the text most infallibly concludes it. Sir, I do invite you too; [To Dull.] you shall not say me, nay: *Pauca verba.* Away, the gentle are at their game, and we will to our recreation.

[Exeunt.

Enter Biron, with a paper in his hand, alone.

Biron. The King is hunting the deer, I am coursing myself. They have pitch't a toil, I am toiling in a pitch; pitch, that desiles; desile! a foul word: well, let thee down, sorrow; for so they say the fool said, and so say I, and I the fool. Well-prov'd wit. By the Lord, this love is as mad as *Ajax,* it kills sheep, it kills me, I a sheep. Well prov'd again on my side. I will not love; if I do, hang me; *i*faith, I will not. O, but her eye: by this light, but for her eye, I would not love; yes, for her two eyes. Well, I do nothing in the world but lye, and lye in my throat. By heaven, I do love; and it hath taught me to rhyme, and to be melancholy; and here is part of my rhyme, and here my melancholy. Well, she hath one o' my sonnets already; the clown bore it; the fool sent it, and the lady hath it: *sweet clown, sweeter fool, sweetest lady!* by the world, I would not care a pin if the other three were in. Here comes one with a paper; God give him grace to groan!

[He stands aside.

King. Ay me!

Biron. Shot, by heav'n! proceed, *sweet Cupid,* thou hast thump't him with thy bird-bolt under the left pap: in faith, secrets.

King. [reads.] So sweet a kiss the golden sun gives not
To those fresh morning drops upon the rose,
As thy eye-beams, when their fresh rays have smote
The night of dew, that on my cheeks down flows;
Nor shines the silver moon one half so bright,
Through the transparent bosom of the deep,
As doth thy face through tears of mine give light;
Thou shin'st in every tear that I do weep;

No
No drop, but as a coach doth carry thee,
So ridest thou triumphing in my woe.
Do but behold the tears that swell in me,
And they thy glory through my grief will shew;
But do not love thyself, then thou wilt keep
My tears for glasses, and still make me weep.
O Queen of Queens, how far dost thou excel!
No thought can think, no tongue of mortal tell.—

How shall she know my griefs? I'll drop the paper;
Sweet leavcs, shade folly. Who is he comes here?
[The King steps aside.

Enter Longaville.

What! Longaville! and reading! listen, ear.
Biron. Now in thy likenesses one more fool appears.
Long. Ay me! I am forsworn.
Biron. Why, he comes in like a Perjure, wearing papers.
King. In love, I hope; sweet fellowship in shame.
Biron. One drunkard loves another of the name.
Long. Am I the first, that have been perjur'd so?
Biron. I could put thee in comfort: not by two that I know;
Thou mak'st the triumvir, the three-corner-cap of society,
The shape of love's Tyburn, that hangs up simplicity.
Long. I fear, these stubborn lines lack power to move:
O sweet Maria, Empress of my love,
These numbers will I tear, and write in prose.
Biron. O, rhimes are guards on wanton Cupid's hose:
Disfigure not his flop. (22)

Long,

(22) Ob, Rhimes are Guards on wanton Cupid's Hose;
Disfigure not his Shop.] All the Editions happen to concur in this Error; but what Agreement in Sense is there betwixt Cupid's Hose and his Shop? Or, what Relation can those two Terms have to one another? Or, what, indeed, can be understood by Cupid's
Long. The name shall go. [He reads the sonnet.
Did not the heavenly rhetoric of thine eye
[Gainst whom the world cannot hold argument] Persewade my heart to this false perjury,
Vows, for thee broke, deserve not punishment:
A woman I forswore; but I will prove,
Thou being a goddess, I forswore not thee.
My vow was earthy, thou a heavenly love:
Thy grace, being gain'd, cures all disgrace in me.
Vows are but breath, and breath a vapour is;
Then thou fair sun, which on my earth dost shine,
Exhalt this vapour-vow; in thee it is;
If broken then, it is no fault of mine;
If by me broke, what fool is not so wise
To lose an oath to win a Paradise?

Biron. This is the liver-vein, which makes flesh a deity;
A green goole a goddess: pure, pure idolatry.
God amend us, God amend us, we are much out o' th'way.

Enter Dumain.

Long. By whom shall I send this? — company?
Stay.

Biron. All hid, all hid, an old infant play;
Like a demy-god, here sit I in the sky,
And wreched fools' secrets headfully o'er-eye:
More facks to the mill! O heav'ns, I have my wish;
Dumain transform'd? four woodcocks in a dish?
Dum. O most divine Kate!
Biron. O most prophane coxcomb!

Cupid's Shop? It must undoubtedly be corrected, as I have reform'd the Text. Shops are large and wide-kneed Breeches, the Garb in Fashion in our Author's Days, as we may observe from old Family Pictures; but they are now worn only by Boors and Scareying Men: and we have Dealers whose sole Business it is to furnish the Sailors with Shirts, Jackets, &c, who are call'd, Slop-men; and their Shops, Slop-shops.

Dum.
Dum. By heav'n, the wonder of a mortal eye!
Biron. By earth, she is but corporal; there you ly.

[Dum. aside.

Dum. Her amber hairs for foul have amber coted.
Biron. An amber-colour'd raven was well noted.

[Biron aside.

Dum. As upright as the cedar.
Biron. Stoop, I say;
Her shouder is with child.
Dum. As fair as day.
Biron. Ay, as some days; but then no sun must shine.

[Dum. aside.

Dum. O that I had my wish!
Long. And I had mine!
King. And mine too, good Lord!
Biron. Amen, so I had mine! Is not that a good
word?

Dum. I would forget her, but a fever she
Reigns in my blood, and will remembred be.
Biron. A fever in your blood! why then, incision
Would let her out in sawcers, sweet misprision.

Dum. Once more I'll read the ode, that I have writ.
Biron. Once more I'll mark, how love can vary wit.

[Dumain reads his sonnet.

On a day, (alack, the day!)
Love, whose month is ever May,

(23) By Earth, she is not, corporal, there you ly.

Dumain, one of the Lovers in spite of his Vow to the contrary, thinking himself alone here, breaks out into short Soliloquies of Admiration on his Mistrefs; and Biron, who stands behind as an Ever-dropper, takes Pleasure in contradicting his amorous Raptures. But Dumain was a young Lord: He had no Sort of Post in the Army: What Wit, or Allusion, then, can there be in Biron's calling him Corporal? I dare warrant, I have restor'd the Poet's true Meaning, which is this. Dumaine calls his Mistress divine, and the Wonder of a mortal Eye; and Biron in flat Terms denies these hyperbolical Praises. I scarce need hint, that our Poet commonly uses corporal, as corporal.
Spy'd a blossom passing fair,
Playing in the wanton air:
Through the velvet leaves the wind,
All unseen, 'gan passage find;
That the lover, sick to death,
Wish'd himself the heaven's breath.

Air, (quoth he) thy cheeks may blow;
Air, would I might triumph so!
But, alack, my hand is sworn,
Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn:
Vow, alack, for youth unmeet,
Youth so apt to pluck a sweet.
Do not call it sin in me,
That I am forsworn for thee:
Thou, for whom ev'n Jove would swear,
Juno but an Ethiop were;
And deny himself for Jove,
Turning mortal for thy love.

This will I send, and something else more plain,
That shall express my true love's fainting pain;
O, would the King, Biron and Longaville,
Were lovers too! Ill, to example ill,
Would from my forehead wipe a perjur'd note:
For none offend, where all alike do dote.

Long. Dumain, thy love is far from charity,
That in love's grief desir'd society:
You may look pale; but I should blush, I know,
To be o'er-heard, and taken napping so.

King. Come, Sir, you blush; as his, your case is such;

You chide at him, offending twice as much.
You do not love Maria? Longaville
Did never sonnet for her fake compile;
Nor never lay'd his wreathed arms athwart
His loving bosom, to keep down his heart:
I have been closely shrowded in this bush,
And mark't you both, and for you both did blush.
I heard your guilty rhimes, observ'd your fashion;
Saw sighs reek from you, noted well your passion.
Ay me! says one; O Jove! the other cries;
Her hairs were gold, crystal the other's eyes.
You would for Paradise break faith and troth;
And Jove, for your love, would infringe an oath.
What will Biron say, when that he shall hear
A faith infringed, which such zeal did swear?
How will he scorn? how will he spend his wit?
How will he triumph, leap, and laugh at it?
For all the wealth that ever I did see,
I would not have him know so much by me.

Biron. Now step I forth to whip hypocrisy.
Ah, good my Liege, I pray thee, pardon me.

[coming forward.

Good heart, what grace hast thou thus to reprove
These worms for loving, that art most in love?
Your eyes do make no coaches in your tears,
There is no certain Princess that appears?
You'll not be perjur'd, 'tis a hateful thing;
Tush; none but minstrels like of sonneting.
But are you not ashamed? nay, are you not
All three of you, to be thus much o'er-shot?
You found his mote, the King your mote did see:
But I a beam do find in each of three.
O, what a scene of foolry have I seen,
Of sighs, of groans, of sorrow, and of teen?
O me, with what strict patience have I sat,
To see a King transformed to a Knot!
To see great Hercules whipping a gigg,
And profound Solomon tuning a jig!
And Neffor play at push-pin with the boys,
And Critick Timon laugh at idle toys!
Where lies thy grief? O tell me, good Dumain;
And gentle Longaville, where lies thy pain?
And where my Liege's? all about the breast?
A candle, hoa!

King. Too bitter is thy jest.
Are we betray'd thus to thy over-view?

Biron. Not you by me, but I betray'd by you.
I, that am honest; I, that hold it sin
To break the vow I am engaged in.
I am betray'd by keeping company
With men, like men, of strange inconstancy.
When shall you see me write a thing in rhyme?
Or groan for Joan? or spend a minute's time
In pruning me? when shall you hear, that I
Will praise a hand, a foot, a face, an eye,
A gate, a slate, a brow, a breast, a waste,
A leg, a limb?

King. Soft, whither away so fast?

A true man or a thief, that gallops so?

Biron. I post from love; good lover, let me go;

Enter Jaquenetta and Costard.

Jaq. God bless the King!

King. What Present hast thou there?

Cost. Some certain Treason.

King. What makes treason here?

Cost. Nay, it makes nothing, Sir.

King. If it mar nothing neither,

The treason and you go in peace away together.

Jaq. I beseech your Grace, let this letter be read,

Our Parson misdoubts it: it was treason, he said.

King. Biron, read it over. [He reads the letter.

Where hadst thou it?

Jaq. Of Costard.

King. Where hadst thou it?

Cost. Of Dun Adriamadio, Dun Adriamadio.

King. How now, what is in you? why dost thou

tear it?

Biron. A toy, my Liege, a toy: your Grace needs

not fear it.

Long. It did move him to passion, and therefore let's

hear it.

Dum. It is Biron's writing, and here is his name.

Biron. Ah, you whoreson loggerhead, you were born
to do me shame. [To Costard.

Guilty, my lord, guilty: I confess, I confess.

King. What?

Biron. That you three fools lack'd me fool to make

up the mess.
He, he, and you; and you, my liege, and I
Are pick-purses in love, and we deserve to die.
O, dismiss this Audience, and I shall tell you more.

_Dum._ Now the number is even.

_Biron._ True, true; we are four:
Will these turtles be gone?

_King._ Hence, Sirs, away.

_Coff._ Walk aside the true folk, and let the traitors slay.

[Execunt Costard and Jaquenetta.

_Biron._ Sweet lords, sweet lovers, O, let us embrace:
As true we are, as flesh and blood can be.
The sea will ebb and flow, heaven will shew his face:
Young blood doth not obey an old decree.
We cannot cross the cause why we were born:
Therefore of all hands must we be forsworn.

_King._ What, did these rent lines shew some love of thine?

_Biron._ Did they, quoth you? Who sees the heavenly
_Rosaline,
That (like a rude and savage man of _Inde_,
At the first opening of the gorgeous east)
Bows not his vassal head, and, stricken blind,
Kisses the base ground with obedient breast?
What peremptory eagle-fighted eye
Dares look upon the heaven of her brow,
That is not blinded by her Majesty?

_King._ What zeal, what fury, hath inspir’d thee now?
My love (her mistress) is a gracious moon;
She (an attending star) scarce seen a light.

_Biron._ My eyes are then no eyes, nor I _Biron_.
O, but for my love, day would turn to night.

Of all complexions the cull’d Sovereignty
Do meet, as at a Fair, in her fair cheek;
Where several worthies make one dignity;
Where nothing wants, that want itself doth seek.
Lend me the flourish of all gentle tongues;
Fy, painted rhetorick! O, she needs it not:
To things of sale a seller’s praise belongs:
She passes praise; the praise, too short, doth blot.
A with'r'd hermit, fivescore winters worn,
Might shake off fifty, looking in her eye:
Beauty doth varnish Age, as if new-born,
And gives the crutch the cradle's infancy;
O, 'tis the sun, that maketh all things shine.
King. By heav'n, thy love is black as ebony.
Biron. Is ebony like her? O wood divine! (24)
A wife of such wood were felicity.
O, who can give an oath? where is a book,
That I may swear, Beauty doth beauty lack,
If that she learn not of her eye to look?
No face is fair, that is not full so black?
King. O paradox, black is the badge of hell:
The hue of dungeons, and the scowl of night; (25)
And beauty's crest becomes the heavens well.
Biron. Devils soonest tempt, resembling spirits of light:
O, if in black my lady's brow be deckt,
It mourns, that Painting and usurping Hair
Should ravish doters with a false aspect:
And therefore is she born to make black fair.
Her Favour turns the fashion of the days,
For native blood is counted painting now;
And therefore red, that would avoid dispraise,
Paints itself black to imitate her brow.
Dum. To look like her, are chimney-sweepers black.
Long. And since her time, are colliers counted bright.
King. And Ethiops of their sweet complexion crack.

(24) Is Ebony like her? O Word divine! ] This is the Reading
of all the Editions that I have seen: but both Dr. Thirlby and Mr.
Warburton concurr'd in reading, (as I had likewise conjectur'd,) O Wood divine!
(25) —— black is the badge of Hell;
The hue of dungeons, and the School of Night.] Black, being the
School of Night, is a Piece of Mystery above my Comprehension.
I had guess'd, it should be, the Stele of Night; but I have pre-
ferr'd the Conjecture of my Friend Mr. Warburton, as it comes
nearer in Pronunciation to the corrupted Reading, as well as agrees
better with the other Images.

Dum.
**Dum.** Dark needs no candles now, for dark is light.

**Biron.** Your mistresses dare never come in rain,
For fear their colours should be wash’d away.

**King.** ’Twere good, yours did: for, Sir, to tell you plain,
I’ll find a fairer face not wash’d to day:

**Biron.** I’ll prove her fair, or talk ’till dooms-day here.

**King.** No devil will fright thee then so much as she.

**Dum.** I never knew man hold vile stuff so dear.

**Long.** Look, here’s thy love; my foot and her face see.

**Biron.** O, if the streets were paved with thine eyes,
Her feet were much too dainty for such tread.

**Dum.** O vile! then as she goes, what upward lies
The street should see as she walkt over head.

**King.** But what of this, are we not all in love?

**Biron.** Nothing so sure, and thereby all forsworn.

**King.** Then leave this chat; and, good Biron, now prove
Our loving lawful, and our faith not torn.

**Dum.** Ay, marry, there;—some flattery for this evil.

**Long.** O, some Authority how to proceed;
Some tricks, some quillets, how to cheat the devil.

**Dum.** Some salve for perjury.

**Biron.** O, ’tis more than need.

Have at you then, Affection’s Men at arms;
Consider, what you first did swear unto:
To faft, to study, and to see no woman;
Flat treason ’gainst the kingly state of youth.
Say, can you faft? your stomachs are too young:
And abstinence ingenders maladies.
And where that you have vow’d to study, (Lords)
In that each of you hath forsworn his book.
Can you still dream, and pore, and thereon look?
For when would you, my Lord, or you, or you,
Have found the ground of Study’s excellence,
Without the beauty of a woman’s face?
From womens eyes this doctrine I derive;
They are the ground, the book, the academies,

*From*
From whence doth spring the true Promethea fire:
Why, universal plodding prions up
The nimble spirits in the arteries;
As motion and long-during Action tires
The finewy Vigour of the traveller.

Now, for not looking on a woman's face,
You have in That forsworn the use of eyes;
And Study too, the causer of your vow.
For where is any author in the world,
Teaches such beauty as a woman's eye?
Learning is but an adjunct to ourself,
And where we are, our Learning likewise is.

Then, when ourselves we see in ladies' eyes,
Do we not likewise see our learning there?
O, we have made a vow to study, lords;
And in that vow we have forsworn our books:
For when would you, my liege, or you, or you,
In leaden contemplation have found out
Such fiery numbers, as the prompting eyes
Of beauty's tutors have enrich'd you with?

Other slow arts entirely keep the brain;
And therefore finding barren practisers,
Scarce shew a harvest of their heavy toil.
But love, first learned in a lady's eyes,
Lives not alone immured in the brain:
But with the motion of all elements,
Courses as swift as thought in every power;
And gives to every power a double power,
Above their functions and their offices.

It adds a precious Seeing to the eye:
A lover's eyes will gaze an eagle blind!
A lover's ear will hear the lowest Sound,
When the suspicious head of thrift is stopt. (26)

(26) A Lover's Ear will hear the lowest Sound,
When the suspicious Head of Theft is stopp'd.]
Love's Feeling is more soft and sensiblē,
Than are the tender horns of cocked snails.
Love's Tongue proves dainty Bacchus gross in Tastē:
For Savour, is not Love a Hercules,
Still climbing trees in the Hesperides? (27)
Subtle as Sphinx; as sweet and musical
As bright Apollo's lute, strung with his hair:
And when Love speaks the voice of all the Gods, (28)
Mark, Heaven drowsy with the harmony!

(27) For Valour is not Love a Hercules,
Still climbing Trees in the Hesperides?]
I have here again ventur'd to transgress against the printed Books.
The Poet is here observing how all the Senses are refined by Love. But
what has the poor Sense of Smelling done, not to keep its Place
among its Brethren? Then Hercules's Valour was not in climbing the
Trees, but in attacking the Dragon gargarē. I rather think, the
Poet meant that Hercules was allured by the Oudur and Fragranē of the
golden Apples.

(28) And when Love speaks, the Voice of all the Gods,
Make Heaven drowsy with the Harmony.]
As this is writ and pointed in all the Copies, there is neither Sense,
not Concord; as will be obvious to every understanding Reader.
The fine and easy Emendation, which I have inferred in the Text, I
owe to my ingenious Friend Mr. Warburton. His comment on
Heaven being drowsy with the Harmony is no less ingenious; and
therefore, I'll subjoin it in his own Words. "Musick, we musst
" obserbe, in our Author's time had a very different Use to what
" it has now. At present, it is only employed to raise and inflame
" the Passions; then, to calm and allay all kind of Perturbations.
" And, agreeable to this Observation, throughout all Shakespeare's
" Plays, where Musick is either actually used, or its Power de-
" scribed, 'tis always said to be for these Ends,
Never durst Poet touch a pen to write,
Until his ink were temper’d with love’s fighs:
O, then his lines would ravish savage ears,
And plant in tyrants mild humility.

From women’s eyes this doctrine I derive:
They sparkle still the right Promethean fire,
They are the books, the arts, the academies,
That show, contain, and nourish all the world;
Else none at all in aught proves excellent.
Then fools you were, these women to forswear:
Or, keeping what is sworn, you will prove fools.
For wisdom’s fake, (a word, that all men love;)
Or for love’s fake, (a word, that loves all men;)
Or for men’s fake, (the author of these women;)
Or women’s fake, (by whom we men are men;)
Let us once lose our oaths, to find ourselves;
Or else we lose ourselves, to keep our Oaths.
It is religion to be thus forsworn,
For charity itself fulfils the law;
And who can sever love from charity?

King. Saint Cupid, then! and, soldiers, to the field!

Biron. Advance your standards, and upon them, Lords;
Pell-mell, down with them; but be first advis’d,
In conflict that you get the fun of them.

Long. Now to plain-dealing, lay these glozes by;
Shall we resolve to woo these girls of France?

King. And win them too; therefore let us devise
Some entertainment for them in their Tents.

Biron. First, from the Park let us conduct them thither;
Then homeward every man attach the hand
Of his fair mistress; in the afternoon
We will with some strange pastime solace them,
Such as the shortness of the time can shape:
For revels, dances, masks, and merry hours,
Forerun fair love, strewing her way with flowers.

King. Away, away! no time shall be omitted,
That will be time, and may by us be fitted.
Biron. Allons! Allons! sown Cockle reap’d no corn; (29)
And justice always whirls in equal measure;
Light wenches may prove plagues to men forsworn;
If so, our copper buys no better treasure. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.
SCENE, the Street.
Enter Holofernes, Nathaniel and Dull.

HOLOFERNES.

Satis quod sufficit.
Nath. I praise God for you, Sir, your reasons at dinner have been sharp and sententious; pleasant without Scurrility, witty without affectation, audacious without Impudence, learned without opinion, and strange without heresy: I did converse this quondam-day with a companion of the King’s, who is entitled, nominated, or called, Don Adriano de Armado.

Hol. Nomi hominem, ianquam te. His humour is lofty, his discourse peremptory, his tongue filed, his eye ambitious, his gate majestical, and his general behaviour vain, ridiculous, and thrafonical. He is too piqued, too spruce, too affected, too odd, as it were; too peregrinate, as I may call it.

Nath. A most singular and choice epithet.

[draws out his table book.

(29) Alone, alone, saw’d Cockrel.] The Editors, sure, could have no Idea of this Passage. Biron begins with a repetition in French of what the King had said in English; Away, away! and then proceeds with a proverbial Expression, inciting them to what he had before advis’d, from this Inference; if we only saw Cockle, we shall never reap Corn. i.e. If we don’t take the proper Measures for winning these Ladies, we shall never achieve them. Mr. Warburton.
Love's Labour's lost.

Hol. He draweth out the thread of his verbosity finer than the staple of his argument. I abhor such phantastical phantasms, such insipid and point-devote companions; such rackers of orthography, as do speak doubt, when he should say doubt; det, when he should pronounce debt; d, e, b, t; not, d, e, t: he clepeth a calf, cauf: half, hauf: neighbour vocatur nebhor; neigh abbreviated ne': this is abominable, which we would call abominable: (30) it insinuateth me of infamie: Ne intelligis, Domine, to make frantick, lunatick?

Nath. Laus Deo, bone, intelligo.

Hol. Bone? — bone, for bene; Priscian a little scratch'd; 'twill serve.

Enter Armado, Moth and Costard.

Nath. Videane quis venit?

Hol. Video, & gaudeo.

Arm. Chirra.

Hol. Quare Chirra, not Sirrah?

(30) It insinuateth me of infamy: Ne intelligis, Domine, to make frantick, lunatick?

Nath. Laus Deo, bene intelligo.

Hol. Bone, boon for boon Priscian; a little Scratch, 'twill serve.] This Play is certainly none of the best in itself, but the Editors have been so very happy in making it worse by their Indolence, that they have left me Anger's Stable to cleanse: and a Man had need have the Strength of a Hercules to heave out all their Rubbish. But to Business; Why should Infamy be explained by making frantick, lunatick? It is plain and obvious that the Poet intended, the Pedant should coin an uncounted affected Word here, infamie, from infania of the Latines. Then, what a Piece of unintelligible Jargon have these learned Critics given us for Latin? I think, I may venture to affirm, I have restored the Passage to its true Purity.

Nath. Laus Deo, bone, intelligo.

The Curate, addressing with Complaisance his brother Pedant, says, bone, to him, as we frequently in Terence find bone Vir; but the Pedant thinking, he had mistaken the Adverb, thus descants on it.

Bone? — bone for bene. Priscian a little scratch'd: 'twill serve Alluding to the common Phrafe, Diminuis Prisciani caput, applied to such as speak false Latin.

Arm.
Arm. Men of Peace, well encountred.
Hol. Most military Sir, salutation.
Moth. They have been at a great feast of languages, and stole the scraps.
Cost. O, they have liv’d long on the Alms-basket of words. I marvel, thy master hath not eaten thee for a word; for thou art not so long by the head as _honori-ficabilitudinitatibus_: thou art easier swallow’d than a flap-dragon.
Moth. Peace, the peal begins.
Arm. Monsieur, are you not letter’d?
Moth. Yes, yes, he teaches boys the horn-book:
What is A B spelt backward with a horn on his head?
Hol. Ba, _pueritia_, with a horn added.
Moth. Ba, most silly sheep, with a horn. You hear his learning.
Hol. _Quis, quis_, thou consonant?
Moth. The third of the five vowels, if you repeat them; or the fifth, if I. (31)
Hol. I will repeat them, a, e, I.——
Moth. The sheep; the other two concludes it, o, u.
Arm. Now by the salt wave of the _Mediterraneum_, a sweet touch, a quick venew of wit; ship, snap, quick and home; it rejoiceth my intellect; true wit.
Moth. Offer’d by a child to an old man: which is wit-old.
Hol. What is the figure? what is the figure?
Moth. Horns.
Hol. Thou disputest like an infant; go, whip thy gigg.
Moth. Lend me your horn to make one, and I will whip

(31) The last of the five _Vowels_, if you repeat them; or the fifth if I:
Hol. I will repeat them, a, e, I.——
Moth. _The Sheep_; — the other two concludes it out.] Wonderful Sagacity again! All the Editions agree in this Reading; but is not the _last_, and the _fifth_, the same _Vowel_? Though my Correction restores but a poor _Conundrum_, yet if it restores the _Poet’s Meaning_, it is the Duty of an Editor to trace him in his
Love's Labour's lost.

whip about your infamy (32) circum circa; a gigg of a cuckold's horn.

Col. An' I had but one penny in the world, thou shouldst have it to buy ginger-bread; hold, there is the very remuneration I had of thy master, thou half-penny purse of wit, thou pigeon-egg of discretion. O, that the heav'ns were so pleased, that thou wert but my bastard! what a joyful father woul'dst thou make me? go to, thou hast it ad dunghill; at the fingers' ends, as they say.

Hol. Oh, I swill false Latin, dunghill for unguem.

Arm. Arts-man, preambula; we will be singled from the barbarous. Do you not educate youth at the charge-house on the top of the mountain?

Hol. Or, Mons the hill.

Arm. At your sweet pleasure, for the mountain.

Hol. I do, fans question.

Arm. Sir, it is the King's most sweet pleasure and affection, to congratulate the Princess at her Pavilion, in the posterior of this day, which the rude multitude call the afternoon.

Hol. The posterior of the day, most generous Sir, is liable, congruent, and measurable for the afternoon: the word is well cull'd, choice, sweet, and apt, I do assure you, Sir, I do assure.

Arm. Sir, the King is a noble gentleman, and my familiar; I do assure ye, my very good friend; for what is inward between us, let it pass — I do beseech thee, remember thy curtesy — I beseech thee, apparel thy head, — and among other importunate and most serious designs, and of great import indeed too — but let that pass: — for I must tell thee, it will please his Grace

his lowest Conceits. By, O, U, Mob would mean — Oh, You. —— i. e. You are the Sheep still, either way; no Matter which of Us repeats them.

(32) I will whip about your Infamy unum cita; here again all the Editions give us Jargon instead of Latin. But Mob would certainly mean, circum circa: i. e. about and about: tho' it may be design'd, he should mistake the Terms,

(by
(by the world) sometime to lean upon my poor shoulder, and with his royal finger thus daily with my excrement, with my mustachio; but sweet heart, let that pass. By the world, I recount no fable; some certain special honours it pleareth his Greatnes to impart to Armado, a soldier, a man of travel, that hath seent the world; but let that pass——the very all of all is——but sweet heart, I do implore secrecy——that the King would have me present the Princess (sweet chuck) with some delightfull ostentation, or show, or pageant, or antick, or fire-work. Now, understanding that the Curate and your sweet self are good at such eruptions, and sudden breaking out of mirth, (as it were) I have acquainted you withal, to the end to crave your assistance.

Hol. Sir, you shall present before her the nine Worthies. Sir, as concerning some entertainment of time, some show in the posterior of this day, to be rendred by our assistants at the King's command, and this most gallant, illustre and learned gentleman, before the Princess: I say, none so fit as to present the nine Worthies.

Nath. Where will you find men worthy enough to present them?

Hol. Joshua, yourself; this gallant man, Judas Maccabeus; this swain (because of his great limb or joint) shall pass Pompey the great; and the page, Hercules.

Arm. Pardon, Sir, error: he is not quantity enough for that Worthy's thumb; he is not so big as the end of his club.

Hol. Shall I have audience? he shall present Hercules in minority: his Enter and Exit shall be strangling a snake; and I will have an apology for that purpose.

Moth. An excellent device: for if any of the audience hiss, you may cry; "well done, Hercules, now thou "crusheft the snake;" that is the way to make an offence gracious, tho' few have the grace to do it.

Arm. For the rest of the Worthies,——

Hol. I will play three myself.

Moth. Thrice-worthy gentleman!

Arm. Shall I tell you a thing?

Hol.
We attend.

Arm. We will have, if this fadge not, an Antick. I beseech you, follow.

Hol. Via! good-man Dull, thou hast spoken no word all this while.

Dull. Nor understood none neither, Sir.

Hol. Allons; we will employ thee.

Dull. I'll make one in a dance, or so: or I will play on the tabor to the Worthies, and let them dance the hay.

Hol. Most dull, honest, Dull, to our Sport away.

[Exeunt.

SCENE before the Princess's Pavilion.

Enter Princess, and Ladies.

Prin. Sweet hearts, we shall be rich ere we depart. If Fairings come thus plentifully in.

A lady wall'd about with diamonds! Look you, what I have from the loving King.

Ref. Madam, came nothing else along with That?

Prin. Nothing but this? yes, as much love in rhyme, as would be cram'd up in a sheet of paper, Writ on both sides the leaf, margent and all; That he was fain to seal on Cupid's name.

Ref. That was the way to make his God-head wax, For he hath been five thousand years a boy.

Cath. Ay, and a shrewd unhappy gallows too.

Ref. You'll ne'er be friends with him; he kill'd your fister.

Cath. He made her melancholy, sad and heavy, And so she died; had she been light, like you, Of such a merry, nimble, flattering spirit, She might have been a grandam ere she dy'd. And so may you; for a light heart lives long.

Ref. What's your dark meaning, mouse, of this light word?

Cath. A light condition, in a beauty dark.
Ros. We need more light to find your meaning out.
Cath. You'll marr the light, by taking it in snuff:
Therefore I'll darkly end the argument.

Ros. Look, what you do, and do it still 'ith' dark.
Cath. So do not you, for you are a light wench.
Ros. Indeed, I weigh not you; and therefore light.
Cath. You weigh me not; O, that's, you care not for me.

Ros. Great reason; for past Cure is still past Care. (33)
Prin. Well bandied both; a set of wit well play'd.
But, Rosaline, you have a Favour too:
Who sent it? and what is it?
Ros. I would, you knew.
And if my face were but as fair as yours,
My favour were as great; be witness this.
Nay, I have verses too, I thank Biron.
The numbers true; and were the numbring too,
I were the fairest Goddess on the ground.
I am compar'd to twenty thousand fairs.
O, he hath drawn my picture in his letter.
Prin. Any thing like?
Ros. Much in the letters, nothing in the praise.
Prin. Beauteous as ink; a good conclusion.
Ros. Were pencils. How? let me not die your debtor,
My red dominical, my golden letter.
O, that your face were not so full of Oes!
Cath. Pox of that jest, and I beshrew all shrews: (34)

(33) — for past Care is still past Cure. — The Transposition which I have made in the two Words, Care and Cure, is by the Direction of the ingenious Dr. Thirlby. The Reason speaks for itself.

(34) Prin. Pox of that jest, and I beshrew all Shrews.
As the Prince's has behav'd with great Decency all along hitherto, there is no Reason to be assign'd why she should start all at once into this course Dialect. But I am persuaded, the Editors only have made her go out of Character. In short, Rosaline and Catharine are rallying one another without Reserve; and to Catharine this first Line certainly belong'd, and therefore I have ventured once more to put her in Possession of it,
Prin. But what was sent to you from fair Dumain?
Catb. Madam, this glove.
Prin. Did he not send you twain?
Catb. Yes, Madam; and moreover,
Some thousand versés of a faithful lover.
A huge translation of hypocryfi,
Vilely compil’d, profound simplicity.
Mar. This, and these pearls, to me sent Longaville;
The letter is too long by half a mile.
Prin. I think no less; dost thou not wish in heart,
The chain were longer, and the letter short?
Mar. Ay, or I would these hands might never part.
Prin. We are wise girls, to mock our lovers for’t.
Ref. They are worse fools to purchase mocking fo.
That fame Biron I’ll torture, ere I go.
O, that I knew he were but in by th’ week!
How I would make him fawn, and beg, and seek,
And wait the season, and observe the times,
And spend his prodigal wits in bootless rhimes,
And shape his service all to my behests,
And make him proud to make me proud with jests:
So Pedant-like would I o’erfly his state, (35)
That he should be my fool, and I his fate.

Prin. None are so surely caught, when they are catch’d
As wit turn’d fool; folly, in wisdom hatch’d,
Hath wisdom’s warrant, and the help of school;
And wit’s own grace to grace a learned fool.
Ref. The blood of youth burns not in such excess,
As gravity’s revolt to wantonness.

(35) So pertaunt like would I o’erfly his State.] If the Editor are acquainted with this Word, and can account for the Meaning of it, their Industry has been more successful than mine, for I can no where trace it. So pedant like, as I have ventur’d to replace in the Text, makes very good Sense, i. e. in such lordly, controlling, manner would I bear Myself over him, &c. What Biron says of a Pedant, towards the Conclusion of the 2d Act, countenances this Conjecture.

A domineering Pedant o’er the boy,
Than whom no Mortal more magnificent.
Mar. Folly in fools bears not so strong a note,
As fool’ry in the wife, when wit doth dote:
Since all the power thereof it doth apply,
To prove, by wit, worth in simplicity.

Enter Boyet.

Prin. Here comes Boyet, and mirth is in his face.
Boyet. O, I am stab’d with laughter; where’s her Grace?

Prin. Thy news, Boyet?
Boyet. Prepare, Madam, prepare.
Arm, wenches, arm; Encounters mounted are
Against your peace; love clothe approach disguis’d,
Armed in arguments; you’ll be surpriz’d.
Muster your wits, stand in your own defence,
Or hide your heads like cowards, and fly hence.

Prin. Saint Dennis, to saint Cupid! what are they,
That charge their breath against us? say, scout, say.

Boyet. Under the cool shade of a sycamore,
I thought to close mine eyes some half an hour;
When, lo! to interrupt my purpos’d Rest,
Toward that shade, I might behold, adrest
The King and his companions; wary
I stole into a neighbour thicket by;
And over-heard, what you shall over-hear:
That, by and by, disguis’d they will be here.
Their Herald is a pretty knavish Page,
That well by heart hath conn’d his embassage.
Action and accent did they teach him there;
Thus must thou speak, and thus thy body bear;
And ever and anon they made a doubt,
Prefence majestic would put him out:
For, quoth the King, an Angel shalt thou see;
Yet fear not thou, but speak audaciously.
The boy reply’d, an Angel is not evil;
I should have fear’d her, had she been a Devil.—
With that all laugh’d, and clap’d him on the shoulder,
Making the bold wag by their praises bolder.
One rubb’d his elbow thus, and heer’d and swore,
A better speech was never spoke before.
Another with his finger and his thumb,
Cry’d, \textit{via!} we will do’t, come what will come.
The third he caper’d and cry’d, all goes well:
The fourth turn’d on the toe, and down he fell.
With that they all did tumble on the ground,
With such a zealous laughter, so profound,
That in this spleen ridiculous appears,
To check their folly, passion’s solemn tears.

\textit{Prin.} But what, but what, come they to visit us?

\textit{Boyet.} They do, they do; and are apparell’d thus
Like Moscovites, or Russians, as I guess.
Their purpose is to parley, court and dance;
And every one his love-feat will advance
Unto his fev’ral mistress; which they’ll know
By Favours fev’ral, which they did bestow.

\textit{Prin.} And will they so? the gallants shall be tassets;
For, ladies, we will every one be maskt:
And not a man of them shall have the grace,
Despight of suit, to see a lady’s face.
Hold, Rosaline; this Favour thou shalt wear,
And then the King will court thee for his Dear:
Hold, take you this, my sweet, and give me thine;
So shall Biron take me for Rosaline.
And change your Favours too; so shall your Loves
Woo contrary, deceiv’d by these removes.

\textit{Ros.} Come on then, wear the Favours most in sight.

\textit{Cath.} But in this changing, what is your intent?

\textit{Prin.} Th’ effect of my intent is to cross theirs;
They do it but in mocking merriment,
And mock for mock is only my intent.
Their several councils they unbozom shall
To loves mistook, and so be mockt withal,
Upon the next occasion that we meet,
With visages display’d, to talk and greet.

\textit{Ros.} But shall we dance, if they desire us to’t?

\textit{Prin.} No; to the death, we will not move a foot;
Nor to their pen’d speech render we no grace:
But while ’tis spoke, each turn away her face.

\textit{Boyet.} Why, that contempt will kill the Speaker’s heart,
And quite divorce his memory from his Part.
Prim. Therefore I do it; and I make no doubt,
The rest will ne'er come in, if he be out.
There's no such Sport, as Sport by Sport o'erthrown;
To make theirs ours, and ours none but our own;
So shall we stay, mocking intended game;
And they, well mockt, depart away with shame. [Sound.
Boyet. The trumpet sounds; be maskt, the maskers come.

Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, Dumain, and attendants, disguis'd like Moscovites; Moth with Music, as for a masquerade.

Moth. All hail, the richest beauties on the earth!
Boyet. Beauties, no richer than rich taffata. (36)
Moth. A holy parcel of the fairest damsels,
That ever turn'd their backs to mortal views.
[The ladies turn their backs to him.

Biron. Their eyes, villain, their eyes.
Moth. That ever turn'd their eyes to mortal views.

Out

Biron. True; out, indeed.
Moth. Out of your favours, heav'nly Spirits, wou'd not to behold.

Biron. Once to behold, rogue.
Moth. Once to behold with your sun-beamed eyes —
With your sun-beamed eyes —

Boyet. They will not answ'rr to that epithet;
You were belt call it daughter-beamed eyes.
Moth. They do not mark me, and that brings me out.

(36) Biron. Beauties, no richer than rich Taffata.] i.e. The Taffata Masks they wore to conceal Them's eyes. All the Editors concur to give this Line to Biron; but, surely, very absurdly: for he's One of the zealous Admirers, and hardly would make such an Inference. Boyet is incongru at the parade of their Address, is in the secret of the Ladies' Stratagem, and makes himself Sport at the Absurdity of their Proem, in complimenting their Beauty, when they were mask'd. It therefore comes from him with the utmost Propriety.

Biron.
Biron. Is this your perfectness? be gone, you rogue.
Ros. What would these strangers know their minds.
Boyet.

If they do speak our language, 'tis our Will
That some plain man recount their purposes.
Know, what they would.

Boyet. What would you with the Princess?
Biron. Nothing, but peace and gentle visitation.
Ros. What would they, say they?
Boyet. Nothing, but peace and gentle visitation.
Ros. Why, That they have; and bid them so be gone.

Boyet. She says, you have it; and you may be gone.
King. Say to her, we have measur'd many miles,
To tread a measure with her on the grass.

Boyet. They say, that they have measur'd many a mile,
To tread a measure with you on this grass.
Ros. It is not so. Ask them, how many inches
Is in one mile: if they have measur'd many,
The measure then of one is easily told.

Boyet. If to come hither you have measur'd miles,
And many miles; the Princess bids you tell,
How many inches doth fill up one mile?
Biron. Tell her, we measure them by weary steps.
Boyet. She hears herself.
Ros. How many weary steps
Of many weary miles, have you o'ergone,
Are number'd in the travel of one mile?
Biron. We number nothing that we spend for you;
Our duty is so rich, so infinite,
That we may do it still without accompt.
Vouchsafe to shew the sunshine of your face,
That we (like savages) may worship it.
Ros. My face is but a moon, and clouded too.
King. Blessed are clouds, to do as such clouds do.
Vouchsafe, bright moon, and these thy stars, to shine
(Those clouds remov'd) upon our watery eyne.
Ros. O vain petitioner, beg a greater matter;
Thou now request'st but moon-shine in the water.
King. Then in our measure vouchsafe but one change; Thou bidst me beg, this begging is not strange.

Ros. Play, musick, then; nay, you must do it soon.

Not yet? no dance? thus change I, like the moon.

King. Will you not dance? how come you thus estrang'd.

Ros. You took the moon at full, but now she's chang'd.

King. Yet still she is the moon, and I the man.
The musick plays, vouchsafe some motion to it.

Ros. Our ears vouchsafe it.

King. But your legs should do it.

Ros. Since you are strangers, and come here by chance,
We'll not be nice; take hands;—we will not dance.

King. Why take you hands then!

Ros. Only to part friends;

Curt'fy, sweet hearts, and so the measure ends.

King. More measure of this measure; be not nice.

Ros. We can afford no more at such a price.

King. Prize yourselves then; what buys your company?

Ros. Your absence only.

King. That can never be.

Ros. Then cannot we be bought; and so, adieu;

Twice to your visor, and half once to you.

King. If you deny to dance, let's hold more chat.

Ros. In private then.

King. I am belted pleas'd with That.

Biron. White-handed mistres, one sweet word with thee.

Prin. Honey, and milk, and sugar, there is three.

Biron. Nay then, two treys; and if you grow so nice,

Methegline, wort, and malmsey;—well run, dice:

There's half a dozen sweets.

Prin. Seventh sweet, adieu;

Since you can cog, I'll play no more with you.

Biron. One word in secret.

Prin.
Prin. Let it not be sweet.
Biron. Thou griev'lt my gall.
Biron. Therefore meet.
Dum. Will you vouchsafe with me to change a word
Mar. Name it.
Dum. Fair lady,
Mar. Say you so? fair lord:
Take that for your fair lady.
Dum. Please it you;
As much in private; and I'll bid adieu.
Catb. What, was your visor made without a tongue
Long. I know the reason, lady, why you ask.
Catb. O, for your reason! quickly, Sir; I long.
Long. You have a double tongue within your mask,
And would afford my speechless visor half.
Catb. Veal, quoth the Dutch man; is not veal:
calf?
Long. A calf, fair lady?
Catb. No, a fair lord calf.
Long. Let's part the word.
Catb. No, I'll not be your half;
Take all, and wean it; it may prove an ox.
Long. Look, how you butt yourself in these sharp
mocks!
Will you give horns, chaste lady? do not so.
Catb. Then die a calf, before your horns do grow.
Long. One word in private with you, ere I die.
Catb. Bleat softly then, the butcher hears you cry.
Beast. The tongues of mocking wenches are as keen
As is the razor's edge, invincible,
Cutting a smaller hair than may be seen:
Above the sense of sense, so sensible
Seemeth their conference, their conceits have wings;
Fleeter than arrows, bullets, wind, thought, swifter
things.
Ref. Not one word more, my maids; break off,
break off.
Biron. By heaven, all dry-beaten with pure scoff. —
King. Farewel, mad wenching; you have simple wits.
[Exit King and Lords.

Prin. Twenty adieu, my frozen Minnows.
Are these the Breed of wits so wonned at?
Boyet. Tapers they are, with your sweet breaths put out.
Ref. Well-liking wits they have; great, great, fat, fat.

Prin. O poverty in wit, kingly your proud!
Will they not (think you) hang themselves to night?
Or ever, but in vizard, shew their faces?
This pert Biron was out of countenance quite.
Ref. O! they were all in lamentable sies.
The King was weeping-rine for a great word.
Prin. Biron did swear himself out of all sin
Mar. Dumain was at my service, and his sword:
No, point, quoth I, my service was more.
Cath. Lord Longaville said, I came for his hear;
And, trow you, what he call'd me?
Prin. Quain, perhaps.
Cath. Yes, in good faith.
Prin. Go, thickness as thin as.
Ref. Well, better wits have worn plain stature-caps.
But will you hear: the King is my love sworn.
Prin. And quick Biron hath.Perused him to me.
Cath. And Longaville was for my service born.
Mar. Dumain is mine, to make both on tree.
Boyet. Madam, and pretty mistresses, give ear;
Immediately they will again come here
In their own frames: in it must never be.
They will digest this harsh indignity.
Prin. Will they return?
Boyet. They will, they will. God knows;
And keep for joy, though they are lame with blows;
Therefore, change forms, and when they repair,
Blow, like sweet roses, in the summer air.
Boyet. Fair ladies, make we roses in your bud;
Or angel-veiling clouds: are roses blown,
Dismaskt, their damask sweet Commixture shewn.

Prin. Avaunt, perplexity! what shall we do,
If they return in their own shapes to woo?

Ros. Good Madam, if by me you'll be advis'd,
Let's mock them still, as well known, as disguis'd;
Let us complain to them what fools were here,
Disguis'd, like Muscovites, in shapeless gear;
And wonder what they were, and to what end
Their shallow Shows, and Prologue vilely pen'd,
And their rough carriage so ridiculous,
Should be presented at our Tent to us.

Boyet. Ladies, withdraw, the Gallants are at hand.

Prin. Whip to our Tents, as roes run o'er the land.

[Exeunt.

**ACT V.**

**SCENE,** before the Princess's Pavilion.

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain,*

*in their own habits; Boyet, meeting them.*

**KING.**

Fair Sir, God save you! Where's the Princess?

Boyet. Gone to her Tent.

Please it your Majesty, command me any service to her?

King. That she vouchsafe me audience for one word.

Boyet. I will; and so will she, I know, my lord. [Exit.

Biron. This fellow picks up wit, as pigeons peas;
And utters it again, when *love* doth please:
He is wit's pedlar, and retails his wares
At wakes and wassails, meetings, markets, fairs:
And we that sell by gros, the Lord doth know,
Have not the grace to grace it with such show.

This
This gallant pins the wenches on his sleeve;
Had he been Adam, he had tempted Eve.
He can carve too, and lisp: why, this is he,
That kist away his hand in courtesy;
This is the ape of form, Monsieur the nice,
That, when he plays at tables, chides the dice
In honourable terms: nay, he can sing
A mean most mainly; and, in ushering,
Mend him who can; the ladies call him sweet;
The stairs, as he treads on them, kis his feet.
This is the flower, that smiles on every one,
To shew his teeth, as white as whale his bone.
And consciences, that will not die in debt,
Pay him the due of honey-tongued Boyet.
King. A blister on his sweet tongue with my heart,
That put Armado's Page out of his Part!

Enter the Princess, Rosaline, Maria, Catharine,
Boyet, and attendants.

Biron. See, where it comes; behaviour, what wert thou,
'Till this man shew'd thee? and what art thou now?
King. All hail, sweet Madam, and fair time of day!
Prin. Fair in all hail is foul, as I conceive.
King. Contrue my speeches better, if you may.
Prin. Then wish me better, I will give you leave.
King. We come to visit you, and purpoze now
To lead you to our Court; vouchsafe it then.
Prin. This field shall hold me, and so hold your vow:
Nor God, nor I, delight in perjur'd men.
King. Rebuke me not for That, which you provoke;
The virtue of your eye must break my oath.
Prin. You nick-name virtue; vice you should have spoke:
For virtue's office never breaks men's troth.
Now, by my maiden honour, yet as pure
As the unfully'd lilly, I protest,
A world of torments though I should endure,
I would not yield to be your house's guest:

L 2

So
So much I hate a breaking cause to be
Of heav'nyl oats, vow'd with integrity.

King. O, you have liv'd in desolation here,
Unseen, unvisited, much to our shame.

Prin. Not so, my lord; it is not so, I swear;
We have had pastimes here, and pleasant game.

A mess of Russians left us but of late.

King. How, Madam? Russians?

Prin. Ay, in truth, my lord;

Trim gallants, full of courtship, and of state.

Rof. Madam, speak true. It is not so, my lord:
My lady (to the manner of the days)
In courtely gives undeserving praié.

We four, indeed, confronted were with four
In Russian habit: here they stay'd an hour,
And talk'd apace; and in that hour, my lord,
They did not bless us with one happy word.

I dare not call them fools; but this I think,

When they are thirsty, fools would fain have drink.

Biron. This jest is dry to me. Fair, gentle, sweet,

Your wit makes wise things foolish; when we greet

With eyes best seeing heaven's fiery eye,

By light we lose light; your capacity

Is of that nature, as to your huge store

Wise things seem foolish, and rich things but poor.

Rof. This proves you wise and rich; for in my eye—

Biron. I am a fool, and full of poverty.

Rof. But that you take what doth to you belong,

It were a fault to snatch words from my tongue.

Biron. O, I am yours, and all that I possess.

Rof. All the fool mine?

Biron. I cannot give you less.

Rof. Which of the visors was it, that you wore?

Biron. Where? when? what visor? why demand you this?

Rof. There, then, that visor, that superfluous case,

That hid the worse, and shew'd the better face.

King. We are despaired; they'll mock us now down-right.
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Dum. Let us confess, and turn it to a jest.

Prin. Amaz'd, my lord? why looks your Highness sad?

Rey. Help, hold his brows, he'll swoon: why look you pale?

Sea-sick, I think, coming from Muscovy.

Biron. Thus pour the stars down plagues for Perjury.
   Can any face of brass hold longer out?
Here stand I, lady, dart thy skill at me;
   Bruise me with scorn, confound me with a flout;
Thrust thy sharp wit quite through my ignorance;
   Cut me to pieces with thy keen conceit;
And I will wish thee never more to dance,
   Nor never more in Russian habit wait.
O! never will I truft to speeches pen'd,
   Nor to the motion of a school-boy's tongue;
Nor never come in vizor to my friend,
   Nor woo in rhime, like a blind harper's song.
Taffata-phrases, silken terms precise,
   Three-pil'd hyperboles, spruce affectation,
Figures pedantical, these summer-flies,
   Have blown me full of maggot ostentation:
I do forswear them; and I here protest,
   By this white glove, (how white the hand, God knows!)
Henceforth my wooing mind shall be express'd
   In russet yeas, and honest kercy noes:
And to begin, wench, (so God help me, law!)
My love to thee is found, fans crack or flaw.

Rey. Sans, fans, I pray you.

Biron. Yet I have a trick
Of the old rage: bear with me, I am sick.
I'll leave it by degrees: soft, let us see;
Write, Lord have mercy on us, on those three;
They are infected, in their hearts it lies;
They have the plague, and caught it of your eyes:
These lords are visited, you are not free;
For the lord's tokens on you both I see.

Prin. No, they are free, that gave these tokens to us.
Biron. Our states are forfeit, seek not to undo us.
Ros. It is not so; for how can this be true,
That you stand forfeit, being those that sue?
Biron. Peace, for I will not have to do with you.
Ros. Nor shall not, if I do as I intend.
Biron. Speak for yourselves, my wit is at an end.
King. Teach us, sweet Madam, for our rude transgression
Some fair excuse.
Prin. The fairest is confession.
Were you not here, but even now, disguis’d?
King. Madam, I was.
Prin. And were you well advis’d?
King. I was, fair Madam.
Prin. When you then were here,
What did you whisper in your lady’s ear?
King. That more than all the world I did respect her.
Prin. When she shall challenge this, you will reject her.
King. Upon mine honour, no.
Prin. Peace, peace, forbear:
Your oath once broke, you force not to forswear.
King. Despise me, when I break this oath of mine.
Prin. I will, and therefore keep it. Rosaline,
What did the Russian whisper in your ear?
Ros. Madam, he sware, that he did hold me dear
As precious eye-fight; and did value me
Above this world; adding thereto, moreover,
That he would wed me, or else die my lover.
Prin. God give thee joy of him! the noble lord
Most honourably doth uphold his word.
King. What mean you, Madam? by my life, my troth,
I never sware this lady such an oath.
Ros. By heav’n, you did; and to confirm it plain,
You gave me this: but take it, Sir, again.
King. My faith, and this, to th’Princes I did give;
I knew her by this jewel on her sleeve.
Prin. Pardon me, Sir, this jewel did she wear:
And lord Biron, I thank him, is my Dear.
What? will you have me? or your pearl again?
Biron.
Biron. Neither of either: I remit both twain.
I see the trick on't; here was a consent,
(Knowing aforehand of our merriment)
To dash it, like a Christmas comedy.
Some carry-tale, some please-man, some flight zany,
Some mumble-news, some trencher-knight, some Dick,
That smiles his cheek in jeers, and knows the trick (37)
To make my lady laugh, when she's dispos'd,
Told our intents before; which once disclos'd,
The ladies did change Favours, and then we,
Following the signs, woo'd but the sign of she:
Now to our perjury to add more terror,
We are again forsworn; in will, and error.
Much upon this it is.—And might not You [To Boyet.
Forestal our sport, to make us thus untrue?
Do not you know my lady's foot by th' squier,
And laugh upon the apple of her eye,
And stand between her back, Sir, and the fire,
Holding a trencher, jesting merrily?
You put our Page out: go, you are allow'd;
Die when you will, a smock shall be your shrow'd.
You leer upon me, do you? there's an eye,
Wounds like a leaden sword.
Boyet. Full merrily
Hath this brave Manage, this Career, been run.
Biron. Lo, he is tilting strait. Peace, I have done.

Enter Costard.

Welcome, pure wit, thou partest a fair fray.
Cost. O Lord, Sir, they would know
Whether the three Worthies shall come in, or no.
Biron. What are there but three?
Cost. No, Sir, but it is very fine;
For every one pursents three.

(37) That smiles his cheek in years.] Thus the whole Set of Im-
prefions: but I cannot for my Heart comprehend the Sense of this
Phrafe. I am persuad'd, I have restor'd the Poet's Word and Mean-
ning. Boyet's Character was That of a Fleerer, Jeeer, Mocker; car-
ping Blade.
Biron. And three times three is nine?

Cost. Not so, Sir, under correction, Sir; I hope, it is not so.

You cannot beg us, Sir; I can assure you, Sir, we know what we know: I hope, three times thrice, Sir—

Biron. Is not none.

Cost. Under correction, Sir, we know where until it doth amount.

Biron. By Jove, I always took three threes for nine.

Cost. O Lord, Sir, it were pity you should get your living by reckoning, Sir.

Biron. How much is it?

Cost. O Lord, Sir, the parties themselves, the actors, Sir, will shew where until it doth amount; for my own part, I am, as they say, but to perfect one man in one poor man, Pompion the Great, Sir.

Biron. Art thou one of the worthies?

Cost. It pleased them to think me worthy of Pompion the Great; for mine own part, I know not the degree of the Worthy; but I am to stand for him.

Biron. Go bid them prepare.

Cost. We will turn it finely off, Sir, we will take some care.

King. Biron, they will shame us; let them not approach.

[Exit Cost.

Biron. We are shame-proof, my lord; and 'tis some policy
To have one Show worse than the King's and his Company.

King. I say, they shall not come.

Prin. Nay, my good lord, let me o'er-rule you now; That sport best pleases, that doth least know how.
Where zeal strives to content, and the contents Dies in the zeal of that which it presents;
Their form, confounded, makes most form in mirth;
When great things, labouring, perish in their birth.

Biron. A right description of our sport, my lord.
Enter Armado.

*Arm.* Anointed, I implore so much expence of thy royal sweet breath, as will utter a brace of words.

*Prin.* Doth this man serve God?

*Biron.* Why ask you?

*Prin.* He speaks not like a man of God's making.

*Arm.* That's all one, my fair, sweet, honey monarch; for, I protest, the schoolmaster is exceeding fantastical; too, too vain; too, too vain: but we will put it, as they say, to fortuna de la guerra. I wish you the peace of mind, most royal couplement.

*King.* Here is like to be a good presence of Worthies: he pretends Hector of Troy; the swain, Pompey the Great; the parish-curate, Alexander; Armado's page, Hercules; the pedant, Judas Machabeus. And if these four Worthies in their first Show thrive, these four will change habits, and present the other five.

*Biron.* There are five in the first Show.

*King.* You are deceiv'd, 'tis not so.

*Biron.* The pedant, the braggart, the hedge-priest, the fool, and the boy.

A bare throw at Novum, and the whole world again. Cannot prick out five such, take each one in's vein.

*King.* The ship is under sail, and here she comes again.

Enter Costard for Pompey.

*Cost.* I Pompey am——

*Boyet.* You lye, you are not he.

*Cost.* I Pompey am——

*Boyet.* With Libbard's head on knee.

*Biron.* Well said, old mocker: I must needs be friends with thee.

*Cost.* I Pompey am, Pompey surnam'd the Big.

*Dom.* The Great.

*Cost.* It is Great, Sir; Pompey, surnam'd the Great; That oft in field, with targe and shield, Did make my foe to sweat:

L 5

And
Love's Labour's lost.

And travelling along this coast, I here am come by chance;
And lay my arms before the legs of this sweet Lass of France.
If your ladyship would say, "thanks,—Pompey," I had done.

Priv. Great thanks, great Pompey.

Cos. 'Tis not so much worth; but, I hope, I was perfect. I made a little fault in great.

Biron. My hat to a half-penny, Pompey proves the best Worthy.

Enter Nathaniel for Alexander.

Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's Commander;
By east, west, north and south, I spread my conquering might:
My Scutcheon plain declares, that I am Alisander.

Boyet. Your nose says, no, you are not; for it stands too right.

Biron. Your nose smells, no, in this, most tender smelling Knight.

Priv. The Conqueror is dismaid: proceed, good Alexander.

Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's Commander.

Boyet. Most true, 'tis right; you were so, Alisander.

Biron. Pompy the Great,—

Cos. Your servant, and Costard.

Biron. Take away the Conqueror, take away Alisander.

Cos. O Sir, you have overthrown Alisander the Conqueror. [to Nath.] You will be scraped out of the painted cloth for this; your lion, that holds the poll-ax sitting on a close-stool, will be given to A-jax; he will be then the ninth Worthy. A Conqueror, and afraid to speak? run away for shame, Alisander. There, an't shall please you; a foolish mild man; an honest man, look you, and soon dash'd. He is a marvellous good neighbour, insooth, and a very good bowler; but for Alisander,
Alisander, alas, you see, how 'tis a little o'er-parted: but there are Worthies a coming will speak their mind in some other sort.

Biron. Stand aside, good Pompey.

Enter Holofernes for Judas, and Moth for Hercules.

Hol. Great Hercules is presented by this imp, Whose club kill'd Cerberus, that three-headed canus; And when he was a babe, a child, a shrimp, Thus did he strangle serpents in his manus:

Quoniam, he seemeth in minority;
Ergo, I come with this apology. ——
Keep some state in thy Exit, and vanish. [Exit Moth.

Hol. Judas I am.
Dum. A Judas!
Hol. Not Iscariot, Sir;
Judas I am, ycleped Machabeus.
Dum. Judas Machabeus clipt, is plain Judas.
Biron. A kissing traitor. How art thou prov'd Judas?
Hol. Judas I am.
Dum. The more shame for you, Judas.
Hol. What mean you, Sir?
Boyet. To make Judas hang himself.
Hol. Begin, Sir, you are my elder.
Biron. Well follow'd; Judas was hang'd on an Elder.
Hol. I will not be put out of countenance.
Biron. Because thou hast no face.
Hol. What is this?
Boyet. A cittern head.
Dum. The head of a bodkin.
Biron. A death's face in a ring.
Long. The face of an old Roman coin, scarce seen.
Boyet. The pummel of Caesar's fauchion.
Dum. The carv'd-bone face on a flask.
Biron. St. George's half-cheek in a brooch.
Dum. Ay, and in a brooch of lead.
Biron. Ay, and worn in the cap of a tooth-drawer;
And now, forward; for we have put thee in countenance.

Hol. You have put me out of countenance. Biron.
Love's Labour's lost.

Biron. False; we have given thee faces.
Hol. But you have out-fac'd them all.
Biron. An thou wert a lion, we would do so.
Boyet. Therefore as he is an ass, let him go.
An so adieu, sweet Jude; nay, why dost thou stay?
Dum. For the latter end of his name.
Biron. For the Ass to the Jude; give it him. Jud-as, away.
Hol. This is not generous, not gentle, not humble.
Boyet. A light for monsieur Judas; it grows dark, he may stumble.
Prin. Alas! poor Machabeus, how he hath been baited!

Enter Armado.

Biron. Hide thy head, Achilles, here comes Hector in arms.
Dum. Tho' my mocks come home by me, I will now be merry.
King. Hector was but a Trojan in respect of this.
Boyet. But is this Hector?
King. I think, Hector was not so clean-timber'd.
Long. His leg is too big for Hector.
Dum. More calf, certain.
Boyet. No; he is best indu'd in the small.
Biron. This can't be Hector.
Dum. He's a God or a Painter, for he makes faces.
Arm. The armipotent Mars, of lances the Almighty,
Gave Hector a gift, —
Dum. A gilt nutmeg.
Biron. A lemon.
Long. Stuck with cloves.
Dum. No, cloven.
Arm. The armipotent Mars, of lances the Almighty,
Gave Hector a gift, the heir of Ilion;
A man so breath'd, that certain he would fight ye
From morn 'till night, out of his pavilion.
I am that Flower.
Dum. That mint.
Long. That cullambine.
Arm. Sweet lord Longaville, rein thy tongue.

Long.
Long. I must rather give it the rein; for it runs against Hector.

Dum. Ay, and Hector's a grey-hound.

Arm. The sweet War-man is dead and rotten; Sweet chucks, beat not the bones of the bury'd: But I will forward with my device; Sweet Royalty, bestow on me the sense of hearing.

Prin. Speak, brave Hector; we are much delighted.

Arm. I do adore thy sweet Grace's slipper.

Boyet. Loves her by the foot.

Dum. He may not, by the yard.

Arm. This Hector far surmounted Hannibal.

Cost. The Party is gone, fellow Hector, she is gone; she is two months on her way.

Arm. What mean'st thou?

Cost. Faith, unless you play the honest Trojan, the poor wench is cast away; she's quick, the child brags in her belly already. 'Tis yours.

Arm. Doist thou infamous me among Potentates? Thou shalt die.

Cost. Then shall Hector be whipt for Jaquenetta, that is quick by him; and hang'd for Pompey, that is dead by him.

Dum. Most rare Pompey!

Boyet. Renowned Pompey!

Biron. Greater than great, great, great, great Pompey! Pompey the huge!

Dum. Hector trembles.

Biron. Pompey is mov'd; more Ates, more Ates; stir them on, stir them on.

Dum. Hector will challenge him.

Biron. Ay, if he have no more man's blood in's belly than will sip a flea.

Arm. By the north-pole, I do challenge thee.

Cost. I will not fight with a pole, like a northern man: I'll flash; I'll do't by the Sword: I pray you, let me borrow my arms again.

Dum. Room for the incensed Worthies.

Cost. I'll do't in my shirt.

Dum. Most resolute Pompey!
Moth. Master, let me take you a button-hole lower. Do ye not see, Pompey is uncasing for the combat: what mean you? you will lose your reputation.

Arm. Gentlemen, and soldiers, pardon me; I will not combat in my shirt.

Dum. You may not deny it, Pompey hath made the challenge.

Arm. Sweet bloods, I both may and will.

Biron. What reason have you for't?

Arm. The naked truth of it is, I have no shirt; I go woolward for penance.

Boyet. True, and it was enjoin'd him in Rome for want of linen; since when, I'll be sworn, he wore none but a dish-clout of Jaquenetta's, and that he wears next his heart for a Favour.

Enter Macard.

Mac. God save you, Madam!

Prin. Welcome, Macard, but that thou interruptest our merriment.

Mac. I'm sorry, Madam; for the news I bring is heavy in my tongue. The King your father—

Prin. Dead for my life.

Mac. Even so: my Tale is told.

Biron. Worthies, away; the Scene begins to cloud.

Arm. For my own part, I breathe free breath; I have seen the day of wrong through the little hole of discretion, and I will right myself like a soldier.

[Exeunt Worthies,

King. How fares your Majesty?

Prin. Boyet, prepare; I will away to night.

King. Madam, not so; I do beseech you, stay.

Prin. Prepare, I say. — I thank you, gracious lords, for all your fair endeavours; and entertain, Out of a new-fad soul, that you vouchsafe in your rich wisdom to excuse, or hide, The liberal opposition of our spirits; If over-boldly we have borne ourselves In the converse of breath, your gentleness was guilty of it. Farewell, worthy lord;
An heavy heart bears not a nimble tongue: (38)
Excuse me so, coming so short of thanks,
For my great Suit so easily obtain'd.

King. The extreme part of time extremely forms
All caufes to the purpoſe of his speed;
And often, at his very loose, decides
That, which long Process could not arbitrate.
And though the mourning brow of Progeny
Forbid the smiling courtesie of love,
The holy suit which pain it would convince;
Yet since love's argument was firft on foot,
Let not the cloud of sorrow jufle it
From what it purpos'd: Since, to wail friends lost,
Is not by much fo wholesome, profitable,
As to rejoice at friends but newly found.

Prin. I understand you not, my griefs are double.

Biron. Honest plain words best pierce the ear of grief;
And by these badges understand the King.
For your fair fakes have we neglected time,
Play'd fool Play with our oaths: your beauty, ladies,
Hath much deform'd us, fashioning our humours
Even to th' opposed end of our intents;
And what in us hath seem'd ridiculous,
As love is full of unbesitting strains,
All wanton as a child, skipping in vain,
Form'd by the eye, and therefore like the eye,
Full of ftaying shapes, of habits, and of forms,
Varying in subjects as the eye doth rowl,
To every varied object in his glance;
Which party-coated presence of loose love
Put on by us, if, in your heav'nly eyes,

(38) An heavy Heart bears not an humble Tongue.] Thus all the Editions; but, surely, without either Sense or Truth. None are more humble in Speech, than they who labour under any Oppression. The Princes is defiring, her Grief may apologize for her not expressing her Obligations at large; and my Correction is conformable to that Sentiment. Besides, there is an Antithesis between heavy and nimble; but between heavy and humble, there is none.
Have misbecom'd our oaths and gravities;
Those heav'ny eyes, that look into these faults,
Suggest'd us to make them: therefore, ladies,
Our love being yours, the error that love makes
Is likewise yours. We to ourselves prove false,
By being once false, for ever to be true
To those that make us both; fair ladies, you:
And even that falshood, in itself a sin,
Thus purifies itself, and turns to Grace.

Prin. We have receiv'd your letters, full of love;
Your Favours, the embassadors of love:
And in our maiden council rated them
At courtship, pleasant jest, and courtesy;
As bumbaft, than as lining to the time:
But more devout, and these are our respects,
Have we not been; and therefore met your loves
In their own fashion like a merriment.

Dum. Our letters, Madam, shew'd much more than
jeft.

Long. So did our looks.

Roif. We did not coat them so.

King. Now at the latest minute of the hour,
Grant us your loves.

Prin. A time, methinks, too short,
To make a world-without-end bargain in;
No, no, my lord, your Grace is perjur'd much,
Full of dear guiltiness; and therefore, this——
If for my love (as there is no such cause)
You will do aught, this shall you do for me;
Your oath I will not truft; but go with speed
To some forlorn and naked Hermitage,
Remote from all the Pleasures of the world;
There stay, until the twelve celestial Signs
Have brought about their annual reckoning;
If this austere infociable life
Change not your offer made in heat of blood;
If frosts and farts, hard lodging, and thin weeds
Nip not the gaudy blossoms of your love,
But that it bear this trial, and last love;
Then, at the expiration of the year,
Come challenge me; challenge me, by these deserts;
And by this virgin palm, now kissing thine,
I will be thine; and 'till that instant shut,
My woful self up in a mourning house,
Raining the tears of lamentation,
For the remembrance of my father's death.
If this thou do deny, let our hands part;
Neither intituled in the other's heart.

King. If this, or more than this, I would deny,
   To flatter up these powers of mine with reft;
The sudden hand of death close up mine eye!
   Hence, ever then, my heart is in thy breast.

Biron. (39) [And what to me, my love? and what to me?

Ros. You must be purged too, your sins are rank,
You are attain'd with fault and perjury;
Therefore if you my favour mean to get,
A twelve-month shall you spend, and never rest,
But seek the weary beds of people sick.]

Dum. But what to me, my love? but what to me?

Cath. A wife! — a beard, fair health and honesty;
With three-fold love I wish you all these three.

Dum. O, shall I say, I thank you, gentle wife?

(39) Biron. [And what to me, my Love? and what to me?
Ros. You must be purged too: your Sins are rank:
You are attain'd with Fault and Perjury.
Therefore if you my Favour mean to get,
A Twelve-month shall you spend, and never rest,
But seek the weary Beds of People sick.]

These six Verses both Dr. Thirlby and Mr. Warburton concur to
think should be expung'd; and therefore I have put them between
Crotchets: Not that they were an Interpolation, but as the Au-
thor's first Draught, which he afterwards rejected; and execut-
ed the same Thought a little lower with much more Spirit and
Elegance. Shakespeare is not to answer for the present absurd
repetition, but his Actor-Editors; who, thinking Rosalind's Speech
too long in the second Plan, had abridg'd it to the Lines above
quoted; but, in publishing the Play, stupidly printed both the
Original Speech of Shakespeare, and their own Abridgment of
it.

Cath.
258 Love's Labour's lost.

Cath. Not so, my lord, a twelve-month and a day,
I'll mark no words that smooth-fac'd wooers say.
Come, when the King doth to my lady come;
Then if I have much love, I'll give you some.
Dum. I'll serve thee true and faithfully till then.
Cath. Yet swear not, lest ye be forsworn again.
Long. What says Maria?
Mar. At the twelve-month's end,
I'll change my black gown for a faithful friend.
Long. I'll stay with patience; but the time is long.
Mar. The liker you; few taller are so young.
Biron. Studies my lady? mistress, look on me,
Behold the window of my heart, mine eye,
What humble Suit attends thy answer there;
Impose some service on me for thy love.
Ref. Oft have I heard of you, my lord Biron,
Before I saw you; and the world's large tongue
Proclaims you for a man replete with mocks;
Full of comparisons and wounding flouts;
Which you on all estates will execute,
That lie within the mercy of your wit:
To weed this wormwood from your fruitful brain,
And therewithal to win me, if you please,
(Without the which I am not to be won;)
You shall this twelve-month-term from day to day
Visit the speechless Sick, and still converse
With groaning wretches; and your task shall be,
With all the fierce endeavour of your wit,
'T enforce the pained Impotent to smile.

Biron. To move wild laughter in the throat of death?
It cannot be, it is impossible:
Mirth cannot move a soul in agony.

Ref. Why, that's the way to choke a gibing spirit,
Whose influence is begot of that loose grace,
Which shallow-laughing hearers give to fools:
A jest's prosperity lies in the ear
Of him that hears it, never in the tongue
Of him that makes it: then, if sickly ears,
Deaf with the clamours of their own dear groans,
Will hear your idle scorns; continue then,
And I will have you, and that fault withal:
But if they will not, throw away that spirit;
And I shall find you empty of that fault,
Right joyful of your Reformation.

Biron. A twelve-month? well; befall, what will befall,
I'll Jeff a twelve-month in an Hospital.

Prin. Ay, sweet my lord, and so I take my leave.

[To the King.

King. No, Madam; we will bring you on your way.

Biron. Our wooing doth not end like an old Play;
"Jack hath not Jill"; these ladies' courtesy
Might well have made our sport a Comedy.

King. Come, Sir, it wants a twelve-month and a day,
And then 'twill end.

Biron. That's too long for a Play.

Enter Armado.

Arm. Sweet Majesty, vouchsafe me—

Prin. Was not that Hector?

Dum. That worthy Knight of Troy.

Arm. I will kiss thy royal finger, and take leave. I
am a Votary; I have vow'd to Jaquenetta to hold the
plough for her sweet love three years. But, most esteem'd
Greatness, will you hear the dialogue that the two
learned men have compiled, in praise of the owl and
the cuckow? it should have follow'd in the end of our
Show.

King. Call them forth quickly, we will do so.

Arm. Holla! approach.—

Enter all, for the Song.

This side is Hiems, winter.
This Ver, the spring: the one maintained by the owl,
The other by the cuckow.
Ver, begin.

The
Love's Labour's Lost.

The Song.

Spring.
When daisies pied, and violets blue,
And lady-smocks all silver white,
And cuckow-buds of yellow hue,
Do paint the meadows with delight;
The cuckow then on every tree
Mocks married men; for thus sings he,
Cuckow!
Cuckow! cuckow! O word of fear,
Unpleasing to a married ear!

When shepherds pipe on oaten straws,
And merry larks are ploughmen's clocks:
When turtles tread, and rooks and daws;
And maidens bleach their summer smocks;
The cuckow then on every tree
Mocks married men; for thus sings he,
Cuckow!
Cuckow! cuckow! O word of fear,
Unpleasing to a married ear!

Winter.
When icicles hang by the wall,
And Dick the shepherd blows his nail;
And Tom bears logs into the hall,
And milk comes frozen home in pail;
When blood is nipt, and ways be foul,
Then nightly sings the staring owl
Tu-whit! to-whoo!
A merry note,
While greasy Jone doth keel the pot.

When all abroad the wind doth blow,
And coughing drowns the Parson's saw;
And birds sit brooding in the snow,
And Marian's nose looks red and raw;

When
When roasted crabs hiss in the bowl,
Then nightly sings the staring owl
Tu-whit! to-whoo!

A merry note,
While greasy Jone doth keel the pot.

Arm. The words of Mercury
Are harsh after the Songs of Apollo:
You, that way; we, this way. [Exeunt omnes.]
As you Like it.

A

Comedy.
Dramatis Personae.

DUKE.
Frederick, brother to the Duke, and usurper of his dukedom.
Amiens, Lords attending upon the Duke in his banishment.
Jaques, Jaques, a courtier attending on Frederick.
Le Beu, eldest son to Sir Rowland de Boys, who had formerly been a servant to the Duke.
Jaques, Younger brothers to Oliver.
Orlando, Adam, an old servant of Sir Rowland de Boys, now following the fortunes of Orlando.
Dennis, servant to Oliver.
Charles, a wrestler, and servant to the usurping Duke Frederick.

Touchstone, a clown attending on Celia and Rosalind.
Corin, Shepherds.
Sylvius, A clown, in love with Audrey.
William, another clown, in love with Audrey.
Sir Oliver Mar-text, a country curate.

Rosalind, daughter to the Duke.
Celia, daughter to Frederick.
Phebe, a shepherdess.
Audrey, a country wencher.

Lords belonging to the two Dukes; with pages, foresters, and other attendants.

The SCENE lies, first, near Oliver's house; and, afterwards, partly in the Duke's Court; and partly in the Forest of Arden.
AS YOU LIKE IT.

ACT I.

SCENE, OLIVER's Orchard.

Enter Orlando and Adam.

OLARNO.

As I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion bequeath'd me by Will, but a poor thousand crowns; and, as thou say'st, charged my brother on his Blessing to breed me well; and there begins my fadness. My brother Jacques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keeps me rustically at home; or, (to speak more properly) stays me here at home, unkept; for call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the flailing of an ox? his horses are bred better; for besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Besides this Nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the Something, that Nature gave me, his countenance seems to take from me. He lets me feed with his hinds,
bars me the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me; and the Spirit of my father, which, I think, is within me, begins to mutiny against this servitude. I will no longer endure it, tho' yet I know no wise remedy how to avoid it.

Enter Oliver.

Adam. Yonder comes my master, your brother.
Orla. Go apart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up.

Oh. Now, Sir, what make you here?
Orla. Nothing: I am not taught to make any thing.
Oh. What man you then, Sir?
Orla. Marry, Sir, I am helping you to mar That which God made; a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness.
Oh. Marry, Sir, be better employ'd, and be nought a while.

Orla. Shall I keep your hogs, and eat hocks with them? what Prodigal's portion have I spent, that I should come to such penury?
Oh. Know you where you are, Sir?
Orla. O, Sir, very well; here in your Orchard.
Oh. Know you before whom, Sir?
Orla. Ay, better than he, I am before, knows me. I know, you are my eldest brother: and in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me; the courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first born; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us. I have as much of my father in me, as you; albeit, I confess your coming before me is nearer to his reverence.

Oh. What, boy!
Orla. Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

Oh. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?
Orla. I am no villain: I am the youngest son of Sir
Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my father, and he is thrice a villain, that says, such a father begot villains. Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, 'till this other had pull'd out thy tongue for saying so; thou hast rail'd on thyself.

Adam. Sweet masters, be patient; for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

Oli. Let me go, I say.

Orla. I will not, 'till I please: you shall hear me. My father charg'd you in his Will to give me good education: you have train'd me up like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities; the Spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it: therefore allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

Oli. And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is spent? well, Sir, get you in. I will not long be troubled with you: you shall have some part of your will. I pray you, leave me.

Orla. I will no further offend you, than becomes me for my good.

Oli. Get you with him, you old dog.

Adam. Is old dog my reward? most true, I have lost my teeth in your service. God be with my old master, he would not have spoke such a word.

[Exe. Orlando and Adam.

Oli. Is it even so? begin you to grow upon me? I will physick your ranknes, and yet give no thousand crowns neither. Holla, Dennis!

Enter Dennis.

Den. Calls your Worship?

Oli. Was not Charles, the Duke's Wrestler, here to speak with me?

Den. So please you, he is here at the door, and importunes acces to you.

Oli. Call him in; 'twill be a good way; and to morrow the wrestling is.
Enter Charles.

*Char.* Good morrow to your Worship.

*Oli.* Good Monsieur Charles, what's the new news at the new Court?

*Char.* There's no news at the Court, Sir, but the old news; that is, the old Duke is banish'd by his younger brother the new Duke, and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him; whose lands and revenues enrich the new Duke, therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

*Oli.* Can you tell, if Rosalind, the Duke's daughter, be banish'd with her father?

*Char.* O, no; for the Duke's daughter her cousin so loves her, being ever from their cradles bred together, that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the Court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved, as they do.

*Oli.* Where will the old Duke live?

*Char.* They say, he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England; they say, many young gentlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time carelessly, as they did in the golden world.

*Oli.* What, you wrestle to morrow before the new Duke?

*Char.* Marry, do I, Sir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, Sir, secretly to understand, that your younger brother Orlando hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a Fall; to morrow, Sir, I wrestle for my credit; and he, that escapes me without some broken limb, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender, and for your love I would be loth to foil him; as I must for mine own honour, if he come in; therefore out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal; that either you might slay him from his intendment, or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into; in that it
it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will.

Oli. Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou shalt find, I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by under-hand means laboured to dissuade him from it; but he is resolute. I tell thee, Charles, he is the stubbarest young fellow of France; full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villainous contriver against me his natural brother; therefore use thy discretion; I had as lief thou didst break his neck, as his finger. And thouwert best look to't; for if thou dost him any flight disgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practise against thee by poison; entrap thee by some treacherous device; and never leave thee, 'till he hath ta'en thy life by some indirect means or other; for I assure thee, (and almost with tears I speak it) there is not one so young and so villainous this day living. I speak but brotherly of him; but should I anatomize him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder.

Cha. I am heartily glad, I came hither to you: if he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment; if ever he go alone again, I'll never wrestle for prize more; and so, God keep your Worship. [Exit.

Oli. Farewel, good Charles. Now will I sit this gamester: I hope, I shall see an end of him; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle; never school'd, and yet learned; full of noble device, of all Sorts enchantingly beloved; and, indeed, so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own people who best know him, that I am altogether misprised. But it shall not be so, long; this wrestler shall clear all; nothing remains, but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about.

[Exit.
SCENE changes to an Open Walk, before the Duke's Palace.

Enter Rosalind and Celia.

Cel. I Pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my coz, be merry.

Rof. Dear Celia, I shew more mirth than I am mistress of; and would you yet I were merrier? unless you could teach me to forget a banish'd father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel. Herein, I see, thou lovest me not with the full weight that I love thee. If my uncle, thy banish'd father, had banish'd thy uncle the Duke, my father, so thou hadst been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine; so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously temper'd, as mine is to thee.

Rof. Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to rejoice in yours.

Cel. You know, my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir; for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection; by mine Honour, I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster: therefore, my sweet Rof, my dear Rof, be merry.

Rof. From henceforth I will, coz, and devise Sports: let me see, what think you of falling in love?

Cel. Marry, I pr'ythee, do, to make sport withal; but love no man in good earnest, nor no further in sport neither, than with safety of a pure blush thou may'lt in honour come off again.

Rof. What shall be our Sport then?

Cel. Let us fit and mock the good housewife Fortune from her wheel, that her gifts may henceforth be bestowed equally.

Rof. I would, we could do so; for her benefits are mightily misplaced, and the bountiful blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women.
As you Like it. 271

Cel. 'Tis true; for those, that she makes fair, she scarce makes honest; and those, that she makes honest, she makes very ill-favoured.

Ros. Nay, now thou goest from fortune's office to nature's: fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of nature.

Enter Touchstone, a Clown.

Cel. No! when nature hath made a fair creature, may she not by fortune fall into the fire? tho' nature hath given us wit to flout at fortune, hath not fortune sent in this Fool to cut off this argument?

Ros. Indeed, there is fortune too hard for nature; when fortune makes nature's Natural the cutter off of nature's Wit.

Cel. Peradventure, this is not fortune's work, neither, but nature's; who, perceiving our natural wits too dull to reason of such Goddes's, hath sent this Natural for our whetstone: for always the dulness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits. How now, Wit, whither wander you?

Clo. Mistress, you must come away to your father.

Cel. Were you made the messenger?

Clo. No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

Ros. Where learned you that oath, fool?

Clo. Of a certain Knight, that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the muscad was naught: Now I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught, and the muscad was good, and yet was not the Knight forsworn.

Cel. How prove you that in the great heap of your knowledge?

Ros. Ay, marry; now unmuzzle your wisdom.

Clo. Stand you both forth now; stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am a knave.

Cel. By our beards, if we had them, thou art.

Clo. By my knavery, if I had it, then I were; but if you swear by That that is not, you are not forsworn; no more was this Knight swearing by his hon-
nour, for he never had any; or if he had, he had
sworn it away, before ever he saw those pancakes or
that mulard.

Col. Pr'ythee, who is that thou mean'st?

Clo. (1) One, that old Frederick your father loves.

Col. My father's love is enough to honour him enough;
speak no more of him, you'll be whipt for taxation one
of these days.

Clo. The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely
what wise men do foolishly.

Col. By my troth, thou say'st true; for since the lit-
tle wit that fools have was silenced, the little foolery
that wise men have makes a great Show: here comes
Monsieur Le Beau.

Enter Le Beau.

Ref. With his mouth full of news.

Col. Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their
young.

Ref. Then shall we be news-cram'd.

Col. All the better, we shall be the more marketable.

Bon jour, Monsieur le Beau; what news?

Le Beau. Fair Princess, you have lost much good
Sport.

Col. Sport; of what colour?

Le Beau. What colour, Madam? how shall I answer
you?

Ref. As wit and fortune will.

Clo. Or as the destinies decree.

Col. Well said; that was laid on with a trowel.

(1) Clo. One, that old Frederick your father loves.

Ref. My Father's Love is enough to honour him enough; This Re-
ply to the Cloven is in all the Books plac'd to Rosalind; but Frede-
rick was not her Father, but Celia's: I have therefore ventur'd to
prefix the Name of Celia. There is no Countenance from any Pas-
fage in the Play, or from the Dramatis Personæ, to imagine, that
Both the Brother-Dukes were Namefakes; and One call'd the
Old, and the Other the Younger Frederick; and, without some
such Authority, it would make Confusion to suppose it.

Clo.
Clo. Nay, if I keep not my rank,—

Ros. Thou los'eft thy old smell.

Le Beau. You amaze me, ladies; I would have told you of good wrestling, which you have loft the light of.

Ros. Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling.

Le Beau. I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your Ladyships, you may see the end, for the best is yet to do; and here where you are, they are coming to perform it.

Cel. Well, the beginning that is dead and buried.

Le Beau. There comes an old man and his three sons,—

Cel. I could match this beginning with an old tale.

Le Beau. Three proper young men, of excellent growth and presence;—

Ros. With bills on their necks: Be it known unto all men by these presents,—

Le Beau. The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles the Duke's Wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: so he serv'd the Second, and so the Third: yonder they lie, the poor old man their father making such pitiful Dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Ros. Alas!

Clo. But what is the Sport, Monsieur, that the ladies have loft?

Le Beau. Why this, that I speak of.

Clo. Thus men may grow wiser every day! It is the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Ros. But (2) is there any else longs to set this broken musick

(2) Is there any else longs to see this broken Musick in his Sides?] This seems a stupid Error in the Copies. They are talking here of Some who had their Ribs broke in Wrestling; and the Pleafantry of Rosalind's Repartee must consist in the Allusion she makes to composing in Musick. It necessarily follows therefore,
muick in his sides? is there yet another doats upon rib-breaking? shall we see this wrestling, Cousin?

Le Beu. You must if you stay here, for here is the place appointed for the wrestling; and they are ready to perform it.

Cel. Yonder, sure, they are coming; let us now stay and see it.

Flourish: Enter Duke Frederick, Lords, Orlando, Charles, and Attendants.

Duke. Come on, since the Youth will not be entreated; his own peril on his forwardness.

Rey. Is yonder the man?

Le Beu. Even he, Madam.

Cel. Alas, he is too young; yet he looks successfully.

Duke. How now, Daughter and Cousin; are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

Rey. Ay, my liege, so please you give us leave.

Duke. You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is such odds in the man: in pity of the challenger's youth, I would feign dissuade him, but he will not be entreated. Speak to him, ladies, see if you can move him.

Cel. Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beu.

Duke. Do so; I'll not be by. [Duke goes apart.

Le Beu. Monsieur the Challenger, the Princesses call for you.

Orla. I attend them with all respect and duty.

Rey. Young man, have you challeng'd Charles the wrestler?

Orla. No, fair Princess; he is the general challenger: I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

Cel. Young Gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your years: you have seen cruel proof of this man's strength. If you saw yourself with your own eyes, or

fore, that the Poet wrote —— set this broken Muick in his sides.  

Mr. Warburton.

knew
knew yourself with your judgment, the fear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprise. We pray you, for your own sake, to embrace your own safety, and give over this attempt.

Ros. Do, young Sir; your reputation shall not therefore be misprised; we will make it our fault to the Duke, that the wrestling might not go forward.

Orla. I beseech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts, wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes and gentle wishes go with me to my trial, wherein if I be foiled, there is but one sham'd that was never gracious; if kill'd, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supplied when I have made it empty.

Ros. The little strength that I have, I would it were with you.

Cel. And mine to eek out hers.

Ros. Fare you well; pray heav'n, I be deceiv'd in you.

Orla. Your heart's desires be with you!

Chas. Come, where is this young Gallant, that is so desirous to lie with his mother earth?

Orla. Ready, Sir; but his Will hath in it a more modest working.

Duke. You shall try but one Fall.

Chas. No, I warrant your Grace, you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

Orla. You mean to mock me after; you should not have mockt me before; but come your ways.

Ros. Now Hercules be thy speed, young man!

Cel. I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg! [they wrestle.

Ros. O excellent young man!

Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down.

[Exit.  
Duke.
As you like it.

Duke. No more, no more. [Charles is thrown.
Orla. Yes, I beseech your Grace; I am not yet well breathed.
Duke. How dost thou, Charles?
Le Beau. He cannot speak, my Lord.
Duke. Bear him away. What is thy name, young man?
Orla. Orlando, my liege, the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Boys.
Duke. I would, thou hadst been son to some man else! The world esteem'd thy Father honourable, But I did find him still mine enemy:
Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this deed, Hadst thou descended from another House.
But fare thee well, thou art a gallant youth;
I would, thou hadst told me of another father.
[Exit Duke, with his train.

Manent Celia, Rosalind, Orlando.

Cel. Were I my father, coz., would I do this?
Orla. I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's son, His youngest son, and would not change that calling To be adopted heir to Frederick.
Rof. My father lov'd Sir Rowland as his soul, And all the world was of my father's mind:
Had I before known this young man his son, I should have giv'n him tears unto entreaties, Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

Cel. Gentle Cousin,
Let us go thank him and encourage him;
My father's rough and envious disposition Sticks me at heart. Sir, you have well deserv'd:
If you do keep your promises in love, But justly as you have exceeded all in promise, Your mistress shall be happy.
Rof. Gentleman,
Wear this for me; one out of suits with fortune, That could give more, but that her hand lacks means. Shall we go, coz? [Giving him a Chain from her Neck.
Cel. Ay, fare you well, fair gentleman.

Orla.
As you Like it.

Orla. Can I not say, I thank you? — my better parts
Are all thrown down; and that, which here stands up,
Is but a quintaine, a meer lifeless block.

Ros. He calls us back: my pride fell with my fortunes.
I'll ask him what he would. Did you call, Sir?
Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown
More than your enemies.

Cel. Will you go, coz?
Ros. Have with you: fare you well.

[Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.

Orla. What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue?
I cannot speak to her; yet she urg'd conference.

Enter Le Beau.

O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown;
Or Charles, or something weaker, masters thee.

Le Beau. Good Sir, I do in friendship counsel you
To leave this place. Albeit you have deserv'd
High commendation, true applause, and love;
Yet such is now the Duke's condition,
That he misconstrues all that you have done.
The Duke is humorous; what he is, indeed,
More suits you to conceive, than me to speak of.

Orla. I thank you, Sir; and, pray you, tell me this;
Which of the two was Daughter of the Duke
That here was at the wrestling?

Le Beau. Neither his daughter, if we judge by manners;
But yet, indeed, the shorter is his daughter;
The other's daughter to the banish'd Duke,
And here detain'd by her usurping Uncle
To keep his daughter company; whose loves
Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters.
But I can tell you, that of late this Duke
Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle Niece;
Grounded upon no other argument,
But that the people praise her for her virtues,

And
And pity her for her good father's sake;  
And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady  
Will suddenly break forth. Sir, fare you well;  
Hereafter, in a better world than this,  
I shall desire more love and knowledge of you.   [Exit.  

Orlo. I reft much bounden to you: fare you well!  
Thus muft I from the smoke into the snother;  
From tyrant Duke unto a tyrant Brother:  
But, heav'nly Rosalind!  

[Exit.

SCENE changes to an Apartment in the Palace.  

Re-enter Celia and Rosalind.  

Cel. Why, Cousin; why, Rosalind; Cupid have  
mercy; not a word!  

Rof. Not one to throw at a dog.  

Cel. No, thy words are too precious to be cast away  
upon curs, throw some of them at me; come, lame me  
with reasons.  

Rof. Then there were two Cousins laid up; when the  
one should be lam'd with Reasons, and the other mad  
without any.  

Cel. But is all this for your father?  

Rof. No, some of it is for my father's child. Oh, how  
full of briars is this working-day-world!  

Cel. They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon thee in  
holiday foolery; if we walk not in the trodden paths,  
our very petticoats will catch them.  

Rof. I could shake them off my coat; these burs are  
in my heart.  

Cel. Hem them away.  

Rof. I would try, if I could cry, hem, and have him.  

Cel. Come, come, wrestle with thy affections.  

Rof. O, they take the part of a better Wrestler than  
myself.  

Cel. O, a good wish upon you! you will try in time,  
in despite of a Fall; — but turning these jefts out of  
service, let us talk in good earnest; is it possible on such  
a sudden you should fall into so strong a liking with old  
Sir Rowland's youngest son?  

Rof.
As you Like it.

Ros. The Duke my father lov'd his father dearly.

Cel. Doth it therefore enful, that you should love his son dearly? by this kind of chase, I should hate him; for my father hated his father dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

Ros. No, faith, hate him not, for my sake.

Cel. Why should I? doth he not deserve well?

Enter Duke, with Lords.

Ros. Let me love him for that; and do you love him, because I do. Look, here comes the Duke.

Cel. With his eyes full of anger.

Duke. Mistresses, dispatch you with your safest haste,
And get you from our Court.

Ros. Me, Uncle!


Within these ten days if that thou hast found
So near our publick Court as twenty miles,
Thou diest for it.

Ros. I do beseech your Grace,
Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me:
If with myself I hold intelligence,
Or have acquaintance with my own desires;
If that I do not dream, or be not frantick,
(As I do trust, I am not,) then, dear Uncle,
Never so much as in a thought unborn
Did I offend your Highness.

Duke. Thus do all traitors;
If their purgation did consist in words,
'They are as innocent as grace itself:
Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not.

Ros. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor;
'Tell me wherein the likelihood depends.

Duke. Thou art thy father's daughter, there's enough.

Ros. So was I, when your Highness took his Dukedom;
So was I, when your Highness banish'd him;
Treason is not inherited, my lord;
Or if we did derive it from our friends,
What's that to me? my father was no traitor.
Then, good my liege, mistake me not so much,
To think my poverty is treacherous.
   
   Col. Dear sovereign, hear me speak.
   
   Duke. Ay, Celia, we but staid her for your sake;
Else had she with her father rang'd along.
   
   Col. I did not then entreat to have her stay;
It was your pleasure, and your own remorse;
I was too young that time to value her;
But now I know her; if she be a traitor,
Why so am I; we still have slept together,
Roses at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together;
And wherefo'er we went, like Juno's Swans,
Still we went coupled, and inseparable.
   
   Duke. She is too subtle for thee; and her smoothness,
Her very silence and her patience,
Speak to the people, and they pity her:
Thou art a fool; she robs thee of thy name,
And thou wilt show more bright, and seem more virtuous,
When she is gone; then open not thy lips:
Firm and irrecoverable is my doom,
Which I have past upon her; she is banish'd.
   
   Col. Pronounce that sentence then on me, my Liege;
I cannot live out of her company.
   
   Duke. You are a fool: you, Niece, provide yourself;
If you out-stay the time, upon mine Honour,
And in the Greatness of my word, you die.

[Exeunt Duke, &c.

   
   Col. O my poor Rosalind; where wilt thou go?
Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine:
I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I am.
   
   Ros. I have more cause.
   
   Col. Thou hast not, cousin;
Pr'ythee, be cheerful; know'st thou not, the Duke
Has banish'd me his daughter?
   
   Ros. That he hath not.
   
   Col. No? hath not? (3) Rosalind lacks then the love,
Which

(3) — Rosalind lacks then the Love,
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one.

Tho' this be the Reading of all the printed Copies, 'tis evident,
The Poet wrote:
Which teacheth Me that thou and I am one:
Shall we be sundred? shall we part, sweet Girl?
No, let my father seek another heir.
Therefore devise with me, how we may fly;
Whither to go, and what to bear with us;
And do not seek to take your charge upon you,
To bear your griefs yourself, and leave me out:
For by this heav'n, now at our sorrows pale,
Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

Rof. Why, whither shall we go?
Cel. To seek my Uncle in the forest of Arden.

Rof. Alas, what danger will it be to us,
Maids as we are, to travel forth so far!
Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

Cel. I'll put myself in poor and mean attire,
And with a kind of umber smirch my face;
The like do you; so shall we pass along,
And never stir affiants.

Rof. Were't not better,
Because that I am more than common tall,
That I did suit me all points like a man?
A gallant Curtl-ax upon my thigh,
A boar-spear in my hand, and (in my heart
Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will)
We'll have a swashling and a martial outside,
As many other mannish Cowards have,
That do outface it with their semblances.

Cel. What shall I call thee, when thou art a man?

Rof. I'll have no worse a name than Jove's own Page;
And therefore, look, you call me Ganymed;
But what will you be call'd?

Cel. Something that hath a reference to my state:
No longer Celia, but Aliena.

Which teacheth Me ———

for if Rosalind had learn'd to think Celia one Part of her Self,
She could not lack that love which Celia complains She does.
My Emendation is confirm'd by what Celia says when She first
comes upon the Stage.
As you like it.

Rof. But, Cousin, what if we affraid to steal
The clownish Fool out of your father's Court?
Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

Col. He'll go along o'er the wide world with me,
Leave me alone to woo him; let's away,
And get our jewels and our wealth together;
Devise the fittest time, and safest way
To hide us from pursuit that will be made
After my flight: now go we in content
To Liberty, and not to Banishment.

[Exeunt,

ACT II.

SCENE, Arden Forest.

Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, and two or three Lords
like Foresters.

Duke Senior.

NOW, my comates, and brothers in exile,
Hath not old cufalom made this life more sweet
Than that of painted Pomp? are not these woods
More free from peril, than the envious Court?
Here feel we but the penalty of Adam, (4)
The Seasons' difference; as, the icy phang,
And churlish chiding of the winter's wind;
Which, when it bites and blows upon my body,
Even 'till I shrink with cold, I smile, and say,
This is no Flattery: these are Counsellors,
That feelingly persuade me what I am.

(4) Here feel we not the Penalty.] What was the Penalty of
Adam, hinted at by our Poet? The being sensible of the difference
of the Seasons. The Duke says, the Cold and Effects of the Winter
feelingly persuade him what he is. How does he not then feel
the Penalty? Doubtles, the Text must be refer'd as I have
corrected it: and 'tis obvious in the Course of these Notes, how
often not and but by Mistake have chang'd Place in our Author's
former Editions.

Sweet.
Sweet are the uses of Adversity,
Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous,
Wears yet a precious jewel in his head:
And this our life, exempt from publick haunt,
Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks,
Sermons in stones, and good in every thing.

_Ami._ I would not change it; happy is your Grace,
That can translate the stubbornness of fortune
Into so quiet and so sweet a style.

_Duke Sen._ Come, shall we go and kill us venison?
And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools,
Being native burghers of this desert city,
Should in their own Confines, with forked heads
Have their round haunches goar’d.

_Lord._ Indeed, my Lord,
The melancholy _Jaques_ grieves at that;
And in that kind swears you do more usurp
Than doth your brother, that hath banish’d you:
To day my Lord of _Amiens_ and myself,
Did steal behind him, as he lay along
Under an oak, whose antique root peeps out
Upon the brook that brawls along this wood;
To the which place a poor fequestred stag,
That from the hunters’ aim had ta’en a hurt,
Did come to languish; and, indeed, my lord,
The wretched Animal heav’d forth such groans
That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat
Almost to bursting; and the big round tears
Cours’d one another down his innocent face
In piteous chase; and thus the hairy fool,
Much marked of the melancholy _Jaques_,
Stood on th’ extreme’st verge of the swift brook,
Augmenting it with tears.

_Duke Sen._ But what said _Jaques_?
Did he not moralize this spectacle?

_Lord._ O yes, into a thousand similies.
First, for his weeping in the needles’ stream;
Poor Deer, quoth he, thou mak’st a testament
As worldlings do, giving thy stem of more
To that which had too much. Then being alone,
As you Like it.

Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends;
'Tis right, quoth he, thus misery doth part
The flux of company; anon a careless herd,
Full of the pasture, jumps along by him,
And never flays to greet him: ay, quoth Jacques,
Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens,
'Tis just the fashion: wherefore do you look
Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?
Thus most invectively he pierceth through
The body of the Country, City, Court,
Yea, and of this our life; swearing, that we
Are meer usurpers, tyrants, and what's worse,
To fright the animals, and to kill them up
In their assign'd and native dwelling place.

Duke Sen. And did you leave him in this contemplation?

2 Lord. We did, my lord, weeping and commenting
Upon the sobbing deer.

Duke Sen. Show me the place;
I love to cope him in these fullen fits.
For then he's full of matter.

2 Lord. I'll bring you to him straight. [Exeunt.

Scene changes to the Palace again.

Enter Duke Frederick with Lords.

Duke. Can it be possible, that no man saw them?
It cannot be; some villains of my Court
Are of content and sufferance in this.

1 Lord. I cannot hear of any that did see her.
The ladies, her attendants of her chamber,
Saw her a-bed, and in the morning early
They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress.

2 Lord. My lord, the roynish Clown, at whom so oft
Your Grace was wont to laugh, is also missing:
Hisperia, the Princess' Gentlewoman,
Confesses, that she secretly o'er-heard
Your Daughter and her Cousin much commend
The parts and graces of the Wrestler,
That did but lately foil the finewy Charles;

And
As you Like it.

And she believes, where ever they are gone,
That Youth is surely in their company.

_Duke._ Send to his brother, fetch that Gallant hither:
If he be absent, bring his brother to me,
I'll make him find him; do this suddenly;
And let not Search and Inquisition quail
To bring again these foolish runaways.       [Exeunt.

Scene changes to Oliver's House.

_Enter Orlando and Adam._

Orla. Who's there?

Adam. What! my young master? oh, my gentle master,
Oh, my sweet master, O you memory
Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here? Why are you virtuous? why do people love you? And wherefore are you gentle, strong, and valiant? Why would you be so fond to overcome
The bonny Priscer of the humorous Duke?
Your Praise is come too swiftly home before you. Know you not, master, to some kind of men Their Graces serve them but as enemies? No more do yours; your virtues, gentle master, Are sanctified and holy traitors to you. Oh, what a world is this, when what is comely Envenoms him that bears it!

Orla. Why, what's the matter?

Adam. O unhappy youth,
Come not within these doors; within this roof The enemy of all your graces lives: Your brother—(no; no brother; yet the son,— Yet not the son; I will not call him son Of him I was about to call his father,) Hath heard your praises, and this night he means To burn the lodging where you use to lie, And you within it; if he fail of that, He will have other means to cut you off; I overheard him, and his practices: This is no place, this house is but a butchery;  

Abhor
Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

Orla. Why, whither, Adam, wouldst thou have me go?

Adam. No matter whither, so you come not here.

Orla. What wouldst thou have me go and beg my food?

Or with a base, and boisterous sword enforce
A thievish living on the common road?
This I must do, or know not what to do
Yet this I will not do, do how I can;
I rather will submit me to the malice
Of a diverted blood, and bloody brother.

Adam. But do not so; I have five hundred crowns,
The thrifty hire I sav’d under your father,
Which I did store, to be my foster nurse
When service should in my old limbs lie lame,
And unregarded age in corners thrown;
Take That: and he that doth the ravens feed,
Yea, providently caters for the sparrow,
Be comfort to my age! here is the gold,
All this I give you, let me be your servant;
Tho’ I look old, yet I am strong and lusty;
For in my youth I never did apply
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood;
Nor did I with unshakable forehead woo
The means of weakness and debility;
Therefore my age is as a lusty winter,
Frolic, but kindly; let me go with you;
I’ll do the service of a younger man
In all your business and necessities.

Orla. Oh! good old man, how well in thee appears
The constant service of the antique world;
When service sweat for duty, not for meed!
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,
Where none will sweat, but for promotion;
And, having That, do chock their service up
Even with the Having; it is not so with thee;
But poor old man, thou prun’st a rotten tree,
That cannot so much as a blossom yield,
In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry;
But come thy ways, we’ll go along together;

And
And ere we have thy youthful wages spent,
We'll light upon some settled low Content.

Adam. Mutter, go on; and I will follow thee
To the last gasp with truth and loyalty.
From seventeen years 'till now almost fourscore
Here lived I, but now live here no more.
At seventeen years many their fortunes seek;
But at fourscore, it is too late a week;
Yet fortune cannot recompence me better
Than to die well, and not my master's debtor.  [Exe.

SCENE changes to the FOREST of Arden.

Enter Rosalind in Boys cloaths for Ganymed, Celia dress
like a Shepherdess for Aliena, and Clown.

Ros. O Jupiter! how weary are my spirits!? (5)

Clo. I care not for my spirits, if my legs
were not weary.

Ros. I could find in my heart to disgrace my man’s
apparel, and cry like a woman; but I must comfort the
weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought to show itself
courageous to petticoat; therefore, courage, good Aliena.

Cel. I pray you bear with me, I can go no further.

Clo. For my part, I had rather bear with you, than
bear you; yet I should bear no cross, if I did bear you;
for, I think you have no mony in your purse.

Ros. Well, this is the forest of Arden.

Clo. Ay, now I am in Arden, the more fool I; when
I was at home, I was in a better place; but travellers
must be content.

Ros. Ay, be so, good Touchstone: look you, who
comes here; a young man and an old in solemn talk.

(5) O Jupiter! how merry are my Spirits?] And yet, within the
Space of one intervening Line, She says, She could find in her Heart
to disgrace her Man's Apparel, and cry like a Woman. Sure, this is
but a very bad Symptom of the Britsicks of Spirits: rather a direct
Proof of the contrary Disposition. Mr. Hibernon and I, concurred
in conjecturing it should be, as I have reform'd in the Text:—
how weary are my Spirits? And the Clown's Reply makes this Read-
ing certain.
Enter Corin and Silvius.

Cor. That is the way to make her scorn you still.
Sil. O Corin, that thou knew'st how I do love her!
Cor. I partly guest; for I have lov'd ere now.
Sil. No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guest,
Tho' in thy youth thou wafst as true a lover,
As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow;
But if thy love were ever like to mine,
(As, sure, I think, did never man love so)
How many Actions most ridiculous
Haft thou been drawn to by thy fantasy?
Cor. Into a thousand that I have forgotten.
Sil. O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily;
If thou remember'st not the slightest folly,
That ever love did make thee run into;
Thou haft not lov'd.———
Or if thou haft not fate as I do now,
Wearing the hearer in thy mistress praise,
Thou haft not lov'd.———
Or if thou haft not broke from company,
Abruptly, as my passion now makes me;
Thou haft not lov'd.———
O Phebe! Phebe! Phebe!'

[Exit Sil.

Ref. Alas, poor Shepherd! searching of thy wound,
I have by hard adventure found my own.
Clo. And I mine; I remember, when I was in love,
I broke my sword upon a stone, and bid him take that
for coming a-nights to Jane Smile; and I remember
the kissing of her batlet, and the cow's dugs that her
pretty chopt hands had milk'd; and I remember the
wooing of a peascod instead of her, from whom I took
two cods, and giving her them again, said with weeping
 tears, wear these for my sake. We, that are true
lovers, run into strange capers; but as all is mortal in
nature, so is all nature in love mortal in folly.
Ref. Thou speakest wiser, than thou art ware of.
Clo. Nay, I shall ne'er be ware of mine own wit, 'till
I break my shins against it.
Ref. Jove! Jove! this Shepherd's passion is much
upon my fashion.
Clo. And mine; but it grows something stale with me.
Cel. I pray you, one of you question yond man,
If he for gold will give us any food;
I faint almost to death.
Clo. Holla; you, Clown!
Ros. Peace, fool; he's not thy kinsman.
Cor. Who calls?
Clo. Your Betters, Sir.
Cor. Else they are very wretched.
Ros. Peace, I say; good Even to you, friend.
Cor. And to you, gentle Sir, and to you all.
Ros. I pr'ythee, shepherd, if that love or gold
Can in this desert place buy entertainment,
Bring us where we may rest ourselves, and feed;
Here's a young maid with travel much oppress'd,
And faints for succour.
Cor. Fair Sir, I pity her,
And wish for her sake, more than for mine own,
My fortunes were more able to relieve her:
But I am Shepherd to another man,
And do not shear the fleece that I graze;
My Master is of churlish disposition,
And little wreaks to find the way to heav'n
By doing deeds of hospitality:
Besides, his Coate, his flocks, and bounds of feed
Are now on sale, and at our sheep-coate now,
By reason of his absence, there is nothing
That you will feed on; but what is, come see;
And in my voice most welcome shall you be.
Ros. What is he, that shall buy his flock and pasturage?
Cor. That young swain, that you saw here but ere
While,
That little cares for buying any thing.
Ros. I pray thee, if it stand with honesty,
Buy thou the cottage, pasturage, and the flock,
And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.
Cel. And we will mend thy wages.
I like this place, and willingly could waste
My time in it.
Vol. II. N Cor.
Assuredly, the thing is to be told;
Go with me; if you like, upon report,
The soil, the profit, and this kind of life,
I will your very faithful feeder be;
And buy it with your gold right suddenly.  

[Exeunt.

Scene changes to a desert part of the forest.

Enter Amiens, Jaques, and others.

Song

Under the green-wood tree,
Who loves to lie with me,
And tune his merry note,
Unto the sweet bird's throat,
Come hither, come hither, come hither:
Here shall be seen
No enemy,
But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. More, more, I pray thee, more.
Ami. It will make you melancholy, Monsieur Jaques.
Jaq. I thank it; more, I pray thee, more; I can
fuck melancholy out of a song, as a weasel fucks eggs:
more, I pray thee, more.
Ami. My voice is rugged; I know, I cannot please you.
Jaq. I do not desire you to please me, I do desire
you to sing; come, come, another stanza; call you 'em
stanza's?
Ami. What you will, Monsieur Jaques.
Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names, they owe me
nothing.——Will you sing?
Ami. More at your request, than to please myself.
Jaq. Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank
you; but that, they call Compliments, is like the en-
counter of two dog-apes. And when a man thanks me
heartily, methinks, I have given him a penny, and he
renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, sing; and you
that will not, hold your tongues.
As you like it.

Ami. Well, I'll end the song, Sirs; cover the while; the Duke will dine under this tree; he hath been all this day to look you.

Jaq. And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too disputable for my company: I think of as many matters as he, but I give heav'n thanks, and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

SONG.

Who doth ambition shun,
And loves to lie 'twixt Sun,
Seeking the food he eats,
And pleas'd with what he gets;
Come hither, come hither, come hither;
Here shall he see
No enemy,
But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made yesterday in despit of my invention.

Ami. And I'll sing it.

Jaq. Thus it goes.

If it do come to pass,
That any man turn as,
Leaving his wealth and ease
A stubborn will to please,
Ducdame, ducdame, ducdame;
Here shall he see
Gross fools as he,
An' if he will come to me,

Ami. What's that's ducdame?

Jaq. 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. Ill go to sleep if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail against all the first-born of Egypt.

Ami. And I'll go seek the Duke: his banquet is prepar'd.

[Exeunt, severally.

Enter Orlando and Adam.

Adam. Dear master, I can go no further; O, I die

N 2
for food! here lie I down, and measure out my grave. Farewel, kind master.

Orla. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in thee? live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyself a little. If this uncouth Forest yield any thing savage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for food to thee: thy conceit is nearer death, than thy powers. For my sake be comfortable, hold death a while at the arm's end: I will be here with thee presently, and if I bring thee not something to eat, I'll give thee leave to die. But if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well said, thou look'st cheerly. And I'll be with thee quickly; yet thou liest in the bleak air. Come, I will bear thee to some shelter, and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any thing in this Desert. Cheerly, good Adam.

[Exeunt.

Enter Duke Sen. and Lords. [A Table set out.

Duke Sen. I think, he is transform'd into a beast,
For I can no where find him like a man.

1 Lord. My Lord, he is but even now gone hence;
Here was he merry, hearing of a Song.

Duke Sen. If he, compact of jars, grow musical,
We shall have shortly discord in the spheres:
Go, seek him; tell him, I would speak with him.

Enter Jaques.

1 Lord. He saves my labour by his own approach.

Duke Sen. Why, how now, Monsieur, what a life is this,
That your poor friends must woo your company?
What! you look merrily.

Jaq. A fool, a fool;—I met a fool i' th' forest,
A motley fool; a miserable world!
As I do live by food, I met a fool,
Who laid him down and bask'd him in the sun,
And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good terms,
In good set terms, and yet a motley fool.
Good morrow, fool, quoth I: No, Sir, quoth he,
Call me not fool, 'till heaven hath sent me fortune;
And then he drew a dial from his poak,
And looking on it with lack-lustre eye,
Says, very wisely, it is ten a clock:
Thus may we see, quoth he, how the world wags:
'Tis but an hour ago since it was nine,
And after one hour more 'twill be eleven;
And so from hour to hour we ripe and ripe,
And then from hour to hour we rot and rot,
And thereby hangs a tale. When I did hear
The motley fool thus moral on the time,
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,
That fools should be so deep contemplative:
And I did laugh, fans intermission,
An hour by his dial. O noble fool,
A worthy fool! motley's the only wear.

Duke Sen. What fool is this?

Jaq. O worthy fool! one that hath been a Courtier,
And says, if ladies be but young and fair,
They have the gift to know it: and in his brain,
Which is as dry as the remainder biscuit
After a voyage, he hath strange places cram'd
With observation, the which he vents
In mangled forms. O that I were a fool!
I am ambitious for a motley coat.

Duke Sen. Thou shalt have one.

Jaq. It is my only suit;
Provided, that you weed your better judgments
Of all opinion, that grows rank in them,
That I am wise. I must have liberty
Withal, as large a charter as the wind,
To blow on whom I please; for so fools have;
And they that are most gauleed with my folly,
They most must laugh: and why, Sir, must they so?
The why is plain, as way to parish church;

(6) He, whom a fool doth very wisely hit,

Doth

(6) He, whom a Fool doth very wisely hit,
Doth very foolishly, although be smart,
Doth very foolishly, although he sinart,
Not to seem senseless of the bob. If not,
The wife man's folly is anatomiz'd
Even by the squandring glances of a fool.
Invest me in my motley, give me leave
To speak my mind, and I will through and through
Cleanse the foul body of th' infected world,
If they will patiently receive my medicine.

_Duke Sen._ Fie on thee! I can tell what thou wouldst do.

_Jaq._ What, for a counter, would I do but good:

_Duke Sen._ Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding sin:
For thou thyself hast been a libertine,
As sensual as the brutish sting itself;
And all the emboiled fores and headed evils,
That thou with licence of free foot hast caught,
Wouldst thou disguste into the general world.

_Jaq._ Why, who cries out on pride,
That can therein tax any private party?
Doth it not flow as hugely as the Sea,
'Till that the very very means do ebb?
What woman in the city do I name,
When that I say, the city-woman bears
The cost of Princes on unworthy shoulders?
Who can come in, and say, that I mean her;
When such a one as she, such is her neighbour?
Or what is he of basest function,
That says, his bravery is not on my cost;
Thinking, that I mean him; but therein futes
His folly to the metal of my speech?
There then; how then? what then? let me see wherein
My tongue hath wrong'd him; if it do him right,

_Som sects senseless of the bob. If not, &c.] Besides that the third
Verse is defective one whole Foot in Measure, the Tenour of what
Jaques continues to say, and the Reasoning of the Passage, shew it is
no less defective in the Sense. There is no doubt, but the two little Mo-
nofyllables, which I have supplied, were either by Accident wanting
in the Manuscript Copy, or by Inadvertence were left out at Press.

Then
Then he hath wrong'd himself; if he be free,
Why, then my taxing, like a wild goose, flies
Unclaim'd of any man. But who comes here?

Enter Orlando, with Sword drawn.

Orla. Forbear, and eat no more.
Jaq. Why, I have eat none yet.
Orla. Nor shalt thou, 'till necessity be serv'd.
Jaq. Of what kind should this Cock come of?
Duke Sen. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy dis-
tress?
Or else a rude despiser of good manners,
That in civility thou seem'st so empty?
Orla. You touch'd my vein at first; the thorny point
Of bare distress hath ta'en from me the show
Of smooth civility; yet am I in-land bred,
And know some nurture: but forbear, I say:
He dies, that touches any of this fruit,
'Till I and my affairs are answered.
Jaq. If you will not
Be answered with reason, I must die.
Duke Sen. What would you have? Your gentleness
shall force,
More than your force move us to gentleness.
Orla. I almost die for food, and let me have it.
Duke Sen. Sit down and feed, and welcome to our
table.
Orla. Speak you so gently? pardon me, I pray you;
I thought, that all things had been savage here;
And therefore put I on the countenance
Of stern commandment. But whate'er you are,
That in this desert inaccessible,
Under the shade of melancholy boughs,
Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time;
If ever you have look'd on better days;
If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church;
If ever fate at any good man's feast;
If ever from your eyelids wip'd a tear,
And know what 'tis to pity, and be pitied;
Let gentleness my strong enforcement be,
In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword.

_Duke Sen._ True is it, that we have seen better days;
And have with holy bell been knoll’d to church;
And fate at good men’s-feasts, and wip’d our eyes
Of drops, that sacred pity hath engender’d:
And therefore sit you down in gentleness,
And take upon command what help we have,
That to your wanting may be ministred.

_Orla._ Then but forbear your food a little while,
Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn,
And give it food. There is an old poor man,
Who after me hath many a weary step
Limp’d in pure love; ’till he be first suffic’d,
Oppress’d with two weak evils, age and hunger,
I will not touch a bit.

_Duke Sen._ Go find him out,
And we will nothing waste till you return.

_Orla._ I thank ye; and be blest for your good com-
fort! [Exit.

_Duke Sen._ Thou feest, we are not all alone unhappy:
This wide and universal Theatre
Presents more woful pageants, than the scene
Wherein we play in.

_Jaq._ All the world’s a Stage,
And all the men and women meerly Players;
They have their _Exits_ and their entrances,
And one man in his time plays many parts:
His acts being seven ages. At first the infant,
Mewling and puking in the nurse’s arms:
And then, the whining school-boy with his fatchel,
And shining morning-face, creeping like snail
Unwillingly to school. And then, the lover;
Sighing like furnace, with a woful ballad
Made to his mistress’ eye-brow. Then, a soldier:
Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the pard,
Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel;
Seeking the bubble reputation
Even in the cannon’s mouth. And then, the justice
In fair round belly, with good capon lin’d,
With eyes severe, and beard of formal cut,
Full of wise laws and modern instances,
And so he plays his part. The sixth age shifts
Into the lean and slipper’d pantaloon,
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side;
His youthful hose well sav’d, a world too wide
For his shrunk shank; and his big manly voice,
Turning again toward childish treble, pipes,
And whistles in his head. Last Scene of all,
That ends this strange eventful History,
Is second childishness, and mere oblivion,
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.

Enter Orlando, with Adam.

Duke Sen. Welcome: set down your venerable burden,
And let him feed.

Orla. I thank you most for him.

Adam. So had you need,
I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.

Duke Sen. Welcome, fall to: I will not trouble you,
As yet to question you about your fortunes.
Give us some musick; and, good cousin, sing.

SONG.

Blow, blow, thou winter wind,
Thou art not so unkind
As man’s ingratitude;
Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,
Altho’ thy breath be rude.
Heigh ho! sing, heigh ho! unto the green holly;
Most friendship is feigning; most loving meer folly:
Then heigh ho, the holly!
This life is most jolly.

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,
That dost not bite so nigh
As benefits forgot:

N 5

Tho’
A C T  III.

S C E N E,  t h e  P A L A C E.

Enter Duke, Lords, and Oliver.

D U K E.

Not see him since? Sir, Sir, that cannot be: But were I not the better part made mercy, I should not seek an absent argument Of my revenge, thou present: but look to it; Find out thy brother, wheresoe’er he is; Seek him with candle: bring him dead or living, Within this twelvemonth; or turn thou no more To seek a living in our territory. Thy lands and all things that thou dost call thine, Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands; ’Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother’s mouth, Of what we think against thee.
As you like it.

Oli. Oh, that your Highness knew my heart in this:
I never lov'd my brother in my life.

Duke. More villain thou. Well, push him out of
doors;
And let my officers of such a nature
Make an Extent upon his house and lands:
Do this expeditiously, and turn him going. \[Exeunt.\]

SCENE changes to the FOREST.

Enter Orlando.

Orla. \[Ang there, my verse, in witness of my love;\]
And thou thrice-crowned Queen of Night
survey,
With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above,
Thy huntress' name that my full life doth sway.
O Rosalind! these trees shall be my books,
And in their barks my thoughts I'll character;
That every eye, which in this forest looks,
Shall see thy virtue witness'd every where.
Run, run, Orlando, carve, on every tree,
The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive She. \[Exit.\]

Enter Corin and Clown.

Cor. And how, like you this shepherd's life, Mr. Touch-
stone?

Clo. Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is a
good life; but in respect that it is a shepherd's life, it
is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it very
well; but in respect that it is private, it is a very vile
life. Now in respect it is in the fields, it pleaseth me
well; but in respect it is not in the Court, it is tedious.
As it is a spare life, look you, it fits my humour well;
but as there is no more plenty in it, it goes much against
my stomach. Haft any philosophy in thee, shepherd?

Cor. No more, but that I know, the more one
sickens, the worse at ease he is: and that he, that
wants mony, means, and content, is without three
good
good friends. That the property of rain is to wet, and fire to burn: that good pasture makes fat sheep; and that a great cause of the night, is lack of the Sun: that he, that hath learned no wit by nature nor art, may complain of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Clo. Such a one is a natural philosopher. Waft ever in Court, shepherd?

Cor. No, truly.

Clo. Then thou art damn'd.

Cor. Nay, I hope ——

Clo. Truly, thou art damn'd, like an ill-rosted egg, all on one side.

Cor. For not being at Court? your reason.

Clo. Why, if thou never waft at Court, thou never sawst good manners; if thou never sawst good manners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation: thou art in a parlous state, shepherd.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone: those, that are good manners at the Court, are as ridiculous in the Country, as the behaviour of the Country is most mockable at the Court. You told me, you salute not at the Court, but you kiss your hands; that courtsey would be uncleanly, if Courtiers were shepherds.

Clo. Instance, briefly; come, instance.

Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes; and their fels, you know, are greasy.

Clo. Why, do not your Courtiers' hands sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? shallow, shallow; — a better instance, I say: come.

Cor. Besides, our hands are hard.

Clo. Your lips will feel them the sooner. Shallow again: — a more founder instance, come.

Cor. And they are often tarr'd over with the surgery of our sheep; and would you have us kiss tarr? the Courtier's hands are perfumed with civet.

Clo. Most shallow man! thou worms-meat, in respect of a good piece of flesh, indeed! learn of the
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wife, and perpend; civet is of a bafer birth than tarr; the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

Cor. You have too courtly a wit for me; I’ll rest.

Clo. Wilt thou rest damn’d? God help thee, shallow man; God make incision in thee, thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true labourer, I earn that I eat; get that I wear; owe no man hate, envy no man’s happiness; glad of other men’s good, content with my harm; and the greatest of my pride is, to see my ewes graze, and my lambs suck.

Clo. That is another simple sin in you, to bring the ewes and the rams together; and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle; to be a bawd to a bell-weather; and to betray a she-lamb of a twelve-month to a crooked-pated old cuckoldly ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou be’st not damn’d for this, the devil himself will have no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou shouldst ‘scape.

Cor. Here comes young Mr. Ganied, my new mistress’s brother.

Enter Rosalind, with a paper.

Rof. From the east to western Inde,
No jewel is like Rosalind.
Her worth, being mounted on the wind,
Through all the world bears Rosalind.
All the pictures, fairest lin’d,
Are but black to Rosalind;
Let no face be kept in mind,
But the face of Rosalind.

Clo. I’ll rhyme you so, eight years together; dinners, and suppers, and sleeping hours excepted: it is the right butter-women’s rank to market.

Rof. Out, fool!

Clo. For a taste.

If a hart doth lack a bind,
Let him seek out Rosalind.
If the cat will after kind,
So, be sure, will Rosalind.
Winter-garments must be lin'd,
So must slender Rosalind.
They, that reap, must sheaf and bind;
Then to Cart with Rosalind.
Sweetest nut hath sourest rind,
Such a nut is Rosalind.
He that sweetest rose will find,
Must find love's prick, and Rosalind.

This is the very false gallop of verses; why do you infect yourself with them?

Ros. Peace, you dull fool, I found them on a tree.

Clo. Truly, the tree yields bad fruit.

Ros. I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff it with a medler; then it will be the earliest fruit i' th' country; for you will be rotten ere you be half ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medler.

Clo. You have said; but whether wisely or no, let the Forest judge.

Enter Celia, with a writing.

Ros. Peace, here comes my Sister reading; stand aside.

Cel. Why should this a Desert be,
For it is unpeopled? No;
Tongues I'll hang on every tree,
That shall civil sayings show.
Some, how brief the life of man
Runs his erring pilgrimage;
That the stretching of a Span
Buckles in his sum of age;
Some of violated vows,
'Twixt the souls of friend and friend;
But upon the fairest boughs,
Or at every sentence end,
Will I Rosalinda write;  
Teaching all, that read, to know,  
This Quintessence of every Sprite  
Heaven would in little show.  
Therefore heaven nature charg'd,  
That one body should be fill'd  
With all graces wide enlarg'd;  
Nature presently distill'd  
Helen's cheeks, but not her heart,  
Cleopatra's majesty;  
Atalanta's better part;  
Sad Lucretia's modesty.  
Thus Rosalind of many parts  
By heav'nly fynod was devis'd;  
Of many faces, eyes and hearts,  
To have the Touches dearest prize'd.  
Heav'n would that she these gifts should have,  
And I to live and die her slave.

Ros. O most gentle Jupiter! — what tedious homily of love have you wearied your Parishioners withal, and never cry'd, have patience, good people?  
Cel. How now? back-friends! shepherd, go off a little: go with him, sirrah.  
Clo. Come, sheepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; tho' not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage.  
[Exeunt Corin and Clown.  
Cel. Didst thou hear these verses?  
Ros. O yes, I heard them all, and more too; for some of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.  
Cel. That's no matter; the feet might bear the verses.  
Ros. Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.  
Cel. But didst thou hear without wondring, how thy name should be hang'd and carv'd upon these trees?  
Ros. I was seven of the nine days out of wonder, before you came; for, look here, what I found on a palm-tree;
tree; I was never so be-rhimed since Pythagoras's time, that I was an Irish rat, which I can hardly remember.

Ces. Trow you, who hath done this?

Ros. Is it a man?

Ces. And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck: Change you colour?

Ros. I pr'ythee, who?

Ces. O Lord, Lord, it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and so encounter.

Ros. Nay, but who is it?

Ces. Is it possible?

Ros. Nay, I pr'ythee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

Ces. O wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful wonderful, and yet again wonderful, and after that out of all whooping——

Ros. Odd's, my complexion! dost thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? (6) One inch of delay more is a South-sea off discovery. I pr'ythee, tell me, who is it; quickly, and speak apace; I would thou couldst flammer, that thou might'st pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all. I pr'ythee, take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

Ces. So you may put a man in your belly.

Ros. Is he of God's making? what manner of man? is his head worth a hat? or his chin worth a beard?

Ces. Nay, he hath but a little beard.

Ros. Why, God will send more, if the man will be thankful; let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

(6) One Inch of Delay more is a South-sea of Discovery; ] A South-sea of Discovery: This is stark Nonsense; We must read——

eff Discovery. i.e. from Discovery. "If you delay me one Inch " of Time longer, I shall think this Secret as far from Discovery " as the South-sea is."
As you like it.

Col. It is young Orlando, that tripp’d up the wrestler’s heels and your heart both in an instant.

Ros. Nay, but the devil take mocking; speak, sad brow, and true maid.

Col. I’faith, coz, ’tis he.

Ros. Orlando!

Col. Orlando.

Ros. Alas the day, what shall I do with my doublet and hose? what did he, when thou saw’st him? what said he? how look’d he? wherein went he? what makes he here? did he ask for me? where remains he? how parted he with thee? and when shalt thou see him again? answer me in one word.

Col. You must borrow me Garagantua’s mouth first; ’tis a word too great for any mouth of this age’s size: to say, ay, and no, to these particulars, is more than to answer in a catechism.

Ros. But doth he know that I am in this Forest, and in man’s apparel? looks he as fresh as he did the day he wrestled?

Col. It is as easy to count atoms, as to resolve the propositions of a lover: but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I found him under a tree like a dropp’d acorn.

Ros. It may well be call’d Jove’s tree, when it drops forth such fruit.

Col. Give me audience, good Madam.

Ros. Proceed.

Col. There lay he stretch’d along like a wounded Knight.

Ros. Tho’ it be pity to see such a sight, it well becomes the ground.

Col. Cry, holla! to thy tongue, I pr’ythee; it curvets unseasonably. He was furnish’d like a hunter.

Ros. Oh, ominous! he comes to kill my heart.

Col. I would sing my song without a burden; thou bring’st me out of tune.

Ros. Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I must speak: Sweet, say on.

Enter
Enter Orlando and Jaques.

Cei. You bring me out. Soft, comes he not here?
Ros. 'Tis he; flink by, and note him.

[Celia and Rosalind retire.

Jaq. I thank you for your company; but, good faith, I had as lief have been myself alone.
Orla. And so had I; but yet for fashion fake, I thank you too for your society.
Jaq. God b'w' you, let's meet as little as we can.
Orla. I do desire we may be better strangers.
Jaq. I pray you, marr no more trees with writing love-songs in their barks.
Orla. I pray you, marr no more of my Verses with reading them ill-favouredly.
Jaq. Rosalind, is your love's name?
Orla. Yes, just.
Jaq. I do not like her name.
Orla. There was no thought of pleasing you, when she was christen'd.
Jaq. What stature is she of?
Orla. Just as high as my heart.
Jaq. You are full of pretty answers; have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths wives, and count'd them out of rings?
Orla. Not so: (7) but I answer you right painted cloth, from whence you have studied your questions.
Jaq. You have a nimble wit; I think, it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you sit down with me, and we two will rail against our mistresses, the world, and all our misery.

(7) But I answer you right painted Cloth.] This alludes to the Fashion, in old Tapestry Hangings, of Motto's and moral Sentences from the Mouths of the Figures work'd or painted in them. The Poet again hints at this Custom in his Poem, call'd, Tarquin and Lucrece:

Who fears a Sentence, or an old Man's Saw,
Shall by a painted Cloth be kept in awe.

Orla.
Orel. I will chide no breather in the world but my self, against whom I know most faults.

Jaq. The worst fault you have, is to be in love.

Orel. 'Tis a fault I will not change for your best virtue; I am weary of you.

Jaq. By my troth, I was seeking for a fool, when I found you.

Orel. He is drown'd in the brook; look but in, and you shall see him.

Jaq. There I shall see mine own figure.

Orel. Which I take to be either a fool, or a cypher.

Jaq. I'll stay no longer with you; farewell, good Signior love!

[Exit.

Orel. I am glad of your departure; adieu, good Monsieur melancholy! [Cel. and Ros. come forward.

Ros. I will speak to him like a sawcy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him: do you hear, forester?

Orel. Very well; what would you?

Ros. I pray you, what is't a clock?

Orel. You should ask me, what time o'day; there's no clock in the Forest.

Ros. Then there is no true lover in the Forest; else, sighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of time, as well as a clock.

Orel. And why not the swift foot of time? had not that been as proper?

Ros. By no means, Sir: time travels in divers paces, with divers persons; I'll tell you who time ambles withal, who time trots withal, who time gallops withal, and who he stands still withal.

Orel. I pr'ythee, whom doth he trot withal?

Ros. Marry, he trots hard with a young maid, between the contract of her marriage, and the day it is solemniz'd: if the interim be but a sennight, time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven years.

Orel. Who ambles time withal?

Ros. With a priest that lacks Latin, and a rich man that hath not the gout; for the one sleeps easily, because he cannot study; and the other lives merrily, because
cause he feels no pain: the one lacking the burden of
lean and wasteful learning; the other knowing no bur-
den of heavy tedious penury. These time ambles withal.

O'rea. Whom doth he gallop withal?

Ros. With a thief to the gallows: for though he go
as softly as foot can fall, he thinks himself too soon
there.

O'rea. Whom flays it still withal?

Ros. With lawyers in the vacation; for they sleep
between term and term, and then they perceive not
how time moves.

O'rea. Where dwell you, pretty youth?

Ros. With this shepherdess, my sister; here in the
skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

O'rea. Are you native of this place?

Ros. As the cony, that you see dwell where she is
kindled.

O'rea. Your accent is something finer, than you could
purchase in so removed a dwelling.

Ros. I have been told so of many; but, indeed, an old
religious Uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in
his youth an in-land man, one that knew courtship too
well; for there he fell in love. I have heard him read
many lectures against it; I thank God, I am not a wo-
man, to be touch'd with so many giddy offences as he
hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.

O'rea. Can you remember any of the principal evils,
that he laid to the charge of women?

Ros. There were none principal, they were all like
one another, as half pence are; every one fault seem-
ing monstrous, 'till his fellow fault came to match it.

O'rea. I pray thee, recount some of them.

Ros. No; I will not cast away my physic, but on
those that are sick. There is a man haunts the Forest,
that abuses our young Plants with carving Rosalind on
their barks; hangs Odes upon hawthorns, and Elegies
on brambles; all, forsooth, defying the name of Rosal-
lind. If I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give
him some good counsel, for he seems to have the Quoti-
dian of love upon him.
Orla. I am he, that is so love-shak'd; I pray you, tell me your remedy.

Rof. There is none of my Uncle's marks upon you, he taught me how to know a man in love; in which cage of rushes, I am sure, you are not prisoner.

Orla. What were his marks?

Rof. A lean cheek, which you have not; a blue eye and sunken, which you have not; an unquestionable spirit, which you have not; a beard neglected, which you have not;—but I pardon you for that, for simply yourHaving in beard is a younger Brother's revenue;—then your hose should be ungarter'd, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbutton'd, your shoe untied, and every thing about you demonstrating a careless defolation; but you are no such man, you are rather point-device in your accoutrements, as loving yourself, than seeming the lover of any other.

Orla. Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

Rof. Me believe it? you may as soon make her, that you love, believe it; which, I warrant she is apter to do, than to confess she does; that is one of the points, in the which women still give the lye to their consciences. But, in good sooth, are you he that hangs the Verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

Orla. I swear to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rosalind, I am That he, that unfortunate he.

Rof. But are you so much in love, as your rhymes speak?

Orla. Neither rhime nor reason can express how much.

Rof. Love is merely a madness, and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip, as mad men do: and the reason why they are not so punish'd and cured, is, that the lunacy is so ordinary, that the whippers are in love too: yet I profess curing it by counsel.

Orla. Did you ever cure any so?

Rof. Yes, one, and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his mistress: and I set him every day to woe me. At which time would I, being but a moonish
moonish youth, grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing, and liking; proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, indifferent, full of tears, full of smiles; for every passion something, and for no passion truly any thing, as boys and women are for the most part cattle of this colour; would now like him, now loath him; then entertain him, then forswear him; now weep for him, then spit at him; that I draw my suitor from his mad humour of love, to a living humour of madness; which was, to forswear the full stream of the world, and to live in a nook meerly monastic; and thus I cur’d him, and this way will I take upon me to wash your liver as clear as a found sheep’s heart, that there shall not be one spot of love in’t.

Orla. I would not be cur’d, youth.

Ros. I would cure you if you would but call me Rosalind, and come every day to my cotte, and wooe me.

Orla. Now, by the faith of my love, I will; tell me where it is.

Ros. Go with me to it, and I will shew it you; and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the Forest you live: will you go?

Orla. With all my heart, good youth.

Ros. Nay, nay, you must call me Rosalind: come, sister, will you go? [Exeunt.

Enter Clown, Audrey and Jaques.

Clo. Come apace, good Audrey, I will fetch up your goats, Audrey; and now, Audrey, am I the man yet? doth my simple feature content you?

Aud. Your features, Lord warrant us! what features?

Clo. I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet honest Ovid was among the Goths.

Jaq. O knowledge ill-inhabited, worse than love in a thatch’d house!

Clo. When a man’s verses cannot be understood, nor a man’s good Wit seconded with the forward child, Understanding; it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room; truly, I would the Gods had made thee poetical.

Aud.
As you like it.

Aud. I do not know what poetical is; is it honest in deed and word? is it a true thing?

Clo. No, truly; for the truest poetry is the most feigning; and lovers are given to poetry; and what they swear in poetry, may be said, as lovers, they do feign.

Aud. Do you wish then, that the Gods had made me poetical?

Clo. I do, truly; for thou swear'st to me, thou art honest: now if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou did'st feign.

Aud. Would you not have me honest?

Clo. No, truly, unless thou wert hard-favour'd; for honesty coupled to beauty, is, to have honey a savor to sugar.

Jaq. A material fool!

Aud. Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the Gods make me honest!

Clo. Truly, and to cast away honesty upon a foul slut, were to put good meat into an unclean dish.

Aud. I am not a slut, though I thank the Gods I am foul.

Clo. Well, praised be the Gods for thy foulness! sluttishness may come hereafter: but be it as it may be, I will marry thee; and to that end I have been with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the vicar of the next village, who hath promised to meet me in this place of the forest, and to couple us.

Jaq. I would fain see this meeting.

Aud. Well, the Gods give us joy!

Clo. Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn-beasts. But what thou? courage. As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is said, many a man knows no end of his goods: right: many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife, 'tis none of his own getting; horns? even so — poor men alone? — no, no, the noblest deer hath them as huge as the rascal: is the single man there-
therefore blessed? no. As a wall’d town is more war–
thier than a village, so is the forehead of a married man
more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor; and
by how much defence is better than no skill, so much a
horn more precious than to want.

Enter Sir Oliver Mar-text.

Here comes Sir Oliver: Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are
well met. Will you dispatch us here under this tree,
or shall we go with you to your Chapel?

Sir Oli. Is there none here to give the woman?

Clo. I will not take her on gift of any man.

Sir Oli. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is
not lawful.

Jaq. Proceed, proceed! I’ll give her.

Clo. Good even, good master what ye call: how do
you, Sir? you are very well met: God’ld you for your
lait company! I am very glad to see you; even a toy
in hand here, Sir: nay; pray, be covered.

Jaq. Will you be married, Motley?

Clo. As the ox hath his bow, Sir, the horse his curb,
and the falcon his bells, so man hath his desire; and
as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibling.

Jaq. And will you being a man of your breeding,
be married under a bush like a beggar? get you to
church, and have a good priest that can tell you what
marriage is; this fellow will but join you together as
they join wainscot; then one of you will prove a shrunk
pannel, and, like green timber, warp, warp.

Clo. I am not in the mind, but I were better to be
married of him than of another; for he is not like to
marry me well; and not being well married, it will be
a good excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife.

Jaq. Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

Clo. Come, sweet Audrey, we must be married, or we
must live in bawdry: farewel, good Sir Oliver; not
O sweet Oliver, O brave Oliver, leave me not behind
thee, but wind away, begone, I say, I will not to
wedding with thee.

Sir
As you Like it. 313

Sir Olivia. 'Tis no matter; ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall flout me out of my Calling. [Exeunt.

Scene changes to a Cottage in the Forest.

Enter Rosalind and Celia.

Rof. Never talk to me, I will weep.

Cel. Do, I pr'ythee; but yet have the grace to consider, that tears do not become a man.

Rof. But have I not cause to weep?

Cel. As good cause as one would desire, therefore weep.

Rof. His very hair is of the dissembling colour.

Cel. Something browner than Judas's: marry his kisses are Judas's own children.

Rof. P'faith, his hair is of a good colour.

Cel. An excellent colour: your chestnut was ever the only colour.

Rof. (8) And his kisssing is as full of sanctity, as the touch of holy Beard.

Cel. (9) He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana; a nun

(8) And his kisssing is as full of sanctity, as the touch of holy Bread.] Tho' this be the Reading of the oldest Copies, I have made no Scruple to substitute an Emendation of Mr. Warburton, which mightily adds to the Propriety of the Simile. What can the Poet be supposed to mean by holy Bread? Not the Sacramental, sure; that would have been Prephonation, upon a Subject of so much Levity. But holy Beard very beautifully alludes to the Kifs of a holy Saint, which the Ancients called the Kifs of Charity. And for Rosalind to say, that Orlando kiss'd as holily as a Saint, renders the Comparison very just.

(9) He hath bought a pair of cast Lips of Diana; a Nun of Winter's Sisterhood kisses not more religiously; the very ice of Charity is in them.] This Pair of cast Lips is a Corruption as Old as the Second Edition in Folio; I have restored with the first Folio, a Pair of cast Lips, i.e. a Pair left off by Diana—Again, what Idea does a Nun of Winter's Sisterhood give us? Tho' I have not ventured to disturb the Text, it seems more probable to me that the Poet wrote,

A Nun of Winifred's Sisterhood, &c.
314. As you like it.

A nun of Winter’s sisterhood kisses not more religiously; the very ice of chastity is in them.

Ros. But why did he swear he would come this morning, and comes not?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

Ros. Do you think so?

Cel. Yes; I think he is not a pick-purse nor a horse-thealer; but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a cover’d goblet, or a worm-eaten nut.

Ros. Not true in love?

Cel. Yes, when he is in; but, I think, he is not in.

Ros. You have heard him swear downright, he was.

Cel. Was, is not is; besides, the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster; they are both the confirmers of false reckonings; he attends here in the Forest on the Duke your Father.

Ros. I met the Duke yesterday, and had much question with him: he askt me, of what parentage I was; I told him, of as good as he; so he laugh’d, and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando?

Cel. O, that’s a brave man! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, sweats brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite travers, athwart the heart of his lover; as a puiny tilter, that spurs his horse but one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose; but all’s brave that youth mounts, and folly guides: who comes here?

Enter Corin.

Cor. Mistress and master, you have oft enquired

Not, indeed, that there was any real religious Order of that Denomination: but the Legend of St. Winifred is this. She was a Christian Virgin at Holywell a small Town in Flintshire, so tenacious of her Chastity, that when a tyrannous Governor laid Siege to her, he could not reduce her to Compliance, but was obliged to ravish, and afterwards beheaded her in Revenge of her Obstinacy. Vid. Camden’s Britannia by Dr. Gibson, p. 688. This Tradition suits very well with our Poet’s Allusion.
As you Like it.

After the shepherd that complain'd of love;
Whom you saw fitting by me on the turf,
Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess
That was his mistress.

Cel. Well, and what of him?

Cor. If you will see a pageant truly play'd,
Between the pale complexion of true love,
And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain;
Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you,
If you will mark it.

Ros. O come, let us remove;
The fight of lovers feedeth those in love:
Bring us but to this fight, and you shall say
I'll prove a busy Actor in their Play. [Exeunt.

Scene changes to another part of the Forest.

Enter Silvius and Phebe.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me; do not, Phebe;
Say, that you love me not; but say not so
In bitterness; the common executioner,
Whose heart th' accustom'd sight of death makes hard,
Falls not the ax upon the humbled neck,
But first begs pardon: (10) will you sterners be
Than he that deals, and lives by bloody drops?

Enter Rosalind, Celia and Corin.

Phe. I would not be thy executioner;
I fly thee, for I would not injure thee.
Thou tell'st me, there is murder in mine eyes;
'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable,
That eyes, that are the frailst and weakest things,

(10) —— will you sterners be,
Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops?

This is spoken of the Executioner. He lives indeed, by bloody drops, if you will: but how does he die by bloody drops? The Poet must certainly have wrote—that deals and lives, &c. i. e. that gets his Bread, and makes a Trade of cutting off Heads. Mr. Warburton.
Who shut their coward gates on atomies,
Should be call’d tyrants, butchers, murderers!—
Now do I frown on thee with all my heart,
And if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee:
Now counterfeit to swoon; why, now fall down;
Or if thou can’st not, oh, for shame, for shame,
Lye not to say mine eyes are murderers.
Now shew the wound mine eyes have made in thee;
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains
Some scar of it; lean but upon a rush,
The cicatrice and capable impressure
Thy Palm some moment keeps: but now mine eyes,
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not;
Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes
That can do hurt.

Sil. O dear Phebe,

If ever (as that ever may be near)
You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy,
Then shall you know the wounds invisible
That love’s keen arrows make.

Phe. But ’till that time,
Come not thou near me; and when that time comes,
Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not;
As, ’till that time, I shall not pity thee.

Re/. And why, I pray you, who might be your mother,
That you insult, exult, and rail, at once
Over the wretched? (11) what though you have beauty,
(As, by my faith, I see no more in you
Than without candle may go dark to bed,)
Must you be therefore proud and pitiless?
Why, what means this? why do you look on me?
I see no more in you than in the ordinary
Of nature’s pale-work: odds, my little life!

(11) ——What though you have no Beauty,—Tho’ all the print-
ed Copies agree in this Reading, it is very accurately observed to me
by an ingenious unknown Correspondent, who signs himself L. H.
(and to Whom I can only here make my Acknowledgements) that
the Negative ought to be left out.

I think,
I think, she means to 'tangle mine eyes too:
No, faith, proud mistress, hope not after it;
'Tis not your inky brows, your black silk hair,
Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheek of cream,
That can entame my spirits to your worship.
You foolish shepherd, wherefore do you follow her
Like foggy South, puffing with wind and rain?
You are a thousand times a proper man,
Than she a woman. 'Tis such fools as you,
That make the world full of ill-favour'd children;
'Tis not her glass, but you, that flatter her;
And out of you she sees herself more proper,
Than any of her lineaments can show her.
But, mistress, know yourself; down on your knees,
And thank heav'n, fasting, for a good man's love;
For I must tell you friendly in your ear,
Sell when you can, you are not for all markets.
Cry the man mercy, love him, take his offer;
Foul is most foul, being foul to be a scoffer:
So take her to thee, shepherd; fare you well.

Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year together;
I had rather hear you chide, than this man woo.

Ros. He's fallen in love with your foulness, and she'll fall in love with my anger. If it be so, as fast as the answers thee, with frowning looks, I'll fance her with bitter words. Why look you so upon me?

Phe. For no ill will I bear you.

Ros. I pray you, do not fall in love with me;
For I am faller than vows made in wine;
Besides, I like you not. If you will know my house,
'Tis at the tuft of Olives, here hard by:
Will you go, Sisber? shepherd, ply her hard:
Ccome, sister; shepherd, look on him better,
And be not proud; tho' all the world could see,
None could be so abus'd in fight as he.

Come, to our flock. [Exeunt Ros. Cel. and Corin.

Phe. Dead shepherd, now I find thy Saw of might;
Who ever lov'd, that lov'd not at first sight?

Sil. Sweet Phebe!

Phe. Hah: what say'st thou, Silvius?

O 3
As you like it.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, pity me.

Phe. Why, I am sorry for thee, gentle Silvius.

Sil. Where-ever sorrow is, relief would be;

If you do sorrow at my grief in love,
By giving love, your Sorrow and my grief
Were both extermin’d.

Phe. Thou hast my love; is not that neighbourly?

Sil. I would have you.

Phe. Why, that were Covetousness.

Silvius, the time was, that I hated thee;
And yet it is not, that I bear thee love;
But since that thou canst talk of love so well,
Thy company, which erst was irksome to me,
I will endure; and I’ll employ thee too:
But do not look for further recompence,
Than thine own gladness that thou art employ’d.

Sil. So holy and so perfect is my love,
And in such a poverty of grace,
That I shall think it a most plenteous crop
To glean the broken ears after the man
That the main harvest reaps: loose now and then
A scatter’d smile, and that I’ll live upon.

Phe. Know’st thou the youth, that spoke to me ere-while?

Sil. Not very well, but I have met him oft;
And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds,
That the old Carlot once was master of.

Phe. Think not, I love him, tho’ I ask for him;
’Tis but a peevish boy, yet he talks well.
But what care I for words? yet words do well,
When he that speaks them, pleases those that hear:
It is a pretty youth, not very pretty;
But, sure, he’s proud; and yet his pride becomes him.
He’ll make a proper man; the best thing in him
Is his Complexion; and fatter than his tongue
Did make offence, his eye did heal it up:
He is not very tall, yet for his years he’s tall;
His leg is but so so, and yet ’tis well;
There was a pretty redness in his lip,
A little riper, and more lively red

Than
As you like it. 319

Then that mix’d in his cheek; ’twas just the difference—
Betwixt the constant red and mingled damask.
There be some women, Silvius, had they mark’d him:
In parcels as I did, would have gone near
To fall in love with him; but, for my part,
I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet
I have more cause to hate him than to love him;
For what had he to do to chide at me?
He said, mine eyes were black, and my hair black:
And, now I am remembred, scorn’d at me;
I marvel, why I answer’d not again;
But that’s all one; omittance is no quittance.
I’ll write to him a very taunting letter,
And thou shalt bear it; wilt thou, Silvius?
Syl. Phoebe, with all my heart.
Phoe. I’ll write it straight;
The matter’s in my head, and in my heart,
I will be bitter with him, and passing short:
Go with me, Silvius. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE, continues in the FOREST.

Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Jaques.

Jaques.

Prythee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted
with thee.

Rof. They say, you are a melancholy fellow.

Jaq. I am so; I do love it better than laughing.

Rof. Those, that are in extremity of either, are abomi-
nable fellows; and betray themselves to every mo-
dern censure, worse than drunkards.

Jaq. Why, ’tis good to be sad, and say nothing.

Rof. Why then, ’tis good to be a poet.

O 4

Jaq.
Jaq. I have neither the scholar’s melancholy, which is emulation; nor the musician’s, which is fantastical; nor the courtier’s, which is proud; nor the soldier’s, which is ambitious; nor the lawyer’s, which is politic; nor the lady’s, which is nice; nor the lover’s, which is all these; but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects, and, indeed, the sundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadness.

Rof. A traveller! by my faith, you have great reason to be sad: I fear, you have fold your own lands, to see other mens; then, to have seen much, and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes and poor hands.

Jaq. Yes, I have gain’d me experience.

Enter Orlando.

Rof. And your experience makes you sad: I had rather have a fool to make me merry, than experience to make me sad, and to travel for it too.

Orla. Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind!

Jaq. Nay, then God b’w’ry you, an you talk in blank verse.

[Exit.

Rof. Farewel, monsieur traveller; look, you lis’p, and wear strange suits; disable all the benefits of your own Country; be out of love with your nativity, and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce think, you have swam in a Gondola. Why, how now, Orlando, where have you been all this while? You a lover? an you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more.

Orla. My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of my promise.

Rof. Break an hour’s promise in love! he that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him, that Cupid hath clapt him o’th’ shoulder, but I’ll warrant him heart-whole.

Orla. Pardon me, dear Rosalind.
As you like it.

Ros.: Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in my fight: I had as lief be woo'd of a snail.

Orra.: Of a snail?

Ros.: Ay, of a snail; for tho' he comes slowly, he carries his house on his head: a better jointure, I think, than you make a woman; besides, he brings his destiny with him.

Orra.: What's that?

Ros.: Why, horns; which such as you are fain to be beholden to your wives for; but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the flander of his wife.

Orra.: Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Rosalind is virtuous.

Ros.: And I am your Rosalind.

Cel.: It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosalind of a better leer than you.

Ros.: Come, woo me, woo me; for now I am in a holyday humour, and like enough to consent: what would you say to me now, an I were your very, very Rosalind?

Orra.: I would kiss, before I spoke.

Ros.: Nay, you were better speak first, and when you were gravel'd for lack of matter, you might take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for lovers lacking, God warn us, matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

Orra.: How if the kisses be denied?

Ros.: Then she puts you to entreaty; and there begins new matter.

Orra.: Who could be out, being before his beloved mistress?

Ros.: Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress; or I should think my honesty ranker than my wit.

Orra.: What, of my suit?

Ros.: Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your suit. Am not I your Rosalind?

Orra.: I take some joy to say, you are; because I would be talking of her.

Ros.: Well, in her person, I say, I will not have you.

Orra.: Then in mine own person I die.
Ros. No, faith, die by attorney; the poor world is
almost six thousand years old, and in all this time there
was not any man died in his own person, *videlicet,* in
a love-cause: *Troilus* had his brains dash’d out with a
Greecian club, yet he did what he could to die before,
and he is one of the patterns of love. *Leander,* he
would have liv’d many a fair year, tho’ *Hero* had turn’d
nun, if it had not been for a hot midsummer night;
for, good youth, he went but forth to wash in the
*Hellespont,* and, being taken with the cramp, was
drown’d; and the foolish chroniclers of that age found
it was,—*Hero of Sestos.* But these are all lyes; men
have died from time to time, and worms have eaten
them, but not for love.

Orla. I would not have my right *Rosalind* of this
mind; for, I protest, her frown might kill me.

Ros. By this hand, it will not kill a fly; but come;
now I will be your *Rosalind* in a more coming-on dif-
position; and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

Orla. Then love me, *Rosalind.*

Ros. Yes, faith, will I, *Fridays* and *Saturdays,* and all.
Orla. And wilt thou have me?

Ros. Ay, and twenty such.

Orla. What say’st thou?

Ros. Are you not good?

Orla. I hope so.

Ros. Why then, can one desire too much of a good
thing? come, sister, you shall be the priest, and marry
us. Give me your hand, *Orlando:* what do you say,
sister?

Orla. Pray thee, marry us.

Cel. I cannot say the words.

Ros. You must begin,—Will you, *Orlando*—

Cel. Go to; will you, *Orlando,* have to wife this
*Rosalind*?

Orla. I will.

Ros. Ay, but when?

Orla. Why now, as fast as she can marry us.

Ros. Then you must say, I take thee *Rosalind* for
wife.

Orla.
Orla. I take thee Rosalind for wife.

Ros. I might ask you for your commission, but I do take thee Orlando for my husband: there's a girl goes before the priest, and certainly a woman's thought runs before her actions.

Orla. So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

Ros. Now tell me, how long would you have her, after you have possesst her.

Orla. For ever and a day.

Ros. Say a day, without the ever: no, no, Orlando, men are April when they woo, December when they wed: maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives; I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-piggeon over his hen; more clamorous than a parrot against rain; more new-fangled than an ape; more giddy in my desires than a monkey; I will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain; and I will do that, when you are dispos'd to be merry; I will laugh like a hyen, and that when you are inclin'd to sleep.

Orla. But will my Rosalind do so?

Ros. By my life, she will do as I do.

Orla. O, but she is wife.

Ros. Or else she could not have the wit to do this; the wiser, the waywarder: make the doors fast upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, it will fly with the smoak out at the chimney.

Orla. A man that had a wife with such a wit, he might say, Wit, whither wilt?

Ros. Nay, you might keep that check for it, 'till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.

Orla. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Ros. Marry, to say she came to seek you there: you shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue. O that woman, that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool!

Orla. For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee.

Ros.
Ros. Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.
Orla. I must attend the Duke at dinner; by two
o'clock I will be with thee again.
Ros. Ay, go your ways, go your ways; I knew what
you would prove, my friends told me as much, and I
thought no less; that flattering tongue of yours won me;
'tis but one cast away, and to come death: two o'th'
clock is your hour!
Orla. Ay, sweet Rosalind.
Ros. By my troth, and in good earnest, and fo God
mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not da-
ergous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come
one minute behind your hour, I will think you the
most pathetical break-promise, and the most hollow
lover, and the most unworthy of her you call Rosalind,
that may be chosen out of the gross band of the un-
faithful; therefore beware my censure, and keep your
promise.
Orla. With no less religion, than if thou wert indeed
my Rosalind; so adieu.
Ros. Well, time is the old Justice that examines all such
offenders, and let time try. Adieu! [Exit Orla.
Cel. You have simply misus'd our sex in your love-
prate: we must have your doublet and hose pluck'd over
your head, and shew the world what the bird hath done
to her own nest.
Ros. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou
didst know how many fathom deep I am in love; but it
cannot be founded: my affection hath an unknown bot-
tom, like the Bay of Portugal.
Cel. Or rather, bottomless; that as fast as you pour
affection in, it runs out.
Ros. No, that same wicked bastard of Venus, that
was begot of thought, conceiv'd of spleen, and born of
madness, that blind rascally boy, that abuses every one's
eyes, because his own are out, let him be judge, how
deep I am in love; I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be
out of the fight of Orlando; I'll go find a shadow, and
fieh 'till he come.
Cel. And I'll sleep.

[Exeunt,
Enter
Enter Jaques, Lords, and Foresters.

Jaq. Which is he that kill'd the deer?
Lord. Sir, it was I.
Jaq. Let's present him to the Duke, like a Roman Conqueror; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of Victory; have you no Song, Forester, for this purpose?
Fore. Yes, Sir.
Jaq. Sing it; 'tis no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

Musick, Song.
What shall he have that kill'd the deer?
His leather skin and horns to wear;
Then sing him home: —— take Thou no Scorn (12)
To wear the horn, the horn, the horn: { The rest shall bear this Bur-
It was a crest, ere thou wast born. den.
Thy father's father wore it,
And thy father bore it,
The horn, the horn, the lusty born,
Is not a thing to laugh to scorn.

[Exeunt.

Enter Rosalind and Celia.

Ref. How say you now, is it not past two o'clock? I wonder much, Orlando is not here.

(12) Then sing him home, the rest shall bear this Burden.] This is no admirable Instance of the Sagacity of our preceding Editors, to say Nothing worse. One should expect, when they were Poets, they would at least have taken care of the Rhimes, and not foisted in what has Nothing to answer it. Now, where is the Rhime to, the rest shall bear this Burden? Or, to ask another Question, where is the Sense of it? Does the Poet mean, that He, that kill'd the Deer, shall be sung home, and the Rest shall bear the Deer on their Backs? This is laying a Burden on the Poet, that We must help him to throw off. In short, the Mystery of the Whole is, that a Marginal Note is wisely thrust into the Text: the Song being design'd to be sung by a single Voice, and the Stanza's to close with a Burden to be sung by the whole Company.

Ces.
Cel. I warrant you, with pure love and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth to sleep: look, who comes here.

Enter Silvius.

Sil. My errand is to you, fair youth, My gentle Phebe bid me give you this: I know not the contents; but, as I guess, By the stern brow, and wafish action Which she did use as she was writing of it, It bears an angry tenour; pardon me, I am but as a guiltyless messenger.

Ros. Patience herself would startle at this letter, And play the swaggerer; be this, bear all. She says, I am not fair; that I lack manners; She calls me proud, and that she could not love me Were man as rare as phoenix; 't odds my will! Her love is not the hare that I do hunt. Why writes she so to me? well, shepherd, well, This is a letter of your own device.

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents; Phebe did write it.

Ros. Come, come, you're a fool, And turn'd into th' extremity of love. I saw her hand, she has a leathern hand, A fierce-foncé-colour'd hand; I verily did think, That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands; She has a huswife's hand, but that's no matter; I say, she never did invent this letter; This is a man's invention, and his hand.

Sil. Sure, it is hers.

Ros. Why, 'tis a boisterous and a cruel stile, A stile for challengers; why, she defies me, Like Turk to Christian; woman's gentle brain Could not drop forth such giant rude invention; Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect Than in their countenance; will you hear the letter?

Sil. So please you, for I never heard it yet; Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.
As you Like it.

Ref. She Phebe's me; mark, how the tyrant writes.

[Reads.] Art thou God to shepherd turn'd,
That a maiden's heart hath burn'd?

Can a woman rail thus?

Sil. Call you this railing?

Ref. [Reads.] Why, thy Godhead laid apart,
Warr'ft thou with a woman's heart?

Did you ever hear such railing?

Whiles the eye of man did woo me,
That could do no vengeance to me.

Meaning me, a beast!

If the scorn of your bright eye
Have power to raise such love in mine,
Alack, in me, what strange effect
Would they a work in mild effect?
Whiles you chid me, I did love;
How then might your prayers move?
He, that brings this love to thee,
Little knows this love in me;
And by him seal up thy mind,
Whether that thy Youth and Kind
Will the faithful offer take
Of me, and all that I can make;
Or else by him my love deny,
And then I'll study how to die.

Sil. Call you this chiding?

Col. Alas, poor shepherd!

Ref. Do you pity him? no, he deserves no pity: wilt thou love such a woman? what, to make thee an instrument, and play false strains upon thee? not to be endured! Well, go your way to her; (for I see, love hath made thee a tame snake,) and say this to her; "that "if she love me, I charge her to love thee: if she will. "not, I will never have her, unless thou intreat for her." If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company.

[Exit Silvius.]
Enter Oliver.

Oli. Good-morrow, fair ones: pray you, if you know Where, in the purlews of this forest, stands A sheep-cote fence'd about with olive-trees?

Col. West of this place, down in the neighbour bottom, The rank of oysters, by the murmuring stream, Left on your right-hand, brings you to the place; But at this hour the house doth keep itself, There's none within.

Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue, Then should I know you by description, Such garments, and such years: "the boy is fair, "Of female favour, and bestows himself. "Like a ripe Sister: but the woman low, "And browner than her brother." Are not you The owner of the house, I did enquire for?

Col. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say, we are. Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both, And to that youth, he calls his Rosalind, He sends this bloody napkin. Are you he?

Rof. I am; what must we understand by this?

Oli. Some of my Shame, if you will know of me What man I am, and how, and why, and where This handkerchief was stain'd.

Col. I pray you, tell it.

Oli. When last the young Orlando parted from you, He left a promise to return again Within an hour; and pacing through the forest, Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy, Lo, what befell! he threw his eye aside, And mark what object did present itself. Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with age, And high top bald with dry antiquity; A wretched ragged man, o'er-grown with hair, Lay sleeping on his back; about his neck A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself, Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd The opening of his mouth, but suddenly Seeing Orlando, it un-link'd itself,
As you like it.

And with indented glides did slip away
Into a bush; under which bush's shade
A Lioness, with udders all drawn dry,
Lay couching head on ground, with cat-like watch
When that the sleeping man should stir; for 'tis
The royal disposition of that beast
To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead:
This seen, Orlando did approach the man,
And found it was his brother, his eldest brother.

Cel. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother,
And he did render him the most unnatural
That liv'd 'mongst men.

Oli. And well he might so do;
For, well I know, he was unnatural.

Ref. But, to Orlando; did he leave him there,
Food to the suck'd and hungry lioness?

Oli. Twice did he turn his back, and purpos'd so:
But kindness, nobler ever than revenge,
And nature stronger than his just occasion,
Made him give battle to the lioness,
Who quickly fell before him; in which hurtling
From miserable slumber I awak'd.

Cel. Are you his brother?

Ref. Was it you he rescu'd?

Cel. Was it you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I; I do not shame
To tell you what I was, since my conversion
So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

Ref. But, for the bloody napkin?

Oli. By, and by.

When from the first to last, betwixt us two,
Tears our recountsments had most kindly bath'd,
As how I came into that desert place;
In brief, he led me to the gentle Duke,
Who gave me fresh array and entertainment,
Committing me unto my brother's love;
Who led me instantly unto his cave,
There strip'd himself, and here upon his arm
The lioness had torn some flesh away,
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted,
And cry’d, in fainting, upon Rosalind.——
Brief, I recover’d him; bound up his wound;
And, after some small space, being strong at heart,
He sent me hither, stranger as I am,
To tell this story, that you might excuse
His broken promise; and to give this napkin,
Dy’d in his blood, unto the shepherd youth,
That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

Cel. Why, how now Ganied, Sweet, Ganied? [Rosalind faints.

Oli. Many will swoon, when they do look on blood.
Cel. There is more in it: — cousin Ganied!
Oli. Look, he recovers.
Ros. Would I were at home!
Cel. We’ll lead you thither.

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?
Oli. Be of good cheer, youth; you a man? you lack
a man’s heart.
Ros. I do so, I confess it. Ah, Sir, a body would think,
this was well counterfeited. I pray you, tell your brother
how well I counterfeited: heigh ho!——

Oli. This was not counterfeited, there is too great
testimony in your complexion, that it was a passion of
earnest.

Ros. Counterfeit, I assure you.
Oli. Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit
to be a man.

Ros. So I do: but, I’ faith, I should have been a wo-
man by right.
Cel. Come, you look paler and paler; pray you, draw
homewards; good Sir, go with us.

Oli. That will I; for I must bear answer back,

How you excuse my brother, Rosalind.

Ros. I shall devise something; but, I pray you com-
mend my counterfeiting to him: will you go?

[Exeunt.

\[\text{Act}\]
ACT V.

SCENE, the FOREST.

Enter Clown and Audrey.

CLown.

We shall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audrey.

Aud. Faith, the Priest was good enough, for all the old gentleman's saying.

Clo. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey; a most vile Mar-text! but Audrey, there is a youth here in the Forest lays claim to you.

Aud. Ay, I know who 'tis, he hath no interest in me in the world; here comes the man you mean.

Enter William.

Clo. It is meat and drink to me to see a Clown; by my troth, we, that have good wits, have much to answer for: we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

Will. Good ev'n, Audrey.

Aud. God ye good ev'n, William.

Will. And good ev'n to you, Sir.

Clo. Good ev'n, gentle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, pray thee, be cover'd. How old are you, friend?

Will. Five and twenty, Sir.

Clo. A ripe age: is thy name William?

Will. William, Sir.

Clo. A fair name. Was born i'th forest here?

Will. Ay, Sir, I thank God.

Clo. Thank God: a good answer: art rich?

Will. 'Faith, Sir, so, so.

Clo. So, so, is good, very good, very excellent good; and yet it is not; it is but so so. Art thou wife?
Will. Ay, Sir, I have a pretty wit.

Clo. Why, thou say'st well: I do now remember a saying; the fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool. The heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and lips to open. You do love this maid?

Will. I do, Sir.

Clo. Give me your hand: art thou learned?

Will. No, Sir.

Clo. Then learn this of me; to have, is to have. For it is a figure in rhetorick, that drink being poured out of a cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other. For all your writers do consent, that ipse is he: now you are not ipse; for I am he.

Will. Which he, Sir?

Clo. He, Sir, that must marry this woman; therefore you, Clown, abandon, which is in the vulgar, leave the society, which in the boorish, is company, of this female; which in the common, is woman; which together is, abandon the society of this female; or Clown, thou perishest; or, to thy better understanding, diest; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage; I will deal in poison with thee, or in baffinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will over-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore tremble and depart.

Aud. Do, good William.

Will. God rest you merry, Sir. [Exit.

Enter Corin.

Cor. Our master, and mistress seek you; come away, away.

Clo. Trip, Audrey; trip, Audrey; I attend, I attend. [Exeunt.

Enter Orlando and Oliver.

Orla. Is't possible, that on so little acquaintance you should
should like her? that, but seeing, you should love her? and loving, woo? and wooing, she should grant? and will you perforeve to enjoy her?

Orl. Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say with her, that she loves me; consent with both, that we may enjoy each other; it shall be to your Good; for my father's house, and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

Enter Rosalind.

Orl. You have my consent. Let your wedding be to morrow; thither will I invite the Duke, and all his contented followers: go you, and prepare Aliena; for, look you, here comes my Rosalind.

Ros. God save you, brother.

Orl. And you, fair sister.

Ros. Oh, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scarf.

Orl. It is my arm.

Ros. I thought, thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

Orl. Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

Ros. Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon, when he shew'd me your handkerchief?

Orl. Ay, and greater wonders than that.

Ros. O, I know where you are: nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing so sudden, but the sight of two rams, and Caesar's thraconical brag of I came, saw and overcame: for your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they look'd; no sooner look'd, but they lov'd; no sooner lov'd, but they sigh'd; no sooner sigh'd, but they ask'd one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy; and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage; they are in the very
very wrath of love, and they will together. Clubs cannot part them.

Orla. They shall be married to morrow; and I will bid the Duke to the Nuptial. But, O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! by so much the more shall I to morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy, in having what he wishes for.

Ros. Why, then to morrow I cannot serve your turn for Rosalind?

Orla. I can live no longer by thinking.

Ros. I will weary you then no longer with idle talking. Know of me then, for now I speak to some purpose, that I know, you are a gentleman of good conceit. I speak not this, that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge; infomuch, I say, I know what you are; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you to do yourself good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things; I have, since I was three years old, convert with a magician, most profound in his Art, and yet not damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart, as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Alitna, you shall marry her. I know into what straits of fortune she is driven, and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to morrow; human as she is, and without any danger.

Orla. Speak'st thou in sober meanings?

Ros. By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, tho' I say, I am a magician: therefore, put you on your best array; bid your friends, for if you will be married to morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, if you will.

Enter Silvius and Phebe.

Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers.
Phe. Youth, you have done me much ungentleness,
To shew the letter that I writ to you.
Ros. I care not, if I have: it is my study
To seem despfghtful and ungentle to you:
You are there follow'd by a faithfull shepherd;
Lock upon him, love him; he worships you.
Phe. Good shepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.
Sil. It is to be made all of sighs and tears,
And so am I for Phebe.
Phe. And I for Ganymed.
Orla. And I for Rosalind.
Ros. And I for no woman.
Sil. It is to be made all of faith and service;
And so am I for Phebe.
Phe. And I for Ganymed.
Orla. And I for Rosalind.
Ros. And I for no woman.
Sil. It is to be all made of fancy,
All made of passion, and all made of wishes,
All adoration, duty and observance,
All humbleness, all patience, and impatience,
All purity, all trial, all observance;
And so am I for Phebe.
Phe. And so am I for Ganymed.
Orla. And so am I for Rosalind.
Ros. And so am I for no woman.
Phe. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Sil. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

[To Ros.

Orla. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Ros. Who do you speak to, why blame you me to love you?

Orla. To her that is not here, nor doth not hear?

Ros. Pray you, no more of this; 'tis like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon; I will help you if I can; I would love you, if I could: to morrow meet me all together; I will marry you, if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married to morrow; [To Phe.] I will satisfy you, if ever I satisfy'd man, and you
As you like it.

you shall be married to morrow; [To Orl.] I will content you, if, what pleases you, contents you; and you shall be married to morrow. [To Sil.] As you love Rosalind, meet; as you love Phebe, meet; and as I love no woman, I'll meet. So fare you well; I have left you commands.

Sil. I'll not fail, if I live.
Phe. Nor I.
Orla. Nor I. [Exeunt.

Enter Clown and Audrey.

Clo. To morrow is the joyful day, Audrey: to morrow will we be married.

Aud. I do desire it with all my heart; and, I hope, it is no dishonest desire, to desire to be a woman of the world. Here come two of the banish'd Duke's pages.

Enter two pages.

1 Page. Well met, honest gentleman.

Clo. By my troth, well met: come, fit, fit, and a Song.

2 Page. We are for you, fit i'th' middle.

1 Page. Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or spitting, or saying we are hoarse, which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

2 Page. I'faith, i'faith, and both in a tune, like two Gypsies on a horse.

SONG.

It was a lover and his lady,
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
That o'er the green corn-field did pass,
In the spring time; the pretty spring time,
When birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding,
Sweet lovers love the spring.

And therefore take the present time,
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino;
For love is crowned with the prime,
In the spring time, &c.
As you Like it.

Between the acres of the rye,
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
These pretty country-folks would lie,
In the spring time, &c.

The Carrol they began that hour,
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
How that a life was but a flower,
In the spring time, &c.

Clo. Truly, young gentleman, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untuneable. (13)

Page. You are deceive'd, Sir, we kept time, we lost not our time.

Clo. By my troth, yes: I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish Song. God b'w'you, and God mend your voices. Come, Audrey. [Exeunt.

Scene changes to another Part of the Forest.

Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, Jaques, Orlando, Oliver, and Celia.

Duke Sen. dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy
Can do all this that he hath promised?
Orla. I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not;
As those that fear, they hope, and know they fear.

Enter Rosalind, Silvius, and Phebe.

Ros. Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd:

(13) Truly, young Gentleman, tho' there was no great Matter in the Ditty, yet the Note was very untuneable.] Tho' it is thus in all the printed Copies, it is evident from the Sequel of the Dialogue, that the Poet wrote as I have reform'd in the Text, untuneable. —

Time, and Tune, are frequently misprinted for one another in the old Editions of Shakespeare.
You say, if I bring in your Rosalind, [To the Duke.
You will bestow her on Orlando here?
Duke Sen. That would I, had I Kingdoms to give with her.
Rof. And you say, you will have her when I bring her? [To Orlando.
Orla. That would I, were I of all Kingdoms King.
Rof. You say, you'll marry me, if I be willing. [To Phebe.
Phe. That will I, should I die the hour after.
Rof. But if you do refuse to marry me,
You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepherd.
Phe. So is the bargain.
Rof. You say, that you will have Phebe, if she will? [To Silvius.
Sil. Tho' to have her and death were both one thing.
Rof. I've promis'd to make all this matter even;
Keep you your word, O Duke, to give your daughter;
You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter:
Keep your word, Phebe, that you'll marry me,
Or else, refusing me, to wed this shepherd.
Keep your word, Silvius, that you'll marry her,
If she refuse me; and from hence I go
To make these doubts all even. [Exeunt Rof. and Celia.
Duke Sen. I do remember in this shepherd-boy
Some lively touches of my daughter's favour.
Orla. My Lord, the first time that I ever saw him,
Methought, he was a brother to your daughter;
But, my good Lord, this boy is forest-born,
And hath been tutor'd in the rudiments
Of many desperate studies by his uncle;
Whom he reports to be a great magician,
Obscured in the circle of this forest.

Enter Clown and Audrey.

Jaq. There is, sure, another flood toward, and these couples are coming to the Ark. Here come a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues are call'd fools.
Clo. Salutation, and greeting, to you all!

Jaq.
Jaq. Good, my Lord, bid him welcome. This is the motley-minded gentleman, that I have so often met in the forest: he hath been a Courtier, he swears.

Clo. If any man doubt that, let him put me to my purgation. I have trod a measure; I have flatter’d a lady; I have been politic with my friend, smooth with mine enemy; I have undone three tailors; I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.

Jaq. And how was That ta’en up?

Clo. ’Faith, we met; and found, the quarrel was upon the seventh cause.

Jaq. How the seventh cause? — good my Lord, like this fellow.

Duke Sen. I like him very well.

Clo. God’ild you, Sir, I desire you of the like: I press in here, Sir, amongst the rest of the country copulatives, to swear, and to forswear, according as marriage binds, and blood breaks: a poor virgin, Sir, an ill-favour’d thing, Sir, but mine own; a poor humour of mine, Sir, to take That that’no man else will. Rich honesty dwells like a miser, Sir, in a poor house; as your pearl, in your foul oyster.

Duke Sen. By my faith, he is very swift and sententious.

Clo. According to the fool’s bolt, Sir, and such dulcet diseases.

Jaq. But, for the seventh cause; how did you find the quarrel on the seventh cause?

Clo. Upon a lye seven times removed; (bear your body more seeming, Audrey) as thus, Sir; I did dislike the cut of a certain Courtier’s beard; he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was. This is call’d the Retort courteous. If I sent him word again, it was not well cut, he would send me word, he cut it to please himself. This is call’d the Quip modest. If again, it was not well cut, he disabled my judgment. This is call’d the Reply churlish. If again, it was not well cut, he would answer, I spake not true. This is call’d the Reproof valiant. If again, it was
was not well cut, he would say, I lye. This is call'd the Countercheck quarrelsome; and so, the Lye circumstantial, and the Lye direct.

Jaq. And how oft did you say, his beard was not well cut?

Clo. I durst go no further than the Lye circumstantial; nor he durst not give me the Lye direct, and so we measur'd swords and parted.

Jaq. Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the Lye?

Clo. O Sir, we quarrel in print, by the book; as you have books for good manners. (14) I will name you the degrees. The first, the Retort courteous; the second, the Quip modest; the third, the Reply churlish; the fourth, the Reproof valiant; the fifth, the Countercheck quarrelsome; the sixth, the Lye with circumstance; the seventh, the Lye direct. All these you may avoid, but the Lye direct; and you may avoid that too, with an If: I knew, when seven justices could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an If; as, if you said so, then I said so; and they shook hands, and swore brothers. Your If is the only peace-maker; much virtue in If.

Jaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my Lord? he's good at any thing, and yet a fool.

(14) O, Sir, we quarrel in Print; by the Book; as you have Books for good Manners.] The Poet throughout this Scene has with great Humour and Address rallied the Mode, so prevailing in his Time, of formal Duelling. Nor could he treat it with a happier Contempt, than by making his Clown so knowing in all its Forms and Preliminaries. It was in Queen Elizabeth's Reign, that pushing with the Rapier, or small Sword, was first practis'd in England. And, the boisterous Callants fell into the Fashion with so much Zeal, that they did not content themselves with practising at Sword in the Schools; but they studied the Theory of the Art, the Grounding of Quarrels, and the Process of giving and receiving Challenges, from Lecis de Caranza's Treatise of Fencing, Vincenzo Saviola's Practice of the Rapier and Dagger, and Giacomo Di Grassi's Art of Defence; with many other Instructions upon the several Branches of the Science.

Duke Sen.
As you Like it.

Duke Sen. He uses his folly like a faltering-horse, and under the presentation of that he shoots his wit.

Enter Hymen, Rosalind in woman's clothes, and Celia.

Still Musick.

Hym. Then is there mirth in heav'n,
When earthly things made even
Atone together.
Good Duke, receive thy daughter,
Hymen from heaven brought her,
Yea, brought her hither:
That thou might'st join her hand with his,
Whose heart within his bosom is.

Rof. To you I give myself; for I am yours.

[To the Duke.

To you I give myself; for I am yours.

[To Orlando.

Duke Sen. If there be truth in sight, you are my daughter.

Orla. If there be truth in sight, you are my Rosalind.

Phe. If sight and shape be true,
Why, then my love adieu!

Rof. I'll have no father, if you be not he;
I'll have no husband, if you be not he;
Nor ne'er wed woman, if you be not she.

Hym. Peace, hoa! I bar confusion:
'Tis I must make conclusion
Of these most strange events:
Here's eight that must take hands,
To join in Hymen's bands,
If truth holds true contents.
You and you no Crois shall part;
You and you are heart in heart;
You to his love must accord,
Or have a woman to your lord.
You and you are sure together,
As the winter to foul weather:
While a wedlock-hymn we sing,
Feed yourselves with questioning:
That reason wonder may diminish,
How thus we meet, and these things finish.

SONG.

*Wedding is great Juno's Crown,*
*O blessed bond of board and bed!*
*Tis Hymen peoples every town,*
*High wedlock then be honoured:*
*Honor, high honour and renown*
*To Hymen, God of every town!*

Duke Sen. O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me,
Ev'n daughter-welcome, in no less degree.

Phe. I will not eat my word, now thou art mine;
Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine.

Enter Jaques de Boys.

Jaq. de B. Let me have audience for a word or two;
I am the second son of old Sir Rowland,
That bring these tidings to this fair assembly.
Duke Frederick hearing, how that every day
Men of great worth reforted to this forest,
Address'd a mighty power, which were on foot
In his own conduct purposely to take
His brother here, and put him to the sword:
And to the skirts of this wild wood he came,
Where meeting with an old religious man,
After some question with him, was converted
Both from his enterprize, and from the world;
His Crown bequeathing to his banish'd brother,
And all their lands refor'd to them again,
That were with him exil'd. This to be true,
I do engage my life.

Duke Sen. Welcome young man:
Thou offer'lt fairly to thy brother's wedding;
To one, his lands with-held; and to the other,
A land itself at large, a potent Dukedom.
First, in this forest, let us do those ends

That
That here were well begun, and well begot:
And, after, every of this happy number,
That have endur'd shrewd days and nights with us,
Shall share the good of our returned fortune,
According to the measure of their states.
Mean time, forget this new-fall'n dignity,
And fall into our rustick revelry:
Play, musick; and you brides and bridegrooms all,
With measure heap'd in joy, to th' measures fall.

Jaq. Sir, by your patience: if I heard you rightly,
The Duke hath put on a religious life,
And thrown into neglect the pompous Court.

Jaq. de B. He hath.

Jaq. To him will I: out of these convertites
There is much matter to be heard and learn'd.
You to your former Honour I bequeath, [To the Duke.
Your patience and your virtue well deserve it.
You to a love, that your true faith doth merit;

You to your land, and love, and great allies;

You to a long and well deserved bed;
And you to wrangling; for thy loving voyage

Is but for two months victual'd: so to your pleasures:
I am for other than for dancing measures.


Jaq. To see no pastime, I: what you would have,
I'll stay to know at your abandon'd Cave. [Exit.

Duke Sen. Proceed, proceed; we will begin these
rites;
As, we do trust they'll end, in true delights.

EPILOGUE.

Ros. It is not the fashion to see the lady the Epilogue; but it is no more unhandsome, than to see the lord the Prologue. If it be true, that good wine needs no bush, 'tis true, that a good Play needs no Epilogue. Yet to good wine they do use good bushes; and good Plays

P 4
prove the better by the help of good Epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good Epilogue, nor can insinuate with you in the behalf of a good Play? I am not furnish'd like a beggar; therefore to beg will not become me. My way is to conjure you, and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this Play as pleases you: and I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women, (as I perceive by your simpering, none of you hate them) that between you and the women, the Play may please. If I were a woman, I would kiss as many of you as had beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I defy'd not: and, I am sure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or sweet breaths, will for my kind offer, when I make curt'fy, bid me farewell.  

[Exeunt asses.]
THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.
Characters in the Induction.

A Lord, before whom the Play is suppos’d to be play’d.

Christopher Sly, a drunken Tinker.

Hostess.

Page, Players, Huntsmen, and other Servants attending on the Lord.

Dramatis Personæ.

Baptista, *Father to Catharina and Bianca; very rich.*
Vi\nci\nten\io, *an old gentleman of Pisa.*
Lu\nci\nto, *Son to Vincentio, in love with Bianca.*
Petruchio, *a gentleman of Verona, a suitor to Catharina.*

Gremio, Hortensio, Tranio, Biondello, {Pretenders to Bianca.

Servants to Lucentio.

Grumio, *Servant to Petruchio.*
Pedant, *an old fellow set up to personate Vincentio.*

Catharina, the Shrew.
Bianca, her Sister.
Widow.

Taylor, Haberdashers; with Servants attending on Baptista, and Petruchio.

S C E N E, sometimes in Padua; and sometimes in Petruchio’s House in the Country.

T H E
THE TAMING of the SHREW.

INDUCTION.

SCENE, before an Alehouse on a Heath,

Enter Hostess and Sly.

S L Y.

'T'LL please you, in faith.

Host. A pair of stocks, you rogue!

Sly. Y'are a baggage; the Shies are no rogues. Look in the Chronicles, we came in with Richard Conqueror; therefore, paucus pallabris; (1) let the world slide: Cessò.

Host. You will not pay for the glasses you have burst?

Sly. No, not a deniere: go by, Jeronimo——go to thy cold bed, and warm thee. (2)

Host.

(1) paucus pallabris.] Sly, as an ignorant Fellow, is purposely made to aim at Languages out of his Knowledge, and knock the words out of Joint. The Spaniards say, pecas palabras, i.e. few words: as they do likewise, Cessà, i.e. be quiet.

(2) Go by S. Jeronimy, go to thy cold Bed, and warm thee.] All the Editions have coined a Saint here, for Sly to swear by. But
The Taming of the Shrew.

Hoft. I know my remedy; I must go fetch the Third-borough. (3)

Sly. Third, or fourth, or fifth borough, I'll answer him by law; I'll not budge an inch, boy; let him come, and kindly. [Falls asleep.

But the Poet had no such Intentions. The Passage has particular Humour in it, and must have been very pleasing at that time of day. But I must clear up a Piece of Stage history, to make it understood. There is a sultan old Play, call'd, Hieronymo; Or, The Spanish Tragedy: which, I find, was the common Butt of Ralliey to all the Poets of Shakespeare's Time: and a Passage, that appear'd very ridiculous in that Play, is here humorously alluded to. Hieronymo, thinking himself injur'd, applies to the King for Justice; but the Courtiers, who did not desire his Wrongs should be let in a true Light, attempt to hinder him from an Audience.

Hier. Justice, oh! justice to Hieronymo.

Lor. Back;— see'st thou not, the King is busy? Hier. Oh, is he so? King. Who is He, that interrupts our Business? Hier. Not I: — Hieronymo, beware; go by, go by.

So Sly here, not caring to be dun'd by the Hoft's, cries to her in Effect, "Don't be troublesome, don't interrupt me, go, by;" and, to fix the Satire in his Allusion, pleasantly calls her Hieronymo.

(3) ——— I must go fetch the Headborough.

Sly. Third, or fourth, or fifth Borough, &c.] This corrupt Reading had pass'd down through all the Copies, and none of the Editors pretended to guess at the Poet's Conceit. What an insipid, unmeaning Reply does Sly make to his Hoft's? How do third, or fourth, or fifth Borough relate to Headborough? The Author intended but a poor Witticism, and even that is loft. The Hoft's would say, that she'll fetch a Constable: and this Officer she calls by his other Name, a Third-borough: and upon this Term Sly finds the Conundrum in his Answer to her. Who does not perceive, at a single glance, some Conceit started by this certain Correction? There is an Attempt at Wit, tolerable enough for a Tinker, and one drunk too. Third-borough is a Saxon-term sufficiently explain'd by the Glossaries: and in our Statute-books, no farther back than the 28th Year of Henry VIIIth, we find it used to signify a Constable.

Wind
Wind horns. Enter a Lord from hunting, with a Train.

Lord. Huntsman, I charge thee, tender well my hounds;
(Brach, Merriman! the poor cur is imboft;)
And couple Cloudder with the deep-mouth’d Brach.
Saw’st thou not, boy, how Silver made it good
At the hedge-corner in the coldest fault?
I would not lose the dog for twenty pound.

Hun. Why, Belman is as good as he, my Lord;
He cried upon it at the meereft loss,
And twice to day pick’d out the dulleft scent:
Trust me, I take him for the better dog.

Lord. Thou art a fool; if Eccbo were as slect,
I would esteem him worth a dozen such.
But fip them well, and look unto them all,
To morrow I intend to hunt again.

Hun. I will, my Lord.

Lord. What's here? one dead, or drunk? see, doth he breathe?

2 Hun. He breathes, my Lord. Were he not warm’d with ale,
This were a bed but cold, to sleep so soundly.

Lord. O monstrous beast! how like a swine he lies!
Grim death, how foul and loathsome is thy image!
Sirs, I will practise on this drunken man.
What think you, if he were convey’d to bed,
Wrapt in sweet cloaths; rings put upon his fingers;
A most delicious banquet by his bed,
And brave attendants near him, when he wakes;
Would not the beggar then forget himself?

1 Hun. Believe me, Lord, I think he cannot chuse.

2 Hun. It would seem strange unto him, when he wak’d.

Lord. Even as a flattering dream, or worthless fancy.
Then take him up, and manage well the jest:
Carry him gently to my fairest chamber,
And hang it round with all my wanton pictures;
Balm his foul head with warm distilled waters,
And burn sweet wood to make the lodging sweet.
Procure me such ready, when he wakes,
To make a dulcet and a heavenly sound;
And if he chance to speak, be ready straight,
And with a low submissive reverence
Say, what is it your Honour will command?
Let one attend him with a silver basin,
Full of rose water, and bestrew’d with flowers;
Another bear the ewer; a third a diaper;
And say, will’t please your lordship cool your hands?
Some one be ready with a costly suit,
And ask him what apparel he will wear;
Another tell him of his hounds and horse,
And that his Lady mourns at his diseas’d;
Persuade him, that he hath been lunatick.
And when he says he is,—say, that he dreams;
For he is nothing but a mighty lord:
This do, and do it kindly, gentle Sirs:
It will be pastime passing excellent,
If it be husbanded with modesty.

1 Han. My Lord, I warrant you, we’ll play our part,
As he shall think, by our true diligence,
He is no less than what we say he is.

Lord. Take him up gently, and to bed with him;
And each one to his Office, when he wakes.

[Some bear out Sly. Sound Trumpets.
Sirrah, go see what trumpet is that sounds.
Relike, some noble gentleman that means, [Ex. Servant,
Travelling some journey, to repose him here.

Re-enter a Servant.

How now? who is it?

Ser. An’t please your Honour, Players
That offer Service to your lordship.

Lord. Bid them come near:

Enter Players.

Now, Fellows, you are welcome.

Play. We thank your Honour.

Lord. Do you intend to stay with me to night?

2 Play. So please your Lordship to accept our duty.

Lord,
The Taming of the Shrew.

Lord. With all my heart. This fellow I remember, Since once he play'd a farmer's eldest son: 'Twas where you woo'd the gentlewoman so well: I have forgot your name; but, sure, that part Was aptly fitted, and naturally perform'd.

Sim. I think, 'twas Soto that your Honour means. (4)

Lord. 'Tis very true; thou didst it excellent:
Well, you are come to me in happy time,
The rather for I have some sport in hand,
Wherein your cunning can assist me much.
There is a Lord will hear you play to night;
But I am doubtful of your modesties,
Left, over-eying of his odd Behaviour,
(For yet his honour never heard a Play,)
You break into some merry Passion,
And so offend him: for I tell you, Sirs,
If you should smile, he grows impatient.

Play. Fear not, my lord, we can contain ourselves;
Were he the veriest antick in the world.

2 Play. [to the other.] Go get a Dihclout to make clean your shoes, and I'll speak for the properties.

[Exit Player.

My lord, we must have a shoulder of mutton for a property, and a little Vinegar to make our devil roar.

Lord. Go, sirrah, take them to the buttery.
And give them friendly welcome, every one:
Let them want nothing that the house affords.

[Exit one with the Players.

Sirrah, go you to Barthelmew my page,
And see him drest in all suits like a lady.
That done, conduct him to the drunkard's chamber,

(4) I think, 'twas Soto.] I take our Author here to be paying a Compliment to Beaumont and Fletcher's Women pleas'd, in which Comedy there is the Character of Soto, who is a Farmer's Son, and a very facetious Serving-man. Mr. Rowe and Mr. Pope prefix the Name of Sim to the Line here spoken; but the first folio has it Sinklo; which, no doubt, was the Name of one of the Players here introduce'd, and who had play'd the Part of Soto with Applause.

And
And call him Madam, do him all obeisance.
Tell him from me, (as he will win my love)
He bear himself with honourable action;
Such as he hath observ'd in noble ladies
Unto their lords, by them accomplished;
Such duty to the drunkard let him do,
With soft low tongue, and lowly courtesy;
And say; what is't your Honour will command,
Wherein your lady and your humble wise,
May shew her duty, and make known her love?
And then with kind embracements, tempting kisses,
And with declining head into his bosom,
Bid him shed tears, as being over-joy'd
To see her noble lord restor'd to health,
Who for twice seven years hath esteem'd himself (5)
No better than a poor and loathsome beggar:
And if the boy have not a woman's gift
To rain a shower of command'd tears,
An Onion will do well for such a shift;
Which in a Napkin being close convey'd,
Shall in despight enforce a wat'ry eye.
See this dispatch'd, with all the haste thou canst;
Anon I'll give thee more instructions. [Exit Servant.
I know the boy will well usurp the grace,
Voice, gate, and action of a gentlewoman.
I long to hear him call the drunkard, husband;
And how my men will slay themselves from laughter;
When they do homage to this simple peasant;
I'll in to counsel them: haply, my presence
May well abate the over-merry spleen;
Which otherwise will go into extreems. [Exit Lord.

(5) Who for these seven Years hath esteem'd himself
No better than a poor and loathsome Beeggar.

I have ventur'd to alter a Word here, against the Authority of the
printed Copies; and hope, I shall be justified in it by two subsequent
passages. That the Poet design'd, the Tinker's suppos'd Lunacy
should be of fourteen Years standing at least, is evident upon two
parallel Passages in the Play to that Purpose.
SCENE changes to a Bedchamber in the Lord's House.

Enter Sly with Attendants, some with apparel, bason and ever, and other appurtenances. Re-enter Lord.

Sly. FOR God's fake, a pot of small ale.
    1 Serv. Will't please your Lordship drink a cup of sack?
    2 Serv. Will't please your Honour taste of these Conerves?
    3 Serv. What raiment will your Honour, wear today?

Sly. I am Christophero Sly, call not me Honour, nor Lordship: I ne'er drank sack in my life; and if you give me any Conerves, give me Conerves of beef: ne'er ask me what raiment I'll wear, for I have no more doublets than backs, no more flockings than legs, nor no more shoes than feet; nay, sometimes, more feet than shoes; or such shoes as my toes look through the over-leather.

Lord. Heav'n cease this idle humour in your Honour! Oh, that a mighty man of such descent, Of such possession, and so high esteem, Should be infused with so foul a spirit! —

Sly. What, would you make me mad? am not I Christophero Sly, old Sly's Son of Burton-beath, by birth a pedlar, by education a card-maker, by transmutation a bearherd, and now by present profession a tinker? ask Marian Hacket, the fat ale-wife of Wincot, if she know me not; if she say, I am not fourteen pence on the score for sheer ale, score me up for the lying't knave in Christendom. What, I am not bestraught: here's —

1 Man. Oh, this it is that makes your lady mourn.
2 Man. Oh, this it is that makes your servants droop.

Lord.
Lord. Hence comes it, that your kindred shun your house.
As beaten hence by your strange lunacy.
Oh, noble Lord, bethink thee of thy birth,
Call home thy ancient thoughts from banishment,
And banish hence these abject lowly dreams.
Look, how thy servants do attend on thee;
Each in his office ready at thy beck.
Wilt thou have musick? hark, Apollo plays; [Musick
And twenty caged nightingales do sing.
Or wilt thou sleep? we'll have thee to a couch,
Softer and sweeter than the lustful bed
On purpose trimm'd up for Semiramis.
Say, thou wilt walk, we will bestow the ground;
Or wilt thou ride? thy horses shall be trapp'd,
Their harness studded all with gold and pearl.
Dost thou love hawking? thou hast hawks, will soar
Above the morning lark. Or wilt thou hunt?
Thy hounds shall make the welkin answer them,
And fetch thrill echoes from the hollow earth.

1 Man. Say, thou wilt course, thy greyhounds are as swift
As breathed stag's; ay, fleeter than the roe.

2 Man. Dost thou love pictures? we will fetch thee the fruit
Adonis, painted by a running brook;
And Citherea all in fedges hid;
Which seem to move, and wanton with her breath,
Ev'n as the waving fedges play with wind.

Lord. We'll shew thee Io, as she was a maid,
And how she was beguiled and surpris'd,
As lively painted as the deed was done.

3 Man. Or Daphne roaming through a thorny wood,
Scratching her legs, that one shall swear she bleeds:
And at that sight shall sad Apollo weep:
So workmanly the blood and tears are drawn.

Lord. Thou art a Lord, and nothing but a Lord:
Thou hast a lady far more beautiful
Than any woman in this waining age.

1 Man.
The Taming of the Shrew.

1 Man. And 'till the tears, that she hath shed for thee,
Like envious floods, o'er-ran her lovely face,
She was the fairest creature in the world,
And yet she is inferior to none.

Sly. Am I a Lord, and have I such a Lady?
Or do I dream? or have I dream'd 'till now?
I do not sleep; I see, I hear, I speak;
I smell sweet savours, and I feel soft things:
Upon my life, I am a Lord, indeed;
And not a Tinker, nor Christopher Sly.
Well, bring our Lady hither to our fight,
And once again, a pot o' th' smallesst ale.

2 Man. Will't please your Mightiness to wash your hands?
Oh, how we joy to see your wits restor'd!
Oh, that once more you knew but what you are!
These fifteen years you have been in a dream,
Or, when you wak'd, so wak'd as if you slept.

Sly. These fifteen years! by my fay, a goodly nap:
But did I never speak of all that time?

1 Man. Oh, yes, my Lord, but very idle words.
For tho' you lay here in this goodly chamber,
Yet would you say, ye were beaten out of door,
And rail'd upon the Hostess of the house;
And say, you would present her at the Lect;
Because she bought stone-jugs, and no seal'd quarts:
Sometimes, you would call out for Cicely Hacket.

Sly. Ay, the woman's maid of the house.

3 Man. Why, Sir, you know no house; nor no such maid;
Nor no such men, as you have reckon'd up;
As Stephen Sly, and old John Naps of Greece,
And Peter Turf, and Henry Pimpernell,
And twenty more such names and men as these,
Which never were, nor no man ever saw.

Sly. Now Lord be thanked for my good amends!

All. Amen.

Sly. By thi' Mafs, I think I am a Lord indeed.
What is thy name?

Man.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Man. Sim, an't please your Honour.
Sly. Sim? that's as much as to say, Simeon or Simon, put forth thy hand and fill the pot.

[The servant gives him drink.

Enter Lady, with Attendants.

I thank thee; — thou shalt not lose by it.
Lady. How fares my noble Lord?
Sly. Marry, I fare well, for here is cheer enough.
Where's my wife?
Lady. Here, noble Lord, what is thy will with her?
Sly. Are you my wife, and will not call me hus-
band? My men should call me Lord, I am your good-
man.
Lady. My husband and my Lord, my Lord and hus-
band;
I am your wife in all obedience.
Sly. I know it well: what must I call her?
Lord. Madam.
Sly. Alice madam, or Joan madam?
Lord. Madam, and nothing else, so lords call ladies.
Sly. Come, sit down on my knee. Sim, drink to her.
Madam wife, they say, that I have dream'd, and slept
above some fifteen years and more.
Lady. Ay, and the time seems thirty unto me,
Being all this time abandon'd from your bed.
Sly. 'Tis much. Servants, leave me and her alone:
Madam, undress you, and come now to bed. Sim,
drink to her.
Lady. Thrice-noble Lord, let me entreat of you,
To pardon me yet for a night or two:
Or, if not so, until the sun be set;
For your Physicians have expressly charg'd,
In peril to incur your former malady,
That I should yet absent me from your bed;
I hope, this reason stands for my excuse.
Sly. Ay, it stands so, that I may hardly tarry so
long; but I would be loath to fall into my dream again:
I will therefore tarry in despight of the flesh and
blood.
Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Your Honour's Players, hearing your amendment,
Are come to play a pleasant Comedy;
For so your Doctors hold it very meet,
Seeing too much sadness hath congeal'd your blood;
And melancholy is the nurse of frenzy.
Therefore, they thought it good you hear a play,
And frame your mind to mirth and merriment;
Which bars a thousand harms, and lengthens life.
Sly. Marry, I will; let them play; is it not a commodity? a Christmas gambol, or a tumbling trick?
Lady. No, my good Lord, it is more pleasing stuff.
Sly. What, household stuff?
Lady. It is a kind of history.
Sly. Well, we'll see't: come, Madam wife, sit by my side, and let the world slip, we shall ne'er be younger.
The Taming of the Shrew.

ACT I.

SCENE, a Street in Padua.

Flourish. Enter Lucentio and Tranio.

Lucentio.

Ranio, since for the great desire I had
To see fair Padua, nursery of arts,
I am arriv'd from fruitful Lombardy, (6)
The pleasant garden of great Italy;
And, by my father's love and leave, am arm'd
With his good-will, and thy good company:
Most trusty servant, well approv'd in all,
Here let us breathe, and haply institute
A course of learning, and ingenious studies.

Pisa, renowned for grave citizens,
Gave me my Being; and my father first,
A merchant of great traffick through the world:

Vincentio's come of the Bentivoli,
Vincentio his son, brought up in Florence,

(6) I am arriv'd for fruitful Lombardy.] Though all the Impressions concur in this, I take it to be a Blunder of the Editors, and not of the Author. Padua is not in Lombardy; but Pisa, from which Lucentio comes, is really in those Territories.
It shall become to serve all hopes conceiv'd,
To deck his fortune with his virtuous deeds:
And therefore, Tranio, for the time I study,
Virtue and that part of philosophy
Will I apply, that treats of happiness
By virtue specially to be achiev'd.
Tell me thy mind, for I have Pisa left,
And am to Padua come, as he that leaves
A shallow plash to plunge him in the deep,
And with satiety seeks to quench his thirst.

*Tr. Me pardonato, gentle master mine,*
I am in all affected as yourself:
Glad, that you thus continue your resolve,
To suck the sweets of sweet philosophy:
Only, good master, while we do admire
This virtue, and this moral discipline,
Let's be no Stoicks, nor no flock's, I pray;
Or, so devote to Aristotle's checks,
As Ovid be an Outcast quite abjur'd.
Talk logick with acquaintance that you have,
And practice rhetoric in your common talk;
Musick and Poesy use to quicken you;
The Mathematicks, and the Metaphysics,
Fall to them, as you find your stomach serves you;
No profit grows, where is no pleasure ta'en:
In brief, Sir, study what you most affect.

*Luc. Gramercies, Tranio, well doth thou advise;
If, Biondello, thou wilt come ashore,
We could at once put us in readiness;
And take a lodging fit to entertain
Such friends, as time in Padua shall beget.
But stay a while, what company is this?*

*Tr. Master, some show to welcome us to town.*

*Enter Baptista with Catharina and Bianca, Gremio and Hortensio. Lucentio and Tranio stand by.*

*Bap. Gentlemen both, importune me no farther,*
For how I firmly am resolv'd, you know;
That is, not to bestow my youngest daughter,
Before I have a husband for the elder;*
If either of you both love Catharina,
Because I know you well, and love you well,
Leave shall you have to court her at your pleasure.

gre. To cart her rather.— She's too rough for me:
There, there, Hortensio, will you any wife?
cath. I pray you, Sir, is it your will
To make a Stale of me amongst these mates?
hor. Mates, maid, how mean you that? no mates
for you;
Unless you were of gentler, milder, mould.
cath. I'faith, Sir, you shall never need to fear,
I wis, it is not half way to her heart:
But if it were, doubt not, her care shall be
To comb your noodle with a three-legg'd fool,
And paint your face, and use you like a fool.
hor. From all such devils, good Lord, deliver us.
gre. And me too, good Lord.
tra. Hush, master, here's some good pastime
ward;
That wench is stark mad, or wonderful fro-
ward.

luc. But in the other's silence I do see
Maid's mild behaviour and sobriety.

peace, tranio.
tra. Well said, master; mum! and gaze your
fill.

bap. Gentlemen, that I may soon make good
What I have said, Bianca, get you in;
And let it not displeafe thee, good Bianca;
For I will love thee ne'er the less, my girl.
cath. A pretty Peat! it is best put finger in the eye,
an she knew why.
bian. Sister, content you in my discontent.
sir, to your pleasure humbly I subscribe:
My books and instruments shall be my company,
On them to look, and practice by myself.
luc. Hark, tranio, thou may'lt hear Minerva speak.

hor. Signior Baptista, will you be so strange?
Sorry am I, that our good will effects
Bianca's grief.
Gre. Why will you mew her up,
Signor Baptista, for this fiend of hell,
And make her bear the penance of her tongue?

Bap. Gentlemen, content ye; I am resolv’d:
Go in, Bianca. ————  [Exit Bianca.
And for I know, she taketh most delight
In musick, instruments, and poetry;
School-masters will I keep within my house,
Fit to instruct her youth. If you, Hortensio,
Or Signior Gremio, you, know any such,
Prefer them hither: for to cunning men
I will be very kind; and liberal
To mine own children, in good bringing up;
And so farewell: Catharina, you may stay,
For I have more to commune with Bianca.  [Exit.

Cath. Why, and, I truft, I may go too, may I not?
what, shall I be appointed hours, as tho’, belike, I
knew not what to take, and what to leave? ha! [Exit.

Gre. You may go to the devil’s dam: your gifts are
so good, here is none will hold you. Our love is not
so great, Hortensio, but we may blow our nails together,
and faft it fairly out. Our cake’s dough on both sides.
Farewel; yet for the love I bear my sweet Bianca,
if I can by any means light on a fit man to teach
her That wherein she delights, I will wish him to her
Father.

Hor. So will I, Signior Gremio: but a word, I pray;
tho’ the nature of our quarrel never yet brook’d Parle,
know now, upon advice, it toucheth us both, that we
may yet again have access to our fair Mistres, and be
happy rivals in Bianca’s love, to labour and effect one
thing specially.

Gre. What’s that, I pray?

Hor. Marry, Sir, to get a husband for her sister.

Gre. A husband! a devil. ————

Hor. I say, a husband.

Gre. I say, a devil. Think’st thou, Hortensio, tho’
her father be very rich, any man is so very a fool to be
married to hell?

Vol. II.  Q  Hor.
Hor. Tush, Gremio; tho’ it pass your patience and mine to endure her loud alarms, why, man, there be good fellows in the world, an a man could light on them, would take her with all her faults, and mony enough.

Gre. I cannot tell; but I had as lief take her dowry with this condition, to be whip’d at the high cross every morning.

Hor. ’Faith, as you say, there’s a small choice in rotten apples: but, come, since this bar in law makes us friends, it shall be so far forth friendly maintain’d, ’till by helping Baptista’s eldest daughter to a husband, we set his youngest free for a husband, and then have to’t afresh. Sweet Bianca! happy man be his dole! he that runs fastest gets the ring; how say you, Signior Gremio?

Gre. I am agreed; and would I had given him the best horse in Padua to begin his wooing, that would throughly woo her, wed her, and bed her, and rid the house of her. Come on.

[Exeunt Gremio and Hortensio.]

Maneunt Tranio and Lucentio.

Tra. I pray, Sir, tell me, is it possible
That love should on a sudden take such hold?

Luc. Oh Tranio, ’till I found it to be true,
I never thought it possible or likely.
But see, while idly I stood looking on,
I found the effect of Love in idleness:
And now in plainness do confess to thee,
(That art to me as secret, and as dear,
As Anna to the Queen of Carthage was;)

Tranio, I burn, I pine, I perish, Tranio,
If I achieve not this young modest girl:
Counsel me, Tranio, for, I know, thou canst;
Assist me, Tranio, for, I know, thou wilt.

Tra. Master, it is no time to chide you now;
Affection is not rated from the heart.
If love hath touch’d you, nought remains but so,
Redime te captum quàm queas minimō.

Luc,
Luc. Gramercy, lad; go forward, this contents; The rest will comfort, for thy counsel's sound.

Tra. Master, you look'd so longly on the maid, Perhaps, you mark'd not what's the pith of all.

Luc. O yes, I saw sweet Beauty in her face; Such as the daughter of Agenor had,
That made great Jove to humble him to her hand, When with his knees he kiss'd the Cretan strand.

Tra. Saw you no more? mark'd you not, how her sister
Began to scold, and raise up such a storm, That mortal ears might hardly endure the din?

Luc. Tranio, I saw her coral lips to move, And with her breath she did perfume the air; Sacred and sweet was all I saw in her.

Tra. Nay, then 'tis time to stir him from his trance:
I pray, awake, Sir; if you love the maid, Bend thoughts and wit t' achieve her. Thus it stands:
Her eldest Sister is so curt and shrewd,
That till the Father rides his Hands of her, Master, your Love must live a Maid at home;
And therefore has he closely mew'd her up, Because she shall not be annoy'd with suitors.

Luc. Ah, Tranio, what a cruel Father's he!
But art thou not advis'd, he took some care To get her cunning school-masters t' instruct her?

Tra. Ay, marry, am I, Sir; and now 'tis plotted.

Luc. I have it, Tranio.

Tra. Master, for my hand,
Both our inventions meet and jump in one.

Luc. Tell me thine first.

Tra. You will be school-master,
And undertake the teaching of the maid:
That's your device.

Luc. It is: may it be done?

Tra. Not possible: for who shall bear your part, And be in Padua here Vincentio's son,
Keep house, and ply his book, welcome his friends, Visit his countrymen, and banquet them?
Luc. Basta;—content thee; for I have it full. We have not yet been seen in any house, Nor can we be distinguish'd by our faces, For man or master: then it follows thus. Thou shalt be master, Tranio, in my stead; Keep house, and port, and servants, as I should. I will some other be, some Florentine, Some Neapolitan, or meaner man of Pisa. 'Tis hatch'd, and shall be so: Tranio, at once Uncase thee: take my colour'd hat and cloak. When Biondello comes, he waits on thee; But I will charm him first to keep his tongue.

Tra. So had you need. [They exchange habits. In brief, good Sir, sith it your pleasure is, And I am tied to be obedient, (For so your Father charg'd me at our parting, Be serviceable to my Son, quoth he,) Altho', I think, 'twas in another sense; I am content to be Lucentio, Because so well I love Lucentio.

Luc. Tranio, be so; because Lucentio loves; And let me be a slave t'atchieve that Maid, Whose sudden flight hath thrall'd my wounded eye.

Enter Biondello.

Here comes the rogue. Sirrah, where have you been?

Bion. Where have I been? nay, how now, where are you? master, has my fellow Tranio stoll'n your cloaths, or you stoll'n his, or both? pray, what's the news?

Luc. Sirrah, come hither: 'tis no time to jest; And therefore frame your manners to the time. Your fellow Tranio here, to save my life, Puts my apparel and my count'nance on, And I for my escape have put on his: For in a quarrel, since I came a-shore, I kill'd a man, and, fear, I am descry'd: Wait you on him, I charge you, as becomes; While I make way from hence to save my life. You understand me?

Bion.
Bion. Ay, Sir, ne'er a whit.
Luc. And not a jot of Tranio in your mouth; Tranio is chang'd into Lucentio.
Bion. The better for him: 'Would, I were so too.
Tra. So would I, 'faith, boy, to have the next wish after; that Lucentio, indeed, had Baptista's youngest Daughter. But, sirrah, not for my sake, but your master's, I advise you, use your manners discreetly in all kinds of companies: when I am alone, why, then I am Tranio; but in all places else, your master Lucentio.
Luc. Tranio, let's go: one thing more rests, that thyself execute, to make one among these wooers; if thou ask me why, sufficeth, my reasons are both good and weighty. [Exeunt.

SCENE, before Hortensio's House, in Padua.

Enter Petrucho, and Grumio.

Pet. Verona, for a while I take my leave,
To see my friends in Padua; but of all
My best beloved and approved friend,
Hortensio; and, I trow, this is the house;
Here, sirrah, Grumio, knock, I say.
Grum. Knock, Sir? whom should I knock? is there any man, has rebus'd your Worship?
Pet. Villain, I say, knock me here soundly.
Grum. Knock you here, Sir? why, Sir, what am I, Sir,
That I should knock you here, Sir?
Pet. Villain, I say, knock me at this gate,
And rap me well; or I'll knock your knave's pate.
Grum. My master is grown quarrelsome: I should knock you first,
And then I know after, who comes by the worst.
Pet. Will it not be?
Faith, sirrah, an you'll not knock, I'll ring it,
I'll try how you can sol, fa, and sing it.

[He wrings him by the ears.
Grum. Help, masters, help; my master is mad.
Pet. Now knock, when I bid you: Sirrah! Villain!

Q. 3

Enter
Enter Hortensio.

Hor. How now, what's the matter? my old friend Grumio, and my good friend Petruchio! how do you all at Verona?

Petr. Signior Hortensio, come you to part the fray? Con tutto il Core ben trovato, may I say.

Hor. Alla nofra Casa ben venute, molto honorato Signor mio Petruchio.

Rife, Grumio, rife; we will compound this quarrel.

Grum. Nay, 'tis no matter, what he leges in Latin. If this be not a lawful cause for me to leave his service, look you, Sir: he bid me knock him, and rap him soundly, Sir. Well, was it fit for a servant to use his master so, being, perhaps, for aught I see, two and thirty, a pip out?

Whom, would to God, I had well knock'd at first;
Then had not Grumio come by the worst.

Petr. A senseless villain!——Good Hortensio,
I bid the rascal knock upon your gate,
And could not get him for my heart to do it.

Grum. Knock at the gate? O heav'n's! spake you not these words plain? sirrah, knock me here, rap me here, knock me well, and knock me soundly: and come you now with knocking at the gate?

Petr. Sirrah, be gone, or talk not, I advise you.

Hor. Petruchio, patience; I am Grumio's pledge:
Why, this is a heavy chance 'twixt him and you,
Your ancient, trusty, pleasant servant Grumio;
And tell me now, sweet Friend, what happy Gale Blows you to Padua here, from old Verona?

Petr. Such wind as scatters young men through the world,
To seek their fortunes farther than at home;
Where small experience grows, but in a few.
Signior Hortensio, thus it stands with me,
Amonio my Father is deceas'd;
And I have thrust myself into this maze,
Happily to wage and thrive, as best I may:
Crowns in my purse I have, and goods at home,
And so am come abroad to see the world.

_Hor._ Petruchio, shall I then come roundly to thee,
And with thee to a shrew'd ill-favour'd wife?
Thou'dst thank me but a little for my counsel,
And yet, I'll promise thee, she shall be rich,
And very rich: but thou'rt too much my friend,
And I'll not wish thee to her.

_Pet._ Signior Hortensio, 'twixt such friends as us
Few words suffice; and therefore if you know
One rich enough to be Petruchio's wife;
(As wealth is burden of my wooing dance)
Be she as foul as was Florentius' love,
As old as Sibyl, and as curst and shrewd
As Socrates' Xantippe, or a worse,
She moves me not; or not removes, at least;
Affection's edge in me. Were she as rough.
As are the swelling Adriatic Seas,
I come to wife it wealthily in Padua:
If wealthily, then happily, in Padua.

_Gru._ Nay, look you, Sir, he tells you flatly what his
mind is: why, give him gold enough, and marry him
to a puppet, or an aglet-baby, or an old Trot with ne'er
a tooth in her head, tho' she have as many diseases as
two and fifty horses; why, nothing comes amiss, so
mony comes withal.

_Hor._ Petruchio, since we are flept thus far in,
I will continue That I broach'd in jest.
I can, Petruchio, help thee to a wife
With wealth enough, and young and beauteous;
Brought up, as belt becomes a gentlewoman.
Her only fault, and that is fault enough,
Is, that she is intolerably curt:
And shrewd, and froward, so beyond all measure;
That, were my flate far worser than it is,
I would not wed her for a Mine of gold.

_Pet._ Hortensio, peace; thou know'st not gold's effect;
Tell me her Father's name, and 'tis enough:
For I will board her, tho' she chide as loud
As thunder, when the clouds in Autumn crack.
Hor. Her Father is Baptista Minola,
An affable and courteous Gentleman;
Her name is Catharina Minola,
Renown'd in Padua for her scolding tongue.

Petr. I know her Father, tho' I know not her;
And he knew my deceased Father well.
I will not sleep, Hortensio, 'till I see her,
And therefore let me be thus bold with you,
To give you over at this first encounter,
Unless you will accompany me thither.

Gru. I pray you, Sir, let him go while the humour lasts. O' my word, an she knew him as well as I do, she would think scolding would do little good upon him. She may, perhaps, call him half a score knaves, or so: why, that's nothing; an' he begin once, he'll rail in his rope-tricks. I'll tell you what, Sir, an' she stand him but a little, he will throw a figure in her face, and so disfigure her with it, that she shall have no more eyes to see withal than a cat: you know him not, Sir.

Hor. Tarry, Petruchio, I must go with thee,
For in Baptista's house my Treasure is:
He hath the jewel of my life in hold,
His youngest Daughter, beautiful Bianca;
(7) And her with-holds he from me, and others more
Suitors to her, and Rivals in my love:
Supposing it a thing impossible,
(For those defects I have before rehears'd,)
'That ever Catharina will be woo'd;
'Therefore this order hath Baptista ta'en,
'That none shall have access unto Bianca,
'Till Catharine the curst have got a husband.

Gru. Catharine the curst?
A title for a maid of all titles the worst!

(7) And her withholds be from me. Other more Suitors to her, and Rivals in my Love: &c. ] The Editors, in this Carelessness of their Pointing, have made stark Nonsense of this Passage. The Regulation, which I have given to the Text, was dictated to me by the ingenious Dr. Thirby.

Hor.
Hor. Now shall my Friend Petruchio do me grace,
And offer me disguis'd in sober robes
To old Baptist'a as a school-master,
Well seen in musick, to instruct Bianca;
That so I may by this device, at least,
Have leave and leisure to make love to her;
And, unsuspected, court her by herself.

Enter Gremio, and Lucentio disguis'd.

Gru. Here's no knavery! see, to beguile the old folks,
how the young folks lay their heads together. Matter,
look about you: who goes there? ha!

Hor. Peace, Grumio, 'tis the Rival of my love.
Petruchio, stand by a while.

Gru. A proper Stripling, and an amorous.—

Gre. O, very well; I have perus'd the note.
Hark you, Sir, I'll have them very fairly bound,
All books of love; see That, at any hand;
And see, you read no other lectures to her:
You understand me—Over and beside
Signior Baptist'a's liberality,
I'll mend it with a largess. Take your papers too,
And let me have them very well perfum'd;
For she is sweeter than perfume itself,
'To whom they go; what will you read to her?

Luc. Whate'er I read to her, I'll plead for you,
As for my Patron, stand you so assured;
As firmly, as yourself were still in place;
Yea, and, perhaps, with more successful words
Than you, unless you were a scholar, Sir.

Gre. Oh this learning, what a thing it is!
Gru. O this woodcock, what an afs it is!—
Petr. Peace, Sirrah.

Hor. Grumio, mum! God save you, Signior Gremio.

Gre. And you are well met, Signior Hortensio. Trow
you, whither I am going? to Baptist'a Minola; I pro-
mis'd to enquire carefully about a school-master for the fair
Bianca; and by good fortune I have lighted well on this
young man; for Learning and Behaviour fit for her turn,
well read in Poetry, and other books, good ones, I war-
rant ye.
Hor. 'Tis well; and I have met a gentleman,  
Hath promis'd me to help me to another,  
A fine musician to instruct our mistress;  
So shall I no whit be behind in duty  
To fair Bianca, so belov'd of me.  

Gre. Belov'd of me,—and that my deeds shall prove.  

Gru. And that his bags shall prove.  

Hor. Gremio, 'tis now no time to vent our love.  
Listen to me; and, if you speak me fair,  
I'll tell you news indifferent good for either.  
Here is a Gentleman whom by chance I met,  
Upon agreement from us to his liking,  
Will undertake to woo curst Catharine;  
Yea, and to marry her, if her dowry please.  

Gre. So said, so done, is well;——  

Hortensio, have you told him all her faults?  

Pet. I know, she is an irksome brawling Scold;  
If that be all, masters, I hear no harm.  

Gre. No, sayest me so, friend? what Countryman?  

Pet. Born in Verona, old Antonio's Son;  
My Father's dead, my fortune lives for me,  
And I do hope good days and long to see.  

Gre. Oh, Sir, such a life with such a wife were strange;  
But if you have a stomach, to't, o' God's name:  
You shall have me assisting you in all.  
But will you wooe this wild cat?  

Pet. Will I live?  

Gru. Will he wooe her? ay, or I'll hang her.  

Pet. Why came I hither, but to that intent?  
Think you, a little din can daunt my ears?  
Have I not in my time heard lions roar?  
Have I not heard the sea, puff'd up with winds,  
Rage like an angry boar, chafed with sweat?  
Have I not heard great Ordnance in the field?  
And heav'n's artillery thunder in the skies?  
Have I not in a pitched battel heard  
Loud larums, neighing steeds, and trumpets clangue?  
And do you tell me of a woman's tongue,  
'That gives not half so great a blow to hear,  
As will a chestnut in a farmer's fire?  

Tush,
Tush, tush, fear boys with bugs.

Gr. For he fears none.

Gr. Hortensio, hark:

This Gentleman is happily arriv'd,
My mind presumes, for his own good, and ours.

Hor. I promis'd, we would be contributors;
And bear his charge of wooing whatso'ever.

Gr. And so we will, provided that he win her.

Gr. I would, I were as sure of a good dinner.

To them Tranio bravely apparell'd, and Biondello:

Tr. Gentlemen, God save you. If I may be bold,
tell me, I beseech you, which is the readiest way to the
houfe of Signior Baptista Minola?

Bion. He, that has the two fair Daughters? is't he
you mean?

Tr. Even he, Biondello.

Gr. Hark you, Sir, you mean not her, to——

Tr. Perhaps, him and her; what have you to do?

Pet. Not her that chides, Sir, at any hand, I pray.

Tr. I love no chiders, Sir: Biondello, let's away.

Luc. Well begun, Tranio.

Hor. Sir, a word, ere you go:

Are you a suitor to the maid you talk of, yea or no?

Tr. An if I be, Sir, is it any offence?

Gr. No; if without more words you will get you hence.

Tr. Why, Sir, I pray, are not the streets as free.

For me, as for you?

Gr. But so is not she.

Tr. For what reason, I beseech you?

Gr. For this reason, if you'll know:

That she's the choice love of Signior Gremio.

Hor. That she's the chozen of Signior Hortensio.

Tr. Softly, my masters; if you be gentlemen,

Do me this Right; hear me with patience.

Baptista is a noble Gentleman,
To whom my Father is not all unknown;
And, were his Daughter fairer than she is,
She may more suitors have, and me for one.

Fair Leda's Daughter had a thousand wooers;

Then
Then well One more may fair Bianca have,
And so she shall. Lucentio shall make one,
Tho' Paris came, in hope to speed alone.

Gre. What, this Gentleman will out-talk us all!
Luc. Sir, give him head; I know, he'll prove a jade.
Pet. Hortensio, to what end are all these words?
Hor. Sir, let me be so bold as to ask you,
Did you yet ever see Baptista's daughter?
Tra. No, Sir; but hear I do, that he hath two:
The one as famous for a scolding tongue,
As the other is for beauteous modesty.
Pet. Sir, Sir, the first's for me; let her go by.
Gre. Yea, leave that labour to great Hercules;
And let it be more than Alcides' twelve.
Pet. Sir, understand you this of me, insooth:
The youngest Daughter, whom you hearken for,
Her father keeps from all access of suitors,
And will not promise her to any man,
Until the eldest Sister first be wed:
The younger then is free, and not before.

Tra. If it be so, Sir, that you are the man
Must fleed us all, and me amongst the rest;
And if you break the ice, and do this feat,
Atchieve the elder, set the younger free
For our access; whose hap shall be to have her,
Will not so graceless be, to be ingrate.

Hor. Sir, you say well, and well you do conceive;
And since you do profess to be a suitors,
You must, as we do, gratify this Gentleman,
To whom we all rest generally beholden.

Tra. (3) Sir, I shall not be slack; in sign whereof,
Please ye, we may convive this afternoon,

(3) Sir, I shall not be slack; in sign whereof;
Please you, we may contrive this Afternoon,]

What were they to contrive? Or how is it any Testimony of Tranio's consenting to be liberal, that he will join in contriving with them? In short, a foolish Corruption poiffes the Place, that quite strips the Poet of his intended Humour. Tranio is but a supposed Gentleman: His Habit is all the Gentility he has about him.
And quaff carouses to our Mistress' health;
And do as adversaries do in law,
Strive mightily, but eat and drink as friends.

Gru. Bion. O excellent motion! fellows, let's be gone.
Hor. The motion's good indeed, and be it so,
Petruchio, I shall be your ben venuto. [Exeunt.

[The Presenters, above, speak here.

1 Man. My Lord, you nod; you do not mind the Play.
Sly. Yea, by St. Ann, do I: a good matter, surely!
comes there any more of it?
Lady. My Lord, 'tis but begun.
Sly. 'Tis a very excellent piece of work, Madam Lady.
'Would, 'twere done!

ACT II.

SCENE, Baptista's House in Padua.

Enter Catharina and Bianca.

BIANCA.

GOOD Sister, wrong me not, nor wrong yourself,
To make a bond-maid and a slave of me;
That I disdain; (9) but for these other Gawds,
Unbind my hands, I'll pull them off myself;
Yea, all my raiment, to my petticoat;

him: and the Poet, I am persuaded, meant that the Servingman's Qualities should break out upon him; and that his Mind should rather run on good Cheer than Contrivances. The Word is regularly deriv'd from Convivium and Convivor of the Latines.

(9) — But for these other Goods,] This is so trifling and unexpressive a Word, that, I am satisfied our Author wrote, Gawds, (i.e. Toys, trifling Ornaments;) a Term that he frequently uses and seems fond of.
Or, what you will command me, will I do;
So well I know my duty to my elders.

_Cath._ Of all thy Suitors here, I charge thee, tell
Whom thou lov'lt best: see, thou dissemble not.

_Bian._ Believe me, Sister, of all men alive
I never yet beheld that special face,
Which I could fancy more than any other.

_Cath._ Minion, thou liest; is't not Hortensio?

_Bian._ If you affect him, sister, here I swear,
I'll plead for you myself, but you shall have him.

_Cath._ Oh, then, belike, you fancy riches more;
You will have Gremio, to keep you fair.

_Bian._ Is it for him you do so envy me?
Nay, then you jest; and now, I well perceive,
You have but jested with me all this while;
I pr'ythee, sister Kate, untie my hands.

_Cath._ If that be jest, then all the rest was so.

[Strikes her.]

_Enter Baptista._

_Bap._ Why, how now, dame, whence grows this insolence?

_Bianca._ Stand aside; poor girl, she weeps;
Go ply thy needle, meddle not with her.
For shame, thou hilding of a devilish spirit,
Why dost thou wrong her, that did ne'er wrong thee?
When did she cross thee with a bitter word?

_Cath._ Her silence slouts me; and I'll be reveng'd.

[Flies after Bianca.]

_Bap._ What, in my sight? Bianca, get thee in.

[Exit Bianca.]

_Cath._ Will you not suffer me? nay, now I see,
She is your treasure; she must have a husband;
I must dance bare-foot on her-wedding-day,
And, for your love to her, lead apes in hell:
Talk not to me, I will go sit and weep,
'Till I can find occasion of revenge.

[Exit Cath.]

_Bap._ Was ever gentleman thus griev'd, as I?
But who comes here?
Enter Gremio, Lucentio in the habit of a mean man. 

Petruchio with Hortensio, like a musician; Tranio 

and Biondello bearing a lute and books.

**Gre.** Good morrow, neighbour Baptista.

**Bap.** Good morrow, neighbour Gremio: God save you, gentlemen.

**Pet.** And you, good Sir; pray, have you not a daughter call'd Catharina, fair and virtuous?

**Bap.** I have a daughter, Sir, call'd Catharina.

**Gre.** You are too blunt; go to it orderly.

**Pet.** You wrong me, Signior Gremio, give me leave.

I am a gentleman of Verona, Sir,

That, hearing of her beauty and her wit, 

Her affability and bashful modesty, 

Her wondrous qualities, and mild behaviour, 

Am bold to shew myself a forward guest 

Within your house, to make mine eye the witness 

Of that Report, which I so oft have heard.

And, for an entrance to my entertainment,

[Presenting Hortensio,]

I do present you with a man of mine, 

Cunning in musick, and the mathematicks, 

To instruct her fully in those sciences, 

Whereof, I know, she is not ignorant: 

Accept of him, or else you do me wrong, 

His name is Licio, born in Mantua.

**Bap.** You're welcome, Sir, and he for your good sake.

But for my daughter Catharine, this I know,

She is not for your turn, the more's my grief.

**Pet.** I see, you do not mean to part with her;

Or else you like not of my company.

**Bap.** Mistake me not, I speak but what I find.

Whence are you, Sir? what may I call your name?

**Pet.** Petruchio is my name, Antonio's son,

A man well known throughout all Italy.

**Bap.** I know him well: you are welcome for his sake.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Gre. Saving your tale, Petruchio, I pray, let us, that are poor petitioners, speak too. Baccalare!—you are marvellous forward. (10)

Pet. Oh, pardon me, Signior Gremio, I would fain be doing. (11)

Gre. I doubt it not, Sir, but you will curse your wooing.—Neighbour, this is a gift very grateful, I am sure of it. To express the like kindness myself, that have been more kindly beholden to you than any, free leave give to this young scholar, that hath been long studying at Reims, [Presenting Lucentio.] as cunning in Greek, Latin, and other languages, as the other in music and mathematicks; his name is Cambio; pray, accept his service.

Bap. A thousand thanks, Signior Gremio: welcome, good Cambio. But, gentle Sir, methinks, you walk like a stranger; [To Tranio.] may I be so bold to know the cause of your coming?

Tra. Pardon me, Sir, the boldness is mine own, That, being a stranger in this City here,

(10) Baccare, you are marvellous forward.] But not so forward, as our Editors are indolent and acquiescing. This is a stupid Corruption of the Prefs, that None of them have div’d into. We must read, Baccalare, as Mr. Warburton acutely observ’d to me; by which the Italians mean, Thou arrogant, presumptuous Man! The Word is used scornfully, upon any One that would assume a Port of Grandeur and high Repute.

(11) Pet. Oh, pardon me, Signior Gremio, I would fain be doing.

Gre. I doubt it not, Sir, but you will curse your wooing Neighbours. This is a Gift; ] It would be very unreasonable, after such a Number of Instances, to suspect, the Editors ever dwelt on the Meaning of any Passage: But why should Petruchio curse his wooing Neighbours? They were None of them his Rivals: Nor, tho’ he should curse his own Match afterwards, did he commence his Courtship on their Accounts. In short, Gremio is design’d to answer to Petruchio in doggrel Rhime, to this Purpose, — "Yes; I "know, you would fain be doing; but you’ll coop with such a "Devil, that you’ll have Reason to curse your Wooing." — and then immediately turns his Discourse to Baptista, whom he calls Neighbour, (as he had done before at the Beginning of this Scene,) and makes his Present to him.

Do
The Taming of the Shrew.

Do make myself a suitor to your daughter,
Unto Bianca, fair and virtuous:
Nor is your firm resolve unknown to me,
In the preferment of the eldest sister.
This liberty is all that I request;
That, upon knowledge of my parentage,
I may have welcome ‘mongst the rest that woo,
And free access and favour as the rest.
And, toward the education of your daughters,
I here beseech a simple Instrument,
And this small packet of Greek and Latin books.
If you accept them, then their worth is great.

[They greet privately.]

Bap. Lucentio is your name? of whence I pray?

Tra. Of Pisa, Sir, son to Vincentio.

Bap. A mighty man of Pisa; by Report
I know him well; you are very welcome, Sir.
Take You the lute, and You the Set of books,

[To Hortensio and Lucentio.

You shall go see your pupils presently.
Holla, within!

Enter a Servant.

Sire, lead these gentlemen
To my two daughters; and then tell them Both,
These are their tutors, bid them use them well.

[Exit Serv. with Hortensio and Lucentio.

We will go walk a little in the orchard,
And then to dinner. You are passing welcome,
And so, I pray you all, to think yourselves.

Pet. Signior Baptista, my busines asketh haft,
And every day I cannot come to woee.
You knew my father well, and in him me,
Left solely heir to all his lands and goods,
Which I have better’d, rather than decreas’d;
Then tell me, if I get your daughter’s love,
What dowry shall I have with her to wife?

Bap. After my death, the one half of my lands:
And, in possession, twenty thousand crowns.

Pet.
Pet. And, for that dowry, I'll assure her of
Her widowhood, be it that she survive me,
In all my lands and leases whatsoever;
Let specialties be therefore drawn between us,
That covenants may be kept on either hand.

Bap. Ay, when the special thing is well obtain'd,
That is, her love; for that is all in all.

Pet. Why, that is nothing; for I tell you, father,
I am as peremptory as she proud-minded.
And where two raging fires meet together,
They do consume the thing that feeds their fury:
Tho' little fire grows great with little wind,
Yet extremest guls will blow out fire and all:
So I to her, and so she yields to me,
For I am rough, and woe not like a babe.

Bap. Well may't thou woe, and happy be thy speed!
But be thou arm'd for some unhappy words.

Pet. Ay, to the proof, as mountains are for winds,
That shake not, tho' they blow perpetually.

Enter Hortensio with his head broke.

Bap. How now, my friend, why dost thou look so pale?

Hor. For fear, I promise you, if I look pale.

Bap. What, will my daughter prove a good musician?

Hor. I think, she'll sooner prove a soldier;
Iron may hold with her, but never lutes.

Bap. Why, then thou canst not break her to the lute?

Hor. Why, no; for she hath broke the lute to me.
I did but tell her she mistook her frets,
And bow'd her hand to teach her fingering,
When, with a most impatient devilish spirit,
Frets call you them? quoth she: I'll fume with them:
And with that word she struck me on the head,
And through the instrument my Pate made way,
And there I stood amazed for a while,
As on a pillory, looking through the lute:
While she did call me rascal, tidler,
And twangling Jack, with twenty such vile terms,
As she had studied to misuse me so.

Pet. Now, by the world, it is a lusty wench;
I love her ten times more than e'er I did;
Oh, how I long to have some chat with her!

Bap. Well, go with me, and be not so discomfited,
Proceed in practice with my younger daughter,
She's apt to learn, and thankful for good turns;
Signior Petruchio, will you go with us,
Or shall I send my daughter Kate to you?

Pet. I pray you, do. I will attend her here,

And wooe her with some spirit when she comes,
Say, that she rail; why, then I'll tell her plain,
She sings as sweetly as a nightingale:
Say, that she frowns; I'll say, she looks as clear
As morning roses newly wash'd with dew;
Say, she be mute, and will not speak a word;
Then I'll commend her volubility;
And say, she uttereth piercing eloquence:
If she do bid me pack, I'll give her thanks,
As tho' she bid me stay by her a week;
If she deny to wed, I'll crave the day
When I shall ask the banns, and when be married?
But here she comes, and now, Petruchio, speak.

Enter Catharina.

Good morrow, Kate; for that's your name, I hear.

Cath. Well have you heard, but something hard of hearing.
They call me Catharine, that do talk of me.

Pet. You lye, in faith, for you are call'd plain Kate.

And bonny Kate, and sometimes Kate the curt:
But Kate, the prettiest Kate in christendom,
Kate of Kate-ball, my super-dainty Kate,
(For dainties are all Cates) and therefore Kate;
Take this of me, Kate of my consolation!
Hearing thy mildness prais'd in every Town,
Thy virtues spoke of, and thy beauty founded,
The Taming of the Shrew.

Yet not so deeply as to thee belongs:
Myself am mov'd to wooe thee for my wife.
Cath. Mov'd? in good time; let him that mov'd you hither,
Remove you hence; I knew you at the first
You were a moveable.
Pet. Why, what's a moveable?
Cath. A join'd-stool.
Pet. Thou hast hit it; come, sit on me.
Cath. Asses are made to bear, and so are you.
Pet. Women are made to bear, and so are you.
Cath. No such jade, Sir, as you; if me you mean.
Pet. Alas, good Kate, I will not burden thee;
For knowing thee to be but young and light——
Cath. Too light for such a swain as you to catch;
And yet as heavy as my weight should be.
Pet. Should bee;——should buzz.—
Cath. Well ta'en, and like a buzzard.
Pet. Oh, low-wing'd turtle, shall a buzzard take thee?
Cath. Ay, for a turtle, as he takes a buzzard.
Pet. Come, come, you wasp, 'faith, you are too angry.
Cath. If I be waspish, 'best beware my sting,
Pet. My Remedy is then to pluck it out.
Cath. Ah, if the fool could find it, where it lies.
Pet. Who knows not, where a wasp doth wear his sting?
In his tail.—
Cath. In his tongue.
Pet. Whose tongue?
Cath. Yours, if you talk of tails; and so farewell.
Pet. What with my tongue in your tail? nay, come again,
Good Kate, I am a gentleman.
Cath. That I'll try. [She strikes him.
Pet. I swear, I'll cuff you, if you strike again.
Cath. So may you lose your arms.
If you strike me, you are no gentleman;
And if no gentleman, why then, no arms.

Pet.
Pet. A herald, Kate? oh, put me in thy books.
Cath. What is your crest, a cockcomb?
Pet. A combless cock, so Kate will be my hen.
Cath. No cock of mine, you crow too like a craven.
Pet. Nay, come, Kate; come, you must not look so fower.
Cath. It is my fashion when I see a crab.
Pet. Why, here's no crab, and therefore look not so fower.
Cath. There is, there is.
Pet. Then, shew it me.
Cath. Had I a glass, I would.
Pet. What, you mean my face?
Cath. Well aim'd of such a young one.—
Pet. Now by St. George, I am too young for you.
Cath. Yet you are wither'd.
Pet. 'Tis with Cares.
Cath. I care not.
Pet. Nay, hear you, Kate; in sooth, you 'scape not so.
Cath. I chafe you if I tarry; let me go.
Pet. No, not a whit; I find you passing gentle:
'Twas told me, you were rough, and coy, and full'en,
And now I find Report a very liar;
For thou art pleasant, game'som, passing courteous,
But flow in speech, yet sweet as spring-time flowers.
Thou canst not frown, thou canst not look ascance,
Nor bite the lip, as angry wenches will,
Nor hast thou pleasure to be cross in talk:
But thou with mildness entertain'st thy wooers,
With gentle conference, soft and affable.
Why doth the world report, that Kate doth limp?
Oh sland'rous world! Kate, like the hazle-twig,
Is strait and slender; and as brown in hue
As hazle-nuts, and sweeter than the kernels.
O, let me see thee walk: thou dost not halt.
Cath. Go, fool, and whom thou keep'st command.
Pet. Did ever Dian so become a grove,
As Kate this chamber with her princely gaite?
O, be thou Dian, and let her be Kate,
And then let Kate be chaft, and Dian sportful.—

Cath.
Cath. Where did you study all this goodly speech?
Pet. It is extempore, from my mother-wit.
Cath. A witty mother, witless else her son.
Pet. Am I not wise?
Cath. Yes; keep you warm.
Pet. Why, so I mean, sweet Catharine, in thy bed:
And therefore setting all this chat aside,
Thus in plain terms: your father hath consented,
That you shall be my wife; your dow’ry greed on;
And, will you, nill you, I will marry you.
Now, Kate, I am a husband for your turn,
For by this light, whereby I see thy beauty,
(Thy beauty, that doth make me like thee well;)
Thou must be married to no man but me.
For I am he, am born to tame you, Kate;
And bring you from a wild cat to a Kate,
Conformable as other household Kate’s;
Here comes your father, never make denial,
I must and will have Catharine to my Wife.

Enter Baptista, Gremio, and Tranio.

Bap. Now, Signior Petruchio, how speed you with my daughter?
Pet. How but well, Sir? how but well?
It were impossible, I should speed amiss.
Bap. Why, how now, daughter Catharine, in your dumps?

Cath. Call you me daughter now, I promise you,
You’ve shew’d a tender fatherly regard,
To with me wed to one half lunatick;
A madcap ruffian, and a swearing Jack,
That thinks with oaths to face the matter out.
Pet. Father, ’tis thus; yourself and all the World,
That talk’d of her, have talk’d amiss of her;
If she be curt, it is for policy;
For she’s not froward, but modest as the dove:
She is not hot, but temperate as the morn;
For patience, she will prove a second Griffel;
And Roman Lucrece for her chaffity.
And, to conclude, we’ve greed so well together,
That upon Sunday is the wedding-day.

Cath. I'll see thee hang'd on Sunday first.

Gre. Hark: Petruchio! she says, she'll see thee hang'd first.

Tra. Is this your speeding? nay, then, good night, our part!

Pet. Be patient, Sirs, I chuse her for myself;
If she and I be pleas'd, what's that to you?
'Tis bargain'd 'twixt us twain, being alone,
That she shall still be curst in company.
I tell you, 'tis incredible to believe
How much she loves me; oh, the kindest Kate!
She hung about my neck, and kis'd on kis's
She vy'd so fast, protesting oath on oath,
That in a twink she won me to her love.
Oh, you are novices; 'tis a world to see,
How'tame (when men and women are alone)
A meacock wretch can make the curstest shrew.
Give me thy hand, Kate, I will unto Venice,
To buy apparel 'gainst the wedding-day;
Father, provide the feast, and bid the guests;
I will be sure, my Catharine shall be fine.

Bap. I know not what to say, but give your hands;
God lend you joy, Petruchio! 'tis a match.

Gre. Tra. Amen, say we; we will be witnesses.
Pet. Father, and wife, and Gentlemen, adieu;
I will to Venice, Sunday comes apace,
We will have rings and things, and fine array;
And kis's me, Kate, we will be married o' Sunday.

[Ex. Petruchio, and Catharine severally,

Gre. Was ever match clapt up so suddenly?

Bap. Faith, gentlemen, I play a merchant's part,
And venture madly on a desperate mart.

Tra. 'Twas a commodity lay fretting by you;
'Twill bring you gain, or perish on the seas.

Bap. The gain I seek is quiet in the match.

Gre. No doubt, but he hath got a quiet catch:
But now, Bapista, to your younger daughter;
Now is the day we long have looked for:
I am your neighbour, and was suitor first.

Tra.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Tra. And I am one, that love Bianca more
Than words can witness, or your thoughts can guess.

Gre. Youngling! thou canst not love so dear as I.

Tra. Grey-beard! thy love doth freeze.

Gre. But thine doth fry.

Skipper, stand back; 'tis age that nourisheth.

Tra. But youth, in ladies' eyes that flourisheth.

Bap. Content you, Gentlemen, I will compound this strife;

'Tis deeds must win the prize; and he, of both,
That can assure my daughter greatest dower,
Shall have Bianca's love.

Say, Signior Gremio, what can you assure her?

Gre. First, as you know, my house within the city
Is richly furnished with plate and gold,
Basins and ewers to lave her dainty hands:
My hangings all of Tyrian tapestry;
In ivory coffers I have flust my crowns;
In cypress chests my arras, counterpanes,
Costly apparel, tents and canopies,
Fine linen, Turkey cushions boisd with pearl;
Valance of Venice gold in needle-work;
Pewter and brases, and all things that belong
To house, or house-keeping: then, at my farm,
I have a hundred milch-kine to the pail,
Six score fat oxen standing in my flails;
And all things answerable to this portion.
Myself am struck in years, I must confess,
And if I die to morrow, this is hers;
If, whilst I live, she will be only mine.

Tra. That only came well in —— Sir, lift to me;
I am my father's heir, and only son;
If I may have your daughter to my wife,
I'll leave her houses three or four as good,
Within rich Pisa walls, as any one
Old Signior Gremio has in Padua;
Besides two thousand ducats by the year
Of fruitful land; all which shall be her jointure.
What, have I pinch'd you, Signior Gremio?
Gre. Two thousand ducats by the year of land! (12)
My land amounts but to so much in all:
That she shall have, besides an Argofts
That now is lying in Marseilles's road.
What, have I choaked you with an Argofts?

Tra. Gremio, 'tis known, my father hath no less
Than three great Argofts, besides two galliasses
And twelve tight gallies; these I will assure her,
And twice as much, what e'er thou offer'st next.

Gre. Nay, I have offer'd all; I have no more;
And she can have no more than all I have;
If you like me, she shall have me and mine.

Tra. Why, then the maid is mine from all the
world,
By your firm promise; Gremio is out-vied.

Bap. I must confess, your offer is the best;
And let your father make her the assurance,
She is your own, else you must pardon me:
If you should die before him, where's her dower?

Tra. That's but a cavil; he is old, I young.

Gre. And may not young men die, as well as old?

Bap. Well, gentlemen, then I am thus resolv'd:
On Sunday next, you know,

(12) Gre. Two thousand Ducats by the year of Land!
My Land amounts not to so much in all:
That she shall have, and

Tho' all the Copies concur in this Reading, surely, if we examine
the Reasoning, something will be found wrong. Gremio is startled
at the high Settlement—Tranio proposes; says, his whole Estate
in Land can't match it, yet he'll settle so much a Year upon
her, &c. This is Mock-reasoning, or I don't know what to call it.
The Change of the negative in the 2d Line, which Mr. Warburton
preferr'd, falses the Absurdity, and sets the Passage right. Gremio
and Tranio are vying in their Offers to carry Bianca: The latter
boldly propoizes to settle Land to the Amount of 2000 Ducats
per Annum. Ay, says the other; My whole Estate in Land:
amounts but to that Value: yet she shall have That; I'll endow
her with the Whole; and confign a rich Vessel to her Use, over
and above. Thus all is intelligible, and he goes on to outbid his
Rival.

Vol. II. R My
My daughter Catharine is to be married:
Now on the Sunday following shall Bianca
Be bride to you, if you make this assurance;
If not, to Signior Gremio:
And so I take my leave, and thank you both. [Exit.

Gre. Adieu, good neighbour.—Now I fear thee not:
Sirrah, young gamester, your father were a fool
To give thee all; and in his waining age
Set foot under thy table: tut! a toy!
An old Italian fox is not so kind, my boy. [Exit.

Tra. A vengeance on your crafty wither’d hide!
Yet I have fac’d it with a card of ten:
’Tis in my head to do my master good:
I see no reason, but suppos’d Lucentio
May get a father, call’d, suppos’d Vincentio;
And that’s a wonder: fathers commonly
Do get their children; but, in this case of wooing,
A child shall get a fire, if I fail not of my cunning.

[Exit.

[The Presenters, above, speak here.

Sly. Sim, when will the fool come again?
Sim. Anon, my Lord.
Sly. Give’s some more drink here—where’s the taster? here, Sim, eat some of these things.
Sim. So I do, my Lord.
Sly. Here, Sim, I drink to thee.
ACT III.

SCENE, Baptista's House.

Enter Lucentio, Hortensio, and Bianca.

LUCENTIO.

Idler, forbear; you grow too forward, Sir:
Have you so soon forgot the entertainment
Her sister Catharine welcom'd you withal?

Hor. [She is a Shrew, but,] Wrangling Pedant, this is (13)
The patronets of heavenly harmony;
Then give me leave to have prerogative;
And when in musick we have spent an hour,
Your lecture shall have leisure for as much.

Luc. Preposterous as! that never read so far
To know the cause why musick was ordain'd:
Was it not to refresh the mind of man
After his studies, or his usual pain?
Then give me leave to read philosophy,
And, while I pause, serve in your harmony.

Hor. Sirrah, I will not bear these Braves of thine.

Bian. Why, Gentlemen, you do me double wrong,
To strive for That which refeth in my choice:
I am no breeching scholar in the schools;

(13) ——— Wrangling Pedant, this
The Patronets of Heavenly Harmony.

There can be no Reason, why Hortensio should begin with an He-
mistic; the Words, which I have added to fill the Verse, being
purely by Conjecture, and supply'd by the Sense that seems re-
quir'd, without any Traces of a corrupted Reading left, to autho-
rise or found them upon; I have for that Reason inclosed them
within Crotchets, to be embraced or rejected, at every Reader's
pleasure.
The Taming of the Shrew.

I'll not be tied to hours, nor 'pointed times,
But learn my lessons as I please myself;
And to cut off all strife, here sit we down,
Take you your instrument, play you the while;
His lecture will be done, ere you have tun'd.

Her. You'll leave his lecture, when I am in tune?  
[Hortensio retires.

Luc. That will be never: tune your instrument.

Bian. Where left we last?

Luc. Here, Madam: Hac ibat Simeo, hic est Sigeia tellus,
Hic fæterat Priami regia celsa fenis.
Bian. Construe them.

Luc. Hac ibat, as I told you before, Simeo, I am Lucentio, hic est, son unto Vincentio of Pisa, Sigeia tellus, disguised thus to get your love, hic fæterat, and that Lucentio that comes a wooing, Priami, is my man Tranio, regia, bearing my port, celsa fenis, that we might beguile the old Pantaloons.

Hor. Madam, my instrument's in tune.  
[Returning.
Bian. Let's hear. O fie, the treble jars.

Luc. Spit in the hole, man, and tune again.

Bian. Now let me see, if I can construe it: Hac ibat Simeo, I know you not, hic est Sigeia tellus, I trust you not, hic fæterat Priami, take heed he hear us not, regia, presume not, celsa fenis, despair not.

Hor. Madam, 'tis now in tune.

Luc. All but the base.

Hor. The base is right, 'tis the base knave that jars.

How fiery and how froward is our Pedant!
Now, for my life, that knave doth court my love;
Pedascule, I'll watch you better yet.

Bian. In time I may believe, yet I mistrust. (14)

Luc. Mistrust it not, — for, sire, Æacides
Was Ajax, call'd so from his grandfather.

(14) In time I may believe, yet I mistrust.] This and the seven Verses, that follow, have in all the Editions been stupidly shuffled and misplac'd to wrong Speakers; so that every Word laid was glaringly out of Character.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Bian. I must believe my master, else I promise you, I should be arguing still upon that doubt; But let it rest: Now, Lucio, to you: Good masters, take it not unkindly, pray, That I have been thus pleasent with you both.

Hor. You may go walk, and give me leave a while; My lessons make no musick in three parts.

Luc. Are you so formal, Sir? well, I must wait, And watch withal; for, but I be deceived, Our fine musician groweth amorous.

Hor. Madam, before you touch the instrument, To learn the order of my fingering, I must begin with rudiments of art; To teach you Gamut in a briefer sort, More pleasent, pithy, and effectual, Than hath been taught by any of my trade; And there it is in writing fairly drawn.

Bian. Why, I am past my Gamut long ago.

Hor. Yet read the Gamut of Hortensio.

Bian. [reading.] Gamut I am, the ground of all accord,

A re, to plead Hortensio's passion;
B mi, Bianca, take him for thy lord,
C faut, that loves with all affection;
D sol re, one cliff, but two notes have I.
E la mi, show pity, or I die.

Call you this Gamut? tut, I like it not; Old fashions please me best; I'm not so nice (15) To change true rules for odd inventions.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Mistress, your father prays you leave your books,

And

(15) Old fashions please me best: I'm not so nice
To change true Rules for new Inventions.

This is Sense and the Meaning of the Passage; but the Reading of the Second Verfe, for all that, is sophisticated. The genuine Copies all concur in Reading,

To change true Rules for old Inventions.

R 3

This,
And help to dress your sister's chamber up;
You know, to morrow is the wedding-day.

Bian. Farewel, sweet masters, both; I must be gone.

Luc. Faith, mistress, then I have no cause to stay.

Hor. But I have cause to pry into this pedant,
Methinks, he looks as tho' he were in love:
Yet if thy thoughts, Bianca, be so humble,
To cast thy wandering eyes on every Stale;
Seize thee, who lift; if once I find thee ranging,
Hortensio will be quit with thee by changing.

Enter Baptista, Gremio, Tranio, Catharina, Lu-
centio, Bianca, and attendants.

Bap. Signior Lucentio, this is the pointed day
That Catbrine and Petruchio should be married;
And yet we hear not of our son-in-law.
What will be said? what mockery will it be,
To want the Bridegroom, when the Priest attends
To speak the ceremonial rites of marriage?
What says Lucentio to this shame of ours?

Cath. No shame, but mine; I must, forsooth, be
forc'd
To give my hand oppos'd against my heart,
Unto a mad-brain Rudesby, full of spleen;
Who woo'd in haste, and means to wed at leisure.
I told you, I, he was a frantick fool,
Hiding his bitter jefts in blunt behaviour:
And to be noted for a merry man,
He'll woo a thousand, 'point the day of marriage,
Make friends, invite, yes, and proclaim the banns;
Yet never means to wed, where he hath woo'd.
Now must the world point at poor Catbarine,
And say, lo! there is mad Petruchio's wife,

This, indeed, is contrary to the very Thing it should express:
But the easy Alteration, which I have made, restores the Sense,
and adds a Contrast in the Terms perfectly just. True Rules are
oppos'd to odd Inventions; i.e. Whimsies.
If it would please him come and marry her.

Tra. Patience, good Catharine, and Baptista too;
Upon my life, Petruchio means but well;
What ever fortune slays him from his word.
'Tho’ he be blunt, I know him passing wife:
'Tho’ he be merry, yet withal he’s honest.

Cath. Would Catharine had never seen him tho’!

[Exit weeping.

Bap. Go, girl; I cannot blame thee now to weep;
For such an injury would vex a Saint,
Much more a Shrew of thy impatient humour.

Enter Biondello.

Bion. Master, Master; old news, and such news as
you never heard of.

Bap. Is it new and old too? how may that be?

Bion. Why, is it not news to hear of Petruchio’s
coming?

Bap. Is he come?

Bion. Why, no, Sir.

Bap. What then?

Bion. He is coming.

Bap. When will he be here?

Bion. When he stands where I am, and sees you
there.

Tra. But, say, what to thine old news?

Bion. Why, Petruchio is coming in a new hat and
an old jerkin; a pair of old breeches thrice turn’d; a
pair of boots that have been candle-cases, one buckled,
another lac’d; an old rusty sword ta’en out of the
town-armory, with a broken hilt, and chapelefs, with
two broken points; his horse hipp’d with an old motley
faddle, the stirrups of no kindred; besides, posseft with
the glanders, and like to mose in the chine, troubled
with the lampasse, infected with the fashions, full of
windgalls, sped with spavins, raided with the yellows,
past cure of the fives, stark spoiled with the staggers,egnawn with the bots, waid in the back and shoulder-
shotten, near-legg’d before, and with a half-check’it bit,
and a headfall of sheep’s leather, which being restrain’d,
to keep him from stumbling, hath been often burst, and now repair'd with knots; one girt six times piec'd, and a woman's crupper of velure, which hath two letters for her name, fairly set down in studs, and here and there piec'd with packthread.

_Bap._ Who comes with him?

_Bion._ Oh, Sir, his lackey, for all the world caparison'd like the horse, with a linnen stock on one leg, and a kersey boot-hose, on the other, garter'd with a red and blue lift, an old hat, and the humour of forty fancies prickt up in't for a feather: a monster, a very monster in apparel, and not like a christian footboy, or a gentleman's lackey.

_Tra._ 'Tis some odd humour pricks him to this fashion;
Yet oftentimes he goes but mean apparell'd.

_Bap._ I am glad he is come, howsoever he comes.

_Bion._ Why, Sir, he comes not.

_Bap._ Didst thou not say, he comes?

_Bion._ Who? that _Petruchio_ came not?

_Bap._ Ay, that _Petruchio_ came.

_Bion._ No, Sir; I say, his horse comes with him on his back.

_Bap._ Why, that's all one.

_Bion._ Nay, by St. _Jany_, I hold you a penny,
A horse and a man is more than one, and yet not many.

Enter _Petruchio_ and _Grumio_ fantastically habited.

_Pet._ Come, where be these gallants? who is at home?

_Bap._ You're welcome, Sir.

_Pet._ And yet I come not well.

_Bap._ And yet you halt not.

_Tra._ Not so well 'parell'd, as I wish you were.

_Pet._ Were it better, I should rush in thus.

But where is _Kate_? where is my lovely bride?

How does my Father? Gentles, methinks, you frown:
And wherefore gaze this goodly company,
As if they saw some wondrous monument,
Some comet, or unusual prodigy?

_Bap._
Bap. Why, Sir, you know, this is your wedding-day:
First, were we tard, fearing you would not come;
Now, tarder, that you come so unprovided.
Fy, doff this habit, shame to your estate,
An eye-fore to our solemn festival.

Tra. And tell us what occasion of import
Hath all so long detain'd you from your wife,
And sent you hither so unlike yourself?

Pet. Tidious it were to tell, and harsh to hear:
Sufficeth, I am come to keep my word,
Tho' in some part enforced to digress,
Which at more leisure I will so excuse,
As you shall well be satisfied withal.
But, where is Kate? I stay too long from her;
The morning wears; 'tis time, we were at church.

Tra. See not your Bride in these unreverent robes;
Go to my chamber, put on cloaths of mine.

Pet. Not I; believe me, thus I'll visit her.

Bap. But thus, I trust, you will not marry her.

Pet. Good sooth, even thus; therefore ha' done with
words;
To me she's married, not unto my cloaths:
Could I repair what she will wear in me,
As I could change these poor accoutrements,
'Twere well for Kate, and better for myself.
But what a fool am I to chat with you,
When I should bid good-morrow to my Bride,
And seal the title with a lovely kiss?

[Exit.

Tra. He hath some meaning in his mad attire:
We will persuade him, be it possible,
To put on better ere he go to church.

Bap. I'll after him, and see the event of this.

[Exit.

Tra. But, Sir, our love concerneth us to add
Her Father's liking; which to bring to pass,
As I before imparted to your Worship,
I am to get a man, (whate'er he be,
It skills not much; we'll fit him to our turn;) And he shall be Vincentio of Pisa,
And make assurance here in Padua
Of greater sums than I have promised:
So shall you quietly enjoy your hope,
And marry sweet Bianca with consent.

Luc. Were it not, that my fellow school-master
Doth watch Bianca's steps so narrowly,
'Twere good, methinks, to steal our marriage;
Which once perform'd, let all the world say, no,
I'll keep my own, despite of all the world.

Tra. That by degrees we mean to look into,
And watch our vantage in this business:
We'll over-reach the grey-beard Gremio,
The narrow-prying Father Minola,
The quaint musician amorous Licio;
All for my master's sake, Lucentio.

Enter Gremio.

Now, Signior Gremio, came you from the church?
Gre. As willingly as e'er I came from school.

Tra. And is the Bride and Bridegroom coming home?
Gre. A Bridegroom, say you? 'tis a groom, indeed,
A grumbling groom, and that the girl shall find.

Gre. Why, he's a devil, a devil, a very fiend.

Tra. Why, she's a devil, a devil, the devil's dam
Gre. Tut, she's a lamb, a dove, a fool to him;
I'll tell you, Sir Lucentio; when the Priest
Should ask, if Catharine should be his wife?

Ay, by gogs-woons, quoth he; and swore so loud,
That, all-amaz'd, the Priest let fall the book;
And as he floop'd again to take it up,
This mad-brain'd Bridegroom took him such a cuff,
That down fell priest and book, and book and priest.

Now take them up, quoth he, if any lift.

Tra. What said the wench, when he rose up again?
Gre. Trembled and shook; for why, he stamp'd and swore,
As if the Vicar meant to cozen him.
But after many ceremonies done,
He calls for wine: a health, quoth he; as if
I'd been aboard carowing to his Mates
After a storm; quaff'd off the muscadel,
And threw the fops all in the sexton’s face;
Having no other cause, but that his beard
Grew thin and hungerly, and seem’d to ask
His fops as he was drinking. This done, he took
The Bride about the neck, and kiss her lips
With such a clamorous smack, that at the parting
All the church echo’d; and I seeing this,
Came thence for very shame; and after me,
I know, the rout is coming: Such a mad marriage
Ne’er was before.—Hark, hark, I hear the minstrels.

[Music plays.

Enter Petruchio, Catharina, Bianca, Hortensio,
and Baptista.

Pet. Gentlemen and friends, I thank you for your
pains;
I know, you think to dine with me to day,
And have prepar’d great store of wedding cheer;
But so it is, my harte doth call me hence;
And therefore here I mean to take my leave.

Bap. Is’t possible, you will away to night?

Pet. I must away to day, before night come.
Make it no wonder; if you knew my busines,
You would entreat me rather go than stay.
And, honest Company, I thank you all,
That have beheld me give away myself
To this most patient, sweet and virtuous wife.
Dine with my father, drink a health to me,
For I must hence, and farewel to you all.

Tra. Let us intreat you stay ’till after dinner.

Pet. It may not be.

Gre. Let me intreat you.

Pet. It cannot be.

Catb. Let me intreat you.

Pet. I am content—

Catb. Are you content to stay?

Pet. I am content you shall intreat me, stay;
But yet not stay, intreat me how you can.

Catb. Now, if you love me, stay.

Gru. Ay, Sir, they be ready: the oats have eaten the
horses.

Cath. Nay, then,
Do what thou canst, I will not go to day;
No, nor to morrow, nor 'till I please myself:
The door is open, Sir, there lies your way,
You may be jogging, while your boots are green;
For me, I'll not go, 'till I please myself:
'Tis like, you'll prove a jolly furry groom,
That take it on you at the first so roundly.

Pet. O, Kate, content thee, pr'ythee, be not angry.

Cath. I will be angry; what haft thou to do?
Father, be quiet; he shall flay my leisure.

Gre. Ay, marry, Sir; now it begins to work.

Cath. Gentlemen, forward to the bridal dinner.

I see, a woman may be made a fool,
If she had not a spirit to resist.

Pet. They shall go forward, Kate, at thy command.
Obey the Bride, you that attend on her:
Go to the feast, revel and domineer;
Carouse full measure to her maiden-head;
Be mad and merry, or go hang yourselves;
But for my bonny Kate, she must with me.

Nay, look not big, nor stamp, nor stare, nor fret,
I will be master of what is mine own;
She is my goods, my chattels, she is my house,
My housethrough-stuff, my field, my barn,
My horse, my ox, my ass, my any thing;
And here she stands, touch her who ever dare.

I'll bring my action on the proudest he,
That stops my way in Padua: Grumio,
Draw forth thy weapon; we're beset with thieves;
Rescue thy mistress, if thou be a man:
Fear not, sweet wench, they shall not touch thee,

Kate;

I'll buckler thee against a million.


Bap. Nay, let them go, a couple of quiet ones.

Gre. Went they not quickly, I should die with laugh-
ing.

Tra.
The Taming of the Shrew

Tra. Of all mad matches, never was the like.
Luc. Mistress, what's your opinion of your Sister?
Bian. That, being mad herself, she's madly mated.
Gre. I warrant him, Petruchio is Kated.
Bap. Neighbours and Friends, tho' Bride and Bridegroom want
For to supply the places at the table;
You know, there wants no junkets at the feast:
Lucentio, you supply the Bridegroom's place;
And let Bianca take her Sister's room.
Tra. Shall sweet Bianca practise how to bride it?
Bap. She shall, Lucentio: Gentlemen, let's go.
[Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE, Petruchio's Country House.

Enter Grumio.

Grumio.

Fy, fy on all tired jades, and all mad masters,
and all foul ways! was ever man so beaten? was
ever man so raide? was ever man so weary? I am sent
before, to make a fire; and they are coming after, to
warm them: now were not I a little pot, and soon hot,
my very lips might freeze to my teeth, my tongue to the
roof of my mouth, my heart in my belly, ere I should
come by a fire to thaw me; but I with blowing the fire
shall warm myself; for considering the weather, a taller
man than I will take cold: holla, hoa, Curtis!

Enter Curtis.

Curt. Who is it that calls so coldly?
Grum. A piece of ice. If thou doubt it, thou may'st slide
from
from my shoulder to my heel, with no greater a run
but my head and my neck. A fire, good Curtis.

Curt. Is my master and his wife coming, Grumio?

Gru. Oh, ay, Curtis, ay; and therefore fire, fire;
cast on no water.

Curt. Is she so hot a Shrew, as she's reported?

Gru. She was, good Curtis, before this frost; but
thou know'st, winter tames man, woman and beast; for
it hath tam'd my old master, and my new mistress, and
myself, fellow Curtis.

Curt. Away, you three-inch'd fool; I am no beast.

Gru. Am I but three inches? why, my horn is a foot,
and so long am I at the leaf. But wilt thou make
a fire, or shall I complain on thee to our mistress, whose
hand, she being now at hand, thou shalt soon feel to thy
cold comfort, for being slow in thy hot office.

Curt. I pr'ythee, good Grumio, tell me, how goes
the world?

Gru. A cold world, Curtis, in every office but
thine; and, therefore, fire: do thy duty, and have thy
duty; for my master and mistress are almost frozen to
death.

Curt. There's fire ready; and therefore, good Grum-
io, the news.

Gru. Why, Jack boy, ho boy, and as much news
as thou wilt.

Curt. Come, you are so full of conycatching.

Gru. Why, therefore, fire; for I have caught ex-
treme cold. Where's the cook? is supper ready, the
house trimm'd, rushes strew'd, cobwebs swept, the
servingmen in their new fustian, their white stockings,
and every officer his wedding garment on? be the Jacks
fair within, the Jills fair without, carpets laid, and
every thing in order?

Curt. All ready: and therefore, I pray thee, what
news?

Gru. First, know, my horse is tired, my master and
mistress fall'n out.

Curt. How?
Gru. Out of their faddles into the dirt; and thereby hangs a tale.

Curt. Let's ha't, good Grumio.

Gru. Lend thine ear.

Curt. Here.

Gru. There. [Strikes him.

Curt. This is to feel a tale, not to hear a tale.

Gru. And therefore 'tis call'd a sensible tale: and this cuff was but to knock at your ear, and beseech liftning. Now I begin: *imprimis*, we came down a soul hill, my master riding behind my mistres.

Curt. Both on one horse?

Gru. What's that to thee?

Curt. Why, a horse.

Gru. Tell thou the tale.—But hadst thou not croft me, thou shoud'st have heard how her horse fell, and she under her horse: thou shound'st have heard in how miry a place, how she was bemoi'd, how he left her with the horse upon her, how he beat me because her horse stumbled, how she waded through the dirt to pluck him off me; how he swore, how she pray'd that never pray'd before; how I cry'd; how the horses ran away; how her bridle was burst; how I lost my crupper; with many things of worthy memory, which now shall die in oblivion, and thou return unexperienc'd to thy grave.

Curt. By this reckoning he is more shrew than she.

Gru. Ay, and that thou and the proudest of you all shall find, when he comes home. But what talk I of this? call forth Nathaniel, Joseph, Nicholas, Philip, Walter, Sugarlof, and the rest: let their heads be sleekly comb'd, their blue coats brush'd, and their garters of an indifferent knit; let them curt'sy with their left legs, and not presume to touch a hair of my master's horse-tail, 'till they kiss their hands. Are they all ready?

Curt. They are.

Gru. Call them forth.

Curt. Do you hear, ho? you must meet my master to countenance my mistres.

Gru.
Gruf. Why, she hath a face of her own.
Curt. Who knows not that?
Gruf. Thou, it seems, that call'st for company to
contemnence her.
Curt. I call them forth to credit her.

Enter four or five Serving-men.

Gruf. Why, she comes to borrow nothing of them.
Nath. Welcome home, Grumio.
Phil. How now, Grumio?
Jof. What, Grumio!
Nich. Fellow Grumio!
Nath. How now, old lad?
Gruf. Welcome, you; how now, you; what, you;
fellow, you; and thus much for greeting. Now, my
spruce companions, is all ready, and all things neat?
Nath. All things are ready; how near is our master?
Gruf. E'en at hand, alighted by this; and therefore
be not —— cock's passion, silence! —— I hear my
master.

Enter Petruchio and Kate.

Pet. Where be these knaves? what, no man at door
to hold my stirrup, nor to take my horse? where is
Nathaniel, Gregory, Philip?
All Serv. Here, here, Sir; here, Sir.
Pet. Here, Sir, here, Sir, here, Sir, here, Sir?
You loggerheaded and unpolish'd grooms:
What? no attendance? no regard? no duty?
Where is the foolish knave I sent before?
Gruf. Here, Sir, as foolish as I was before.
Pet. You peasant swain, you whoreson, malt-horse drudge,
Did not I bid thee meet me in the park,
And bring along these rascal knaves with thee?
Gruf. Nathaniel's coat, Sir, was not fully made:
And Gabriel's pumps were all unpink'd i' th' heel:
There was no link to colour Peter's hat,
And Walter's dagger was not come from sheathing:
There were none fine, but Adam, Ralph, and Gregory;
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The rest were ragged, old and beggarly,
Yet as they are, here are they come to meet you.

Pet. Go, rascals, go, and fetch my supper in.

[Exeunt Servants.

Where is the life that late I led? [Singing.
Where are those --- fit down, Kate,
And welcome. Soud, soud, soud, soud!

Enter Servants with Supper.

Why, when, I say? nay, good sweet Kate, be merry.
Off with my boots, you rogue: you villains, when?

It was the Friar of Orders grey.
As he forth walked on his way.

Out, out, you rogue! you pluck my foot awry.
Take that, and mind the plucking off the other.

[Strikes him.

Be merry, Kate: some water, here; what hoa!

Enter one with water.

Where's my spaniel Troilus? sirrah, get you hence,
And bid my cousin Ferdinand come hither:
One, Kate, that you must kiss, and be acquainted with.
Where are my slippers; shall I have some water?
Come, Kate, and wash, and welcome heartily:
You, whorefon villain, will you let it fall?

Cath. Patience, I pray you, 'twas a fault unwilling.

Pet. A whorefon, beatle-headed, flap-ear'd knave:
Come, Kate, fit down; I know, you have a stomach.
Will you give thanks, sweet Kate, or else shall I?

What's this, mutton?

1 Ser. Yes.

Pet. Who brought it?

Ser. I.

Pet. 'Tis burnt, and so is all the meat:
What dogs are these? where is the rascal cook?
How durst you, villains, bring it from the dresser,
And serve it thus to me that love it not?
There, take it to you, trenchers, cups and all:

[Throws the meat, &c. about the Stage.

You
You heedless jolt-heads, and unmanner'd slaves!
What, do you grumble? I'll be with you straight.

_Cath._ I pray you, husband, be not so disquiet;
The meat was well, if you were so contented.

_Pet._ I tell thee, _Kate_, 'twas burnt and dry'd away,
And I expressly am forbid to touch it:
For it engenders choler, planteth anger;
And better 'twere, that both of us did fast,
Since, of ourselves, ourselves are cholerick,
Then feed it with such over-rosted flesh:
Be patient, for to morrow't shall be mended,
And for this night we'll fast for company.
Come, I will bring thee to thy bridal chamber. [Exeunt.

_Enter Servants severally._

_Nath._ Peter, didst ever see the like?
_Peter._ He kills her in her own humour.
_Gru._ Where is he?

_Enter Curtis, a Servant._

_Curt._ In her chamber, making a sermon of continency
to her,
And rails and swears, and rates; that she, poor soul,
Knows not which way to stand, to look, to speak,
And fits as one new-risen from a dream.
Away, away, for he is coming hither. [Exeunt,

_Enter Petruchio._

_Pet._ Thus have I politickly begun my reign,
And 'tis my hope to end successfully:
My falkcon now is sharp, and pasling empty,
And till she stoop, she must not be full-gorg'd,
For then she never looks upon her lure.
Another way I have to man my haggard,
To make her come, and know her keeper's Call:
That is, to watch her, as we watch these kites,
That bait and beat, and will not be obedient.
She ate no meat to day, nor none shall eat.
Last night she slept not, nor to night shall not:
As with the meat, some undeserved fault
I'll find about the making of the bed.
And here I'll fling the pillow, there the bolster,
This way the coverlet, that way the sheets;
Ay; and, amid this hurly, I'll pretend,
That all is done in reverend care of her,
And, in conclusion, she shall watch all night:
And, if she chance to nod, I'll rail and brawl,
And with the clamour keep her still awake.
This is a way to kill a wife with kindness;
And thus I'll curb her mad and headstrong humour.
He that knows better how to tame a Shrew,
Now let him speak, 'tis charity to shew.

[Exit.

SCENE, before Baptista's House.

Enter Tranio and Hortensio.

TRANIO.

'St possible, friend Licio, that Bianca (16)
Doth fancy any other but Lucentio?
I tell you, Sir, she bears me fair in hand.

Hor.

(16) 'St possible, friend Licio, &c.] This Scene, Mr. Pope,
upon what Authority I can't pretend to guess, has in his Edi-
tions made the First of the Fifth Act: in doing which, he has
shewn the very Power and Force of Criticism. The Conse-
quence of this judicious Regulation is, that two unpardonable Ab-
surdities are fix'd upon the Author, which he could not possibly
have committed. For, in the first Place, by this shuffling the
Scenes out of their true Position, we find Hortensio, in the fourth
Act, already gone from Baptista's to Petruchio's Country-house;
and afterwards in the beginning of the fifth Act we find him
first forming the Resolution of quitting Bianca; and Tranio im-
mediately informs us, he is gone to the Taming-School to Petruchio.
There is a Figure, indeed, in Rhetorick, call'd, ὑπέκου ἠφόβερον.
But this is an Abuse of it, which the Rhetoricians will never
adopt upon Mr. Pope's Authority. Again, by this Misplacing,
the Pedant makes his first Entrance, and quits the Stage with
Tranio in order to go and dress himself like Vincentio, whom he
Enter Bianca and Lucentio.

**Luc.** Now, mistress, profit you in what you read?
**Bian.** What, master, read you? first, resolve me that.
**Luc.** I read That I profess, the art of Love.
**Bian.** And may you prove, Sir, master of your art!
**Luc.** While you, sweet dear, prove mistress of my heart.

**Hor.** Quick proceeders! marry! now, tell me, I pray, you that durst swear that your mistress Bianca lov'd none in the world so well as Lucentio.

**Tra.** Despightful love, unconstant womankind! I tell thee, Licio, this is wonderful.

**Hor.** Mistake no more, I am not Licio,
Nor a musician, as I seem to be;
But One that scorn to live in this disguise
For such a One as leaves a gentleman,
And makes a God of such a cullion;
Know, Sir, that I am call'd Hortensio.

**Tra.** Signior Hortensio, I have often heard
Of your entire affection to Bianca;
And since mine eyes are witness of her lightness,
I will with you, if you be so contented,
Forfear Bianca and her love for ever.

**Hor.** See, how they kiss and court! —— Signior Lucentio,
Here is my hand, and here I firmly vow
Never to woo her more; but to forfear her,

---

was to personate: but his second Entrance is upon the very Heel of his Exit; and without any Interval of an Act, or one Word intervening, he comes out again equipp'd like Vincentio. If such a Critick be fit to publish a Stage-Writer, I shall not envy Mr Pepo's Admirers, if they should think fit to applaud his Sagacity I have replac'd the Scenes in that Order, in which I found them in the old Books.
The Taming of the Shrew.

As one unworthy all the former favours,
That I have fondly flatter'd her withal.

Tra. And here I take the like unfeigned oath,
Never to marry her, tho' she intreat.

Fy on her! see, how beastly she doth court him.

Hor. 'Would all the world, but he, had quite forsworn her!
For me, that I may surely keep mine oath,
I will be married to a wealthy widow,
Ere three days pass, which has as long lov'd me,
As I have lov'd this proud disdainful haggard.
And so farewell, Signior Lucentio.
Kindness in women, not their beauteous looks,
Shall win my love: and so I take my leave,
In resolution as I swore before. [Exit Hor.

Tra. Mistress Bianca, blest you with such grace,
As longeth to a lover's blessed cage:
Nay, I have ta'en you napping, gentle Love,
And have forsworn you with Hortensio.

[Lucentio and Bianca come forward.

Bian. Tranio, you jest: but have you both forsworn me?

Tra. Mistress, we have.

Luc. Then we are rid of Licio.

Tra. I'faith, he'll have a lusty widow now,
That shall be woo'd and wedded in a day.

Bian. God give him joy!

Tra. Ay, and he'll tame her.

Bian. He says so, Tranio.

Tra. 'Faith, he's gone unto the Taming school.

Bian. The Taming school? what, is there such a place?

Tra. Ay, mistress, and Petruchio is the master;
That teacheth tricks eleven and twenty long,
To tame a Shrew, and charm her chattering tongue.

Enter Biondello, running.

Bion. Oh master, master, I have watch'd so long,

That
The Taming of the Shrew.
That I'm dog-weary; but at last I spied (17)
An acent Engle, going down the hill,
Will serve the turn.

Tra. What is he, Biondello?
Bion. Master, a mercantant, or else a pedant;
I know not what; but formal in apparel; (18)
In gaité and countenance furlý like a father.

Luc. And what of him, Tranio?

Tra. If he be credulous, and trust my tale,
I'll make him glad to seem Vincentio,
And give him assurance to Baptista Minola,
As if he were the right Vincentio:
Take in your love, and then let me alone.

[Exit Lucentio and Bianca.

Enter a Pedant.

Ped. God save you, Sir.
Tra. And you, Sir; you are welcome:
Travel you far on, or are you at the farthest?

(17)——but at last I spied
An ancient Angel going down the Hill,
Will serve the turn.

Tho' all the printed Copies agree in this Reading, I am confident,
that Shakespeare intended no Profanation here; nor indeed any
Compliment to this old Man who was to be impos'd upon, and
made a Property of. The Word I have restor'd, certainly retrieves
the Author's Meaning: and means, either in its first Signification,
a Burdafa; (for the Word is of Spanish Extraction, Inle, which is
equivalent to ingenio of the Latins; ) or, in its metaphorical Sense,
a Gull, a Cully, one fit to be made a Tool of.

(18)——but formal in Apparel;
In Gaité and Countenance surely like a Father.

I have made bold to read, furly; and surely, I believe, I am right
in doing so. Our Poet always represents his Pedants, imperious
and magisterial. Besides, Tranio's Directions to the Pedant for his
Behaviour vouch for my Emendation.

'Tis well; and bold your own in any Case,
With such Austerity as longeth to a Father.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Ped. Sir, at the farthest for a week or two;
But then up farther, and as far as Rome;
And so to Tripoly, if God lend me life.

Tra. What countryman, I pray?

Ped. Of Mantua.

Tra. Of Mantua, Sir? God forbid!
And come to Padua, careless of your Life?


Tra. 'Tis death for any one in Mantua

To come to Padua; know you not the cause?

Your ships are stay'd at Venice, and the Duke
(For private quarrel 'twixt your Duke and him,)

Hath publish'd and proclaim'd it openly:
'Tis marvel, but that you're but newly come,
You might have heard it else proclaim'd about.

Ped. Alas, Sir; it is worse for me than so;

For I have bills for mony by exchange
From Florence, and must here deliver them.

Tra. Well, Sir, to do you courtesy,

This will I do, and this will I advise you;
First, tell me, have you ever been at Pisa?

Ped. Ay, Sir, in Pisa have I often been;
Pisa, renowned for grave citizens.

Tra. Among them know you one Vincentio?

Ped. I know him not, but I have heard of him;

A merchant of incomparable wealth.

Tra. He is my father, Sir; and, truth to say,

In countenance somewhat doth resemble you.

Bion. As much as an apple doth an oyster, and all one.

Aside.

Tra. To save your life in this extremity,

This favour will I do you for his sake;

And think it not the worst of all your fortunes,

That you are like to Sir Vincentio:

His name and credit shall you undertake,

And in my house you shall be friendly lodg'd:

Look, that you take upon you as you should.

You understand me, Sir: so shall you stay,

'Till you have done your business in the city.

If this be court'sy, Sir, accept of it.

Ped.
Ped. Oh, Sir, I do; and will repute you ever
The Patron of my life and liberty.

Tra. Then go with me to make the matter good:
This by the way I let you understand,
My father is here look’d for every day,
To pafs assurance of a dower in marriage
’Twixt me and one Baptista’s daughter here:
In all these Circumstances I’ll instruct you:
Go with me, Sir, to cloath you as becomes you.

[Exeunt.

Enter Catharina and Grumio.

Gru. No, no, forsooth, I dare not for my life.

Cath. The more my wrong, the more his spite appears:
What, did he marry me to famish me?
Beggars, that come unto my father’s door,
Upon intreaty, have a present alms;
If not, elsewhere they meet with charity:
But I, who never knew how to intreat,
Nor never needed that I should intreat,
Am starv’d for meat, giddy for lack of sleep;
With oaths kept waking, and with brawling fed;
And that, which spites me more than all these wants,
He does it under name of perfect love:
As who would say, If I should sleep or eat
’Twere deadly sickness, or else present death:
I pray thee go, and get me some repast;
I care not what, so it be wholesome food.

Gru. What say you to a neat’s foot?

Cath. ’Tis passing good; I pray thee, let me have it.

Gru. I fear, it is too plegmatick a meat:
How say you to a fat tripe finely broil’d?

Cath. I like it well; good Grumio, fetch it me.

Gru. I cannot tell; — I fear, it’s cholerick:
What say you to a piece of beef and mustard?

Cath. A dish, that I do love to feed upon.

Gru. Ay, but the mustard is too hot a little.

Cath. Why, then the beef, and let the mustard rest.

Gru. Nay, then I will not; you shall have the mustard,
Or else you get no beef of Grumio.

Catb. Then both, or one, or any thing thou wilt.

Grur. Why, then the mustard without the beef.

Catb. Go, get thee gone, thou false deluding slave,

[Beats him.

That feed'dst me with the very name of meat:
Sorrow on thee, and all the pack of you,
That triumph thus upon my misery!
Go, get thee gone, I say.

Enter Petruchio and Hortensio, with meat.

Pet. How fares my Kate? what, Sweeting, all a-
mort?

Hor. Mistress, what cheer?

Catb. 'Faith, as cold as can be.

Pet. Pluck up thy spirits; look cheerfully upon me;
Here, love, thou seest how diligent I am,
To drefs thy meat myself, and bring it thee:
I'm sure, sweet Kate, this kindness merits thanks.
What, not a word? nay then, thou lov'lt it not:
And all my pains is sorted to no proof.
Here, take away the dish.

Catb. I pray you let it stand.

Pet. The poorest service is repaid with thanks,
And so shall mine, before you touch the meat.

Catb. I thank you, Sir.

Hor. Signior Petruchio, fy, you are to blame:
Come, mistress Kate, I'll bear you company.

Pet. Eat it up all, Hortensio, if thou lov'lt me;

[Aside.

Much good do it unto thy gentle heart;
Kate, eat apace. And now, my honey-love,
Will we return unto thy father's house,
And revel it as bravely as the best,
With silken coats, and caps, and golden rings,
With ruffs, and cuffs, and fardingals, and things:
With scarfs, and fans, and double change of brav'ry,
With amber bracelets, beads, and all this knav'ry.
The Taming of the Shrew.

What, hast thou din’d? the tailor stays thy leisure, To deck thy body with his ruffling treasure.

Enter Taylor.

Come, tailor, let us see these ornaments.

Enter Haberdasher.

Lay forth the gown. What news with you, Sir?
Hab. Here is the cap your worship did bespeak.
Pct. Why, this was moulded on a porringer,
A velvet dish; fy, fy, ’tis lewd and filthy:
Why, ’tis a cockle or a walnut-shell,
A knack, a toy, a trick, a baby’s cap.
Away with it, come, let me have a bigger.
Catb. I’ll have no bigger, this doth fit the time;
And gentlewomen wear such caps as these.
Pct. When you are gentle, you shall have one too,
And not ’till then.
Hor. That will not be in haste.
Catb. Why, Sir, I trust, I may have leave to speak,
And speak I will. I am no child, no babe;
Your betters have endur’d me say my mind;
And, if you cannot, best you stop your ears.
My tongue will tell the anger of my heart,
Or, else my heart, concealing it, will break:
And rather than it shall, I will be free
Even to the utmost as I please in words.
Pct. Why, thou say’st true, it is a paltry cap.
A custard-coffin, a bauble, a silken pie;
I love thee well, in that thou lik’st it not.
Catb. Love me, or love me not, I like the cap;
And I will have it, or I will have none.
Pct. Thy gown? why, ay; come, tailor, let us fee’t.
O mercy, heav’n, what masking stuff is here?
What? this a sleeve? ’tis like a demi-cannon;
What, up and down cut and carv’d like an apple-tart?
Here’s snip, and nip, and cut, and fliss, and flash,
Like to a censer in a barber’s shop:

Why,
Why, what a devil’s name, taylor, call’st thou this?
Hor. I see, she’s like to’ve neither cap nor gown.

[Aside.

Tay. You bid me make it orderly and well,
According to the fashion of the time.
Petr. Marry, and did: but if you be remembred,
I did not bid you mar it to the time.
Go, hop me over every kennel home,
For you shall hop without my custom, Sir:
I’ll none of it; hence, make your best of it.
Cath. I never saw a better-fashion’d gown,
More quaint, more pleasing, nor more commendable:
Belike, you mean to make a puppet of me.
Petr. Why, true, he means to make a puppet of thee.
Tay. She says, your Worship means to make a puppet of her.
Petr. Oh most monstrous arrogance!
Thou lyest, thou thread, thou thimble,
Thou yard, three-quarters, half-yard, quarter, nail,
Thou flea, thou nit, thou winter cricket, thou!
Brav’d in mine own house with a skein of thread:
Away, thou rag, thou quantity, thou remnant,
Or I shall so be-mete thee with thy yard,
As thou shalt think on prating whilst thou liv’st:
I tell thee, I, that thou hast marr’d her gown.
Tay. Your Worship is deceiv’d, the gown is made
Just as my master had direction.

Grumio gave order how it should be done.

Gru. I gave him no order, I gave him the stuff.
Tay. But how did you desire it should be made?
Gru. Marry, Sir, with needle and thread.
Tay. But did you not request to have it cut?
Gru. Thou hast fac’d many things.
Tay. I have.

Gru. Face not me: thou hast brav’d many men, brave not me; I will neither be fac’d, nor brav’d. I say unto thee, I bid thy master cut out the gown, but I did not bid him cut it to pieces. Ergo, thou liest.
Tay. Why, here is the note of the fashion to testify.
Pet. Read it.
Gru. The note lies in's throat, if he say I said so.
Tay. *Imprimis*, a loose-bodied gown.
Gru. Master, if ever I said loose-bodied gown, sow me up in the skirts of it, and beat me to death with a bottom of brown thread: I said a gown.
Tay. With a small compact cape.
Gru. I confess the cape.
Tay. With a trunk-sleeve.
Gru. I confess two sleeves.
Tay. The sleeves curiously cut.
Pet. Ay, there's the villainy.
Gru. Error 't' bill, Sir, error 't' bill: I commanded, the sleeves should be cut out, and sow'd up again; and that I'll prove upon thee, tho' thy little finger be armed in a thimble.
Tay. This is true, that I say; an I had thee in place where, thou shou'dst know it.
Gru. I am for thee straight: take thou the bill, give me thy meet-yard, and spare not me.
Hor. God-a-mercy, *Grumio*, then he shall have no odds.
Pet. Well, Sir, in brief the gown is not for me.
Gru. You are 'th' right, Sir, 'tis for my mistress.
Pet. Go take it up unto thy master's use.
Gru. Villain, not for thy life: take up my mistress's gown for thy master's use!
Pet. Why, Sir, what's your conceit in that?
Gru. Oh, Sir, the conceit is deeper than you think for;
Take up my mistress's gown unto his master's use!
Oh, fy, fy, fy!
Pet. *Hortensio*, say, thou wilt see the taylor paid.

[Aside.]

Go take it hence, be gone, and say no more.
Hor. Taylor, I'll pay thee for thy gown to morrow,
Take no unkindness of his hasty words:
Away,
Away, I say; commend me to thy master. [Exit Tay.

Pet. Well, come, my Kate, we will unto your father's, Even in these honest mean habiliments:
Our purses shall be proud, our garments poor;
For 'tis the mind, that makes the body rich:
And as the sun breaks through the darkest clouds,
So honour peereath in the meanest habit.
What, is the jay more precious than the lark,
Because his feathers are more beautiful?
Or is the adder better than the eel,
Because his painted skin contents the eye?
Oh, no, good Kate; neither art thou the worse
For this poor furniture, and mean array.
If thou account'st it shame, lay it on me;
And therefore frolick; we will hence forthwith,
To feast and sport us at thy father's house.
Go call my men, and let us straight to him,
And bring our horses unto Long-lane end,
There will we mount, and thither walk on foot.
Let's see, I think, 'tis now some seven o'clock,
And well we may come there by dinner time.

Cath. I dare assure you, Sir, 'tis almost two;
And 'twill be supper-time ere you come there.

Pet. It shall be seven, ere I go to horse.
Look, what I speak, or do, or think to do,
You are still crossing it; Sirs, let't alone,
I will not go to day, and ere I do,
It shall be what o'clock I say it is.

Hor. Why, so: this Gallant will command the Sun.

[Exeunt Pet. Cath. and Hor.

[The Presenters, above, speak here.]

Lord. Who's within there? [Sly sleeps.

Enter Servants.

Askep again! go take him easily up, and put him in his own apparel again. But see, you wake him not in any case.
Serv. It shall be done, my Lord; come help to bear him hence.

[They bear off Sly.

S 3 SCENE
SCENE, before Baptista's House.

Enter Tranio, and the Pedant drest like Vincentio.

TRANIO.

SIR, this is the house; please it you, that I call?

Ped. Ay, what else! and (but I be deceived,)
Signior Baptista may remember me
Near twenty years ago in Genoa,
Where we were lodgers, at the Pegasus. (19)

Tra. 'Tis well, and hold your own in any case
With such austerity as longeth to a father.

Enter Biondello.

Ped. I warrant you: but, Sir, here comes your boy;
'Twere good, he were school'd.

Tra. Fear you not him; sirrah, Biondello,
Now do your duty thoroughly, I advise you:
Imagine, 'twere the right Vincentio.

Bion. Tut, fear not me.

Tra. But hast thou done thy errand to Baptista?

Bion. I told him, that your father was in Venice;
And that you look'd for him this day in Padua.

Tra. Th'art a tall fellow, hold thee that to drink;
Here comes Baptista; set your countenance, Sir.

Enter Baptista and Lucentio.

Tra. Signior Baptista, you are happily met:
Sir, this is the gentleman I told you of;

(19) Tra. Where we were Lodgers at the Pegasus.] This Line
has in all the Editions hitherto been given to Tranio. But Tranio
could with no Propriety speak this, either in his affum'd or real
Character. Lucentio was too young to know any thing of lodging
with his Father, twenty years before at Genoa: and Tranio must
be as much too young, or very unfit to represent and personate
Lucentio. I have ventured to place the Line to the Pedant, to
whom it must certainly belong, and is a Sequel of what he was
before saying.

I pray
I pray you stand, good Father, to me now,
Give me Bianca for my patrimony.

Ped. Soft, son. Sir, by your leave, having come to Padua
To gather in some debts, my son Lucentio
Made me acquainted with a weighty cause
Of love between your daughter and himself:
And for the good report I hear of you,
And for the love he beareth to your daughter,
And she to him; to stay him not too long,
I am content in a good father's care
To have him match'd; and if you please to like
No worse than I, Sir, upon some agreement,
Me shall you find most ready and most willing
With one consent to have her so bestowed:
For curious I cannot be with you,
Signior Baptista, of whom I hear so well.

Bap. Sir, pardon me in what I have to say:
Your plainness and your shortness please me well.
Right true it is, your son Lucentio here
Doth love my daughter, and she loveth him,
Or both dissemble deeply their affections;
And therefore if you say no more than this,
That like a father you will deal with him,
And pass my daughter a sufficient dowry,
The match is made, and all is done,
Your son shall have my daughter with consent.

Tra. I thank you, Sir. Where then do you know best,
Be we affinity; and such assurance ta'en,
As shall with either part's agreement stand.

Bap. Not in my house, Lucentio; for, you know,
Pitchers have ears, and I have many servants;
Besides, old Gremio is hearkning still;
And, haply, then we might be interrupted.

Tra. Then at my lodging, an it like you, Sir,
There doth my Father lie; and there this night
We'll pass the business privately and well:
Send for your daughter by your servant here,
My boy shall fetch the scrivener presently.
The worst is this, that so slender warning
You're like to have a thin and slender pittance.

_Bap._ It likes me well. _Go, Cambio_, hie you home,
And bid _Bianca_ make her ready straight:
And if you will, tell what hath happen'd here:
_Lucentio's_ father is arriv'd in _Padua_,
And how she's like to be _Lucentio's_ wife.

_Luc._ I pray the Gods she may, with all my heart!

_Tr. _Dally not, with the Gods, but get thee gone.
Signior _Baptista_, shall I lead the way?
Welcome! one means is like to be your cheer.
Come, Sir, we will better it in _Pisa_.

_Bap._ I'll follow you.  

_Exc. _

_Enter Lucentio and Biondello._

_Bion._ _Cambio._

_Luc._ What say'st thou, _Biondello_?

_Bion._ You saw my master wink and laugh upon you.

_Luc._ _Biondello_, what of that?

_Bion._ 'Faith, nothing; But he's left me here behind
to expound the meaning or moral of his signs and
tokens.

_Luc._ I pray thee, moralize them.

_Bion._ Then thus. _Baptista_ is safe, talking with the
deceiving father of a deceitful son.

_Luc._ And what of him?

_Bion._ His Daughter is to be brought by you to the
supper.

_Luc._ And then?

_Bion._ The old Priest at St. _Luke's_ Church is at your
command at all hours.

_Luc._ And what of all this?

_Bion._ I cannot tell; expect, they are busied about a
counterfeit assurance; take you assurance of her, _Cum
privilegio ad imprimendum solum_; to th' Church take
the Priest, Clark, and some sufficient honest witnesses:
If this be not that you look for, I have no more to say,
But bid _Bianca_ farewell for ever and a day.
Luc. Hear'st thou, Biondello?

Bion. I cannot tarry; I knew a wench married in an afternoon as she went to the garden for parstly to stuff a rabet; and so may you, Sir, and so adieu, Sir; my Master hath appointed me to go to St. Luke's, to bid the Priest be ready to come against you come with your Appendix. [Exit.

Luc. I may and will, if she be so contented:
She will be pleas'd, then wherefore should I doubt?
Hap what hap may, I'll roundly go about her:
It shall go hard, if Cambio go without her. [Exit.

SCENE, a green Lane.

Enter Petruchio, Catharina, and Hortensio.

Pet. Come on, o' God's name, once more tow'rd's our Father's.

Good Lord, how bright and goodly shines the Moon!

Cath. The moon! the Sun: it is not Moon-light now.

Pet. I say, it is the Moon that shines so bright.

Cath. I know, it is the Sun that shines so bright.

Pet. Now by my mother's son, and that's myself,
It shall be Moon, or Star, or what I lift,
Or ere I journey to your father's house:
Go on, and fetch our horses back again.
Evermore crost and crost, nothing but crost!

Hor. Say, as he says, or we shall never go.

Cath. Forward I pray, since we are come so far,
And be it Moon, or Sun, or what you please:
And if you please to call it a rush candle,
Henceforth I vow it shall be so for me.

Pet. I say, it is the Moon.

Cath. I know, it is the Moon.

Pet. Nay, then you lye; it is the blessed Sun.

Cath. Then, God be blest, it is the blessed Sun.
But Sun it is not, when you say it is not;
And the Moon changes, even as your mind.
What you will have it nam’d, even that it is,
And so it shall be so for Catharine.

Hor. Petruchio, go thy way, the field is won.

Pet. Well, forward, forward, thus the bowl should run;
And not unluckily against the bias:
But soft, some company is coming here.

Enter Vincentio.

Good morrow, gentle mistress, where away?

[To Vincentio.

Tell me, sweet Kate, and tell me truly too,
Haft thou beheld a fresher Gentlewoman?
Such war of white and red within her cheeks!
What stars do spangle heaven with such beauty,
As those two eyes become that heav’nly face?
Fair lovely Maid, once more good day to thee:
Sweet Kate, embrace her for her beauty’s sake.

Hor. He will make the man mad, to make a woman of him.

Cath. Young budding Virgin, fair, and fresh, and sweet,
Whither away, or where is thy aboad?
Happy the parents of so fair a child;
Happier the man, whom favourable stars
Allot thee for his lovely bedfellow!

Pet. Why, how now, Kate, I hope, thou art not mad!
This is a man, old, wrinkled, faded, withered,
And not a maiden, as, thou say’st he is.

Cath. Pardon, old Father, my mistaken eyes;
That have been so bedazzled with the sun,
That every thing I look on seemeth green.
Now I perceive, thou art a reverend Father:
Pardon, I pray thee, for my mad mistaking.

Pet. Do, good old Grandfather, and withal make known
Which way thou travel’st; if along with us,
We shall be joyful of thy company.

Vin. Fair Sir, and you my merry Mistress,
That with your strange encounter much amaz’d me;
My name is call'd Vincentio, my dwelling Pisa; And bound I am to Padua, there to visit A son of mine, which long I have not seen.

Pet. What is his name?

Vin. Lucentio, gentle Sir.

Pet. Happily met, the happier for thy son; And now by law, as well as reverend age, I may entitle thee my loving Father: The Sister of my Wife, this Gentlewoman, Thy Son by this hath married. Wonder not, Nor be not griev'd, she is of good esteem, Her dowry wealthy, and of worthy birth; Beside, so qualified, as may be seem The Spouse of any noble Gentleman. Let me embrace with old Vincentio, And wander we to see thy honest Son, Who will of thy arrival be full joyous.

Vin. But is this true, or is it else your pleasure, Like pleasant travellers, to break a jest
Upon the company you overtake?

Hor. I do assure thee, Father, so it is.

Pet. Come, go along, and see the truth hereof: For our first merriment hath made thee jealous.


Hor. Well, Petruchio, this hath put me in heart. Have to my widow; and if she be froward, Then hast thou taught Hortensio to be untoward. [Exit.
ACT V.

SCENE, before Lucentio's House.

Enter Biondello, Lucentio and Bianca, Gremio walking on one side.

BIONDELLO.

Softly and swiftly, Sir, for the Priest is ready.

Luc. I fly, Biondello; but they may chance to need thee at home, therefore leave us.

Bion. Nay, faith, I'll see the church o' your back, (20) and then come back to my Master as soon as I can. [Exeunt.

Gre. I marvel, Cambio comes not all this while.

Enter Petruchio, Catharina, Vincentio and Grumio, with Attendants.

Pet. Sir, here's the door, this is Lucentio's house, My Father's bears more towards the Market-place; Thither must I, and here I leave you, Sir.

Pin. You shall not chuse but drink before you go; I think, I shall command your welcome here; And by all likelihood some cheer is toward. [Knocks. Gre. They're busy within, you were best knock louder. [Pedant looks out of the window.

Ped. What's he, that knocks as he would beat down the gate?

(20) And then come back to my Mistress as soon as I can.] The Editions all agree in this reading; but what Mistress was Biondello to come back to? He must certainly mean; "Nay, faith, Sir, I must see you in the Church; and then for fear I should be wanted, I'll run back to wait on Tranio, who at present personates you, and whom therefore I at present acknowledge for my Master."
Vint. Is Signior Lucentio within, Sir?
Ped. He’s within, Sir, but not to be spoken withal.
Vint. What, if a man bring him a hundred pound or two, to make merry withal?
Ped. Keep your hundred pounds to yourself, he shall need none as long as I live.
Ped. Nay, I told you, your Son was belov’d in Padua.
Do you hear, Sir? to leave frivolous circumstances, I pray you, tell Signior Lucentio that his Father is come from Pisa, and is here at the door to speak with him.
Ped. Thou liest; his Father is come to Padua, and here looking out of the window.
Vint. Art thou his Father?
Ped. Ay, Sir, so his Mother says, if I may believe her.
Ped. Why, how now, Gentleman! why, this is flat knavery to take upon you another man’s name.
Ped. Lay hands on the villain. I believe, he means to cozen somebody in this city under my countenance.

Enter Biondello.

Bion. I have seen them in the Church together. God send’em good shipping! but who is here? mine old Master Vincentio? now we are undone, and brought to nothing.

Vint. Come hither, crackhemp. [Seeing Biondello.

Bion. I hope, I may choose, Sir.

Vint. Come hither, you rogue; what, have you forgot me?

Bion. Forgot you? no, Sir: I could not forget you, for I never saw you before in all my life.

Vint. What, you notorious villain, didst thou never see thy Master’s Father Vincentio?

Bion. What, my old worshipful old master? yes, marry, Sir, see where he looks out of the window.

Vint. Is’t so indeed? [He beats Biondello.

Bion. Help, help, help, here’s a madman will murder me.

Ped.
Ped. Help, Son; help, Signior Baptista.
Pet. Pr'ythee, Kate, let's stand aside, and see the end of this controversy. [They retire.

Enter Pedant with Servants, Baptista and Tranio.

Tra. Sir, what are you, that offer to beat my servant?
Vin. What am I, Sir; nay, what are you, Sir? oh, immortal Gods! oh, fine villain! a silken doublet, a velvet hose, a scarlet cloak and a copatain hat: oh, I am undone! I am undone! while I play the good husband at home, my son and my servants spend all at the University.

Tra. How now, what's the matter?
Bap. What, is this man lunatick?

Tra. Sir, you seem a sober ancient Gentleman by your habit, but your words shew a mad-man; why, Sir, what concerns it you, if I wear pearl and gold? I thank my good Father, I am able to maintain it.

Vin. Thy Father! oh villain, he is a sail-maker in Bergamo.

Bap. You mistake, Sir, you mistake, Sir; pray, what do you think is his name?
Vin. His name? as if I knew not his name: I have brought him up ever since he was three years old, and his name is Tranio.

Ped. Away, away, mad a's! his name is Lucentio: and he is mine only son, and heir to the lands of me Signior Vincentio.

Vin. Lucentio! oh, he hath murdered his master; lay hold of him, I charge you, in the Duke's name; oh, my son, my son, tell me, thou villain, where is my son Lucentio?

Tra. Call forth an Officer; carry this mad knave to the jail; Father Baptista, I charge you, see, that he be forth-coming.

Vin. Carry me to jail?
Gre. Stay, Officer, he shall not go to prison.

Bap. Talk not, Signior Gremio: I say, he shall go to prison.
Gre. Take heed, Signior Baptista, left you be cony-
catch’d in this business; I dare Iswear, this is the right
Vincentio.

Ped. Swear, if thou dar’st.
Gre. Nay, I dare not swear it.
Tra. Then thou wert best say, that I am not Lucentio?
Gre. Yes, I know thee to be Signior Lucentio.
Bap. Away with the dotard, to the jail with him!

Enter Lucentio and Bianca.

Vin. Thus strangers may be hal’d and abus’d; oh,
monstrous villain!

Bion. Oh, we are spoil’d, and yonder he is, deny him,
forswear him, or else we are all undone.

[Exeunt Biondello, Tranio and Pedant.

Luc. Pardon, sweet Father.

Vin. Lives my sweet son?

Bian. Pardon, dear Father.

Bap. How hast thou offended? where is Lucentio?

Luc. Here’s Lucentio, right Son to the right Vincentio,
That have by marriage made thy Daughter mine?
While counterfeit supposers bleer’d thine eye.

Gre. Here’s packing with a witness to deceive us all.

Vin. Where is that damn’d Villain Tranio,
That fac’d and brav’d me in this matter so?

Bap. Why, tell me, is not this my Cambio?

Bian. Cambio is chang’d into Lucentio.

Luc. Love wrought these miracles. Bianca’s love
Made me exchange my state with Tranio,
While he did hear my countenance in the town:
And happily I have arriv’d at last
Unto the wished haven of my bliss;
What Tranio did, myself enforc’d him to;
Then pardon him, sweet Father, for my sake.

Vin. I’ll flit the villain’s nose, that would have sent
me to the jail.

Bap. But do you hear, Sir, have you married my
Daughter without asking my good-will?
Vin. Fear not, Baptista, we will content you, go to: but I will in, to be reveng'd on this villain. [Exit.
Bap. And I, to sound the depth of this knavery. [Exit.
Luc. Look not pale, Bianca, thy Father will not frown.
[Exeunt.
Gre. My cake is dough, but I'll in among the rest, Out of hope of all, but my share of the feast. [Exit.
Petruchio and Catharina, advancing.
Cath. Husband, let's follow, to see the end of this ado.
Pet. First kiss me, Kate, and we will.
Cath. What, in the midst of the street?
Pet. What, are thou ashamed of me?
Cath. No, Sir, God forbid! but ashamed to kiss.
Pet. Why, then let's home again: come, sirrah, let's away.
Cath. Nay, I will give thee a kiss; now pray thee, love, stay.
Pet. Is not this well? come, my sweet Kate; Better once than never, for never too late. [Exeunt.

SCENE changes to Lucentio's Apartments.

Enter Baptista, Vincentio, Gremio, Pedant, Lucentio, Bianca, Tranio, Biondello, Petruchio, Catharina, Grumio, Hortensio, and Widow. Tranio's servants bringing in a banquet.

Luc. At last, tho' long, our jarring notes agree: And time it is, when raging war is done, To smile at 'scape and perils over-blown. My fair Bianca, bid my Father welcome, While I with self-same kindness welcome thine; Brother Petruchio, Sister Catharine, And thou, Hortensio, with thy loving Widow; Feast with the best, and welcome to my house: My banquet is to close our stomachs up After our great good cheer: pray you, sit down; For now we fit to chat, as well as eat. Pet.
Pet. Nothing but fit and fit, and eat and eat!
Bap. Padua affords this kindness, Son Petruchio.
Pet. Padua affords nothing but what is kind.
Hor. For both our sakes, I would that word were true.
Pet. Now, for my life, Hortensio fears his Widow.
Wid. Then never trust me, if I be afeard.
Pet. You are very sensible, and yet you miss my sense:
I mean, Hortensio is afeard of you.
Wid. He, that is giddy, thinks, the world turns round.
Cath. Mistres, how mean you that?
Wid. Thus I conceive by him.
Pet. Conceives by me, how likes Hortensio that?
Hor. My widow says, thus she conceives her tale.
Pet. Very well mended; kiss him for that, good Widow.
Cath. He, that is giddy, thinks, the world turns round.

I pray you, tell me what you meant by that.
Wid. Your Husband, being troubled with a Shrew,
Measures my Husband's sorrow by his woe;
And now you know my meaning.
Cath. A very mean meaning.
Wid. Right, I mean you.
Cath. And I am mean, indeed, respecting you.
Pet. To her, Kate.
Hor. To her, Widow.
Pet. A hundred marks, my Kate does put her down.
Hor. That's my Office.
Pet. Spoke like an Officer; ha' to thee, lad.

[Drinks to Hortensio.
Bap. How likes Gremio these quick-witted folks?
Gre. Believe me, Sir, they butt heads together well.
Bian. Head and butt? an halty-witted body
Would say, your head and butt were head and horn.
Vin. Ay, mistress Bride, hath that awaken'd you?
Bian. Ay, but not frightened me, therefore I'll sleep again.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Pet. Nay, that thou shalt not, since you have begun: Have at you for a better jest or two.

Bian. Am I your bird? I mean to shift my bush: And then pursue me, as you draw your bow. You are welcome all.

[Exeunt Bianca, Catharine, and Widow.

Pet. She hath prevented me. Here, Signior Tranio, This bird you aim'd at, tho' you hit it not; Therefore, a health to all that shot and miss'd.

Tra. Oh, Sir, Lucentio slip'd me like his grey-hound, Which runs himself, and catches for his master.

Pet. A good swift Simile, but something curriish.

Tra. 'Tis well, Sir, that you hunted for yourself; 'Tis thought, your deer does hold you at a bay.

Bap. Oh, oh, Petruchio, Tranio hits you now.

Luc. I thank thee for that gird, good Tranio.

Hor. Confess, confess, hath he not hit you there?

Pet. He has a little gall'd me, I confess; And as the jest did glance away from me, 'Tis ten to one it maím'd you two outright.

Bap. Now, in good sadness, Son Petruchio, I think, thou haft the veriest Shrew of all.

Pet. Well, I say, no; and therefore for assurance, Let's each one send unto his Wife, and he Whose Wife is most obedient to come first, When he doth send for her, shall win the wager.

Hor. Content; what wager?

Luc. Twenty crowns.

Pet. Twenty crowns!

I'll venture so much on my hawk or hound, But twenty times so much upon my Wife.

Luc. A hundred then.

Hor. Content.


Hor. Who shall begin?

Luc. That will I.

Go, Biondello, bid your Mistres come to me.

Bion. I go. [Exit.

Bap.
The Taming of the Shrew.

Bap. Son, I'll be your half, Bianca comes.
Luc. I'll have no halves: I'll bear it all myself.

Re-enter Biondello.

How now, what news?

Bion. Sir, my Mistress sends you word
That she is busy, and cannot come.

Pet. How? she's busy and cannot come, is that an
answer?

Gre. Ay, and a kind one too:
Pray God, Sir, your wife send you not a worse.

Pet. I hope better.

Hor. Sirrah, Biondello, go and intreat my wife to
come to me forthwith. [Exit Biondello.

Pet. Oh, ho! intreat her! nay, then she needs must
come.

Hor. I am afraid, Sir, do you what you can,

Enter Biondello.

Yours will not be intreated: now, where's my wife?

Bion. She says, you have some goodly jest in hand;
She will not come: she bids you come to her.

Pet. Worse and worse, she will not come!
Oh vile, intolerable, not to be indur'd:
Sirrah, Grumio, go to your Mistress,
Say, I command her to come to me. [Exit Grumio.

Hor. I know her answer.

Pet. What?

Hor. She will not.

Pet. The fouler fortune mine, and there's an end.

Enter Catharina.

Bap. Now, by my holli dam, here comes Catharine!
Cath. What is your will, Sir, that you send for me?

Pet. Where is your Sister, and Hortensio's Wife?
Cath. They sit conferring by the parlour fire.

Pet. Go fetch them hither; if they deny to come,
Swinge me them soundly forth unto their husbands:
Away, I say, and bring them hither straight.

[Exit Catharina.

Luc.
Luc. Here is a wonder, if you talk of a wonder.
Hor. And so it is: I wonder, what it bodes.
Pet. Marry, peace it bodes, and love, and quiet life,
And awful rule, and right supremacy:
And, to be short, what not, that's sweet and happy.
Bap. Now fair befall thee, good Petruchio!
The wager thou hast won; and I will add
Unto their losses twenty thousand crowns,
Another dowry to another Daughter;
For she is chang'd, as she had never been.
Pet. Nay, I will win my wager better yet,
And shew more sign of her obedience,
Her new-built virtue and obedience.

Enter Catharina, Bianca, and Widow.

See, where she comes, and brings your froward wives
As prisoners to her womanly persuasion:
Catharine, that Cap of yours becomes you not;
Off with that bauble, throw it under foot.

[She pulls off her cap, and throws it down.
Wid. Lord, let me never have a cause to sigh,
'Till I be brought to such a foils pass.
Bian. Fy, what a foolish duty call you this?
Luc. I would, your duty were as foolish too!
The wisdom of your duty, fair Bianca,
Cost me an hundred crowns since supper-time.
Bian. The more fool you, for laying on my duty.
Pet. Catharine, I charge thee, tell these headstrong
Women,
What duty they owe to their Lords and Husbands.
Wid. Come, come, you're mocking; we will have no telling.
Pet. Come on, I say, and first begin with her.
Wid. She shall not.
Pet. I say, she shall; and first begin with her.
Cath. Fy! fy! unknit that threatening unkind brow,
And dart not scornful glances from th'ole eyes,
To wound thy Lord, thy King, thy Governor.
It blots thy beauty, as frosts bite the meads;
Confounds thy fame, as whirlwinds shake fair buds;
And in no sense is meet or amiable.
A Woman mov'd is like a fountain troubled,
Muddy, ill-seeming, thick, bereft of beauty;
And while it is so, none so dry or thirty
Well dain to sip, or touch one drop of it.
Thy Husband is thy Lord, thy Life, thy Keeper,
Thy Head, thy Sovereign; one that cares for thee,
And for thy maintenance: commits his body
To painful labour, both by sea and land;
To watch the night in storms, the day in cold,
While thou ly'st warm at home, secure and safe,
And craves no other tribute at thy hands,
But love, fair looks, and true obedience;
Too little payment for so great a debt.
Such duty as the Subject owes the Prince,
Even such a woman oweth to her husband:
And when she's froward, peevish, sullen, sower,
And not obedient to his honest will;
What is she but a soul contending Rebel,
And graceless Traitor to her loving Lord?
I am ashamed, that Women are so simple
To offer war where they should kneel for peace;
Or seek for rule, supremacy, and sway,
When they are bound to serve, love, and obey.
Why are our bodies soft, and weak and smooth,
Unapt to toil and trouble in the world,
But that our soft conditions and our hearts
Should well agree with our external parts?
Come, come, you froward and unable worms,
My mind hath been as big as one of yours,
My heart as great, my reason haply more,
To bandy word for word, and frown for frown;
But, now I see, our lances are but straws,
Our strength as weak, our weakness past compare;
That seeming to be most, which we indeed least are.
Then vale your stomachs, for it is no boot,
And place your hands below your Husband's foot:
In token of which duty, if he please,
My hand is ready, may it do him ease.

Pet.
Pet. Why, there's a wench: come on, and kiss me, Kate.

Luc. Well, go thy ways, old lad, for thou shalt ha't.

Vin. 'Tis a good hearing, when children are toward.

Luc. But a harsh hearing, when women are froward.

Pet. Come, Kate, we'll to bed;

We three are married, but you two are sped.
'Twas I won the wager, tho' you hit the white;
And being a winner, God give you good night.

[Exeunt Petruchio and Catharina.

Hor. Now go thy ways, thou hast sum'd a curt Shrew.

Luc. 'Tis a wonder, by your leave, she will be tamed so.

[Exeunt omnes.

Enter two servants bearing Sly in his own apparel, and leaving him on the Stage. Then enter a Tapster.

Sly awaking.] Sim, give's some more wine — what, all the Players gone? am not I a Lord?
Tap. A Lord, with a murrain! come, art thou drunk still?

Sly. Who's this? Tapster! oh, I have had the bravest dream that ever thou heard'st in all thy life.

Tap. Yea, marry, but thou hast best get thee home, for your Wife will curse you for dreaming here all night.

Sly. Will she? I know how to tame a Shrew. I dreamt upon it all this night, and thou hast wak'd me out of the best dream that ever I had. But I'll to my Wife and tame her too, if she anger me.

The End of the Second Volume.